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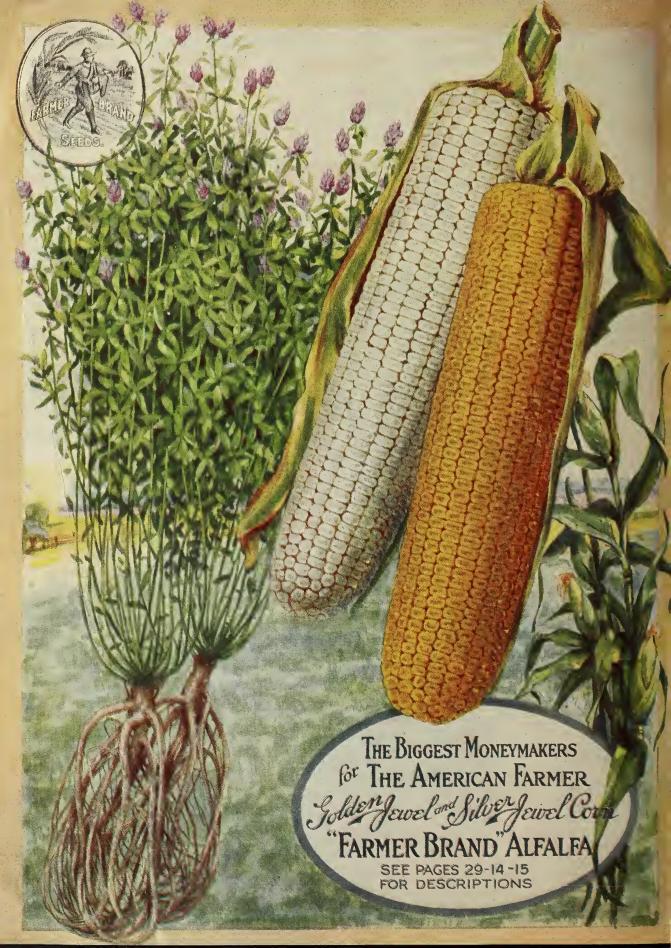






Dad, why didn't we buy Farmer Brand Seeds like Joneses?"

Season 1917





FOREWORD.

1917 marks the twenty-eighth year of our seed and nursery business. During this entire period, our firm has been under the same direction and management, and has attained an enviable reputation for high quality seeds and nursery stock, and for honest dealing. From the beginning we have always stood for quality first. The fact that many of our customers have been buying their seeds of us for twenty-seven years is ample proof of their confidence in our seeds and our business methods. That is one of the secrets of our success.

Unlike many seedsmen and nurserymen, we have had practical experience in farming, seed growing and testing, and in propagating and raising nursery stock. We have always conducted our own seed farms in connection with our business, thereby giving our patrons not only the purest and hardiest seeds obtainable, but, what is almost as valuable, the benefit of our varied and extensive experience as practical farmers. We know which varieties will prove most profitable for your particular purpose, and what to plant to get the biggest returns from your seed, for we have had to work it out for ourselves, on our own farms.

There will be many shortages in seed stocks this year. Some of them are caused by war conditions, such as the scarcity of good Vegetable and Flower Seeds, Grass Seeds, Rape, etc., but the greatest shortages are the results of crop failures, in Potatoes and Wheat. For these reasons, you will find prices everywhere considerably higher than in normal seasons. We have kept our prices as low as they can possibly be, consistent with high quality. It is more important than ever before to order early, not that you may have your seed in plenty of time for planting, but that you may have it at all. quality. It is more important than ever befor planting, but that you may have it at all.

There is one point which we would like to impress upon our readers,—it does not pay to buy inferior seeds, plants, or trees, AT ANY PRICE. In the end, when you harvest your crops, the best seed stock is always the cheapest. Our seeds are not cheap, but good seed, like everything else of high quality, costs money to produce. There may be other seeds JUST AS GOOD, but THERE ARE NONE BETTER.

Over 2500 progressive dealers all over the Northwest sell FARMER SEED & NURSERY CO'S. Northern Grown Seeds, in staple varieties. Ask your merchant for them, or order direct from us.

FARMER SEED & NURSERY CO., Om. Kueker, President and Manager.

PRICES:—Altho we quote prices on most items in this catalog they are subject to market changes, for on account of so many crop failures prices will fluctuate very much. Especially will this be the case on Seed Grains, Seed Potatoes, Beans and Peas, Sweet Corn, and many other items. We refer therefore to our **Blue Figure Price List** enclosed in this catalog. Should you not order at once then please write for a new Blue Figure Price List, which we shall issue from time to time.

SUGGESTIONS TO OUR CUSTOMERS IN ORDERING.

ORDER EARLY—Thus enabling us to ship promptly, while our eks are complete. During our rush season in March and April. destocks are complete. During our rush season in March and April. lays are unavoidable, therefore place orders before our rush begins.

PLEASE USE ORDER SHEETS enclosed in this catalog. Orders for Nursery Stock should be made out on the Special Order Sheet; the departments are separate, and the orders cannot be shipped together. More order sheets will be sent upon request.

NAME AND FULL ADDRESS must be plainly written on each order sheet, in ink, if possible. We receive numerous orders, with remittances each year, which we cannot possibly fill because the name of the sender is not given. Before sealing your order, see that your full name and address, street number, P. O. Box, or Rural Free Delivery, also shipping station, are plainly written on the order sheet.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH WITH ORDER-We cannot fill orders unless cash for the full amount is enclosed. We cannot send out any goods C. O. D. unless one third of the amount of order accompanies it. Our patrons will readily understand that it is impossible for us to ship on open account to our 150.000 customers all over the world.

HOW TO SEND MONEY—Money can be sent safely either by Postoffice Order, Bank Draft, Express Draft, Express Order, or in a Registered Letter. When the order amounts to less than \$1.00, 1 or 2c stamps may be sent. Do not send Canadian or other Foreign Stamps, nor Registered and Special Delivery Stamps.

KEEP A COPY OF YOUR ORDER—Check goods received h this copy, then you will know whether you have received just with this copy. what you ordered.

ERRORS-We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer, yet in the press of business errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please do not return goods until you hear from us.

ORDERS ARE FILLED PROMPTLY, or in case of delay, customers are notified. We aim to fill all orders for seeds the day after they are received. In the rush of our busy season, when our stocks become low, delays are unavoidable.

SAFE ARRIVAL OF PACKAGES—We guarantee safe delivery of all merchandise sent to any part of the U. S. in good condition. If shipments are delayed, notify us promptly, giving full name and address, duplicate of orders, and other information necessary to trace promptly. Such delays are frequently caused by lack of proper address on the order.

shipment of seeds and Nursery Stock—We deliver, postage paid, to any Postoffice in the U. S., Vegetable and Flower Seeds at the prepaid prices quoted in this catalog. Potatoes, Nursery Stock, Implements, and Fleid Seeds are always shipped by express or freight at purchaser's expense. If seeds which are quoted without postage are ordered by parcel post, postage must be added according to zones and extra allowance made for weight of boxes, packing material, etc., otherwise we must send less seed.

If our patrons will leave the way of shipping to us, we will use our best judgment in sending the order the quickest and cheapest way. We believe that, with our 28 years of experience in sending out thousands of orders each year, we can handle their orders satisfactorily.

We strongly advise shipping larger orders by express, as it is the safest and quickest way. Express companies are responsible for safe delivery while the Postoffice Department is not, unless goods are insured. All express lines in United States and Canada now send seeds, nursery stock at the reduced rate of 20% less than regular merchandise rate. Nursery Stock especially should be sent by express, as it is apt to suffer from long delays in hot storage rooms and cold cars if sent by freight.

PREPAID RAILROAD STATIONS—Many of our farmer customers live at Prepaid Railroad Stations where there is no agent. In such cases, enough money must be sent to prepay the freight charges. If this is not done, we will ship to nearest station that is not a prepaid

We are located on the C. M. & St. P.;—C. R. I. & P.;—and the C. G. W., 50 miles south of St. Paul. and besides these, we secure thru rates to nearly all points on the C. N. W.,—C. B. & Q., and their branches.

POTATOES AND ONION SETS cannot be sent in extremely cold weather, but are shipped as soon as weather moderates, and customers are then notified of shipment.

ORDERS FOR NURSERY STOCK are filled in the order hey are received, as soon as the weather is warm enough for shipping. Nursery Stock and Seeds cannot be shipped together.

WE CANNOT ACCEPT ORDERS FOR NURSERY STOCK AMOUNTING TO LESS THAN 50c—The high cost of labor and of packing make this prohibitive. This does not apply to

OUR GUARANTEE—All the seeds offered in this catalog have been carefully grown, selected, cleaned and repeatedly tested. Such seeds as we do not grow ourselves, on our seed farms, are grown for us under contract, under our personal supervision, by growers whose reliability we have verified by repeated tests and experience. We can therefore guarantee their high graphics that fore guarantee their high germination.

DISCLAIMER—As seeds, plants, and bulbs are subject to climatic, soil, and other conditions over which we have no control after they are placed in the ground, the Farmer Seed & Nursery Co. give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, or productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, plants, or bulbs, they may send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop, and every order for articles listed in this catalog will be executed under these conditions only. We cannot under any circumstances, assume responsibility for more than the actual price paid for seeds, plants or bulbs. If the purphases does not see any goods on these terms, there are bulbs. If the purchaser does not accept goods on these terms they are to be returned at once.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY—Our catalog goes to all parts of the United States and to many foreign countries. It will reach many who have never dealt with us before. To these we would say: You are perfectly safe in sending us your money. Ask your banker, or look us up in the Commercial Agency reports, or if you prefer, write (enclosing stamps) to the Citizens' National Bank, Security Bank, Chase State Bank, Wells-Fargo Express Co., American Express Co., or the Faribault Commercial Club, all of Faribault, Minnesota.

CORRESPONDENCE—We endeavor to give prompt attention to all proper letters of inquiry, etc. We ask, as a favor, that all questions be stated clearly and briefly, but not on order sheets.

MARKET GARDENERS and others who buy Vegetable Seeds in large quantities should ask for our Market Gardener's Wholesale Price List.

Rates For Parcel Post Shipments.

Your postmaster will tell you the Parcel Post zone in which your Postoffice is located, measuring from Faribault.

U. S. PARCEL POST RATES Within the U. S. and Possessions					First Pound or fraction	Each Additional Pound or fraction	
Local Rate	Fariba	ult				5e.	½c.
First Zone	within	50 mile	s of	Fari	bault	5e.	1e.
Second "	**	50 to 15	mil	es of		5c.	1e.
Third "	**	150 '' 30) "	**	"	6c.	2c.
Fourth "	**	300 '' 60) "	44	"	7c.	4c.
Fifth "	44	600 '' 100) "	44	"	8c.	6c.
Sixth "	**	1000 " 140) ."	4+	"	9c.	8c.
Seventh"	**	1400 " 180	э	**	"	11c.	10c.
Eighth "	over	1800		**	·" ·····	12c.	12c.

For small packages, weighing 4 ounces or less, a special rate of ic. ing over 4 ounces and less than 16 ounces is charged at the "First Pound" rate. Parcels weighing up to 50 pounds, maybe sent by parcel post in the local, first and second zones. In the third to eighth zones, parcels are limited to 20 pounds, in weight.

Heads of Bumper Crop Oats.

NEW BUMPER CROP OATS.

Bumper Crop Oats is a new American variety of greatest merit, maturing about a week earlier than Swedish Select Oats. Early maturity of grain often means a saving of 25 to 40% of the crop, which is lost by blight, rust, extreme heat, or the severe storms usually prevalent thruout the Northwest during July and August.

Bumper Crop Oats produces its largest crops on heavy soil, but stands up remarkably well on rich, well manured ground, because of its stiff straw, which seldom crinkles down under the heavy burden of grain.

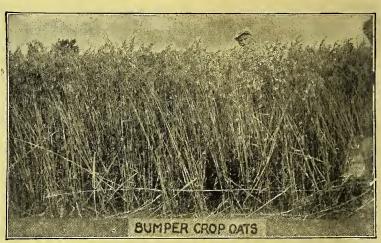
Bumper Crop Oats actually produces bumper crops of handsome heavy grain, (40 to 45 lbs.) to the bushel. The berry is so thick and meaty that it almost breaks open, and is covered by a very thin hull. It outyields all common varieties, Bonanza, Lincoln, Twentieth Century, Golden Fleece, etc. Mr. C. Dettmer, of Napoleon, Ohio, the introducer of Bumper Crop Oats, reported a crop of 752 bushels from an 8 acre field, or 94 bushels per acre. One small plot, for seed stock, produced 125 bushels per acre. Mr. Walker, one of our growers, harvested 94 bushels per acre, while under exactly the same conditions, a common variety pronuced only 54 bushels per acre. This extra yield of 20 to 40 bushels per acre, at 50c per bushel, means a clear gain of \$10.00 to \$20.00 per acre. At this rate, can any modern farmer afford not to sow Bumper Crop Oats? Such yields as this have been repeated all over the country, under all sorts of conditions. Bumper Crop Oats is so hardy and vigorous that blight and rust do not seem to affect it at all. affect it at all.

Bumper Crop Oats was originated in Ohio, and thru years of careful breeding here, has become so

acclithoroly accli-mated and hardy that it is now the leading oats for the Northwest.

PRICE OF BUMPER CROP OATS FOR 1917.

Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bu. \$1.80, 5 bushels \$8.50 10 bushels and more, at \$1.65 per bu. sacks included. -Postpaid, pounds 60c.



Enclosed my order for 1916 with remittance of \$37.00. supply first class seeds. JOHN RABUSH, Vermillion, S. Dak.

SUDAN GRASS—Andropogon. The Agricultural Wonder.

Sudan Grass is the greatest forage plant ever introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and certainly has taken this country by storm. It is not only a grass for the South and for the arid and semi-arid regions of the West, but produces remarkable yields everywhere and will undoubtedly take the place of Millet very soon. It belongs to the Sorghum family and is believed to be the wild original form of the cultivated Sorghum or Sugar Cane. It is a tall growing annual, growing from 6 to 10 feet in height when sown in drills and cultivated, but when sown broadcast it will grow 4 to 5 feet high and the stems are very much finer, about the thickness of a pencil. The seed resembles the Johnson Grass but is more plump. When the plants are scattered abundantly the stool produces as many as 15 to 25 stalks from a single root. The stems are very leafy. stiff, and erect, and have no tendency to lodge.

Sudan Grass is not particular about the soil but naturally does best on rich clay loam. On sandy and poor Sudan Grass is not particular about the soil but naturally does best on rich clay loam. On sainty and poor soil the yield is naturally not as large as on good ground. It has proven that it is of the greatest value to the central southern states, especially for parts of Texas, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma and Colorado, which are deficient in rainfall. These dry sections have no other satisfactory hay crop, and Sudan Grass will be of inestimable value. In southern sections having the long growing seasons, Sudan Grass can be cut at least 3 times in one season with an average crop of 4 to 5 tons per acre of the most nourishing hay from each cutting.

It should however, not be overlooked that Sudan Grass is just as valuable for the North and for the Central Northwest, as for the more southern states, for, belonging to the Sorghum family and being considerably hardier, it requires but a short growing season and is ready to cut for hay in about 72 to 75 days from the time of seeding, and matures in 100 days. This short growing season makes it most valuable as a catch crop for almost every state in the Union, and as stated above, it will in a very short time take the place of Millet not only as a catch crop but as a staple forage crop to be grown every year, for no other product grown on the farm could be more profitable than Sudan Grass.

Sudan Grass should not be planted until the soil has become warm in spring. It can be sown at any time in summer 70 to 75 days ahead of the frost. It is sown in rows from 18 to 24 inches apart; sown this way it takes from 4 to 5 pounds per acre; on good soil where there is plenty of moisture it is also sown broadcast or drilled in, and then 15 to 20 pounds of seed are required per acre.

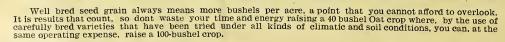
Sudan Grass is easy to cut with a mower and cures readily. When wanted for seed, it is harvested with an ordinary grain binder. Used for hay, it is cut just after full bloom. After cutting, it resumes its growth promptly and in about 40 to 45 days another cutting is ready. In Texas it has been cut 4 times, but further north only 2 or 3 cuttings may be expected.

Sudan makes a very nutritious and palatable hay which is greatly relished by cattle, horses and other farm stock. In feeding value the hay is second only to Alfalfa and far better than Millet, which is usually grown as a catch crop. Its yield is also much larger than those of the Foxtail Millets, and Sudan Grass will no doubt largely supersede them in course of time.

Price of Sudan Grass Seed: Pkg. 10c, lb. 55c, postpaid.—By freight or express, not prepaid, lb. 45c, 10 lbs. \$4.25, 100 lbs. and over, 40c, per pound.

Sudan Grass has everything in the way of forage crop we have ever seen in this section backed clear cutting three tons and over of excellent hay to the acre from seed planted the first of June which had n all told. It is 6 feet high and is as fine hay as one could wish for.

A. M. AUGUSTINE, Seey, Ill. State Horticultural Society.





Sudan Grass

VEGETABLE SEED NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.

Extra Early Saxonia Pea.

RHUBARB— RED FLESHED DELICACY.

This is a handsome variety, with round, dark red leaf starms and bright crimson flesh. Stalks are very tender and delicate, and of best flavor and quality for making pies and sauces. Easily raised from seed. Packet 15c.

CABBAGE— EARLY COPENHAGEN MARKET.

A splendid new variety, especially popular with market gardeners. It is the finest large, round-headed early cabbage in cultivation. Its most desirable characteristic is that all heads mature at the same time, enabling the grower to harvest the entire crop at the first cutting, Heads average about ten pounds in weight, are very solid, with small core. The quality is especially fine and sweet. It matures as early as Wakefield, and yields more to the acre, in weight.

Copenhagen Market is short stemmed, the heads nearly restling on the ground. The leaves are light green.

Copenhagen Market is short stemmed, the heads nearly resting on the ground. The leaves are light green, rather small, saucer-shaped, and very tightly folded. The plants may therefore be set closely in the field. With all these good points, earliness, good quality, uniform ripening, splendid appearance of its hard, compact heads,—Copenhagen Market is without question the hest variety for the market gardener as well as for the home planter with limited space at his disposal. Packet 10c, oz 30c, 14 lb. \$1.00, ib. \$3.50, prepaid.

FOR PLANTS OF COPENHAGEN MARKET CAB-BAGE, SEE PAGE 74.

PEA-Extra Early Saxonia.

First early round seeded white pea with main crop productiveness and large sized pods. It is fully as early as First and Best, but much larger podded. It furnishes almost as big crops as the best main crop varieties and the quality is splendid for all purposes. Of great hardiness and vigorous growth, attaining a height of 2 feet. The pods are 3½ to 4 inches long or nearly twice as large as First and Best, they appear mostly in pairs and in great quantities. The crop is matured practically at once, a valuable feature for the market gardener. The quality is first class in every respect. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.75.

CHINESE or CELERY CABBAGE—Pe-Tsai.

This splendid vegetable is gaining in popularity and can now be found on many markets, and where known, the demand is larger than the supply. The full grown plant resembles a head of Cos Lettuce in appearance. Its flavor is excellent, very mild and it may be eaten raw as a salad, or cooked. Boiled, minced, and seasoned with butter, it is especially delicious. Pe-Tsai should be grown like a late cabbage, planting the seed in June or July, in drills 16 inches apart, and the seedlings thinned out two or three times. A delicious vegetable which should have a place in every garden. Packet 10c, oz. 25c, ½ 1b. 75c, 1b \$2.50, prepaid.

LETTUCE—All Seasons.

Large, handsome, solid heads, rather flat. The leaves are soft greyish green, broad and slightly wrinkled, while the inner ones are beautifully blanched, thick and of finest flavor. It may be planted for the first crop, and again in mid- and late summer, for successive crops. It is a sure header, slow to run to seed, and one of the very best both for the home table and for market. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 35c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

TOMATO—New Colossal.

An immense, very handsome variety, ripening medium early. This will undoubtedly supersede the popular Stone Tomato as the leading market variety. It is bright red, of truly mammoth size, of ten weighing two pounds and more, and round and smooth. The flesh is firm, solid, and of finest quality and flavor, with very small core, making it one of the best for slicing. As it is almost free from acid, it is most desirable for canning. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, prepaid.

TOMATO—Faribault Dwarf Champion.

This is a splendid improved strain of the old Dwarf Champion, and is unequalled in delicious flavor. Because of its compact and upright growth, enabling close planting, the Dwarf Champion has become a favorite with private gardeners, but the fruit is small and of poor quality. However, our new Faribault Dwarf Champion produces fruits of mammoth size, about like Ponderosa, which are deep purplish crimson, firm, of rich sweet flavor, very meaty, and almost seedless. The plants grow 3 feet high, strong, erect and bushy, and bear very profusely. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, ¼ lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

TOMATO—Golden Ponderosa.

A valuable novelty for the home garden. It is of the same size and shape as the well known Ponderosa, but beautiful golden yellow in color. This varicty is especially attractive for salads and for slicing, served with the red Ponderosa. The superior flavor and quality of the large fruited yellow varieties is bringing them into popular favor as table fruit. Our new Golden Ponderosa is without doubt the best of this class, and should have a trial in every garden. Packet 10c, ½ 0z. 30c, 0z. 50c, prepaid.

PEPPER—Pimiento or Perfection.

This is the mildest and sweetest pepper grown, and very prolific with very thick, mild flesh. It is a splendid keeper and shipper, and most desirable for salads, stuffing, pickling, canning whole, and for flavoring. It is of medium size, rather elongated, and tapering to a sharp point. When ripe, the peppers are brilliant scarlet and very attractive. Pimiento Pepper will be found especially fine for all culinary purposes because of its delightfully mild, sweet fresh flavor, thick, firm flesh, and handsome appearance. Packet 10c, ½ 0z. 25c, 0z. 40c, prepaid.



Continued. **NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.** HONEY DEW MUSK MELON.

Honey Dew Musk Melon.

The original seed of this new melon was secured from a melon shipped to New York from Africa. This seed was planted at Rocky Ford, Colorado, and crossed with Rocky Ford Cantaloupe. The originator says, "It is as sweet as honey, and has the mingling of several flavors;—pineapple, banana, and vanilla predominating".

has the mingling of several flavors;—pineapple, banana, and vanilla predominating".

The average size of the melon is 6 inches in diameter, 7 to 8 inches in length, and it weighs 5 or 6 pounds. The skin is smooth, with an occassional net, and creamy yellow when ripe. Flesh is emerald green, very thick, and fine grained. The melon does not shrink in weight, is not easily bruised, and is a splendid shipper and keeper, late maturing ones keeping until Christmas. It matures 10 days later than Rocky Ford, and is very prolific, yielding at the rate of 8,000 to 10,000 melons per acre. In 1915, the first season Honey Dew was grown, one and one-half acres yielded 1175 crates or three cars of melons, which netted \$3600.00 on the Chicago market.

Honey Dew is the finest quality meion ever grown for the table, and the most profitable variety for the market. Packet 15c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.10, prepaid.

MUSK MELON.

Robinson's Delicious Rocky Ford Cantaloupe.

This splendid melon is of the Eden Gem type. grown at Rocky Ford, Colorado.

It is slightly oval, without ribs, and the entire melon is heavily netted.

The flesh is as thick at the bloom

end as elsewhere, and is green, with a gold margin next to the seed cavity. The melon is thick meated, very fine grained, and of deli-

cious flavor.

We recommend this variety especially to market gardeners and those who grow melons for market, those who grow melons for market, because of its uniform shape, size, handsome appearance, and splendid quality and flavor. It always finds a ready sale and elicits favorable comment. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 14 lb. 50c, 1b. \$1.75, 5 lbs. \$7.50, not prepaid.

MUSK MELON. WINTER KING.

This variety, if put in a cool dry place, will keep until Christmas without loosing its delicious flavor. The melons are of medium size, very firm, with thick red flesh of exquisite aromatic flavor and sweetness. Flesh is absolutely stringless and very fine grained. Winter King Musk Melon is a splendid variety for the home table, and worthy of a place in every garden. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, prepaid.

MUSK MELON. **NEW BUSH.**

A remarkable variety in bush form, without vines or runners. Most desirable for the small garden, where space for the vining sorts cannot be spaced. Plants are of vigorous growth. 15 to 18 inches in height, and 2 or 3 plants in a hill will cover a space of 3 feet in diameter. Plant in hills 3 feet apart. The fruits are 5 to 6 inches in diameter, somewhat flat, with shallow ribs; dark green, densely netted. The flesh is light green, flushed with salmon towards the center, and is very thick, lusciously sweet and juicy, with a delightly sweet and juicy, with a delightful aroma. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

MUSK MELON. Rust Resisting Pollock.

This is the finest type of rust resisting and netted Rocky Ford Cantaloupe introduced as yet. Bears fruit until killed by frost. Especially to be recommended for sections having excessive rainfall, as it does not rot easily and is not subject to blight and rust. Melons are heavily netted, making them ideal for shipping, and very uniform in size. The flesh is green, shading to salmon around the small seed cavity. Meat is very thick and solid, fine grained without being stringy, and of exceptionally sweet flavor. Pollock's strain represents the highest development of Rust Resisting Musk Melons, both as to quality and flavor, and rust resisting properties. The flavor is not excelled by that of any other sort, and there is no better shipper. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼1b. 65c, lb. \$2.00.

NOTE: -One ounce Musk Melon seed will plant 50 hills, 2 to 3 lbs. per acre.

WATERMELON—Delight.

A most unusual water melon of European origin. It is lusciously sweet and delicious, but diminuitive in size. The ripe melons weigh about five pounds each, are nearly round in shape, with very dark green, tough rind. The rich carmine, crystalline flesh is always solid and of exceptionally sweet flavor, juicy, and refreshing. The seeds are grey, about the size of apple seeds, and the fruits contain but few seeds. The strong vines mature their fruit early and continue to bear thruout the season. May be served in halves, like musk melons. Wherever known, it is a very popular market variety, and a heavy yielder, producing ten to twenty melons to the hill. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

CUCUMBER—Snow's Famous Pickling.

This strain of pickling cucumbers is considered the acme of perfection. The fruits are short and broad at the stem end, tapering slightly to the tip, very uniform in size, of rich deep-green color. The flesh is crisp and tender. The vines are strong, remarkably blight resisting, and yield abundantly. A sure cropper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25, prepald.

EALRY WHITE BOX RADISH.

The finest strain of round white radish. It grows rapidly, with short tops and tap roots. In shape it is slightly flattened, which allows it to be pulled when quite small. It is clear waxy white, and is of excellent, crisp quality and flavor. One of the best for forcing and for growing under glass. Because of its earliness, beautiful shape, and splendid quality and flavor, we consider Early White Box Radish superior to any other white forcing varieties. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, postpaid.



SEE PAGE 128 FOR OUR SPECIAL COLLECTIONS OF CHOICE VEGETABLE SEEDS.

New Early Flowering New Pink Enchantress Giant Pansy Aster. "World Record".

NEW PINK ENCHANTRESS ASTER.

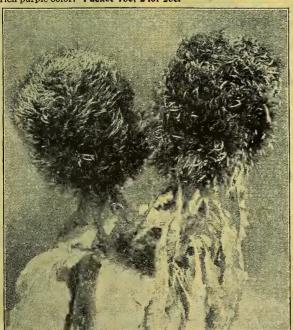
This splendid Aster is considered one of the best introductions This splendid Aster is considered one of the best introductions in years. The immense flowers are of soft delicate pink, and are borne on strong upright stems, The color is similar to that of the pink Enchantress Carnation, and does not fade. The flowers are always very double and full, the size of the largest of the Branching Asters. The petals are large and broad, those toward the center curving inward, while those on the outside recede from the center, forming beautiful large flowers. There is no other aster quite as lovely for cutting as the Pink Enchantress. Pkt. 15c, 2 for 25c.

NEW GIANT SNAPDRAGON.

The flowers of this splendid variety are more than twice the of the common Snapdragon or Antirrhinum. The plants form size of the common Snapdragon or Antirrhinum. The plants form large bushes and produce immense stalks of flowers all summer. They will grow in almost any kind of soil without care. A beautiful border and bedding plant, splendid for cut flowers. Of easiest culture.

"ROSE QUEEN":-Large flower spikes with blossoms of a glorious rosy-pink, and a beautiful silky gloss. Packet 15c.

"PURPLE KING"-Immense flowers of a glowing deep, rich purple color. Packet 15c, 2 for 25c.



Chinese Woolflower-Celosia Childsij.

FLOWER SEED NOVELTIES. NEW EARLY FLOWERING GIANT PANSY.

This wonderful new Giant Pansy produces its grand display of flowers about six weeks earlier than all known varieties. As a matter of fact the "World Record" Pansy stood in full bloom in the first days of March the past year, when all other varieties were still little more than dormant, as they had been during the winter months. Moreover, the flowers of the new pansy attained a size and perfection of form, and a brilliancy of coloring, and the plants were of such massive structure as we rarely meet with even in the foremost production of Giant Pansies of the day. The delicate pansy perfume is noticeable in a marked degree.

EARLY-FLOWERING GIANT PANSIES "WORLD RECORD".

GIANT WINTER-SUN-Splendid bright golden yellow with dark brown center. Flowers of elegant form, and very large.

GIANT ICE-KING-Beautiful silvery white with black-blue center.

GIANT CELESTIAL QUEEN-Lovely sky-blue with center-marking.

GIANT MARCH-BEAUTY-A deep velvety blue, extra large flowering. Price: Any variety, per packet 20c, 3 for 50c; 1 packet of each for 60c.

PANSY—Giant Mastadon.

The new giant flowered American Pansy. Remarkably beautiful, rich colored The new giant flowered American Pansy. Remarkably beautiful, rich colored blossoms of truly mammoth size are produced in wonderful profusion on long, stiff stems. The petals are slightly waved, and of good substance. In color the flowers are marvels of beauty, the richest self-colored as well as the daintiest shades in combinations, resembling the finest orchids, may be found in this class. Plants are extremely hardy and very free flowering. Everyone will be delighted with these new pansies, the seed of which we obtained direct from grower and introducer. Packet 20c. 1/8 oz. \$1.25.



CHINESE WOOLFLOWER—Celosia Childsii.

Without doubt this new Celosia is the most magnificent garden annual yet introduced. Its ease of culture and long continued blooming season. (July until frost) together with its massive bunches of wool-like flowers and glowing color combine to make it the most odd as well as the showiest novelty for the general flower garden. Plants grow about three feet high, the bloom starting early with a globular central head of immense size, while numerous branches are sent out, each bearing a ball of scarlet wool, each branch producing many laterals which also develop excellent heads of bloom that last until killed by frost, and expand with a deepening richness of color to a deep crimson scarlet. Seed may be sown in open after danger from frost or sown in pots may be transplanted when ground is ready. Packet 15c, 2 for 25c.

GAZANIA—Everblooming Goldflower.

New and extremely free flowering, magnificent annual of easiest culture. The plant forms large, round bushes, about eight inches tall, well covered with long-stemmed flowers, 2½ inches in diameter. The color of the flower is a love-ly golden yellow; at the base of the ray florets close to the yellow disc, there is a brown zone with silvery white spots which is surrounded by a blackish brown ring. Foliage is dark green above, and wooly white beneath. When planted in a sunny spot this plant will bloom the whole season. Transplants easily. Packet 10c.

Do not overlook our splendid Flower Show Collection of New Spencer Sweet Peas illustrated on back cover, and described on page 128.

Golden West Gladiolus.

Cardinal Climber.

The most beautiful and most distinct The most beautiful and most distinct annual climber ever introduced. The plant grows very rapidly, attaining a height of 20 to 30 feet. It branches freely and forms a dense shade. The foliage is deeply cut. From July until frost, it is literally covered with clusters of fiery scarlet flowers. Cardinal Climber should have good soil and plenty of sun, and succeeds well in the Northwest. It is the best annual vine for covering porches, trellises, arbors, fences etc. Packet 15c. etc. Packet 15c.



Red Sunflower.

NOVELTIES IN FLOWERS. FOUR BEAUTIFUL GLADIOLI.

BLERIOT—One of the lovliest new varieties, deserving a place in every garden. The flowers are closely set on tall, strong stems, and are of a lovely apricot rose, with orange throat. A splendid cut flower.

CHANTECLER—A new striped Gladiolus of great merit. The flowers are soft creamy white, overlaid with stripes of rosy red.

GOLDEN WEST-A brilliant orange Gladiolus, with black spots on the lower petals.

WILLIAM COPLAND—A grand flower of great substance and beauty, in the highly ted blue shades. The flowers are immense, borne on tall stocky stems, and of an exquisite prized blue shades. light blue.

Price of any of the above varieties, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00. 1 of each for 75c, postpaid.

PRIMILINUS HYBRID GLADIOLI.

This beautiful race of Gladioli was introduced from South Africa a few years ago. In form and habit they differ distinctly from the ordinary Gladioli. The flower spikes and foliage are finer, very tall and graceful, the flowers are placed farther apart on the stem. In color they range from palest and golden yellow, to brilliant orange and salmon pink. On account of their slender and graceful habit, they are most artistic as cut flowers. Each 10c, dozen \$1.00.

NEW DOUBLE COSMOS.

Double Crowned and Crested.

NEW DOUBLE ROSE, large packet, each 25c.

NEW DOUBLE WHITE, large packet, each 25c.

Butterfly Runner.

A new variety of Scarlet Runner Beans, with pink and white blossoms, resembling Sweet Peas. A splendid an unual vine for trellises, pergolas, porches, etc. Similar to the Scarlet Runner Bean in habit, growing just as rapidly, and blooming even more profusely. Pods are long and broad, and of excellent flavor. Packet 10c. oz. 20c.

Packet 10c, oz. 20c.



Double Cosmos.

Crego's Giant Comet Asters.

A new type of Asters, with flowers of enormous size A new type of Asters, with flowers of enormous size and marvelous beauty, measuring up to 6 inches in diameter. The petals of these lovely Asters are nearly double the length of the older varieties, and are twisted and curled, giving them the appearance of Japanese Chrysanthemums. The plants grow about 2 feet tall, and are well branched. The flowers are borne on long stiff stems and are splendid for cutting. Rose pink, pure white, and mixed colors. Price each Packet 15c.

PETUNIA INFLATA. "TRAILING QUEEN"

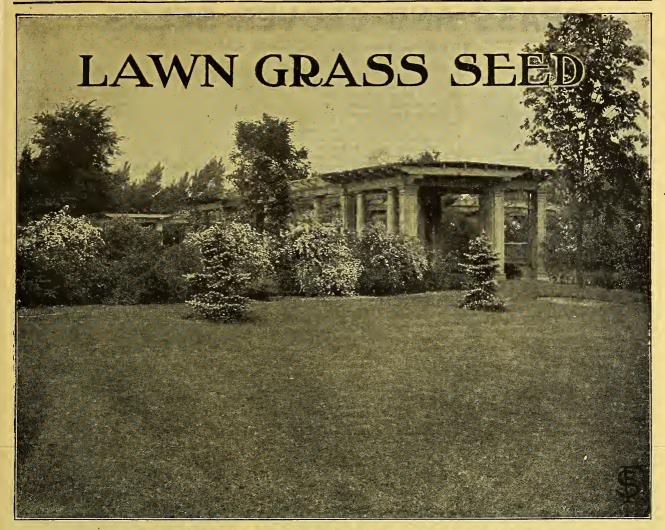
A new free flowering Petunia of trailing habit. The plants are of rapid and strong growth, producing numerous branches, 2½ to 3 feet in length, thickly set with fragrant flowers, one inch across, of a lovely purplish carmine color with reddish violet throat. Because of its vigorous growth and its extraordinary abundance of bloom this new Petunia may especially be recommended for balconies, porch boxes, window boxes or hanging baskets. Packet 20c.

RED SUNFLOWER.

Some flowers are rich chestnut red, some are tipped with yellow shaded with red, and vary from a few inches to a foot in diameter, with two rows of curied petals. They grow 4 to 8-feet tall and usually come petals They gro true. Packet 15c.



Cardinal Climber.



LAWN GRASS MIXTURES FOR ALL PURPOSES.

There is nothing that adds more to the appearance and attractiveness and also to the value of a home than a nice, well kept lawn, which can be easily established at a very small expense. A few suggestions in regard to lawn making may be appreciated by the amateur.

Lawn Grass Seed can be sown at most any time, from early in the spring until fall as the seeds are very hardy, but the best time is early in the spring, on well prepared soil. If the ground intended for a lawn has to be graded, the best ground should be procured, and soil that contains obnoxious weeds should be avoided. It is poor policy to sow grass seed on ground that is as soild as a road, for the roots of the young grass cannot penetrate such soil. It should be spaded up first or it should be plowed and well pulverized by means of a harrow or rake. After it is well smoothed and leveled down, the seed can be sown. To obtain as even a stand as possible, we advocate sowing one-half of the seed one way and the other half the other way. By following this method, you will be sure that your grass seed won't come up in spots. It is well to select a quiet day for sowing seed as some of the lighter seeds would be carried off in case it should be windy. Two and one-third to three bushels of lawn grass seed is required per acre or one pound for every 300 square feet of ground. It is necessary to sow grass seed very thick so as to obtain a close stand. This will also prevent weeds from coming up. After sowing the seed it should be raked in or, if the area is large, it should be harrowed to cover the seed. To bring the seed into direct contact with the soil and to cause immediate sprouting, the ground should be firmed down by rolling or planking. During a wet spell, however, this would not only be unnecessary but, on the contrary, might prove detrimental as it would pack the soil too much and form a crust through which the young sprouts could not penetrate.

Nothing is more important than a carefully selected lawn grass mixture, composed of fine leaved and deep rooted grasses, such as will start early in the spring and remain nice and green until late in the fall. Under favorable circumstances, the common grasses may answer the purpose but they will last for one or two seasons only for which reason it is always advisable to sow carefully selected lawn grass mixtures

On account of making grass growing a specialty and handling such targe quantities of fancy grasses, we are in a position to prepare the finest lawn grass mixtures which insure the best results. Write us for special mixtures intended for special purposes.

PARK LAWN GRASS MIXTURE—For lawns of greater dimensions we recommend this as our standard lawn grass mixture. This has been sold by us for years, and has always given the best satisfaction. It has been sown on almost every kind of soil and under most every condition, and we have to learn of the first unsatisfactory result yet from sowing our Park Lawn Grass mixture. The seed is free from weeds and of the best vitality. It will start at once before the weeds. It root Leeply, withstanding severe droughts without turning yellow or brown and will not grow in tufts or clumps. This mixture is unequalled for lawn, parks, tennis and croquet grounds. Two and one-half bushels should be sown per acre. Qt. 35c, 4 qts. \$1.25, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 30c, pk. (5 lbs.) \$1.25, bu. (20 lbs.) \$4.00, 5 bu. (100 lbs.) \$16.50.

GARDEN CITY LAWN GRASS—Where a fine lawn around a private house is wanted, this Lawn Grass Mixture will be found best adapted. The grasses used in its combination will make a luxuriant growth in spring, summer and autumn, not being affected by drought very easily, and are always presenting the same green, velvety appearance. One quart will cover about 250 square feet. Qt. 40c, 4 qts. \$1.50, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 35c, pk. \$1.50, bu. (20 lbs.) \$5.00.

SHADY NOOK MIXTURE—In many lawns where there are large shady trees there are shady places where ordinary mixtures thrive but poorly or die out altogether. For such spots we have a special mixture of grasses which will grow in the shade as well as in the sun. If you have shady, barren places in your lawn, try our Shady Nook Mixture. Qt. 45c. 4 qts. \$1.75, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 40c, pk. \$1.60, bu. (20 lbs.) \$5.50.

SPECIAL GOLF LINK AND TENNIS COURT MIX-TURE—Our special mixture for this purpose is composed of fine hardy Grasses of low and creeping habit that will form a firm and close sod in a very short time, which will withstand any amount of wear upon it without suffering. Nearly all of the selected Grasses being deeply rooted the golf and tennis grounds established can withstand drought and heat without suffering. Qt. 40c, 4 qts. \$1.50, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 35c, pk. \$1.50, bu. (20 lbs.) \$5.00, 5 bu. \$24.00.

TERRACE SOD MIXTURE—A special mixture of grasses for sowing on terraces and side hills, producing strong, spreading roots, thus preventing heavy rains from washing out. It will withstand drought and exposure and thrive on shallow soils and at the same time produce a rich green lawn throughout the season. Ot. 45c, 4 qts. \$1.75, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 40c, pk. \$1.60, bu. (20 lbs.) \$5.00.

GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS.

TERMS used for different grades of Seeds.



Clover and Grass Seeds of the highest quality obtainable have always been our most important specialty, and for years we have taken the lead among seed dealers in this respect. Under the "FARMER BRAND" label, which is also our trade-mark, we now offer seeds of best vitality, free from all obnoxious foul seeds.

"FARMER BRAND"—To protect our customers, as well as ourselves, we shall offer our "Farmer Brand" Seeds, the highest quality of seeds obtainable, in sealed sacks only, in quantities of ¼ bu., ½ bu., 1 bu., and 100 lb. No broken quantities will be furnished, nor will we guarantee any seed as genuine after our leaden seal has been broken. With "Farmer Brand" Seeds, sacks will be furnished free of charge.

The other terms and their meanings, used for the different grades or qualities of Clover, Timothy, and some other seeds, are as follows:

"FANCY"—Free from obnoxious foul seeds, and of high vitality, but not as good in color, nor as perfect as "Farmer Brand" Seed.

'CHOICE"-Healthy and fairly clean seed, of good vitality, but not as plump and perfect as our "Fancy" grade.

NOTICE—We are well equipped for cleaning and testing seeds. All seeds sent out by us meet fully with the requirements of the MINNESOTA PURE SEED LAWS. You are fully protected when you buy your seeds from the Farmer Seed & Nursery Company.

Unexcelled in Purity, Vitality

and Productiveness.

Without grass, the earth would be a barren desert, but since it is covered with the growth of the most luxuriant grasses, if feeds live stock of all kinds, one of the biggest assets in agriculture. No matter how large our corn and wheat crops are, grasses and clovers still form the foundation for successful farming. The first herdsman, Adam, then Abraham, and Jacob with his twelve sons, depended on the vast rich meadows of their land, for their herds of cattle. In this great country, the unlimited rich prairies of the West attracted the early settlers, such as cattlemen and ranchers. The big ranches of the West attracted the early settlers, such as cattlemen and ranchers. The big ranches of the West were not broken up until more modern methods for taking care of small grains hadbeen originated. Our most up-to-date methods of taking care of small grains hadbeen originated. Our most up-to-date methods for taking care of small grains hadbeen originated. Our most up-to-date methods of care all summer. Cattle, horses, hogs, etc., feed and roam on it all summer without other feed or looking after, while well established meadows of grasses or clover, or both, will fill the barns to overflowing. Good hay, in the right proportion of clover and grass, forms a fairly balanced ration for the stock. With only a little corn added, a completely balanced ration for dairy herds is obtained.

The kinds of seed commonly sown for establishing pastures and meadows, without regard to location and purpose, are Timothy, Clover, Blue Grass, and Red Top. Although these are all good varieties, and do well on soil to which they are naturally adapted, they are not suitable for all locations, nor will they answer all the various purposes for which they are used, consequently there is much disappointment. Considering that there is such large variety of the most valuable grasses for pastures and meadows, it is almost unexplainable that so little attention is given to such an important matte

In establishing pastures and meadows, an important factor to consider is that nearly every different grass and clover subsists on a different soil element. Some soils may lack entirely in certain elements to supply the required nourishment for a particular kind of grass which you intend to grow, and the result would be a feeble growth of grass, which would soon be smothered by weeds. If however, a greater variety of grasses are sown, suitable to your soil and to your purpose, you will not only obtain a perfect stand, but you will have a continuous luxuriant pasture or meadow.

For many years, we have devoted a large part of our catalog to various kinds of grasses and clovers, and have carried on extensive experiments on our own farms to ascertain the varieties best adapted to different kinds of soil and for various purto ascertain the varieties best adapted to different kinds of soil and for various purposes. Having made grasses and grass seeds our specialty, we are in a position to know something of their habits and nature. On this, and the following pages, we give a full description of the most important Pasture and Meadow Grasses. We have also put up Clover-Grass Mixtures for permanent pastures and meadows, well considering the growth, maturity, and adaptability of the various grasses to the different kinds of soil, and for the various purposes, thus enabling our customers to make the right selection.

BROMUS INERMIS Austrian Brome Grass. Hungarian Brome Grass, Awnless Brome Grass.

Of all grasses ever introduced, none have proven as valuable nor as important as Bromus Inermis. The experiment stations of Minnesota, Colorado, North and South Dakota, and Manitoba, and the grass stations of the Agricultural Department at Washington, have conducted extensive experiments, and all speak of it in the highest terms.

Bromus Inermis is a vigorous, hardy perennial, with strong creeping root stocks, smooth, upright leafy stems, 1 to 4 feet high, and loose open panicles, or "seed heads," 4 to 8 inches long. It withstands extremes of head, drought, and cold, better than any other cultivated grasses, and in a few years forms a very tough sod, crowding out every other growth. Bromus Inermis will not only succeed under conditions fatal to Timothy, Clover, Orchard Grass and Alfalfa, but it will make astonishing yields.

All kinds of stock eat it with relish, and chemical analysis shows that it is rich in flesh-forming ingredients, more so than Timothy. As this grass starts to grow very early in spring, before any of the grasses on the native prairies show any signs of life, and remains green and succulent far into November, it will supply the long felt want of early spring and late fall pastures. The yield of hay from Bromus Inermis varies from 2 to 4½ tons per acre, according to climatic conditions, methods of seeding, and fertility of soil. The quality of the hay is excellent, fully equalting that of Timothy in palatability and nutritive qualities. In order to obtain the best hay, the grass should be cut at the time of full bloom. One difference between Bromus Inermis and other hay grasses is that it does not deteriorate rapidly after the flowering period, and even if cut when the seeds are ripe, the hay loses little of its nutritive qualities, because after the seed bearing stems have grown up, a large number of leafy shoots spring up from the base.

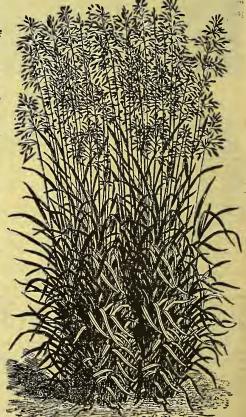
qualities, because after the seed bearing stems have grown up, a large number of leaty shoots spring up from the base.

Culture:—Fall plowed land is best adapted for spring sowing, as it holds moisture best. Like most hardy perennials, Bromus Inermis forms deep roots before it makes much top growth, and it is therefore well adapted for sowing with a nurse crop. A good method is to sow Bromus Inermis with a drill (setting this so it sows only one inch deep) so the seed is well covered. The experiment stations recommend 20 to 30 pounds of seed per acre. The land should be well prepared, for on such a bed the seed will start quickly, and the young grasses will soon subdue the weeds which are apt to grow on any soil, no matter how good or clean it is. Bromus Inermis, on account of its extreme hardiness, can be sown almost any time, from early spring to late fall, in almost any locality.

Many people are under the impression that Bromus Inermis is the grass for only arid and semi-arid regions of the Northwest, but it is really one of the most profitable grasses for every section, especially where steep and barren side hills or ravines are to be covered with grass. Price: "Farmer Brand" Grade, (free from Quack Grass) 3 lbs. 90c. postpald.—Not

Price: "Farmer Brand" Grade, (free from Quack Grass) 3 lbs. 90c, postpald. — Not prepaid, 3 lbs. 65c, bushel (14 lbs.) \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$12.50, bags included.

Fancy Northern Grown: 3 lbs. 75c, postpald.—Not prepald, 3 lbs. 50c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$1.75, 100 lbs. \$10.00, bags included.



Bromus Inermis.

Minnesota Timothy, ITALIAN RYE GRASS.

Lolium Italicum.

One of the Grasses not so well known, but very valuable, and deserving more attention. It grows on almost any soil but thrives best on rich, moist land. On ground best adapted for it, and especially if irrigated, immense crops can be produced, as it can be cut 4 or 5 times, and yields as high as 7 or 8 tons of dry hay per acre. It is well adapted for pastures, on account of its early growth in spring and its quick and successive aftergrowth when closely cropped. For this reason we found it very valuable to sow as a catch-crop in clover fields where the clover had died or winter-killed. When mixed with Crimson Clover and sown on these bare spots in spring, a full crop can be counted on from these fields. It grows 2 to 4 feet high, with an abundance of foliage, and is much liked by cattle and stock generally. Sow about 20 pounds of seed per acre.

Price: Fancy Grade, 1b. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$1.60. 100 lbs. \$9.75, not prepaid.

Price: Fancy Grade, 1b. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$1.60, 100 lbs. \$9.75, not prepaid.—Pound by mail postpaid, 30c.

Price: Choice Grade, 1b. 15c, bu. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$8.50.

ENGLISH RYE GRASS.

Perennial Rye Grass-Lolium Perenne.

This has become well known in this country, is very largely sown, and has proven itself very valuable. It seems to be especially adapted for pastures, will endure close cropping, and is of strong and quick successive aftergrowth. English Rye Grass produces an abundance of foliage, which remains bright and green thruout the season, and for this reason is also much used for Lawn Grass Mixtures. It is also well adapted for permanent meadows, and yields large quantities of very nutritious hay, which is well liked by all kinds of stock. This grass grows well on almost any soil, but prefers medium rich or moist land, such as will produce a good crop of corn and gives the heaviest yields on such land. It grows 2 to 3½ feet high. Sow 20 to 22 pounds of seed per acre.

Price: Fancy Grade, lb. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$1.45, 100 lbs. \$9.25, not prepaid.—Pound by mall postpaid, 30c.

Price: Cholce Grade, Ib. 15c, bu. \$1.15, 100 lbs. \$8.00.

WESTERN RYE GRASS. Agropyrum Tenerum.

Also known as SLENDER WHEAT GRASS.

The famous bunch grass of Canada and is peculiarly well adapted to the prairie soils of our northwestern states. It affords excellent pasturage and provides large quantities of hay, but if wanted for hay, should be cut early, as it is relished better by stock. It thrives on all soils, but is peculiarly adapted to prairie soils. It gives good returns on land quite strongly impregnated with alkali and fits it so that grain may be grown successfully. Resists drought and cold to a remarkable degree. When sown alone as is the common practice, the seed should be put in from 1 to 3 inches deep according to soil and season, 15 pounds to the acre. If with Bromus Inermis, 7½ pounds of each.

Price: Fancy Grade, 1b. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$13.00, not prepaid.—Pound by mail postpaid, 30c.

The Timothy and Alsyke Mixture bought of you last year is now showing the best stand of any of our meadows.

J. M. CAMPBELL, Duluth. Minn. hav meadows.

TIMOTHY.—Phleum Pratense.

Timothy is so well known that it needs hardly any description, for there is scarcely another variety of our natural grasses that is so generally cultivated as this. It is best suited for moist, rich, strong and loamy soils, where it grows to perfection, and yields large crops of hay. If cut in due season, which is at flowering time, it makes a very good and nutritious hay, which is greatly relished by all kinds of stock, especially horses. For pasture it cannot be so well recommended, as most every farmer well knows, for its growth is not thrifty enough, and close pasturing is very injurious to it. Like all grasses, it is hardier for either pasture or meadow if sown with other kinds, and only then will it bring the best returns. For this reason we have added it to most of our Clover-Grass Mixtures.

We wish to call the attention of our brother farmers to the difference between our We wish to call the attention of our brother farmers to the difference between our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed and Timothy Seed handled by dealers and jobbers in the larger cities. While the latter oftentimes has been held for years for speculating purposes, regardless of vitality, and has been grown by every body and anybody on neglected farms, mainly for the purpose of subduing all kinds of foul weeds, our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed which we offer, is always fresh and of the highest vitality, and has been grown right here in the most prosperous farming country of the United States, on good, rich bottom lands, free from all kinds of noxious weeds. Sow 10 to 12 pounds per acre.

Besides, we claim, and our customers have experienced it every year, that our Minnesota Grown Timothy Seed possesses more vigor and vitality, and produces a much thriftier growth, larger crops and better hay than Timothy grown in a milder latitude. The large dairy and stock farmers in the Middle and Eastern States have recognized this long ago, and send us their orders as early as possible, very often in fall already, altho they may not sow the seed until spring.

PRICES: —Our quotations on Timothy and other seeds were the current prices December 15th—four weeks before this catalog was printed. As the market changes rapidly, going either higher or lower, we refer to the enclosed BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST for our present prices. If you should not order at once upon receipt of this catalog, then please write for our NEW Blue Figure Price List which we issue from time to time.

Prices on Minnesota grown Timothy Seed of the three grades we offer are as follows:

Our "FARMER BRAND" Timothy—the cleanest and highest grade of seed obtainable, 3 lbs. 65c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck \$1.00, ½ bu. \$1.75, bu, \$3.25, 100 lbs. \$7.00. Timothy Seed, "Fancy": Peck 90c, 1/2 bu. \$1.65, bu. \$3.00, 100 lbs. \$6.50.

Timothy Seed, "Choice": Peck 80c, bu. \$2.85, 100 lbs. \$6.00.

Grain sacks are 28c each, extra, with all grades of Timothy Seed.

We give special attention to orders for Farmers' Clubs, and will take pleasure to quote our lowest prices on everything that is required in the line of Field and Garden Seeds as well as Nursery Stock. Such orders are carefully filled in every detail.

TIMOTHY AND ALSYKE **CLOVER MIXTURE.**

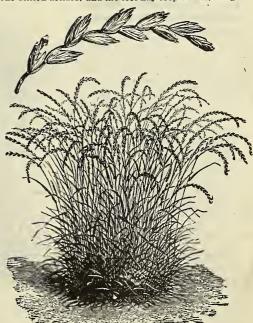
A better combination for either pasture or meadow than Medium Red Clover and Timothy, as these blossom and ripen at the same time. Alsyke Clover can be sown to good advantage on moist soil where Red Clover would soon perish, and will make a much finer hay than this, and being free from fuzz and dust, it will not cause horses to cough.

The Timothy and Alsyke Clover Seed that we offer, has been raised together, and both being of the same size, seed cannot be separated, so that we have to sell it at a reduced price. The mixture contains about one-fifth to one-fourth of Alsyke Clover and the balance Timothy, and is as nearly in that proportion as we can ascertain, which is just about the proper quantity of each to produce good results. It should be sown at the rate of 10 pounds per acre.

Price: Lb. 25c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 15c, 10 lbs.

Price: Lb. 25c, postpaid.—Not prepald, lb. 15c, 10 lbs. \$1.20, 25 lbs. \$2.50, 50 lbs. \$4.75, 100 lbs. \$9.00; sacks 28c.

The importance of Grass Seeds cannot be overestimated, for in 1915 the Hay Crop in the U.S. was second in value produced, aggregating over one hundred million tons, worth over one billion dollars, and the 1916 hay crop was 20% larger

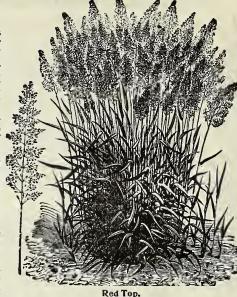


English Rye Grass.

RED TOP.

Agrostis Vulgaris.

This is a very hardy grass natural in most This is a very hardy grass natural in most every state and predominates on low and marsby ground, where it produces a very luxuriant growth. Red Top is a very hardy perennial grass, growing from less than a foot to 5 feet in height under varying conditions of soil and climate. In sloughs and moist locations it grows the tallest. The stem is erect, smooth and round, while the panicle is oblong and spreading, which, tho it varies considerably in color, is generally characterized by the purple and round, while the panicle is oblong and spreading, which, tho it varies considerably in color, is generally characterized by the purple tint which seems to deepen with increasing luxuriance with the growth of the grass. The roots are more or less orecping and gather food near the surface rather than from the subsoil. The habit of growth gives it much vigor to grow on wet and very moist soil or even on somewhat dry, sandy soil where other grasses grow shyly, and it eventually covers such ground with a stiff sod. It is more highly esteemed as a pasture grass than as a hay plant on account of its hardiness and because of the degree of permanence. As a pasture grass it is very nutritious and is fairly well relished by stock. It should, however, not be sown alone for hay, as it is lacking somewhat in palatability, and even for pasture its value is greatly increased if sown in connection with other grass and olover seeds. For wet ground and sloughs we advise a combination of Red Top, Tall Pesoue. Floating Meadow, Water Spear Grass and Meadow Foxtail. (See our Clover-Grass Mixtures for low ground and slougbs on pages 14 and 15.)



FANCY RED TOP.

Clear or Solid Seed.

This is the best grade of heavy hulled seed, thoroly recleaned from chaff, and is known as Fancy Red Top. Naturally this seed is much higher in price than seed in the chaff or hull, but it really does not cost more in the end as only 5 to 6 pounds of seed are required to own an acre.

(7 a.) FANCY RED TOP, "Farmer Brand" government tested seed which Is of the highest quality obtainable: Lb. 20c, bu. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$15.00, sacks included.

—3 lbs. 85c, postpaid.

(7b) FANCY RED TOP, "Choice"; Lb. 30c. bu. \$2.25, 100 lbs. \$13,25, grain sacks 22c each extra.—3 lbs. postpaid 75c.

8. RED TOP AND TIMOTHY MIXTURE.

These are generally raised here together These are generally raised here together around sloughs and such low ground that is not subject to overflow. The seed consists of about one-third Red Top and two-thirds Timothy, which is about the right proportion to sow. These seeds are of the best quality, and as they cannot well be separated without a great loss, we offer them at a very low price. About 8 to 10 lbs. of this should be sown per acre. This Red Top and Timothy Mixture is well recleaned seed. Pound 15c. 10 lbs. \$1.50, 25 lbs. \$3.00, 100 lbs. \$10.00.—3 lbs. postpald 75c.



Orchard Grass.

ORCHARD GRASS-Dactylis Glomerata.

A most valuable grass for pasture or meadow, while for permanent pastures it is especially adapted on account of its earliness and great stooling qualities. It furnishes the first green bite in the spring and the last in the fall, and is quick to recover from close cropping, thriving even better the more it is cropped. When grown for hay, more than one crop can be obtained in one season, and where but one crop is taken, the aftergrowth, which is very heavy gives splendid and rich pasture until late in the fall. It will stand drought, keeping green and growing when other grasses are dried up, and being very hardy, is of special value for our Northern states, where it does not winter-kill. The nature of this grass is to grow in tufts, and it is therefore not adapted for sowing alone, but if sown together with other grasses, or with our Clover-Grass Mixtures, a close and even sod can be obtained. It is well suited to shady places, such as orchards and groves. Altho it is adapted for a wide range of soil, and will grow on almost all land, it gives the best results on deep, rich, sandy loam or clay soils.

(9a) "Farmer Brand" Orchard Grass: Lb, 25c, bu. (141bs.) \$3.00. 100 lbs. \$18.50.

(9a) "Farmer Brand" Orchard Grass: Lb. 25c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$3.00, 100 lbs. \$18.50.

-3 lbs. postpald \$1.00. (9b) "Fancy" Orchard Grass: Lb. 20c, bu. \$2.65, 100 lbs. \$17.00.

WOOD MEADOW GRASS-Poa Nemoralis.

This grass is invaluable for wood pastures or shaded ground, and should be included in all mixtures for permanent pastures, especially in shady places. It grows on almost any soil, succeeding best on moist, shaded ground, and is remarkable for its quick, successive growth when closely cropped. For lawns shaded by trees it is particularly valuable, producing a very thick growth and a nice, even sod which remains green a long time. It is a hardy perennial, 1½ to 2 feet high, flowering in June. Superior Grade: Lb. 40c, bv. (14 lbs.) \$5.00, 100 lbs. \$30.00.—Lb. postpaid 50c.



Kentucky Blue Grass.

11. KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Poa Pratensis.

GRASS—Poa Pratensis.

This most widely known of all the natural grasses, does well everywhere, and can be found in almost every part of our broad country. In sections with limestone soil it does singularly well, especially in Kentucky, where it is the principal grass, for which reason it was undoubtedly named "Kentucky Blue Grass." It is grown more for pasture than for hay as it is unusually early in the spring, providing good feed already in May and June in our northwestern states, and produces a good growth until the ground freezes. This grass is very hardy and is neither injured by the cold nor by dry weather, hot sun, the trampling of hoofs or close mowing. It is suited to any variety of soil, but succeeds best on moist, rich land containing some lime. It requires about 2 years to become well established, and for this reason should be used only where permanent pastures are wanted.

(11 a) KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS,

(11 a) KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS,
"Farmer Brand": Lb. 20c, bu. (141bs.)
\$2.50, 100 lbs. \$15.00.—3 lbs. 85c, postp'd.
(11 b) KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS,
"Fancy": Bu. \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$13.50.

I have had the very best of success with your Grass and Clover seed, also with Corn and Potatoes, The Grass Mixture I sowed in April and I have already made two cuttings. Your Golden Jewel Corn can't be beat.

B. SCHUERCH. Bonne Terre. Mo

TALL MEADOW OAT 12. GRASS-Avena Elatior.

Tall Meadow Oat Grass.

For either hay or permanent pasture a most valuable grass, which can be successfully grown in all parts of the country. It will not winter-kill, but will live and endure our cold Northern Minnesota winters, and can also be grown in parts of the country where it is sometimes very hot and dry. This variety starts very early in spring, and is a very valuable pasture grass on this account. It is seldom sown by itself, but mostly with other varieties, as with our Clover-Grass Mixtures, where it gives the best results. Succeeds best in deep, rich, sandy soils, and even on clay and heavy dry soil it does well. It is a true perennial, growing 3 to 5 feet high, and flowering in May and June. It is a splendid grass for the Southern States. Superior Grade: Lb. 25c, bu. (14] bs.) \$3.00, 100] bs. \$17.50.—Lb. postpald 35c. For either hay or permanent pasture a Lb. postpald 35c.

CREEPING BENT GRASS-Agrostis Stolonifera.

This variety is a hardy perennial of dwarf growing habit, and being very deep rooted, of quick successive growth when closely cropped, is especially valuable as a pasture grass. It starts early and holds out until late in the fall. It prefers deep, rich location and makes a fine, velvety and close lawn. Superior Grade: Lb. 48c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$5.50, 100 lbs. \$35.00.—Lb. postpald \$55c.

Our Celebrated Clover-Grass Mixtures,-See pages 13 to 15,

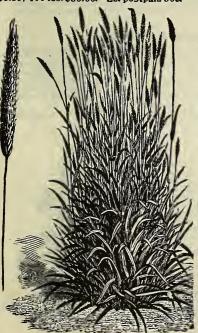
I received the Apple Trees and other things that I ordered from your will say that they were the best packed and the best stock I ever received from any company. very much pleased with them. MRS. NETTIE OLSON, Mankato, Minn.

Meadow Fescue.

MEADOW FOXTAIL GRASS. Alopecurus Pratensis.

Alopecurus Pratensis.

A fine grass which is especially well adapted for permanent pastures. It is one of the very first to start growth in the spring, and is of remarkably quick and strong aftergrowth, either when closely cropped or after mowing. On low ground and marshes this grass should be sown instead of Timotby, together with Red Top, Tall Fescue, Floating Meadow and Water Spear Grass and very large quantities of fine hay can thereby be obtained from such otherwise worthless ground. It closely resembles Timothy, but the head is smaller and soft. Many are under the impression that this valuable grass is the same as a wild species commonly known as "Toxtail" or "Squirreltail", but there is no similarity whatever. Fancy Grade: Lb. 40c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$5.35, 100 lbs. \$30.00.—Lb. postpaid 50c.



Meadow Foxtall Grass.

15. **MEADOW FESCUE**—Festuca Pratensis.

We regard this as one of the most valuable grasses for it adapts itself to different conditions of soil and climate, thriving luxuriantly in all parts of the United States and Canada. It produces a great amount of early and late feed of good quality and yields heavily,—from 2 to 4 tons of hay per adre, which is of fine quality and very nutritious. As a pasture grass it is particularly valuable, for it is a most persistent grower, being one of the earliest in spring and latest in fall, and never freezes out or winter-kills. It grows well on wet or dry bottoms, hillsides and tops, gravelly and loamy lands and clays, and having many fibrous roots running down 8 to 15 inches, resists drought wonderfully. It grows about 3 feet high, stools out well, but never grows in tufts or branches. About 18 to 22 lbs. of seed should be sown per acre. Fancy Grade: Lb. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$12.50.—Lb. postp'd 30c.

16. SHEEP'S FESCUE—Festuca Ovina.

This variety prefers to grow on light, sandy soil and dry uplands or hillsides. It is deep rooted, and not affected by extreme drought. Sheep are especially fond of it, and in mixtures for permanent pastures on dry uplands, particularly if used for sheep grazing, it should be included, as it is highly relished by them, being one of the sweetest grasses and very nutritious. On account of its fine foliage and compact growth it is very desirable for lawn purposes, making a splendid close turf. A hardy perennial, 1 to 2 feet high, flowering in June and July. Fancy Grade: Lb. 20c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$16.50.—Lb. postpaid 30c.

19. CRESTED DOGSTAIL—Cynosorus Cristatus.

For permanent pastures, especially on high land and hard dry soils and hills, this grass is invaluable. It produces an abundance of foliage, is very hardy, and but little affected by extreme drought or cold weather. This variety is tender and very nutritious and relished by all kinds of stock. On account of its evergreen foliage, thick and close growing habit it is of particular value in a lawn mixture. It is a hardy perennial, I to 1½ feet high, flowering in June. Fancy Grade: Lb. 30c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$4.00, 100 lbs. \$26.00.—Lb. postpaid 40c.

20. BERMUDA GRASS—Cynodon Dactylon.

For the Southern States, particularly, this grass is best adapted, and of great value. It is the chief reliance there for pasture and hay, furnishing rich, green pastures during nine months of the year. On good land it

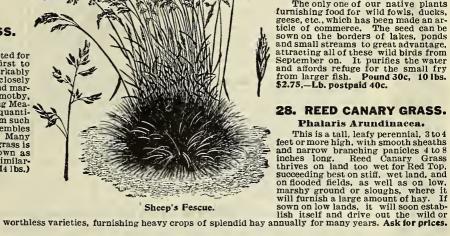
will cut 2 to 4 tons of nice hay per acre. Thrives wherever corn or cotton can be grown. Much planted in the South as a lawn grass, and nothing will stand the sun better. 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. \$1.00, pd.

22. WILD RICE.

Zizania Aquatica. The only one of our native plants furnishing food for wild fowls, ducks, geese, etc., which has been made an article of commerce. The seed can be sown on the borders of lakes, ponds and small streams to great advantage, attracting all of these wild birds from September on It purifies the water September on. It purifies the water and affords refuge for the small fry from larger fish. Pound 30c, 10 lbs. \$2.75,—Lb. postpaid 40c.

28. REED CANARY GRASS.

Phalaris Arundinacea.



25. MEADOW SOFT GRASS—Holcus Lanatus.

This variety is also known as "Velvet Grass" and "Yorkshire Fog Grass". Altho most valuable under certain circumstances, this grass is but little known. It prefers a moist and loose soil, and on account of its deep root formation, it produces a very luxuriant growth even on peaty and boggy swamps where it is almost impossible to secure a catch with other grasses. Meadow Soft Grass should therefore be included in all grass mixtures for sloughs and marshes, in particular for peat bogs that are apt to dry out in summer or fall and produce no vegetation at all. This grass grows two to three feet high, matures early, flowering in June, and has a somewhat soft and handsome appearance. Superior Grade:—Lb. 30c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$4.00, 100 lbs. \$25.00.—Lb. postpaid, 40c.

26. TALL FESCUE GRASS—Festuca Elatior.

This grass is highly valued for permanent meadows. Tho coarse and 'Inis grass is highly valued for permanent meadows. The coarse and robust in habit, it makes a very good quality of hay which is very nutritious and is greedily eaten by all stock. Being also very productive, yielding larger quantities of hay than many other grasses, it should be included in all mixtures for permanent meadows on moist and strong soils. It is also a good pasture grass, and in Virginia it furnishes cattle good grazing in midwinter. It is one of the best grasses to sow in marshes or places which are often under water. It is perennial, growing from 3 to 5 feet high. Superior Grade:—Lb. 40c, bu. (14 lbs.) \$5.35, 100 lbs. \$35.00.—Lb. postpaid, 50c. \$35.00.-Lb. postpaid, 50c.

27. WATER MEADOW GRASS-Poa Aquatica.

A variety which prefers low and wet soils, therefore of great value for A variety which prefers low and wer soils, therefore of great value for land which is often overflowed or under water, where other grasses do not succeed, as they drown out. "Altho it grows coarse and robust, the hay, which is produced in large quantities, is very nutritious and well liked by all kinds of stock. It is a perennial, four to five feet high. Superior Grade:—Lb. 45c, bushel (14 lbs.) \$6.00, 100 lbs. \$40.00.—Lb. postpald, 55c.

For our Mixtures for Sloughs and Marshes See Pages 16 and 17.



Meadow Soft Grass

RELIABLE MINNESOTA GROWN CLOVER SEED.

PRICES: Prices on Clover Seed are subject to the fluctuations of the market, and we therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed with this catalog. If you should not order immediately upon receipt of this catalog, please write for our latest BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST quoting current prices, which will be issued from time to time. On large quantities, we are always pleased to quote special prices, with samples.

32. MINNESOTA GROWN MEDIUM RED OR JUNE CLOVER.

The Medium Red Clover may justly be styled "the corner stone of agriculture" in the Northwestern, the North Central and Eastern States. Either alone or in a mixture with other grasses for hay or pasture it generally constitutes from one-eighth to one-third of the total area of cultivated land on most successful farms through this area, and is an important crop far beyond these boundaries. For centuries it has constituted one of the most important factors in maintaining a perma-nent system of agriculture in the Old World. In this country for a century and a half it has assumed a more and more im-portant role in conserving the natural resources of the soil, thereby tending to maintain the profitable yields of the staple agricultural products.

agricultural products.

Red Clover is utilized both as a hay and as a pasture crop and often as a soiling crop. It is sometimes used as a green manure crop to be plowed under if the ground is poor in humus. Even where it is cut for hay and only the roots and stuhlle turned under it has a marked influence in increasing the yields of succeeding crops. It makes an ideal hay for cattle and in the clover sections should constitute from one-half to two-thirds of the roughage rations of milk cows. Sheep and young stock of all kinds make excellent gains on either the pasture or the bay. In addition to its usefulness as a food for animals it has a most important effect upon the land in maintaining the supply of nitrogen in the soil. By means of the nitrogen-fixing organism on its roots the Red Clover plant is able to gather large quantities of nitrogen from the air and leave it in the soil in a form which can readily be utilized hy growing crops. It not infrequently happens that the yield of a grain crop can be doubled by the growing and plowing under of a crop of clover. In order to keep the farm up, Medium Red Clover should be sown with all spring grain at the rate of 6 to 7 pounds per acre, if for no other purpose than merely as a fertilizer and to keep the weeds down. It will surely prove of double henefit, for if pasturage is scarce the cattle can he turned onto it, and if not required for this purpose entirely our land requires fertilizers of some kind which barnyard manure alone cannot supply. nure alone cannot supply.

Our Minnesota Grown Clover Seed with which we have heen supplying our custom-ers in every section of the United States for years is well known for its hardiness, heal-

years is well known for its nardiness, heal-thy growth and its wonderful productive-ness. In purity and in great vitality it is unsur-passed, on which account it is always in great de-mand for export, for which purpose seeds of the highest quality only can be used.

All the different grades of our Minnesota grown Medium Red and Mammoth Clover are absolutely free from dodder and plantain because such weeds do not live thru our cold northern winters here in Minnesota. You will find this mostly in all imported clover seed as well as in seed produced further south and also in clover seed from the Pacific Coast States. States.

PRICES ON MEDIUM RED CLOVER.

(32) "FARMER BRAND." Unexcelled in purity, high vitality and nice dark color. This Farmer Brand quality, we guarantee to conform in every respect with the requirements of the new seed laws enacted by the different states, and is therefore the most reliable seed offered by any seed house. Not prepaid, Pound 25c, peck \$3.40, ½ bu. \$6.25, bu. \$12.15, 1001bs. \$20.00, grain sacks 28c extra.—Lb. postpaid 35c. Lb. postpaid 35c.

(32a) FANCY. Peck \$3.00, bu. \$11.25, 100 lbs. 550. Grain sacks 28c each, extra.

(32b) CHOICE. Peck \$2.75, bu. \$10.00, 100 lbs. \$16.50. Grain sacks 28c each, extra.



Unexcelled in Purity, Vitality and Productiveness.

THE SOWING OF THE SEED.

In the Northwest as well as in all the North Central States, Clover is usually sown in the spring with small grain hut it oftentimes fails to catch on account of the grain crop heing too heavy and smothering it. Of the grain, not more than two-thirds of the ordinary quantity should be sown per acre. Early maturing varieties of oats that do not stool heavy should be selected so that the clover has a chance to grow and develon after the grain has been harvested. and develop after the grain has been harvested. The different kinds of barley and flax make a first class nurse crop. Often, clover fails because it is not planted sufficiently deep to insure proper moisture conditions for the young plants.

In light and sandy soil, the seed should be covered 1½ to 2 inches deep, while in clay soil, the covering should not he more than about soil, the covering should not he more than about linch. For prompt germination, it is advisable, on reasonably loose soil, especially sandy land, to roll the ground after seeding. If a smooth roller is used, it should be followed by a harrow to roughen the surface and thus preventing the rapid evaporation of the soil moisture. Where the clover is sowed in the spring, on winter ground, no special preparation of the seed bed is necessary as the frost has usually cracked the soil sufficiently to render a natural covering a reasonable certainty. It will, however, not injure the winter grain and will prove beneficial for the clover if a light harrow, tilted hackward, is run over the field to

if a light harrow, tilted hackward, is run over the field to cover the seed.

33. MAMMOTH CLOVER—Trifolium Pratense Perenne.

Also known as Pea Vine Clover or Cow Grass. This is well known for its enormous yields and for reclaiming exhausted land. It is extremely hardy and will flourish on soil which is too low and heavy for the Common Red Clover. Where permanent hog pastures are wanted our Minnesota Grown Mammoth Clover will give the best results, because it is a hardy perennial and hardly ever freezes out. On account of being so permanent it can be sown to good advantage in fall, even here in the Northwest, and should always be included in Permanent Pasture Mixtures. It produces very large crops of hay, yielding from three to five tons per acre. The hay is of choice quality, and is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock. As a fertilizer to plow under green it has no equal, and for this purpose 5 to 6 pounds per acre should he sown with all small grain. The Mammoth Clover Seed which we offer, has been grown here in this section and our customers can therefore depend on getting the true Mammoth Clover.

(33) "Farmer Brand" quality, unexcelled in purity and vitality. Not prepaid, lb. 25c, peck \$3.45, ½ bu. \$6.60, bu. \$12.75, 100 lbs. \$21.00, grain sacks 28c extra.—Pound postpaid 35c.

(33a) Fancy. Peck \$3.25, bu. \$11.85, 100 lbs. \$19.50, grain sacks 28c extra.

CRIMSON CLOVER-Trifolium Incarnatum.

This is also called Giant Incarnate and German Mammoth Clover. Altho it is only an annual, it answers the same purpose as the considerably higher priced Medium Red Clover in many respects. It has the nature of a winter grain, can, however, also be sown in spring as well as in fall. For northern sections spring sowing is preferable, while in the eastern states it is generally sown in fall. It is remarkable for its rapid growth, and is the only clover that yields a full and heavy crop the first year. One of the most important features is its great value as a fertilizer. It should therefore be sown with all spring grain for the purpose of reclaiming worn-out soil and keeping up improved land to its fertility. If sown in spring with grain, as a fertilizer, it should be turned under the same fall on account of being only an annual. On land so poor that common clover would do but little, it produces a dense and heavy growth. This clover, like other leguminous plants, gathers nitrogen from the air and stores it in the plant and roots; which hecomes available food for succeeding crops. The nitrogen from one acre of clover alone could not he bought for less than \$30.00, heing equal to that found in twenty tons of stable manure, and can he ohtained at such a comparatively small cost. stable manure, and can he obtained at such a comparatively small cost.

Fancy Grade. Not prepaid, lb. 20c, peck \$2.50, bu. \$9.25, 100 lbs. \$15.00, grain bags 23c each extra.—Pound postpaid 30c.

NOTICE: To increase the yield and improve the soil use STANDARD BACTERIA for inoculating your Clover, Alfalfa and all other legumes. See page 15. We have been using your Seed for the last ten years, have always had the best success and cannot make a garden without them.—M. MADISON, Everly, Iowa.

My order for trees arrived here in linest condition and everything is satisfactor I paid you \$16.00, the same bill bought of an agent would have cost me \$40. GEO. E. WRIGHT. Gildlord, Mont.



Crimson Clover.

RELIABLE MINNESOTA GROWN CLOVER SEED.

PRICES ON CLOVER SEED ARE SUBJECT TO THE FLUCTUATIONS OF THE MARKET.

35. WHITE CLOVER—Trifolium Repens.

This is of particular value in mixtures for permanent pastures and lawns, and will grow on almost any kind of soil, even on wet and moist ground, but not on such as over-flows for any length of time. Being very hardy and of creeping labit, it will also prevent the ground from being washed away by heavy rains. The seed is very fine, and if sown by itself, about five pounds are sufficient per acre; it should, however, never be sown alone, unless it be for raising seed. White Clover is used mainly for sowing in mixtures with other grass seeds, especially with Blue Grass, to obtain permanent pastures.

(35) "Farmer Brand", not prepaid: Lb. 65c, peck \$1.00, 72 22.00, 100 lbs. \$45.00, sacks 28c each extra. (35a) Fancy, not prepaid: Lb. 50c, peck \$7.25, ½ bu. \$13.75, bu. \$27.00, 100 lbs. \$45.00, sacks 28c each extra.

The advantages which the Alsyke Clover has over Red Clover and other varieties are its hardiness and true perennial character. It adapts itself to a great variety of soils, growing on the edge of a stream, in swamps or on low land and also flourishing on dry and stubborn, stiff clay and upland soils, thus being capable of resisting the extremes of drought and wet alike. It is well liked by all stock, either green in the pasture or when cured for hay. Horses, cows and sheep prefer it to Red Clover, as it makes finer and better hay than this, the stalks not being so thick and woody. It is very sweet and fragrant and is well liked by bees. This clover grows 15 to 20 inches high, the heads are round and flesh colored. It can be sown with Timothy to good advantage, as both mature at the same time, which is a very important feature for the production of hay. Wherever the Medium Red Clover fails for certain reasons, Alsyke should be sown on account of its hardy nature; it is perennial and will not winter kill. When sown with other grasses, it forms a thick, heavy undergrowth and greatly increases the yield. If Alsyke is sown for seed, this is taken from the first crop. Sow6—71bs, per acre.

(37) "Farmer Brand", not prepaid: Lb. 30c, peck \$3.50, ½ bu. \$6.75, bu. \$13.30, 100 lbs. \$22.00, sacks 28c.

Pound 40c postpaid.

(37a) Fancy, not prepaid: Lb. 25c, peck \$3.25, bu. \$12.40, 100 lbs. \$20.50, grain sacks 28c each extra.

(37b) Choice, not prepaid: Peck \$2.85, bu. \$10.50, 100 lbs. \$17.00, grain sacks 28c each extra.

For our Alsyke and Timothy Mixture, see page 9. This is a very low priced mixture, which should be sown where it is too wet for Medium Red Clover.

38. BOKHARA, SWEET OR BEE CLOVER—Melilotus Alba.

The True White Flowering Bokhara Clover.

This clover is especially adapted for bee pastures, and whoever keeps bees should not fail to put in at least half an acre to an acre, for it is greatly relished by them, and the boney is as nice greatly relished by them, and the bone, is and and and clear as crystal. It grows on poor and sandy soil and also on land that is stony and rocky; its soil and also on land that is stony and rocky; its strong roots will penetrate any kind of soil. The value of the Bokhara Clover as a fertilizer was value of the Bokhara Clover as a fertilizer was not known at all until recently several experiment stations published articles on it. Within the last few years the demand for this clover has been increasing tremendously. It is planted mainly for fertilizer, however in many sections it is being grown for fodder and the growers claim that in feeding value it is equal to Red Clover. It has been proven by many experiments, that Rokhara Clover. Anthyllis Vulneraria.

A deep-rooting, drought-resisting clover, suitcessful growing of Alfalfa. It is a great fertilizer and will in a short period make sandy soil fertile. Sow 10 to 12 lbs, per acre. As a fertilizer Sweet Clover ranks the highest of leguminous crops. It has the ability of gathering nitrogen from the air and enriches the soil with it. All other clovers have slender, fibrous roots which are slow to decay, but Sweet Clover develops clusters of fleshy roots which reach many feet into the ground and years old, leaving their nitrogen contents in condition for immediate use, and the soil in the highest state of permeability.

Price: Lb. 30c, peck \$2.85, bu. (60 lbs.) \$10.60, 100 lbs. \$17.50, not prepaid, bags 28c extra—Lb. postpaid 40c proven by many experiments, that Bokhara Clover will furnish the soil with bacteria for the successful growing of Alfalfa. It is a great fertilizer and will in a short period make sandy soil fertile. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre. As a fertilizer Sweet Clover ranks the highest of leguminous crops. It



38 b. YELLOW SWEET CLO-VER-Melilotus Officinalis.

It is very similar to the White Flow-ering sort and is also a biennial, but blooms earli-er. For inoculating the soil for alfalfa culture as er. For inoculating the soil for alimita culture well as for fertilizing purposes this Yellow Flowering variety is preferred by many. For bee pasering variety is pred to supplement the White turage it is much used to supplement the White Flowering variety. As it blooms about two weeks earlier the season is prolonged. The plant is of dense growth and when once fairly started, will

smother out all weeds.

Price: Lb. 25c, peck \$2.60, bu. \$9.75, 100 lbs. \$16.00, not prepaid, bags 28c each extra.—
Pound 35c, postpaid.

39. KIDNEY VETCH CLOVER. Anthyllis Vulneraria.

40. SAINFOIN OR ESPARCETTE CLOVER. Onobrichis Sativa.

An excellent, but comparatively little known variety, of special val-for growing on light, dry, sandy or limestone soils. It is very deepne for growing on light, dry, sandy or limestone soils. It is very deeprooted, and therefore withstands drought. On account of its high feeding value it is a very good fodder plant. This variety is also known under the name of "Sand Clover"; will grow on gravelly soil and in barren
regions, deficient in rainfall. It makes excellent feed for cows, increasing the flow and quality of milk. Will make two good cuttings a season. Esparcette is usually sown with oats or barley, at the rate of 25 to 40 pounds per acre.
Price: Lb. 20c, 25 lbs. (for one acre) \$3.50, bu. (50 lbs.) \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$12.50, not prepald.—Pound postpald 30c.

41. YELLOW TREFOIL—Medicago Lupulina.

This variety is valuable for a sheep pasture on very light, dry or poor ground, and can be sown either alone or with other grasses. poor ground, and can be sown either alone or with other grasses. It grows rapidly and is very productive. If sown in spring, will furnish a full crop the same season. Resists drought well and grows on limestone soils where other clovers will not thrive. It is not very permanent. Is of considerable value for fertilizing purposes to plow under green; will make light, loose soils productive. Sow 10 to 15 pounds per acre. Price: Lb. 20c. peck \$2.00, bu. (60 lbs.) \$6.50, 100 lbs. \$10.00, not prepald.—Pound postpaid 30c.

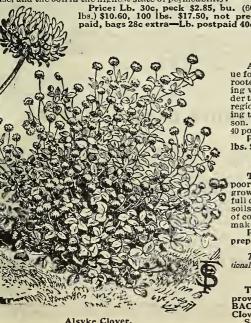
The Clover Seed purchased from you was of the finest quality and made an exceptionally good stand. Your Garden Seed gave also the best of satisfaction. JOHN SWOBODA. New Prague, R. 4, Minn.

To increase the yield and improve the soil use STANDARD BACTERIA for inoculating your Clover, Alfalfa and other legumes.

See page 15.

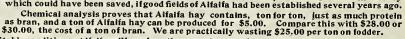


Alsyke Clover.



ALFALFA—Medicago Sativa.

Aifalfa is a crop which will never be overproduced. More than again as much Aifalfa Hay would be used by dairy farmers and live stock breeders if they had only grown it. The trouble is that we are too slow and conservative in taking up new productions, no matter how good they are, tho it is well enough known that Aifalfa makes good almost everywhere. Many dairy farmers are shipping in carloads of Aifalfa hay to take the place of expensive bran, which at present costs \$28.00 to \$30.00 per ton. Think of the money which could have been saved, if good fields of Aifalfa had been established several years ago.





When grown under suitable conditions, Alfalfa will produce three good crops of hay, here in the Northwest, yielding from one and one-halfto three tons of hay per acre from each cutting. Any surplus of Alfalfa hay can readily be sold to the neighbors without any extra expense. Last season one of our neighbors was offered \$18,00 per ton for 32 tons of Alfalfa hay, the purchaser to haul the hay himself, a distance of 16 miles.

Alfalfa is so valuable that but little space need be given in extolling its virtues. Permanent and prosperous farming everywhere demands the growing of some legume and no other legume as valuable as Alfalfa is so well adapted to the climatic conditions of the Northwest. Because it is a hardy perennial living for years, and furnishes heavy returns of palatable forage extremely rich in protein, the most important element in feed, Alfalfa is the greatest forage plant in the world.

THE SOIL—Almost any kind of soil that produces crops of corn. small grain, potatoes, or clover and timothy, is suitable for Alfalfa. The important feature is that the soil has free surface drainage. Alfalfa requires well drained land, and it is folly to sow it on land where standing water is present, even for a very short period only. It is also inadvisable to establish it upon land underlaid with permanent ground waters that are neares then four fact from the surface. waters that are nearer than four feet from the surface.

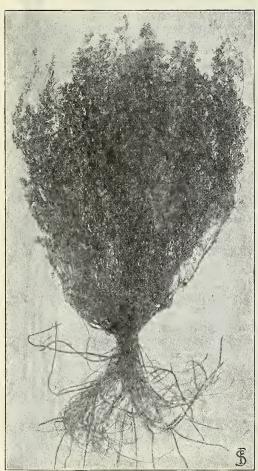
THE SEED—Here in the Northwest, only the hardiest Alfalfa should be sown Hardy Alfalfa means not only capable of enduring the extremes of cold and drouth, but other severe conditions as well. Alfalfa very seldom winter-kills on account of extreme cold. Heaving of the soil, caused by alternate thawing and freezing, is usually the reason. Plants with straight tap roots, such as are grown in the Southwest, cannot endure these conditions, as the single root is broken and the plant consequently dies.

Northern Grown Alfalfa, with multitudes of lateral roots, is not killed by heaving of the soil. Some of the roots may be killed, but some always survive. Conditions that have made Northern Grown Alfalfa hardy, as concerns cold and drouth, have thus developed a plant that endures soil heaving or any other climatic condition found wherever farm crops are produced. For this reason, we recommend Northern Grown Alfalfa as the hardiest for the extremes of our cold northern climate. climate.

WHEN TO CUT ALFALFA—As soon as new shoots appear at the crowns. Dont pay any attention to blossoms. The crop will be ready to cut about once every 5 weeks during the growing season.

CURE—Quickly in cocks. When you cannot wring water from the

hay it should be put into stack or barn at once.



Alfalfa With Lateral Root System.

INOCULATION—The roots of thrifty Alfalfa are inhabited by bacteria which form tubercles on the roots. Thru the agency of these bacteria, Alfalfa is able to gather nitrogen from the inexhaustible supply in the atmosphere, using it in its development and storing it in the soil. In some soil, these bacteria appear naturally when Alfalfa is sown, while in many other soils, they must be developed or supplied artificial. Alfalfa never does well if these bacteria are not present in plentiful number.

It may be true that in many cases artificial inoculating is unnecessary, but it is equally true that it always more than pays its slight cost of inoculation. The larger, stronger growth that invariably follows inoculation is pretty sure to assist the young plants in successfully passing over the most critical life period the first year.

sing over the most critical life period the first year.

The simplest and least expensive method of inoculating is by using the so-called Alfalfa bacteria, introduced by the U. S. Department of Agriculture a number of years ago. To assist our patrons in getting the best results obtainable, we offer Standard Inoculating Bacteria free with one of the patron of the lack of bacteria, we are convinced that Alfalfa to Northern old northern old northern old northern of the lack of bacteria, we are convinced that Alfalfa with free inoculating bacteria will be appreciated.

PREPARATION OF THE SEED BED—First of all, Alfalfa the requires a deep seed bed to develop its wonderful system of roots. Sown on shallow-plowed land underlaid within a few inches with an almost impervious plow-sole, has been the cause of inumerable failures with Alfalfa. Deep plowing is essential to success and should always precede the sowing of Alfalfa on normal soil. Land should be as free from weeds as possible; therefore it is best to precede Alfalfa with a cultivated crop. For best results, fertile, humus-filled soil or land well fertilized with barnyard manure, should be used. There should be a sufficient supply of moisture maintained as near the surface of the soil as possible. The seed bed should be well firmed by frequent discing and harrowing, to keep the surface soil moist, and prevent loose soil filled with large air spaces, which keeps the young plants from establishing themselves.

themselves.

The time of sowing is not especially important, if soil and moisture conditions are favorable and the plants have sufficient time to become well established before the close of the growing season Spring, early summer, and even mid-summer sowings have proved very satisfactory here in the Northwest. The important consideration in establishing a field of Alfalfa is in the previous preparation of the land. Clean fertile land, deeply tilled and in proper seed bed condition, are absolutely essential to success with Alfalfa

Alfalfa may be sown either broadcast or in drills but it must not be drilled in too deeply. It should be sown from a half inch on heavy soil, to an inch or one and one-half inches on light sandy soil. About an inch is the proper depth on normal loam soil. The seed bed should be well firmed and moist below the mellow surface, and the seed deposited as nearly as possible just into this moist soil. If Alfalfa is sown broadcast, light harrowing usually covers the seed sufficiently

There is considerable difference of opinion in regard to the quantity of Alfalfa seed required per acre. In our experience. 15 pounds per acre is sufficient. altho some experiment stations recommend as much as 20 to 30 pounds per acre. Altho Alfalfa seed may be of the finest quality, much of it will not germinate the first season, on account of being so hand shell. of being so hard-shell.

PRICES being regulated by supply and demand naturally fluctuate at times, and we therefore refer to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this Catalog for current prices. Farmers Clubs and those who use large quantities of seed find It to their advantage to write for prices and samples.

For new grain sacks 28c each extra should be added.

It should not be overlooked that our prices as quoted below on Alfalfa include Alfalfa Inoculating Bacteria in most cases Please read what we say above in regard to inoculating. It is the best and cheapest precaution to ward off a crop failure with Alfalfa. Alfalfa

DAKOTA GROWN ALAFLFA.

This Seed is mostly from the Black Hills section where the most ex-me conditions of heat, gold and draught exist. The thermometer trins seed is mostly from the black Hills section where the most ex-treme conditions of heat, cold and draught exist. The thermometer registers over 100 degrees of heat in the summer and 40-50 below zero in winter, generally without any snow for protection. Alfalfa that thrives under such conditions can be sown anywhere, for it has the in-herent vigorous tendences of the mother plants. Our seed is mostly from old fields that have been in Alfalfa the last fifteen to twenty years.

42. "FARMER BRAND" Dakota Grown Alfaifa, ib. 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid, ib. 35c, including Standard inoculating Bacteria, pk. \$3.75, ½ bn. \$7 25, bu. \$14.00, 100 ibs. \$23.00; Sacks extra each 28c.

42 A. FANCY Dakota Grown Alfalfa. This seed is from the same section as the above but is not quite as good in color and appearance. Prices: Not prepaid, ib. 30c. including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, pk. \$3.40 bu. \$6.50, bu. \$12.75, 100 ibs. \$21.00, Grain Sacks 28c, each extra.

"FARMER BRAND" Montana Alfalfa.

Grown under very much the same conditions as the Dakota Alfalfa, this is classified with the hardiest strains and is highly recommended by our Agricultural Department. Montana grown seed is usually of extra fine quality, large and plump. Prices. Lb postpaid 45c.—Not prepaid. including Standard Inoculating Bacteris. Lb. 35c, peck \$3.50, ½ bu. \$6.75, bu. \$13.25, 100 ibs. \$22.00. Sacks each 28c.



45. GRIMM ALFALFA.

This is considered by many the hardiest of the Alfalfa family on account of its branching or lateral root system. It is the strain of the Medicago Sativa introduced by Mr. Wendelin Grimm of Carver County, Minnesota, over thirty years ago. As it has been grown here in the Northwest for such a length of time, it has sufficiently proved its hardiness to withstand the extremes of our cold and rigorous climate. The U.S. Department of Agriculture has carried on extensive experiments with it in the Dakotas, Montana, Colorado, etc., and found that it withstood the extremes of heat and cold as well as drought beyond all expectations.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture describes the Grimm Alfalfa as follows in Bulletin No. The U. S. Department of Agriculture describes the Grimm Alfalfa as follows in Bulletin No. 200, "To the casual observer Grimm Alfalfa looks very much like all other Alfalfas, but on closer examination, it is found to be considerably more diverse than most kinds, showing individuals of upright and decumbent growth next to one another and showing a greater diversity in flower color than prevails in common Alfalfa. All Alfalfa has certain range of flower color, but the Grimm has more than most cultivated sorts. The origin of this diversity can probably be traced to crossing in middle Europe between cultivated fields of true Alfalfa (Medicago Sativa) and neighboring isolated wild plants of the yellow-flowered siche lucerne (Medicago Falcata). These two species intercross with considerable freedom. The percentage of crossing that has taken place is necessarily very small because of the scarcity of plants of the wild parents. It is more or less evident in practically all European Alfalfas, but especially in that which is im-It is more or less evident in practically all European Alfalfas, but especially in that which is imported from Germany. Austria, France and Roumania".

Price of FARMER BRAND Grimm Alfalfa: Pound 75c, postpald. — Not prepaid, lb. 65c. luding Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck \$7.50, ½ bushel \$14.60, bushel \$29.00, 100 lbs. Including Standard Inocurating Standard Standard Inocurating Standard Inocuration Inocuration

47. LISCOMB STRAIN ALFALFA.

The Liscomb strain of Alfalfa was first sown by Mr. G. W. Liscomb in Eastern Montana about 35 years ago. It has never been surface irrigated and it has always been a heavy yielder in hay. The old field is still in existence and yielded a splendid crop of seed the past year.

in hay. The old field is still in existence and yielded a splendid crop of seed the past year.

Scientific study of the Liscomb Strain of Alfalfa has disclosed that it belongs to the group "Mediae". The Grimm, Baltic, and other extremely hardy Alfalfas are members of this class. They differ from ordinary Alfalfas in that, instead of a long tap root, the roots are very branching. The ordinary Alfalfa produces a broad crown which is close to the surface of the ground. The "Liscomb" strain has what is known as a receding crown, that is, the plant draws the crown under the ground. In a four year old plant, it will be three inches beneath the surface. The ordinary Alfalfa produces blue flowers, but the flowers of this species are varied and range from a greenish white or light blue to deep maroon. — The seed which we offer is best quality Montana grown, with a purity test of 99%. You cannot buy better seed at any price, anywhere. Price of Liscomb Strain Montana Grown Alfalfa, FARMER BRAND quality: Pound 50c, postpald.—Not prepald, pound 40c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck \$4.00, ½ bu. \$7.75, bu. \$15.00, 100 lbs. \$25.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.



Plant of Grimm Alfalfa.

Farmer Brand Dry Land Alfalfa. 44.

This is a strain of the Medicago Sativa that has been grown mainly in the This is a strain of the Medicago Sativa that has been grown mainly in the arid and semi-arid sections of Nebraska, Montana, North and South Dakota, and having been produced for years in regions with limited rainfall and without irrigation, it is thoroly naturalized and acclimated and is sure to produce the best results. Our Dry Land Alfalfa is especially adapted to the arid and semi-arid sections of the Southwest. Price: Pound 45c, postpaid.—Not prepald, Ib. 35c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck \$3.75, ½ bu. \$7.25, bu. \$14.00, 100 lbs. \$23.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

45. WESTERN ALFALFA.

We can supply high grade Western Grown Alfalfa Seed from the best and oldest Alfalfa sections of Nebraska and Kansas—sections where Alfalfa was successfully grown before Dakota and Montana farmers conceived the idea of growing it. Wisconsin Breeders' Association have given Alfalfa from many different sections, Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, a most careful trial, and their universal opinion is that the locality where the seed stock was grown makes no material difference in the ultimate results. Our seed of Western Grown Alfalfa is of the best quality obtainable and it is well known that there is no danger of obtaining the much dreaded Alfalfa dodder in Nebraska and Tansas seed. As Kansas and Nebraska seed is always more plentiful we can offer it at much lower prices.

FARMER BRAND WESTERN ALFALFA: Pound 40c, postpaid,-

FARMER BRAND WESTERN ALFALFA: Pound 40c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 30c. Including Standard Inoculating Bacteria, peck \$3.00. ½ bu. \$5.75, bu. \$11.00, 100 lbs. \$18.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

FANCY WESTERN ALFALFA, without inoculating Bacteria. This is also seed of good quality, but does not quite come up to the high standard of our Farmer Brand. In appearance and color. Price, not prepaid: Peck \$2.45, ½ bu. \$4.60, bu. \$9.00, 100 lbs. \$15.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.

TURKESTAN ALFALFA. 48.

This was introduced by our Agricultural Department. It was grown on the high table lands of Asia, and is especially adapted to the sudden changes of temperature that prevail there—intense heat at mid-day and very often frost at night, even in mid-summer. Its cultivation has been quite successful in the arid regions of the West.

Price: Pound 40c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, pound 30c, peck \$4.00. bushel \$14.75, 100 lbs. \$24.00. Grain sacks 28c each extra.



Not Inoculated - Alfalfa - Inoculated.

STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA—The Guaranteed Legume Inoculator.

INCREASES THE YIELD—ENRICHES THE SOIL. INOCULATION INSURES A PERFECT CATCH, A LARGER YIELD AND HIGHER FEED-ING VALUE OF ALL LEGUMES. GROW CLOVER, ALFALFA, BEANS, PEAS, VETCH. INOCULATION INSURES SUCCESS.

INOCULATE ALFALFA.—No ordinary soil contains sufficient nitrogen to carry a field of Alfalfa year after year. Inoculated Alfalfa takes its nitrogen from the air instead of the soil, and succeeds. If not inoculated it often turns yellow and dies. Inoculation insures success.

INOCULATE SOY BEANS, PEAS, VETCH and increase the crop, add more nitrates to the soil, improve the land.

INOCULATE SWEET PEAS, GARDEN PEAS GARDEN BEANS and secure larger vines, earlier maturity and longer bearing period.

INOCULATE ALL LEGUMES and they will form nodules on the roots, each nodule filled with millions of germs (bacteria) which take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant. The increased nitrogen supply causes larger growth, earlier maturity and heavier yield, besides increasing the feeding value by doubling the protein content of stalk and grain.

PREPARED FOR Alfalfa, Red Clover, Mammoth Clover, Soy Beans, Cow Peas. Garden Beans, Field Beans, Garden Peas, Field Peas. Sweet Peas, and all other legumes.

PRICE OF STANDARD INOCULATING BACTERIA FOR ALFALFA AND ALL CLOVERS: For 15 lbs. seed, 1 acre size.....90c.—For 30 lbs. seed, 2 acre size.....95c.—For 60 lbs. seed, 4 acre size.....\$1.40.—For 90 lbs. seed, 6 acre size.....\$2.00.—For 120 lbs. seed, 8 acre size.....\$2.40. Garden size for PEAS, BEANS, SWEET PEAS 35c. Sent postpaid, by parcels post, on receipt of price.

EASY TO APPLY — NOTHING TO DO BUT TO MOISTEN THE SEED — CIRCULAR GIVING FULL DIRECTIONS FOR USING, AND DATE OF PREPARATION, ENCLOSED IN EVERY PACKAGE — BACTERIA SHOULD BE USED WITHIN SIX MONTHS FOR BEST RESULTS.

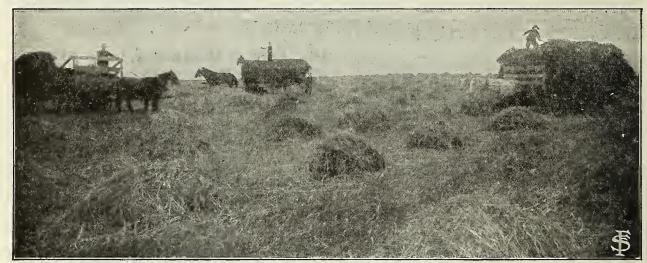
WHY OUR CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES ARE BEST ADAPTED FOR PERMANENT PASTURES AND MEADOWS AND HOW THESE CAN BE BEST OBTAINED.





It is a well established fact that a judiciously selected mixture of several varieties of Grass and Clover Seeds will produce a much larger yield—generally again as much—per acre than can be obtained with only one or two kinds sown alone. This has again been demonstrated the past season, during severe droughts in many sections. In sowing a large variety you are not running the risk of not securing a stand at all, as you would by sowing only one or two kinds, for in a larger variety there must be at least several kinds of grasses adapted to your soll, while if you sow only one kind this may not be at all suitable and no results will be obtained. A pasture containing a variety of grasses and clover is again as productive and earlier than if but one kind of grass is used, and can also be pastured thrust the season, as most grasses used in our Clover-Grass Mixtures are deep rooted and extremely drought-resisting. Several varieties sown together for a meadow, or for hay, cover the ground very closely and a larger yield of hay of much better quality can always be obtained than by sowing only one or two kinds of grass seed. What we have said above in regard to grasses being deep-rooted and drought-resisting, also applies to grasses we use in our special mixtures for permanent meadows. In a great many parts of the country only one or two kinds of grasses are known and mostly sown, and these are Timothy and Clover. While Timothy is a splendid grass, and Clover the foundation of all successful farming, both are not permanent, and not well adapted for pasturing if sown alone, as they are easily affected by drought and frost, thereby making it necessary to resow every year or two, — a rather expensive method. In our carefully selected Clover-Grass Mixtures everal varieties of natural grasses are sown together, and these will cover the ground very closely and make three spears of grass grow where formerly but one grew; besides, these Clover-Grass Mixtures will stand various climatic and soil conditions better, will last lon

HOW TO SOW THE SEED .- For sowing our Clover-Grass Mixtures the ground should be well prepared, the same as for grain. Fall plowed land is always preferable, because this holds the moisture better than ground plowed in spring. After the ground has been well prepared the grass seeds are sown either by hand or with one of our little hand seeders. As grass seed is very fine, it should not be covered too deep, one stroke with the harrow being sufficient to cover the seed. The ground should be firmed down by means of rolling or planking, to bring the seed in direct contact with the soil and to induce immediate sprouting. The surest and best way to obtain a stand is to sow the seed alone, but if preferred. grain can be used for nurse crop, which however, should not be sown heavier than about one half of the usual quantity per acre. If sown alone our Clover-Grass Mixtures produce a full crop of hay or a most luxuriant pasture the first year.



Haying Scene on Farmer Seed & Nursery Company's Farms.

A.—CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT MEADOWS.

The question of what grasses to use in a meadow or hay mixture is, for all those who have had no experience with the different varieties of natural grasses, hard to answer. There are so many valuable grasses and so many different kinds of soil, that it is a difficult matter for a great many to make a proper selection for the purpose required.

For a meadow we combine those grasses and clovers which blossom and mature at about the same time. Grasses of a bunchy growing habit ould be interminated with those of a spreading nature, so as to fill the spaces and make a compact and even growth of herbage. We also use should be intermingled with those of a spreading nature, so as to fill the spaces and make a compact and even growth of herbage. such kinds as will make a rapid growth after each cutting. As Clover sown together with Grass Seeds will increase not only the quantity but also the quality, of the hay, we have added Clover to all the Clover-Grass Mixtures intended for such soils that are adapted for growing Clover. All kinds of farm stock enjoy a varied ration, and the hay will be relished more and prove more nutritious and milk-producing when the meadow consists of several sorts instead of a single kind. All our grass mixtures are of the highest grade and quality.

A. No. 1 .- For dry and high ground, light medium soils. Red Fescue .. Crested Dogstail.... Hard Fescue.... English Rye Grass... Meadow Fescue Sow per acre: 25 lbs.....\$4.25 Bromus Inermis..... 50 lbs.....\$8.00 Timothy...... 100 lbs.....15.50 Alfalfa..... A. No. 4. — For moist ground which is overflowed occasionally: Tall Fescue..... Sow per acre: Meadow Fescue..... Red Top Grass.....

Meadow Foxtail.....

Timothy..... Alsyke Clover......

Timothy

20 lbs.....\$3.40

50 lbs.....\$8.25

100 lbs......16.00

A. No. 2. — For dry and high ground, heavy or strong soil: Tall Meadow Oat Hard Fescue..... English Rye Grass... Meadow Fescue... Bromus Inermis... Sow per acre: 25 lbs.....\$4.25 Red Top Grass.... 50 lbs.....\$8.00 Timothy..... Red Clover.... 100 lbs. 15.50 Alsyke Clover

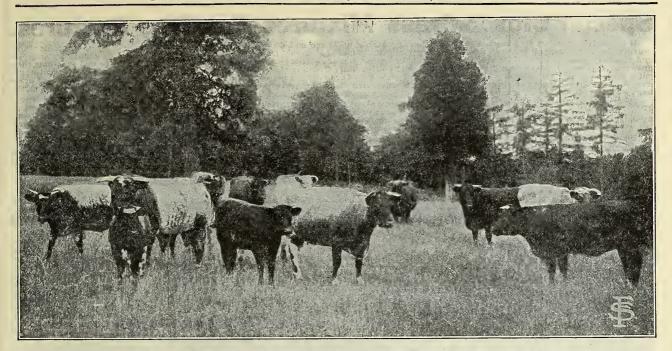
A. No. 5 .- For top seeding on marshes and swamps occasionally overflowed, the following mixture is especially adapted:

Water Spear Grass... Floating Meadow.... Sow per acre: 10 to 15 lbs. English Rye Grass.... 25 lbs.....\$5.50 Red Top Grass.... Tall Fescue Grass.... 50 lbs......10.25 100 lbs.....20.00 Meadow Foxtail

A. No. 3 .- For moist ground and rich Meadow Foxtail.... Meadow Fescue..... Tall Meadow Oat..... Sow per acre: 20 lbs.....\$3.40 Italian Rye Grass.... Timothy..... 50 lbs.....\$8.00 Red Top. Bromus Inermis..... 100 lbs......15.50 Alsyke Clover.....

A. No. 6.—For peaty and boggy swamps, which as a general rule are so dry during the summer that no vegetation will grow in them. Meadow Soft Grass...'
Bromus Inermis..... Sow per acre: 20 lbs.....\$3.50 Timothy.
Red Top.
Tall Fescue.
English Rye Grass.... 50 lbs.....\$8.50

100 lbs.....16.50



B. — CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURES FOR PERMANENT PASTURES.

by the turf formers with their interlacing mat of underground runners. B. No. 1.—For high and dry ground, light soils:	B. No. 4Specially adapted for wood pastures; also adapted fo
Hard Fescue Red Fescue Red Top Grass Sow per acre: Red Top Grass 25 lbs \$4 50 Red Clover, White Clover Sow per acre: Sow p	orchards and shady places: Wood Meadow. For Top Seeding. Orchard Grass. Sow per acre: 10 to 15 lbs. Tall Meadow Oat. 15 lbs. \$2.8 Meadow Foxtail. 15 lbs. \$9.0 Timothy. 100 lbs. 17.5
B. No. 2.—For high and dry ground, heavy or clay soils: Meadow Fescue. Orchard Grass. English Rye Grass. Blue Grass. Blue Grass. Bromus Inermis. Italian Rye Grass. Sow per acre: 25 to 30 lbs. 25 lbs. \$4.50 100 lbs. \$8.50 100 lbs. \$16.00 B. No. 3.—For moist ground and rich soils:	B. No. 5.—For low bottom lands, sloughs or marshes; also fo top-seeding to improve a pasture on low ground During the summe and early in fall such ground is generally dry enough to allow working it with a team, when it should either be plowed or thoroly disked and then harrowed. After the grass mixture as described below is sown the ground should be harrowed again to cover the seed. Meadow Foxtail. Water Spear Grass. Floating Meadow. Meadow Soft Grass. Creeping Bent Grass. Meadow Fescue and Red Top. Alsyke Clover. Meadow Fescue and Red Top. 100 lbs. 17.5
Meadow Foxtail Sow per acre: Blue Grass. 22 lbs \$4.00 Meadow Fescue. 22 lbs \$4.00 Orchard Grass. 50 lbs 8 50 English and Italian Rye Grass. 100 lbs 16.00 Alsyke and Red Clover. White Clover. 16.00	B. No. 6.—Specially selected for sheep pasture on light, sand soils or dry uplands and hillsides: Sheep's Fescue. English Rye Grass. Crested Dogstail Timothy Orchard Grass. Meadow Fescue. White Clover and Red Top. Sow per acre: 25 to 30 lbs 30 lbs. 55 lbs. 9 0

CLUVEK-GRASS MIXTURES PARTICULAR PURPUSES.

C. No. 1.—We call this our Standard Clover-Grass Mixture. It can be sown anywhere on ground which will produce a crop of corn or small grain. It can be mown early and will produce a good, heavy crop of hay, and the quick and successive aftergrowth will furnish good pasturage until late in the fall.		
Meadow Fescue	Sow per acre:	
Orchard Grass English Rye Grass Italian Rye Grass	25 lbs\$4.50 50 lbs	
Timothy Creeping Bent Red Top and Blue Grass Red and Alsyke Clover	100 lbs17.00	

C. No. 2.—SPECIAL RENOVATING CLOVER-GRASS MIXTURE, or QUICK RETURN MIXTURE.—We selected and made this up for rapid growth with a view to use for either alternate husbandry or as a catch crop. When sown in early spring, March or April, it will give a full crop of hay in July, and pasture for the rest of the year. If sown in spring on bare spots in fields where the clover or grass has mostly been winterkilled, or otherwise injured, it will be ready to cut with the other grass or clover and a full crop from such fields can thereby be secured. or clover, and a full crop from such fields can thereby be secured.

Orchard Grass	Sow per acre:	\$3.75
Tall Meadow Oat Timothy Crimson Clover Mammoth Clover	50 lbs	8.75
Crimson Clover	100 lbs	17.00

O. No. 3.—Special Alfalfa, or Lucerne Clover-Grass Mixture.—Consists mainly of Alfalfa, Bromus Inermis, Orchard Grass, and such varieties of grasses that will not only stand drought, but will also flourish on poor soils and give large yields in the driest summers, after once being established. We sell large quantities of this special mixture to our customers in Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma where it has given the best of satisfaction. Sow 20 pounds per acre, 20 lbs. \$4.50, 50 lbs. \$8.75, 100 lbs. \$17.00.

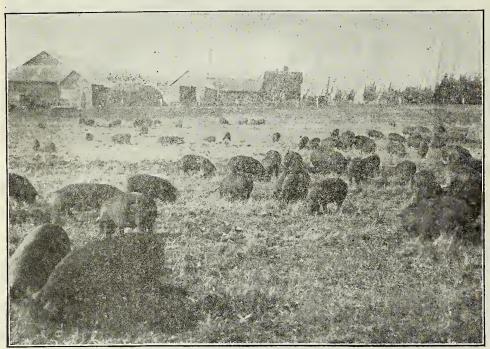
Special Clover-Grass Mixtures For Hog Pastures.

It is a well known fact that hogs can be raised more profitably on Grass and Clover than on corn only, because the former contains all the necessary bone-building elements in which corn is almost entirely lacking. Aside from this, corn alone is too condensed a feed for young pigs and generally interferes with their health. Corn alone contains too much starch for young pigs, fattening them too rapidly and retarding their growth. After hogs are well enough developed, they might be finished off on corn alone, but from a sanitary as well as from an economical stand-point this is not the best method. Any land which will grow a good crop of corn and small grain will naturally also produce a fine crop of Grass and Clover, and a good hog pasture can be provided with considerably less labor and expense than corn. If a good pasture is once established, the hogs will not only keep healthy and strong, but they will gain weight easily and quickly. Such a pasture will prove a profitable investment.

Being greatly interested in hog raising ourselves, we have always aimed to provide a good luxuriant as well as a durable pasture for them, so as to make this enterprise as profitable as possible. As we have all varieties of Grass and Clover Seeds at our disposal, we have managed to establish Clover-Grass Mixtures that will not only provide abundant pasture for the hogs in about six weeks time from the day of sowing the seed, but will also produce permanent hog pastures, that will last for at least five or slx years if not closely cropped late in the fall.

Our Hog Pasture Mixtures are suited for all parts of the country.

We advise sowing our Hog Pasture Clover-Grass Mixtures, together with barley or rye, in the spring as soon as the ground is in good condition to be worked. Fall plowed land is always preferable, as this holds the moisture well and acts quickly. As soon as the barley is high enough, and the young Clover and Grasses have matted well over the ground the hogs can be let into it. Barley is well liked by hogs and they will eat it eagerly, thus giving the grasses a chance to develop. When the barley is pastured down there will be a good stand of grass and clover established, further than the same of the grasses are chance to develop. nishing luxuriant pasture thruout the season,



Registered Poland-Chinas on one of our Farms.

A.—Hog Pasture Clover **Grass Mixture for** Quick Results and a Full Crop the First Year.

This Clover-Grass Mixture is composed mostly of quick growing Grasses and Clovers, put up for the purpose of producing a quick and luxuriant growth in the shortest time possible. It will be ready to use the first year and will last for several years, helping to fatten the hogs quickly and keep them in good health. This splendid mixture has stood the test for many years and should be sown by every hog raiser. This mixture consists mainly of the following varieties: Italian This Clover-Grass Mixture is er. This mixture consists mainly of the following varieties: Italian Rye Grass, Orchard Grass, Talian Rye Grass, Orchard Grass, Crimson Clover, Mammoth Clover, Timothy. Sow at the rate of 20 pounds per acre, with one bushel of barley or spring rye. Price: 20 lbs. \$3.40, 50 lbs. \$7.75, 100 lbs. \$15.00.

B.—Clover-Grass Mixture for a Permanent Hog Pasture.

For an early pasture and for securing a complete stand the first year, this Clover-Grass Mixture is as valuable as the former. In order to produce mor permaan order to produce mor permanent results however, we found it necessary to use a larger variety of hardy Grass and Clover Seed, such as will stand close cropping and constantly push forward a new growth. It ir natural that it regimes Grasswand Gless

ers with a strong root formation to supply inexhaustable pasturage. This "B" Clover-Grass Mixture consists largely of the following varieties: Crimson Clover, Mammoth Clover, Alsyke Clover, White Clover, Italian Rye Grass, English Rye Grass, Orchard Grass, Bromus Inermis, Creeping Bent Grass, and Timothy. Sow 15 lbs. per acre. Price: 15 lbs. \$2.50, 50 lbs. \$7.75, 100 lbs. \$15.00.

ANNUAL HOG PASTURE MIXTURES.

Feeding hogs on corn and small grain only is rather expensive, and even at present high prices for pork, does not pay. The winter months are long enough for grain feeding, and the sconer a pasture is started, the more profitable for the farmer, and the better for the growth and health of the hogs. Most grasses and clovers start very slowly, and if pastured down too early, it may mean the loss of the pasture for the season.

We have always kept a large number of hogs, mostly registered Poland Chinas, on our farms, and have the same food problems to contend with as other farmers. We have found the following the most satisfactory and profitable way to feed young pigs. After weaning, the young pigs are usually fed on pig meal, in swill form, with middlings, to take the place of milk. As soon as possible, in the spring, they are turned on a green pasture, consisting of a mixture of quickly growing annuals in the right proportion, to furnish, as much as possible, a balanced ration of grain feed, which we call

OUR BALANCED RATION ANNUAL HOG PASTURE MIXTURE.

This consists of fast-growing annuals which throw out vigorous strong sprouts, Barley, Rye, Speltz, Vetches, Field Peas, Sugar Cane, Sudan Grass, Dwarf Essex Rape, Kaffir Corn, and Crimson Clover. If the ground was plowed in fall, so much the better, for replowing in spring is unnecessary. After preparing the ground with a disc or cultivator, and harrowing it down, the seed is drilled in or sown broadcast at the rate of 50 to 75 pounds per acre. The seed should be covered about \(\frac{3}{2} \) inch deep. If the ground is dry, rolling will cause a quicker sprouting of the seed.

When this mixture is about 8 inches high, the hogs may be turned on it, and it is surprising to see them take hold. It contains the right elements to develop strong frames and healthy bodies, so they can be finished with very little corn or other grain. From the time they are put on the pasture, they gain rapidly and will be at least a third heavier than purely corn fed hogs. The farmer's advantage lies in the saving in feed and labor, as the hogs take care of themselves most of the time.

In spite of the ravages of the hogs, the pasture continues to grow rapidly, but it is a good policy to divide the pasture in two parts by fencing, and change the hogs from one pasture to the other, every week or oftener. This gives the grain a chance to recuperate and grow more vigorously. One acre of pasture is sufficient for 25 to 30 pigs, or for 15 to 20 older hogs. Sow at the rate of 50 to 75 pounds per acre. Prices of our Balanced Ration Annual Hog Pasture Mixture: 100 lbs., \$5.00, 200 lbs. \$9.50, 300 lbs. \$12.80. In less than 100 lbs., at 5½c per lb.

REGISTERED POLAND CHINA SPRING PIGS.

We have always preferred the Poland-Chinas on our farms, because they have given us better results than other breeds. They are not only much hardier against disease, but also quicker in developing and maturing. In six to seven months' time they can be brought up to a heavier weight at less expense than any other breed. Our Poland-Chinas are of the Big Type, Long Frame and Strong Bones, a body that will carry 800 to 1000 pounds of pork without getting weak-kneed or suffering. Our stocks are descendants of such famous Herd Boars as Black Big Born, Perfect Wonder, Miller's Chief Prize, Giant Leader. Wisconsin Giant, Monarch, etc.

We offer Spring Pigs of March and April farrowing when 8 to 10 weeks old. Can furnish both Sow and Boar Pigs from 3 or 4 distinct families not akin, and are therefore in a good position to furnish pairs, trios and larger bunches, with boars not related. If interested, write us, and we shall send you printed circular, with list of litter, names of Sires and Dams, and prices.



MILLET.

PRICES:—As part of this catalog was printed early. It was Impossible to determine prices at that time on Millet, especially when one considers that Millet was almost a crop failure, due to unfavorable weather conditions. We therefore refer you to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog. If you should not order at once, then please write us for our new Blue Figure Price List which will be issued from time to time on account of constant changes in prices.

Millet Seed should be shipped in good strong grain bags to insure safe arrival at destination. Please add 28 cents extra for each bag.

No crop pays the stock raiser or dairy farmer better than a few acres of some kind of Millet. It yields again as much per acre as timothy and clover, and is of greatest feeding value and milk producing qualities. The hay is of excellent flavor and quality, and relished by all kinds of stock. When weather and soil conditions are so unfavorable in spring that other crops fail grow, or corn will not mature anymore, there is usually a great demand for millet. However, it is so valuable a fodder that it should be sown regularly each year.

JAPANESE BARNYARD MILLET.

From the farmer's point of view, this is the most important and most profitable variety of the Millet family. It always produces a good crop, even under adverse circumstances, as the past unfavorable season fully proved. Japanese Barnyard Millet produced a humper crop everywhere, therefore the seed is more plentiful and lower in price than ever hefore, while the other varieties, Hungarian, German, and Siherian Millet were almost an entire crop failure. Japanese Barnyard Millet yields at least twice as much feed and seed as the other kinds, and surpasses them all in feeding value. A good crop of hay and a crop of seed can he had at the same time, and the threshed hay or millet straw is greatly relished by all live stock, A stack of Japanese Millet straw to which the horses and cattle had access in one of our cattle yards, disappeared in less than no time, while oat straw, in the same yard, was not even touched.

This Millet grows 4 to 6 feet high, according to the condition of the soil, and how thick it is sown. We sow Japanese Barnyard Millet at the rate of 25 to 30 pounds per acre for hay, while 20 pounds per acre is sufficient for producing seed. It produces a good crop of hay on the poorest kind of soil, and is wonderful for exterminating Quack Grass. Price: 3 lbs 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, 25 lbs. \$1.35, 50 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$4.50. Grain sacks 28c each extra.





GERMAN OR GOLDEN MILLET.

This is one of the best varieties for hay, because of its sweetness, palatahility and milk producing qualities. It grows very rank, and on good rich soil makes a growth of 4 to 5 feet. Altho of coarse appearance, the hay is so tender that if cut at the right stage, which is when in full hloom, even hogs will eat the cured hay greedily. German Millet often yields as much as 5 tons of hay per acre. Sow 3 pecks per acre.

the cured hay greedily. German Millet often yields as See Blue Figure Price List for our current prices.

COMMON MILLET.

No millet does hetter on dry and light soil than this; it grows 2½ to 4 feet high, with a hulk of fine stalks and leaves, and is excellent for hay. Of this seed ahout 3 pecks should be sown per acre. See Blue Figure Price List.

HUNGARIAN MILLET.

In the Northwest, no millet is as well known nor as extensively grown as Hungarian Millet. It is of special value hecause it requires such a short season to make a fine crop of the most nourishing and milk producing hay. It is therefore the hest catch crop, where other grain or corn, for any reason, fail to grow. In many localities, where early potatoes are grown for the market. Hungarian Millet is sown as soon as the potatoes are harvested; thus one piece of ground produces hoth a crop of potatoes and of hay the same year. It is a heavy yielder, altho it is not as coarse as most varieties of millet. For hay sow 3 pecks per acre. See Blue Figure Price List.

SIBERIAN MILLET.

An excellent variety, introduced from Russia, earlier than German and Hungarian Millet. It is extremely hardy and drought resisting, and yields remarkably well, The seed is of light orange color, and the seed heads are similar to those of German Millet. The plant stools heavily, 30 to 40 stalks growing from a seed, and the leaves are very tender, producing hay of very fine quality. It yields 50 to 70 husbels of seed per acre, and may he grown successfully where other varieties fail. For prices see Blue Figure Price List enclosed.

HOG MILLET.

Also known as Russian and Broom Corn Millet. The seed is of special value for feeding hogs, and is grown extensively in sections where corn cannot be raised. It also makes fine feed for poultry. Hog Millet makes fairly good hay, if cut very young. The seed is ready to harvest in 50 to 60 days from the time of sowing, ripening while the fodder is yet green. The seed heads are tall and branching, while the seed is glossy yellowish-white, and very large. For prices see Blue Figure Price List.

EARLY FORTUNE MILLET.

A new and remarkable variety, with many good points to recommend it. It is extremely early, forming seed heads in 25 to 30 days after sowing. The plant is not attacked hy chinch bugs, and is claimed to he rust-proof. The seed is unusually handsome in appearance, two or three times the size of German Millet, and of beautiful/mahogany red color. The seed heads are hranching and seed is smooth like Hog Millet. It yields heavily, hoth in seed and fodder. One advantage of Early Fortune Millet over other varieties is that the hay may be fed to horses and cattle without danger, even when cut after seed head have formed. For prices see Blue Figure List.

KURSK MILLET.

This, like so many of our hardiest and hest varieties of grain, is an introduction This, the so many of our lardiest and less varieties of grain, is an introduction from Russia. Extensive experiments conducted at the South Dakota Experiment Stations have shown that it is of great value, especially for dry sections. It produces enormous crops of hoth hay and seed, and in dry seasons the quality is greatly superior to other varieties. While we advise planting Hungarian or German Millet on ordinary moist land. Kursk Millet should be planted in dry and arid sections, for it is always a sure cropper. For prices see Blue Figure Price List enclosed.

We offer all of the above varieties of Millet at 20 cents per pound, three pounds for 50 cents, prepaid by mail. For prices on larger quantities please see our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this catalog.



Siberian Millet



FORAGE AND FODDER PLANTS.

All items on this page are subject to change in prices. Please see Blue Figure Price List enclosed. In Case you should not order upon receipt of this catalog please write for new Blue Figure Price List.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.

This is, beyond all question, the most popular and profitable of all for-

Sugar Cane.

This is, beyond an question, the most popular and profitable of an iorage plants, giving satisfaction everywhere.

Dwarf Essex Rape can be grown to advantage on land which has already produced an early maturing crop, such as oats, rye, or winter wheat. Farmers in all sections of the country have learned the great value of rape as a pasture and fodder plant, especially in seasons of severe drought; and every one acquainted with its high feeding value would not be without rape



KENNEY'S EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE.

This is the only Sorghum or Sugar Cane for the Northwest, for producing rich delicious syrup, clear as crystal, and of the finest honey-like flavor. It is so rich, and so mellow, that it is prefered by all who have used it, to New Orleans molasses. Faribault, as well as Rice County, have gained considerable fame thru Kenney's Sorghum Syrup, for it has taken many first premiums at various state fairs. There is nothing like a home product for your table, for you know that it is pure; besides, it cost you next to nothing, compared with the prices of syrups of doubtful quality put on the market.

Kenney's Early Amber Sugar Cane is a strictly Minnesota product, thoroly acclimated for our cold northwestern climate. The seed cannot be replaced with Kansas and Nebraska grown cane which seldom matures here, and which would be a failure for producing syrup. Southern grown cane is valuable for feeding purposes, but not to the same extent as the early maturing Kenney's Early Amber Cane.

CULTURE: Sow in rows or drills, 3 to 3½ feet apart, using about 10 to 14 pounds of seed per acre, and terat it the same as corn. It brings the largest returns on rich, well manured soil—15 to 20 tons of green forage, or 150 to 200 gallons of the finest quality syrup have been produced from an acre. When the seed heads, which are rather dark in color, are nearly matured, the cane is ready for the syrup factory. The seed heads are then cut off to be cured, and the seed saved, while the canes are tied up in bundles, after they are stripped of their leaves. After that, the canes should immediately be taken to the factory.

We are located in the heart of Kenney's Sugar Cane section, and offer only the true early maturing Kenney's Early Amber Sugar Cane at the following prices; Lb. 25c; 3 lbs. for 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 25 lbs. \$2.50; 50 lbs. \$4.50; 100 lbs. \$8.50, sacks Included.



Notwithstanding its great adaptability as feed for live stock, the real value of sorghum or sugar cane is only beginning to be appreciated, and the demand is increasing ten-fold each year. It is profitably grown everywhere from Manitoba to Mexico, on any good corn ground, and does not seem to suffer at all from drought. It is the most economical fodder plant in existence, and of very best quality, sweet, tender, nutritious, and of highest feeding value. It is greedily eaten by horses, cattle and hogs. Dairymen find that their cows give more and richer milk when fed on sugar cane, than on any other feed. Sugar cane can be cut several times a season, if not allowed to grow too high, and makes good sweet hay.

If the ground is sandy, it is not advisable to sow the seed broadcast, as it cannot be cultivated. It should be sown in drills or rows. The grain drill may be used to advantage, by stopping up some of the drills, so the rows come 24 to 28 inches apart, just far enough to run a one-horse cultivator between them. When 5 to 10 acres, or more are planted, it pays to procure a four-row Sugar-Beet-Cultivator, as it will pay for itself in one season. If the cane is planted in rows, it can be cut with a corn harvester, and shocked the same as other corn. Cane does not keep well stacked, unless it is thoroly dry, and may as well be fed right from the field as needed.

as needed.
Sugar cane is valuable also for ensilage, and for this purpose may be drilled in together with ensilage, corn. It will add greatly to the milk producing qualities of the silage. 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.50; 100 lbs. \$4.25, not prepaid.



An excellent fodder plant, yielding two crops of fodder during a season. It grows from four to five feet high, making a straight, upright growth. The stem or stalk bears numerous wide leaves. The stalks keep green and are brittle and juicy, not hardening like other varieties of sorghum, and making excellent fodder, either green or dried, which is relished by cattle, horses and mules. The seed crop is also heavy, sometimes yielding sixty bushels to to the acre. For the grain, sow in rows three feet apart, six to ten pounds of seed to the acre. For fodder, sow I to I bushels either broadcast or in drills. 3 lbs. 50c, postpald.—Not prepald: Pk. 85c, ½ bu. (25 lbs.) \$1.50, 50 lbs. \$2.50, 100 lbs. \$4.25.

FETERITA.

This new grain and fodder plant belongs to the class of non-saccharine Sorghums and is similar to Kaffir Corn, requiring the same culture. The great advantage Feterita has over Kaffir Corn and all other plants of that class is its extreme earliness and great drought resisting qualities. Feterita is from 20 to 30 days earlier than Kaffir Corn, makes excellent Fodder and produces a large crop; in some instances it made an excellent yield of grain in the semi-arid regions without having received any rain from the time it was planted until it was harvested. Plant in rows, like Kaffir Corn, using 6 to 10 lbs. of seed per per acre. 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—10 lbs. 85c, 25 lbs. \$1.85, 50 lbs. \$3.40, 100 lbs. \$6.50, not prepaid.

YELLOW LUPINS.

Best Fodder Plant for poor soils. One of the best plants known for reclaiming poor soil, particularly sandy and old, worn-out land; by plowing under a crop of Lupins such land can be made very valuable. It is so highly valued in Germany that it is called the "Gold of the Desert," or "Desert Reclaimer," When dried for fodder it is very good for sheep. Sow in spring, 75 lbs. per acre. 3 lbs. 65c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, 10 lbs. \$1.25, 100 lbs. \$10.00.



KAFFIR CORN

We Refer To Our Blue Figure Price List Enclosed in This Catalog For Changes And Firm Prices On Larger Quantities Of Field Peas And Field Beans.

CANADA FIELD PEAS, Yellow.

These are very valuable for fattening stock, but they are of the greatest value for fodder, either when the matured peas are fed as ground feed or when the vines are cured for hay. Fed in either way they are of the greatest nutritive value, and no stock or dairy farmer should he without them. They can be sown alone or with oats; if sown alone it takes about 2 hushels per acre, and if sown with oats 1 bushel of peas and 1½ bushels of oats are required. This latter method is the most profitable, as a double crop can be secured at the same time. Thrashed together they can be easily separated, but make the best and most nutritious food if ground together for fattening stock. Price: Quart 35c, postpaid.—Not prepald, peck \$1.20, bu. \$3.60. See Blue Figure Price List For Larger Quantities.

COW PEAS, Michigan Favorite.

The earliest of the Cow Peas, and therefore the hest for the northern states. Cow Peas are considered one of the most profitable crops, as they yield immensely and are largely used as green summer feed and also for planting in corn to he plowed under as a fertilizer. Particularly recommended for planting after grain harvest for plowing under in fail, to get it in finest shape for the next year's crop. Sow in orehards and either use for feed or soiling. Every farmer can use them profitably as the "Favorite" mature in 60 days and have done well as far north as Minnesota. Sow hroadcast, or in drills 8 to 10 inches apart using 60 to 90 pounds to the aere. Quart 35c, postpald.—Not prepaid, peck \$1.30, bushel \$4.50.

WHIP-POOR-WILL COW PEA—Matures 10 to 14 days later than the above and is used for the same purpose. Quart 35c, postpald.—Not prepaid, peck \$1.15, bushel \$4.00.

FIELD BEANS.

IMPROVED NAVY or BOSTON PEA BEAN—This is the small white hean that is so extensively grown in the northwest. We offer strictly first-class, hand-picked seed. Qt. 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ pk. \$1.20, peck \$2.25, not prepaid. See Blue Figure Price List. SNOWFLAKE BEAN—Similar in size to above variety. It is claimed this is the finest bean for baking. Quart 50c, postpaid.—Qt. 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.25, not prepaid. See Our Blue Figure Price List for larger quantitles.

CALIFORNIA TREE REAN, This is the heaviest rielding Poon known and an experience.

CALIFORNIA TREE BEAN—This is the heaviest yielding Bean known and on account of its whiteness and small size commands the highest price in all the markets. Quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ pk. \$1.20, pk. \$2.25, not prepaid. See Blue Figure Price List.

JERUSALEM CORN.

Claimed hy many to be hetter than Kaffir Corn, as it is a surer crop in unfavorable seasons. It produces a large crop of fodder which is of very good quality, and a good grain crop at the same time; seed white and nearly flat. Five to six pounds will plant an acre in drills, 40 to 50 lbs. broadcast. 3 lbs. 60c. postpaid,—Not prepaid: 10 lbs. 90c, bushel (50 lbs.) \$3.75, 100 lbs. \$7.00.

TEOSINTE.

A forage plant that originated in Egypt, and which for a number of years already has been grown successfully in the Southern States. It resembles corn somewhat in appearance, but the leaves are longer and broader and contain sweeter sap. The yield is so abundant that one plant is considered sufficient to feed a pair of cattle for 24 hours. It suckers more than any other forage plant, generally producing 20 to 30 stalks—often as many as 70 to 85 stalks from one kernel of seed, and growing to a height of 11 feet. It can be cut when 2 to 3 feet high and used for fodder, after which it will quickly grow up again. It can be cut 2 to 5 times in one season. The amount of forage to be had in this way is immense; some estimate it 300 tons per acre. It can be cut with a reaper and fed in the green state, or it can be dried and makes a magnificent fodder for cattle during the winter months. Excellent results with this plant have been reported as far north as Iowa and southern Minn, and Wisconsin. ½ 1b. 25c, 1b. 75c, 3 lbs. (sufficient for one acre) \$2.00, by mail postpd.

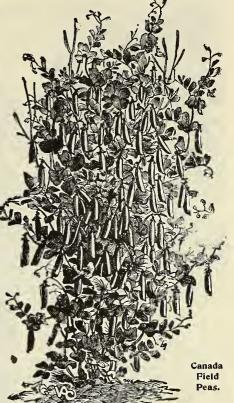
Teosinte can be grown successfully in this part of the country. It is a very fast grower and I cut it three times. I feed it green and also cut some for hay, which is very fine feed for cattle and horses; they like it better than clover hay. Teosinte will make more feed per acre than anything

else. Every farmer should plant Teo-

sinte. Edward C. Rucks, South Haven, Minn.



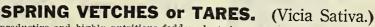
Sand Vetch.



SAND VETCH.

WINTER VETCH OR HAIRY VETCH.

Among the various leguminous plants introduced during recent years with such manifest advantage to farmers there is not one of greater value than the Hairy Vetch. As a soil reclaimer and forage crop it has no equal, and it is only to be regretted that this Vetch is not more universally sown. It is an annual plant, similar in growth to the very slender and straggling pea vines, the vines often reaching 10 to 12 feet in length, and covering the ground with a dense mat of forage 2 feet in depth. Stock of all kinds eat it greedily, both in pasture and wheu cut for hay. When once this growth starts, it continues through wet and drought, and the quantity of forage made is wonderful. It has made as much as 45,000 pounds of green feed to the acre, and this feed is of the most nutritious character. It is much richer in protein (the muscle and growth producing element) than Red Clover, or any Cow Pea, whilst in fat-producing matter it is nearly the equal of those plants. As a soil improver it is richer in nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash than any of the Clovers or the Cow Pea. If intended for forage or hay, it should be sown at the rate of 40 pounds to the acre, with a light seeding of winter oats, wheat or rye. This will hold up the vines, and make it easier to cut and harvest the crop. If intended for pastures or a soil improver, sow alone at the rate of 50 to 60 pounds to the acre. Sow early in spring or in August or September, on well prepared land. Sand Vetch is very hardy. 3 lbs. 85c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, 25 lbs. \$5.00, 100 lbs. \$18.00. Among the various leguminous plants intro-



A very productive and highly nutritious fodder plant; is grown very extensively in England, also in Canada. It is either cut green for soiling or made into hay; is well liked and greatly relished by cattle. The seed is sown broadcast in spring at the rate of one bushel per acre. Spring Vetches are used for the same purpose as the Sand Vetch but will not thrive on poor soil or withstand extremes of weather so successfully. Sow with oats, using a bushel of each per acre. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, 25 lbs. \$2.50; bu. (50 lbs.) \$4.50.

SERADELLA or CULTIVATED BIRDSFOOT.

For light, poor or sandy soils Seradella is one of the best fodder plants. We know its great value and have urged our brother farmers for several years to give this valuable forage plant more attention. It is sown at the rate of 12 to 15 lbs. per acre, and can be sown either by itself, or in Winter Wheat or Rye in early spring, growing rapidly after the grain has been cut. It is very remarkable for its drought-resisting qualities and its close and thick growth, covering the ground completely and choking out all weeds; also very desirable as a catch crop. It is not a perennial, but can be cut twice and gives good pasture in one year. 3 lbs. 75c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (for one acre), \$2.25; 50 lbs. \$1.00, 100 lbs. \$13.50.



Teosinte.



Silver Hull Buckwheat.

PUMPKINS.

We list these among our field seeds as they are excellent for feeding stock, and should be grown in every corn field. Hundreds of loads of pumpkins can be grown without any extra expense or care, as they need no more attention than is required for the corn.

CONNECTICUT FIELD—This is widely known as the Yankee Cow Pumpkin, and there is no variety that will do as well among the corn. Plant them on your richest land; you will be amply repaid. Lb. 40c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. \$1.15, 10 lbs. \$2.00. lbs. \$2.00.

KENTUCKY FIELD or Sweet Pump-kins — This is the thick meated sweet kind that is used for pies. They are extra good for stock also. A patch of them should be plant-ed by themselves, and they will prove the most profitable crop. Lb. 40c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. \$1.15, 10 lbs. \$2.00.

MIXED PUMPKIN SEED—We offer a mixture of pumpkin seed, consisting of a a mixture of pumpkin seed, consisting of a great many varieties—large mammoth pumpkins, the various field sorts, also the choicest pie pumpkins. Lb. 40c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 25c, 5 lbs. \$1.15, 10 lbs. \$2.00.

PRICES: Owing to the fluctuating market, we were not in position to quote firm prices a month before this catalog was issued. We therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST for current prices and for price changes. If your order is not sent in immediately upan receipt of our catalog, please write for our latest Price List.

BUCKWHEAT.

NEW SILVER HULL BUCK WHEAT-This is a very thin-shelled buckwheat of silvery gray color; the kernels are of medium size and very sound. It is a prolific grower and the heaviest yielder yet introduced, and will make first-class buckwheat flour. As it remains in bloom longer than common buckwheat, this variety is most excellent for bees. 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, peck 60c, bushel \$2.10, 2 bushels or more at \$2.00 per bushel, sacks included.

JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT—A brown or dark variety, which is about a week earlier than the Silver Hull, and yields quite heavily. Peck 60c, bu. \$2.10, 2 bus. or more at \$2.00 per

bu., not prepaid. Sacks included.

FLAX.

Prices of Flax Seed subject to the market. Write us for definite prices on larger quantities.

PRIMOST OR MINNESOTA NO. 25 FLAX-Our Minnesota Experiment Station deserves credit for producing this healthy and vigorous growing strain which yields at least one-third more per acre than common flax. Many of our patrons wrote us that the "Primost" produced 22 to 25 bus. per acre, while common flax yielded only 12½—14 alongside the same field. Write for prices.

RUSSIAN FLAX—In procuring flax seed only healthy and perfectly clean seed should be 19th, as this is such an important item. Our seed is of first class quality, clean, healthy and of bought, as this is such an important item. high vitality. Write for prices.

WILT-RESISTANT FLAX—A new variety recently developed at the North Dakota Experiment Station. It is wift and cyst-resistant. It has successfully endured most unfavorable seasons in North Dakota and is a great yielder. This wilt-resistant flax is capable of growing a normal crop of flax on old wilt-sick land cyeviou ly long cropped to flax. Such seed will keep this resistant.

ance against wilt just as long as the seed is properly handled. Write for

THOUSAND HEADED KALE.

This will yield a much heavier crop than Dwarf Essex Rape and is now considered superior to Rape in sow considered superior to Rape in some considered superior to Rape in some sections. It grows to a height of 3 to 4 feet, and is so covered with small whorls of leaves that the name of Thousand Headed Kale was given to it. Hogs and sheep eat it greedily. It grows well and produces heavily on most any land and the plant is quite hardy. The seed can be sown early in April or any time thereafter till midsummer. Sow broadcast 2 to 3 pounds per acre, or in drills, using one pound per acre. Drilling is preferable, for if drilled in rows 26 to 30 inches apart, the Kale can be cultivated, thus producing a much quickergrowth. Lb. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. \$1.75, 10 lbs. \$3.25.



Field Pumpkins

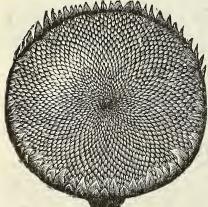
BROOM CORN.

Broom Corn is one of the best paying crops and is adapted to any soil that will grow corn. It will make a crop with very little rain. One acre will yield 1 to 1¼ tons of cured brush and up to 40 bushels of seed, which is nearly equal to oats in feeding value. Plant in drills 3½ feet apart, and in rows about 3 inches apart; and cultivate the same as corn. About 5 to 8 pounds of seed will sow an acre. If planted the first of June, the crop will be ready to cut September 15th.

STANDARD EVERGREEN—The best variety for general cultivation on account of color and quality of brush, which is of good length and always green when ripe, never getting red, and has no center stalk. It is valuable to broom corn raisers and manufacturers. 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—10 lbs. \$1.00, 25 lbs. \$2.00, 50 lbs. \$3.50, not prepaid.

NEW JAPANESE BROOM CORN-The earliest broom corn known, maturing in about 75 days, and can therefore sometimes be planted as a catch

crop after winter grain. Brush is fine and long, without center stalk. 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—10 lbs. \$1.00, 25 lbs. \$2.00, 50 Ibs. \$3.50, not prepaid.



Mammoth Russian Sunflower.

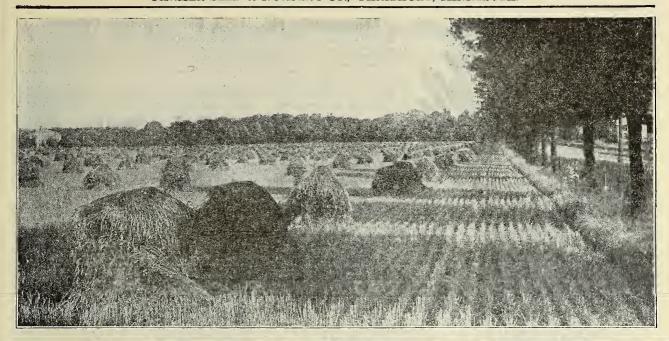
Mammoth Russian SUNFLOWER

A more profitable and important crop can hardly be raised, especially by prairie farmers. The seed is highly valued by farmers and poultry breeders, who have tried it. The hens will fatten on it and lay nore eggs than on any other food. Single heads measure from 12 to 22 inches in diameter and contain a lot of seed, which can be raised much cheaper than corn. The stalks make good firewood. Four pounds will plant one acre. Lb. 25c, 3 lbs. 65c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, lb. 15c, 10 lbs. \$1.00, 25 lbs. \$2.25.

Have had the best of success with the seeds I received from you last year; they arrived in good condition and yielded abundantly.

MPS DOPA ADAMS Could Made MRS. DORA ADAMS, Crellin, Md.





A Field of Marquis Wheat.

People nowadays look at farming more from a business standpoint than in former years, when most everything was done in a hap-hazard manner. Care and good judgement are now exercised, not only in the selection of live stock for breeding purposes, but also in procuring the proper kinds of seed grain. Well bred and hardy seed grain that can be depended upon, is certainly of the greatest importance to every farmer, for "as ye sow, so shall ye also reap". If, on the other hand, common mixed and run out seed grain is used continuously, the result will be a constant decrease both in quantity and quality. This is natural, for grain that is weak and run out in quality has no resistance against rust, blight, smut, and other unfavorable conditions and circumstances.

It is an easy matter to increase the yield of small grain from five to ten bushels per acre, enough to pay the rent on the land, or the interest on the money invested in the land, by sowing well bred varieties suited to the local conditions and to some particular purpose.

Some agriculturists are under the impression that only one strictly hardy variety of spring wheat should be sown in the Northwest. This opinion is based on the experience of farmers in the winter wheat growing sections of Kansas, Nebraska, lowa, and the main wheat sections of the West, where Turkish Red Winter Wheat was introduced with greatest success, so it is now the standard winter wheat for that particular section. However, the climatic and soil conditions of the spring wheat growing sections are so varied that it is impossible to confine ourselves to any one particular variety. Farmers often find it profitable to sow two kinds of wheat or oats on the samefarm, on account of the difference in soil, location, or purpose. For instance: Flie Spring Wheat and the earlier maturing oats do considerably better on ground that is naturally warm and quick acting, than Blue Stem Wheat and late maturing oats do considerably better on ground that is naturally earlier on the same farm, on account of

PRICES: Altho prices are quoted on all Seed Grains, kindly refer to our Blue Figure Price List, for current prices. On account of unfavorable circumstances and conditions, prices on all Seed Grains are subject to change without notice.

MARQUIS WHEAT.

The New, Hardy Canadian Wheat of Wonderful Productiveness.

The New, Hardy Canadian Wheat of Wonderful Productiveness.

The Marquis Wheat is the best variety of hard Spring Wheat ever introduced. It was originated by the late Dr. Saunders, at the Dominion Experimental Farms, Ottawa, Ontario, by breeding together Red Fife and a very early Indian Wheat, the Red Calcutta; after very careful selection for a number of years to fix the type, it was sent to the various Canadian Experiment Farms, where its reputation was quickly established because of its extreme earliness and its enormous yields. It is about ten days earlier than our Fife varieties, and produces from ten to fifteen bushels more per acre than Red Fife. Both Red Fife and Marquis Wheat are bald, except for a few short awns at the top of the head. Marquis Wheat does not grow quite as tall, a great advantage if the wheat is sown on rich ground where most wheat is inclined to grow too tall, and lodge. In the threshed wheat, there is considerable difference, Marquis being larger, shorter and buntier, wider and deeper in crease, and of a deeper amber color.

Marquis Wheat gained fame last season, when it was the only wheat, of all the various Fife and Blue Stem varieties, to produce a good crop grading No. 1 and No. 2. Most other varieties did not grade even No. 3. Its great advantage of maturing so extremely early, before blight, heat, and rust have much effect on it, is now fully recognized. Wheat continuing, for it can certainly be relied upon as a good yielder, even under the most adverse and unfavorable conditions.

Marquis Wheat won the \$1000.00 prize at the Land Show two years ago, against the whole world, and last fall again was awarded the world's championship at the Dry Farming Congress held at Lethville. We urge ordering early, as our supply of true seed of this famous wheat is limited.

We urge ordering early, as our supply of true seed of this famous wheat is limited.

PRICE: 3 lbs. 90c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck 90c, bushel \$2.90, 2½ bushels \$7.00, 5 bushels and more, \$2.65 per bu., sacks included.

Minnesota 169 Blue Stem Wheat.

This wheat was originated by Prof. Hays, of the Minnesota Experiment Station, and like the Minnesota 163 Fife Wheat, it has been a great credit to him. This wheat is not only a pure and true Blue Stem variety, but also one of the beaviest yielders ever offered. Because it develops such strong, vigorous growing plants, the chaff enclosing the grain is much thicker and firmer than on most other wheat, and it is therefore less easily affected by rust and blight than common kinds. Minnesota 169 Blue Stem Wheat stands at the head of all Blue Stem varieties, not only in yield but also in quality. The grain is always nice and plump, flinty, and almost transparent. Unlike the common varieties, it is generally free from smut.

PRICE: Peck 85c, bushel \$2.75, 5 bushels and more, at \$2.60 per bushel, sacks included.

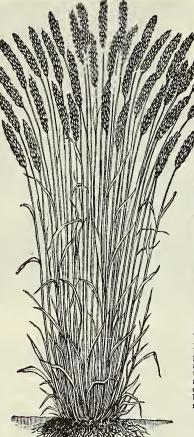
VELVET CHAFF SPRING WHEAT.

This is an extremely hardy, bearded variety of wonderful productiveness, generally yielding at least 10 bu. more per acre than other kinds of Spring Wheat, with the exception of the Macaroni Wheat. Its long beards or spikelets as well as its heavy chaff protect it from fungous diseases, such as blight, rust, and smut. It is as hard and flinty as the best Fife Wheat, and no matter how unfavorable circumstances are, the Velvet Chaff always produces a good yield. On account of its great hardiness and productiveness no grain farmer should fail to sow at least a third or half of his area intended for Wheat to the Velvet Chaff. 3 lbs. 50c postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck 90c, bushel \$2.90, 2½ bushels \$7.00, 5 bus. and more, at \$2.65 per bu. sacks included.

Your seeds have given excellent satisfaction. Your Marquis Wheat yielded 32 bushels per acre this year, best yield in this part of the state, as common wheat yielded from 10 to 20 bus, per acre this year. Your great White Danish Oats yielded 75 bushels per acre—20 to 35 bushels more than common oats.

LEO. F. GLATZEL, Carver County, Minn.

The Marquis Wheat did very line which we received from you last spring. Your garden seeds can not be beat, they germinate so strong. Enclosed my order for 1916, R. C. EVENS, Ovando, Mont.



Minnesota No. 163 Fife Spring Wheat.

A variety of hard Fife Wheat originated by our Minnesota Experiment Station. Careful selection, crossing, and thoro preparation of the seed bed have been the main factors in its improvement. In comparison with old standard varieties of wheat the Minn. No. 163 Fife is far ahead in every respect, in yield as well as in quality, the berry being larger and containing a much higher percentage of gluten. It is a wheat with greater vigor and vitality than the older sorts, and therefore has more resistance against rust, smut and blight. It grows a stiff, strong straw and stands up well under all circumstances. Thru careful growing and proper selection of our seed stock, we have kept up the Minn. No. 163 Fife in its original purity vigor and productiveness. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

MACARONI WHEAT, Arnautka.

On account of its extreme hardiness and great productiveness this variety should be sown more extensively in every section of the Northwest. Since it always yields more per acre than any other spring wheat, we advise every grain farmer to sow some of it each year, for most other varieties are more or less subject to rust. blight and smut, by which Macaroni Wheat is not affected at all. The grains are rather large, very hard and glossy, often translucent, yellowish-white, occasionally inclining to a reddish color. It grows rather tall, with broad, smooth leaves of a peculiar whitish color. The heads are compactly formed and are bearded. In our northern and northwestern states Macaroni Wheat should be sown in the spring. The grain being very large and not stooling very heavily, 1½ to 2 bushels of seed are re-quired per acre. We offer the best strain, "Arnautka" which possesses not only the best milling quality, but is also the heaviest yielder. For prices, see our Biue Figure Price List.

PRICES: ALTHO PRICES ON WHEAT AND OTHER GRAINS ARE QUOTED IN THIS CATALOG, IN SOME INSTANCES, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE, AND WE THEREFORE REFER TO OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST ENCLOSED IN THIS CATALOG, FOR CURRENT DRICES.

SPELTZ OR EMMER.

A valuable grain, closely related to wheat; the kernels, however, are tightly enclosed in the hulls or husk, and these adhere to the grain when it is threshed. Speltz is becoming more popular every year, as it produces good crops even under adverse circumstances where other grain fails. It withstands more dry weather than any other grain, with the exception of Macaroni Wheat, and produces more food value per acre than any other cereal, while it is a most valuable feed for all kinds of stock. It can be fed to horses, the same as oats, with the hulls on. Speltz can be grown on most any kind of soil, rich or poor, wet or dry, as it will not lodge like other grain because of the stiff and strong straw, and will always bring the best returns. Sow 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. For prices see our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

SPRING RYE.

This is a splendid spring grain and should be more generally sown. Spring Rye can be successfully grown on land too poor for wheat, and does equally well on acid and non-acid soils. It may be sown on sandy and light soils where other grains do not succeed. Spring Rye does not remove as much plant food from the soil as other small grain, and may therefore be grown on the same ground year after year. When ripe, it provides excellent pasturage for hogs, two weeks after it has matured. This time is allowed to take the sharpness off the beards.

For prices see Biue Figure Price List.

WINTER GRAIN.

It may seem out of season to mention Winter Wheat and Winter Rye at this time, but plans for fall sowing and planting should be made early. Winter Wheat and Winter Rye are always most profitable. Last season, this was more noticeable than ever, for they escaped the unfavorable weather which ruined Spring Wheat. Blight and rust reduced most Spring Wheat to screenings. From our 27 years of farming experience, we know that winter grain is more reliable, even in Minnesota, than spring grain. Wheat should be sown reasonably early,—from August 20th to September 20th on soil with free surface drainage, to avoid danger of winter-killing. Winter Rye may be sown several weeks later, because it is considerably hardier than Winter Wheat.

BEARDED FIFE WINTER WHEAT.

This variety of Winter Wheat, like many of our hardiest small grains, was originated in Russia. About 20 years ago, we introduced it as Reliable Minnesota Winter Wheat, and later changed the name to Bearded Fife Winter Wheat. According to our own tests, and those from various experiment stations in the Northwest, made under all conditions imaginable, this is the hardiest most productive Winter Wheat ever grown in the Northwest. In Indiana, Bearded Fife has yielded as high as 62 bushels per acre. Here in Minnesota, the crops average from 35 to 45 bushels per acre. Many kinds of Winter Wheat freeze out and winter kill, but Bearded Fife always comes thru the winter without injury, producing wonderful crops year after year, and this in spite of our extremely severe winters, with the thermometer at 40 to 50 degrees below zero, and often very little snow.

In quality of grain, Bearded Fife Winter Wheat equals No. 1 Hard Fife Spring Wheat. The kernels are red, covered with a very thin husk, and are hard and flinty. It is stiff strawed and matures early. It always commands several cents per bushel above the market price of common soft wheat. For prices see our Blue Figare Price List.

MINNESOTA TURKISH RED WINTER WHEAT.

Also known in lowa as Defiance Turkish Red Winter Wheat. To a great many this is a well known variety, and in hardiness, as well as in productiveness, it is second only to our Bearded Fife Wheat. Like this it is also a bearded variety. It is extremely hardy, strong and vigorous, and produces good crops year after year, with a record of over 50 bushels per acre in Iowa. Farmers should take care that the seed they plant is Minnesota grown, because if the seed is procured from a milder climate than Minnesota, it is very apt to winter-kill in the Northwest, but our Minnesota grown seed will do well in almost any state in the Union, and yield bigger crops than can be raised from home grown stock. For prices see our Biue Figure Price List.

MINNESOTA NO. 2 WINTER RYE.

For most sections, Winter Rye is one of the most important crops. As it is never injured by the Hessian Fly, and because of its extreme hardiness, and freedom from blight and rust, good paying crops can always be depended upon. Rye can be grown on a greater variety of soil than wheat, and good crops produced even on thin, poor soil without manuring. For dairy farmers, Rye furnishes a splendid crop of green fodder early in spring, affording good pasture long before cows can be turned on grass or regular pasture, thus increasing the flow of milk and improving quality of milk and butter. For prices see our Blue Figure Price List.

NEW ROSEN WINTER RYE.

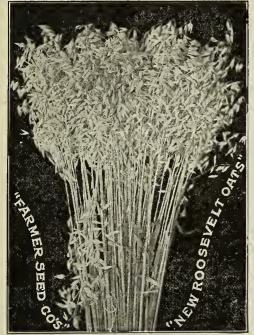
This rye was originated by the Michigan Experiment Station, and produces considerably larger grain than the older varieties. The kernels are very plump and heavy, bright yellowish blue in color. This variety is a heavy yielding, plump berried rye. For prises see our Blue Figure Price List.



Speltz.

SEED OATS. Improved Heavy Yielding Varieties.

PRICES—Altho we are quoting prices on the different varieties of Seed Oats described on this and the following pages, we refer to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed with this Catalog for definite prices. Customers not ordering immediately upon receipt of this catalog should write for our latest Blue Figure Price List, as prices may have changed.



F. S. & N. CO'S. NEW ROOSEVELT OATS.

No other variety of Oats deserves more attention than the New Roosevelt Oats, In-No other variety of Oats deserves more attention than the New Roosevelt Oats, Introduced by us a number of years ago. Everyone who has grown its more than pleased with it, for it has all the requirements of a good, hardy, dependable oat in the highest degree. Other so called new kinds, introduced from year to year, come and go, but the New Roosevelt Oats keeps up its original vigor and productiveness. It holds the highest honors of the entire Oats family, having yielded 180 bus, and 27 pounds, from a single bushel of seed. Mr. John T. Wood, of Victor, Montana, won the first prize, of \$200.00 on this yield, in Roosevelt Oats contest. Seven contestants, all winning prizes, reported an average yield of 79 bus, and 29 lbs, for each bushel of Roosevelt Oats sown.

reported an average yield of 79 bus, and 29 lbs, for each bushel of Roosevelt Oats sown. The wonderful success achieved with our New Roosevelt Oats has opened the eyes of hundreds of our farmer friends, and the demand for this oats has doubled each season. There is no need of being satisfied with a scrubby average crop. You are farming for profit, and ought to make your soil pay the best possible dividends. This can be accomplished only by sowing the best seed obtainable.

These are the points you must consider in our Roosevelt Oats, which outclasses any known variety now cultivated, regardless of other claims: It has been carefully bred from one of the hardlest and most productive American grown oats, crossed with a foreign variety renowned chiefly for its stiffness of straw and resistance against lodging. As a result of this combination, we have produced an oat of the most wonderful productiveness, with straw strong and stiff enough to hold up its heavy load of grain in spite of a result of this combination, we have produced an oat of the most wonderful productiveness, with straw strong and stiff enough to hold up its heavy load of grain in spite of unfavorable circumstances. It has required years to bring this oats up to its present state of perfection Because of its strong root development, it produces healthy, vigorous, and stiff strawed plants of medium height, with an abundance of long broad leaves and large, well branched heads. With its powerful root system, it is not partial as to soil or climate, and develops the hardiest and most vigorous growth, so it withstands heat and drought, cold and wet, poor soil and neglected cultivation, better than any other variety of oats. The heavy berries are encased in tough, firm chaff, so that rust and blight, which so often play havoc with the oat crop, do not seem to affect it at all. The large, handsome, soft hulled white grain is the heaviest and meatiest ever produced by any oats, weighing from 42 to 50 pounds per measured bushel. Roosevelt Oats is famous for producing the largest yields of any oats in cultivation "Inlike most other grain yielding large crops, our Roosevelt Oats matures medium ear y.

We offer Roosevelt Oats at the following prices: 3 lbs. 60c. postpald.—Not prepaid:

We offer Roosevelt Oats at the following prices: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. \$1.40; 2½ bu. \$3.25. 10 bu. and more, at \$1.25 per bu. sacks included.

NEW WHITE DANISH OATS.

A splendid all-around variety, originated by the Danish government and recommend-

A splendid all-around variety, originated by the Danish government and recommended as one of the best and heaviest yielding oats. We imported our original seed stock direct from Denmark, six years ago, can safely say that, on an average, it will outyield the so-called Swedish varieties, as it is not affected as easily by rust and blight as these. On our seed farms, here at Faribault, White Danish Oats yielded an average crop of 75 bushels per acre, for six years in succession.

The grain is very large, pure white, and heavy. The straw is medium in height, stiff and strong, withstanding unfavorable weather and soil conditions to the highest degree. The heads are much above the average, loaded with large heavy kernels, which have a thin hull. The plant is of strong vigorous growth, with broad, extended root system, remarkable for its great stooling capacity.

Price: 3 lbs. 60c, prepaid.—Not prepaid, Peck 50c, bu. \$1.40, 2½ bu. \$3.25, 10 bu. and more, \$1.25 per bushel, sacks included.

VICTORY OATS. (Segerhafre).

Ten years ago, we imported the original stock of these seed oats directly from the Swedish Breeding Association of Swalof, Sweden who certainly deserve credit for originating so many excellent new varieties of grain, especially of oats. We have replenished our stock of these oats four or five years ago, procuring a still better bred up strain than the original.

The Victory Oats is a cluster oats. with somewhat short but rather dense branching heads. The spikes are small and short, generally containing two kernels which are short, thick and heavy with very few beards or awns. The grain is white, sometimes running to a slightly pinkish shade. It is a rather stiff strawed oats of medium height, maturing medium early--with such varieties as Silver Mine and American Banner. The Victory or Seger Oats has always done extremely well and is classed with

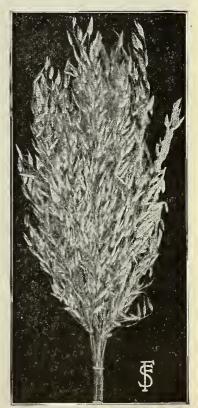
Price, not prepald.—Bushel \$1.20, 2½ bus. for \$2.85.—10 bushels and more, at \$1.00 per busacks included.



New Victory.

SILVER MINE OATS.

This is a very hardy and prolific variety with long but stiff straw and grain of the clearest white color. It will grow and thrive under the most unfavorable conditions of soil and climate, and is always a sure cropper. The heads are very large and long, and are borne low down on the stalk, which prevents lodging. The grain is long, plump and heavy, and very meaty. Silver Mine Oats has always been one of our heaviest yielders, and is unusually exempt from diseases, such as rust and blight. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. \$1.20, 2½ bu. \$2.85, 10 bu. and more at \$1.00 per bushel, sacks included.



White Danish Oats.

EARLY CHAMPION OATS.

Early Champion Oats produced the largest yield per acre in a test at the Iowa Agricultural College, and is highly recommended. It has comparatively short straw, and matures a week to ten days earlier than other varieties, thus largely escaping the liability to rust. Its greatest value lies in its special adaptability as a nurse crop to sow with grass seed, as it does not stool as freely as some other sorts. It will not lodge, even on the richest kind of land, but always stands up like a bush. Henry Wallace, of Wallace's Farmer, says: "I would rather risk sowing grass seed with Early Champion Oats than with any other veriety I know of."

The richest kind of land, but always status up like a bush. Hearly wallace, or wallace s Farmer, says: "I would rather risk sowing grass seed with Early Champion Oats than with any other variety I know of".

The grain is always nice and white, very thin hulled, seldom discoloring, while the berry is small but meaty, usually weighing 38 pounds per measured bushel. Even in those seasons when most oats is a crop failure, the Early Champion always holds its own, both in yield and in quality, very seldom producing less than 50 bushels per acre. In normal seasons, its average yield is 70 to 75 bushels per acre. Early Champion Oats is offered by many dealers and seedsmen as White Kherson Oats. Prices: Not prepaid bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels \$2.85, 10 bus. and more at \$1.00 per bu., sacks included.

EARLY KHERSON OR SIXTY DAY OATS.

One of the earliest oats in cultivation. It was introduced by the Experiment Station of Nebraska, and has proved a success in that state, being naturally adapted to sections that are subject to drought. It is a vigorous but not rank grower, producing shorter straw than other varieties, with branching heads and very broad leaves. The berries are light yellow in color, small, but numerous, and have a very thin hull. This oats usually weighs well per bushel, and in this respect, as well as in productiveness, it is one of the best of the early varieties. Peck 40c, bu. \$1.25, 2½ bu. \$2.85, 5 bu. and more, at \$1.00 per bu., sacks included.

IMPROVED AMERICAN BANNER OATS.

This favorite northern variety ripens early, maturing a week earlier than the Swedish Oats. The straw is stiff, of good length, and the grain white and large, with thin hull. It stools freely, throwing up a large number of stems, and can therefore be sown thinner than other large kernelled oats. It is as nearly rust-proof as any oats can be. Everyone who raises oats should try this variety. American Banner Oats will yield 65 to 80 bushels to the acre under average conditions, ripening uniformly, and is certainly worthy of general cultivation. Although it is an old standard variety, its yield of 105 bushels per acre, in 1916, proves that its old time energy and vigor has by no means weakened. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, prepaid. Not prepaid, bushel \$1.30, 2½ bushels \$3.00, 10 bushels and more, at \$1.10 per bushel, sacks included.

Early Champion Oats.

IMPROVED WHITE RUSSIAN SIDE OATS.

This is an old standard variety, very much neglected or forgotten in many grain producing sections. As its name indicates, the grain grows in long panicles, instead of in round and branching heads, like all the varieties described in these pages. For this reason, the White Russian Oats is distinct from all other kinds. It produces long stiff straw and heavy

produces long stiff straw and heavy grain. The kernels are unusually long and heavy, maturing at the same time as Blue Stem Wheat. It is sown extensively with this, for succotash. It matures a week later than Swedish Oats. It has been proved that, during seasons of extreme heat and blight, such as we had in 1916, the wheat yield can be doubled, by sowing the proper kind of oats with it. White Russian Oats is always a very heavy yielder. Price: Bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels \$2.85, 10 bushels and more, at \$1.00 per bushel, sacks included.





RUSSIAN GREEN OATS.

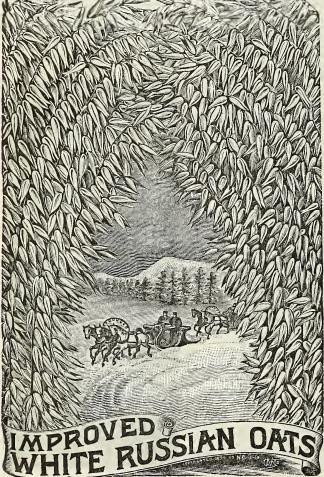
Altho this also is a Russian variety, it is of different character and type from the above. It is a branching, round-head oats maturing very early, about the same time as Early Champion. The grain is small, but heavy and thin-hulled. Russian Green Oats is sown extensively in Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, and in this state. Farmers realize that it will not go to pieces, like the heavy and plump Swedish sorts, because of heat and blight. The straw is rather stiff and of medium height. The grain is white, usually tinted a greenish yellow, hence its name. It is always an advantage to sow at least one quarter to one third of the oats acreage to an early maturing oats, in order to extend the time of harvesting, also because of the uncertainty of the late sorts, as these are the ones that usually get hit by blight and rust. Price: Bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels \$2.85, 10 bushels and more, at \$1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

WHITE SHONEN OATS.

This is by far the handsomest White Oats introduced. The kernels This is by far the handsomest White Oats introduced. The kernels are always pure white, somewhat long and still heavy. In the past few years this has come to the front as a big yielder. Prof. W. A. Henry of the Wisconsin Experiment Station, says of it in Bulletin 16: "For productiveness, stiffness of straw and thinness of hull, the White Shonen stands at the head of the list." We have raised this splendid oats here in Minnesota for a great many years, and have never seen it yield less than at least 80 bushels per acre, although we have had years of severe drought, so that other oats did not yield more than half a crop, but White Shonen never failed. It surely pays to discard old, run-out and mixed oats and get an oat with new vigor and productiveness. We pay the greatest attention to our Seed Oats, and know what we offer is pure and genuine White Shonen. Peck 40c, bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels \$2.85, 10 bus. and more at \$1.00 per bu.

The season was not very good for oats, and the very best farmers in this section did not average more than 50 bushels per acre. I had seeded 12 acres with your White Shonen Oats, which yielded 884 bushels, or an average of 73 3.4 bushels per acre. May you long self your A No. I Seeds.

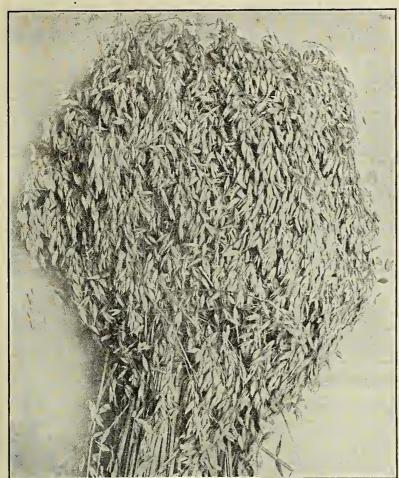
W. B. KLEIM, Somerset. Pa.



The seed I bought from you last spring was first rate. The Clover and Timothy came up fine. From 4 bushels, of the New Danish Oats I threshed 84 sacks of grain which weighed from 120 to 125 pounds to the sack.

JOHN STOGBAUER. Birnamwood, Wis.

KIRSCHE'S ORIGINAL—THE GREAT GERMAN OATS.



Kirsche's Original Oats

WISCONSIN NO. 4 OR SWEDISH SELECT OATS.

A splendid variety which was introduced into this country by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The Wisconsin Experiment Station secured this oats from Washington, together with several other varieties, for trial. They were grown on the university plats for years, and during all that time, they were carefully tested and compared. Prof. Moore said of Swedish Select Oats:

"We have found it the most satisfactory of all varieties tested. On the experimental plats, the oats yielded exceptionally well, having a stiff straw, light hull, and weighing 36 to 40 pounds per measured bushel. This variety seems especially adapted to high, well-drained land, and the best results are secured from clay-loam soils. The great root development is one of the characteristics of the Swedish Oats, which enables the plant to resist drought better than any other sort tested."

We have grown Swedish Select Oats ever since it was originated and altho we have had some very unfavorable years for the production of oats, we can say that this variety has always yielded from 15 to 20 bushels more than the older and more common sorts, such as Lincoln, Bonanza, Big Four, etc. Its heads are large and branching, and are loaded with handsome big plump, and thin hulled grain. Prices: 3 pounds 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels \$2.85, 10 bushels and more, \$1.00 per bushel, sacks included.

REGENERATED SWEDISH SELECT OATS.

This is a cross breed of the old type Swedish Select Oats, and was first exhibited at the Minnesota, Iowa, and Illinois State Fairs, and at the National Corn Show a few years ago. The introducers claim that it will yield 25% more than its parent, the Swedish Select or Wisconsin No. 4. It possesses all the good qualities of this variety in a still higher degree, stooling heavier, growing more vigorously, and yielding one-fourth more. The grain is short and plump, and very heavy.

The Regenerated Swedish Select Oats which we offer was raised from seed stock procured of the chicketons. Our seed is yeary choice, bright clean healthy and heavy weighted to the contract of the contrac

originators. Our seed is very choice, bright, clean, healthy and heavy, weighing 40 to 42 pounds to the measured bushel; it yielded 80 bushels per acre.

Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, bushel \$1.25, 2½ bushels, \$3.00, 10 bushels and more, \$1.15 per bushel, sacks included.



PRICES: Altho prices are quoted on all Seed Grains, kindly refer to the enclosed BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST for latest prices. On account § of the unusual circumstances and conditions, prices on all Seed Grains and Seed Potatoes are subject to change without notice.

The stiffest in straw, and the most productive of all American and European varieties.

We obtained the seed stock of this splendid new We obtained the seed stock of this splendid new variety directly from the originator, Mr. A. Kirsche, the German Oats specialist, several years ago. We have harvested a number of excellent crops from it, and from our own experience with it, we find that it ranks with the very best American and European varieties, and that it is one of the most profitable varieties in cultivation.

According to official statistics of the different grain

les in cultivation.
According to official statistics of the different grain breeders' associations, Kirsche's Original Oats ranks the highest of all the different varieties of German, Swedish, and English Oats tested, in every respect.

Swedish, and languar Oats tested, in very respective into important features are:

Vigorous and quick growth during the first stages of development.—It is shorter in straw than most heavy yielding varieties.—Stiffness of straw and great resistive in the property of the straw of ance against lodging, on rich and well manured soil, and under unfavorable circumstances.—Strong and healthy development of straw and of its well branched heads.

The strong and vigorous root system enables it to withstand drought as well as extreme moisture without much suffering.—It can always be depended upon to produce the largest crops. The grain is plump and heavy, seldom weighing less than 40 pounds to the measured bushel.

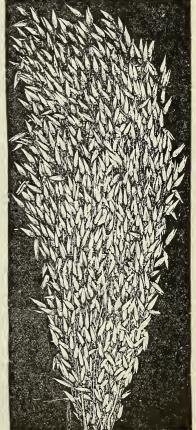
In breeding this oats, it was the originator's aim to produce a short and stout strawed variety yielding as much grain as possible. This has actually been accomplished, for Kirsche's Original Oats is at least 4 to 6 inches shorter in straw than all other large berried, extremely heavy varieties, and it ripens from 3 to 5. extremely heavy varieties, and it ripens from 3 to 5 days earlier than any of these

In our experience, no sign of rust, smut, or blight were noticeable on the straw. The large plump grain is yellowish white in color, thin hulled, and very

meaty.

PRICE: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck 45c, bushel \$1.35, 2½ bushels \$3.25, 10 bushels and more, \$1.25 per bu.

The Italian Rye Grass I ordered last spring seems to do good out here, it comes out in the spring. Lots of farmers say they will sow some of it. The 1 bushel of Speltz yielded 52 bushels, and the Danish White Oats, 1 peck yielded 17 bushels, and it weighs 42 pounds to to the bushel, CHARLIE A. NELSON, Rhame, N. Dak,



White Swedish Oats

BARLEY.

Barley is a very profitable crop to grow in our northwestern states. Considering the bigh prices farmers received for this crop the past few years, barley yields a bigger net profit to the grower than wheat or oats. Our Minnesota grown Seed Barley will give highly satisfactory results, we have a splendid stock to offer this year. Sow about 2 busbels per acre, using a grain drill. Barley makes an excellent crop to follow corn that has been grown on clover sod.

University No. 105.

For several years the Minnesota Experiment Station has been breeding and testing many For several years the Minnesota Experiment Station has been breeding and testing many varieties of barley with the object in view of producing an improved sort that would lead all other kinds in productiveness. This undertaking has been crowned with success in the new six-rowed variety offered under the name of University No. 105. In comparative tests, covering a period of several years and made side by side with the best known and most popular varieties, it has proven to be the beaviest yielder, producing on the average 59 bushels per acre during the past three years. It supersedes the Mandsoberi Barley not only in productiveness, but also in quality, retaining its nice bright color even better than the latter. This barley is early, uniform in maturing and produces long ears, well filled with heavy, plump grain. As a malting barley it is simply unexcelled. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bushel \$1.75, 2½ bu. \$4.00, 10 bu. and more at \$1.60 per bu., sacks included.

Oderbrucker or Wisconsin No. 55.

This great barley originated in Germany and was introduced by the Wisconsin Experiment Station, and in that state is considered the best and largest yielding variety. Oderbrucker is a stiff-strawed, heavy yielding, six-rowed, bearded variety. It is about the same as Mandscheuri in season, manner of growth and general appearance, but has a plumper kernel and is beavier. Prof. Moore says: "in stiffness of straw and rust resistance it is superior to any variety on test." It has a protein content of 15 per cent, or nearly double the amount of protein found in other varieties. This makes it an exceptionally valuable feeding barley, a very important point when it is considered that leading farmers and stockmen are appreciating more and more the value of barley as a feed for all kinds of stock, horses as well as cattle. It is also one of the most superior malting barleys. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. \$1.75, 2½ bu. \$4.00, 10 bu. and more at \$1.60 per bu., sacks included.

Mandscheuri.

A well known variety, which is, beyond doubt, one of the most valuable barleys ever introduced into this country, greatly out-yielding the once justly renowned Manshury Barley. It is an early 6-rowed variety, maturing in 80 to 90 days from time of sowing, and is adapted to all kinds of soil and climate; is very strong strawed, stools well, and bears large and well-filled heads of plump grain, which possesses malting qualities of the highest order. Another important factor is its nice and bright color, which will not turn dull and yellow when exposed to rainy weather, as most of the other varieties do, and on this account it will always be in good demand by the brewers and will command the bighest market price. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Bu. \$1.65, 2½ bu. \$3.85, 10 bu. or more at \$1.50 per bu., sacks included.



This is a new 6-rowed barley, and as the name indicates, is almost entirely without beards, which is the most valuable improvement ever made on barley. It is a vigorous grower, producing strong, short straw and heavy, well-filled heads. Its earliness is one of the most important features, as it can be cut and put out of the way before the wheat and oat crop is harvested. On good land it has produced 80 to 90 busbels per acre in favorable seasons. In regard to soil, it is not particular, as a good crop of Beardless Barley can be raised on land too poor to produce a crop of wheat or oats. It is a first-class malting barley and equally good for feeding stock, therefore always bringing the highest market price. It should not be mistaken for the Hulless Barley, which is described below and which is grown for feeding purposes only. Ever since this grand new barley was introduced, there has been such a demand for it that we were always short in supplying our trade, and we anticipate another great rush for it this year. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck, 65c, bu. \$2.10, 2½ bu. \$5.00, sacks included. Write for prices on larger quantities.

White Hulless.

Also known as "Ideai" and "Giant White Huiless". It grows very large, has heavy, well filled heads without beards and in the field resembles the "Beardless Barley" described above; the kernels, however, shell out without the hulls, like wheat, and are the prettiest, plump and oval-shaped white grain in cultivation. It is not a malting barley, but can be used for feeding only, having no equal as a fattening feed for hogs, and making sweeter meat and nicer lard than corn. It is a vigorous grower, and can be sown after all other grain is sown, and will then mature before wheat or oats. It can also be grown for hay, and if sown early enough can be cut twice, making two good crops of hay in one year. Price: 3 ibs. 60c, postpaid. — Not prepald: Peck 60c, bu, \$2.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

Black Hulless.

How to produce the largest amount of grain, best adapted for feeding milch cows and for fattening stock. is the most important question with every farmer and dairyman. The Black Barley is best adapted for this purpose, for it is an extra heavy yielder, producing from 70 to 80 bushels to the acre, and is of the greatest feeding value at the same time. No other grain fed as ground feed is as nourishing and milk-producing as Black Barley, and for fattening hogs it is also invaluable. It should be grown on ordinary ground, but will also make large crops on thin and poor soil, where other varieties of grain fail entirely. It is not affected by prolonged droughts, and is therefore the best grain for drought-stricken sections. The grain is hulless, very plump and beavy. Price: 3 lbs. 60c, postpaid.—Not prepaid: Peck 60c, bu. \$2.00. Write for prices on larger quantities.

count of constant changes in the market, prices quoted in this catalog are subject to change without notice. We refer to our BLUE FIG-URE PRICE LIST for latest prices.

Beardiess Barley.

PRICES: On ac-

THE FARMER'S READY REFERENCE BOOK. — FREE.

You cannot afford to be without the Farmer's Ready Reference Book. Contains 192 pages and every page of vital interest to the Farmer Gardener, Ranchman, Dairyman, etc. Chapters on all departments of farm life, and each chapter written by an expert in his particular line. Government and state experts wrote this book. This book is easily worth \$1.00 to any one and it will save you many dollars in the course of a season. Send us your order for \$5.00 worth of Seeds and a copy of this book will be sent you free of charge. Ail other Premiums excluded. The supply is limited. Only one to a customer. Order to-day.

Plant "Bumper Crop" Oats For Biggest Yield-See Page 2.



MINNESOTA GROWN SEED CORN.

In order to raise a profitable crop of Corn it is necessary to plant the proper kind of seed. We do not mean by this, however, that we recommend any particular kind or variety, but corn that has been carefully bred up to a fixed type and standard, so that It has character, and the power of reproducing itself, for It is the inherent quality, produced by years of sclentific breeding, that places real value in Seed Corn. Up to date live stock breeders will fully realize this, for the principles of improving and breeding up are the same with live stock as with corn. It is easy select a few prize ear from most any field for the fairs and corn shows, but this does not indicate that such corn will reproduce these for that it will produce ears of corn of the same type, for being cross-bred with ail kinds of types in the same field, it will naturally produce the greatest conglomeration of types and forms—rough ears, of smooth and filnty type, with shallow kernels, twelve to twenty rows, red and white cobs, etc. Such corn will also have at least 5 to 10% of barren stalks that produce no ears, while barrenness is entirely eliminated from well bred up corn. There is certainly no object in procuring Seed Corn of such character, even if you can buy it at market price. In an off year, such as we had in 1915, there was an excuse for it as only a small amount of bred up corn was available in justice to himself and figuring from a business standpoint, every farmer should plant weil bred up Seed Corn only, for yields can be doubled by pianting pedigreed Seed Corn which so many corn tests have fully proven.

Scientific breeding of seed corn requires years of the

Corn which so many corn tests have fully proven.

Scientific breeding of seed corn requires years of the most exact and painstaking work to accomplish results, and on this point we have spared neither time nor money. We are the largest growers of Seed Corn in the Northwest; send your orders direct to us—to headquarters, and you can depend upon receiving strictly Northern Grown Corn of highest purity and germination. Our twenty-eight years' experience as corn growers and seedsmen enables us to know definitely what our farmers in the Northwest need and want in seed corn. We are in excellent position to supply strictly MINNESOTA grown seed corn, well selected and graded, and of good strong germination. We do not offer such seed corn in competition with corn cured simply for good vitality, for it requires more than high germination to make good seed corn. corn.

For any changes in prices on all varieties of Dent, Flint, and Fodder Corn, we refer you to our Blue Figure Price List enclosed in this catalog.

Farmer Seed & Nursery Co's Golden Jewel Corn.

Golden Jewel.

A handsome, compact, and well moulded corn, well rounds a handsome, compact, and wel

about 31/2 feet from the ground. Thru the most painstaking methods, barrenness is entirely eliminated from this corn, so if every kernel produces a stalk, every stalk will also produce a good sized ear. By careful selection for earliness, without sacrificing the good sized ears and extreme productiveness, and by years of careful breeding, we have produced the best and most profitable corn for the Northwest Golden Jewel matures a trifle later than Minnesota Number Thirteen and ripens with Wisconsin Number Seven. It is not a new and untried variety as it has now been successfully grown for ten years. During this time, it has carried off most of the prizes at the corn shows and fairs, including the Minnesota State Fair

Selected Ear Corn in one bushel crates: bushel \$5.75, 5 bushels and more at \$5.50 per bushel. Sample Ears, each 30c, postpald. Price: Peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50, 5 bushels and more at \$4.25 per bushel. Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

AVERAGE YIELDS OF GOLDEN JEWEL CORN AS GIVEN UNDER OATH.

ATEMACE FILEDS OF GOLDEN SETTLE COMM AS GIVEN ON THE					
W. F. WOOD, Grant County, Wis Average Per Acre 124 bi	u. FRANK UHERKA, McLeod County, Minn Average Per Acre 86 bu.				
J. B. McCARTHY, Goodhue County, Minn. " " 93 b	u. OTTO URBAN, Olmstead County, Minn " " 84 bu.				
J. SORGATZ, LeSueur County, Minn " " 90 b	u. D. G THOMPSON, Carver County, Minn " " 82 bu.				
J. B. WHITE, Chickasaw County, la " " 86 b	u. L. EBERLEIN, Brookings County, S.D " " 80 bu.				

Farmer Seed & Nursery Co's

Silver Jewel Corn.

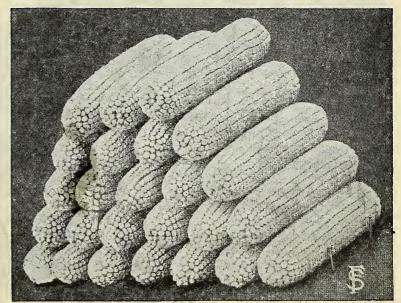
THE BEST WHITE DENT CORN FOR THE NORTHWEST.

Our Silver Jewel Corn is the largest eared, deep kerneled, early, pure white dent corn offered, maturing in 90 to 95 days. It might be called the white sister of our eled, early, pure white dent corn offered, maturing in 90 to 95 days. It might be called the white sister of our Golden Jewel, as it possesses the same perfection of type and the same characteristics as this. One of the best qualities of this corn is its vigor and resistance against cold ground and moisture from the day it is planted until it has matured a good and sound ear. For this reason it is so well adapted for land that is naturally cold and not well suited for corn otherwise. The ears are large, of handsome, uniform shape, tapering to a point at once, and are closely filled with deep, white, well-formed kernels, seldom leaving the tip exposed. The ears average about 10 inches in length and are 16 rowed, while the stalks are thick and short, growing about 7 to 8 feet in height. It is a very productive variety and the best white corn for the Northwest. It has to be grown to be appreciated. We furnish the very best type of high germinating seed corn of this splendid variety. Send your order direct to us, and you can rely upon receiving the genuine F. S. & N. Co's Silver Jewel Corn; our registered trademark protects you.

Selected Bar Corn in one bushel crates: bushel \$5.75,

Selected Ear Corn In one bushel crates: bushel \$5.75, 5 bushels and more at \$5.50 per bushel. Sample Ears, each 30c, postpaid.

Price: Peck \$1.25, bushel \$4.50, 5 bushels and more at \$4.25 per bushei. Postpald, 3 lbs. for 50c.



Silver Jewel.

MINNESOTA NUMBER THIRTEEN.

This is a good all-around variety of Yellow Dent corn, maturing in 85 to 95 days and is favorably known thruout the Northwest as a 90 day corn. With favorable soil and weather conditions, however, it will mature from 5 to 10 days earlier.

The Minnesota No. 13 was originated about fitteen years ago by the Minnesota Experiment Station, under Prof. W. M. Hayes, now assistant secretary of agriculture. We have grown this corn ever since it was originated, and by most careful selection of seed stook and exigntly breading we have improved the process. ture. We have grown this corn ever since it was originated, and by most careful selection of seed stock and scientific breeding, we have improved this variety very much so that it has a more fixed type than the original, and we are convinced that it will please the most critical corn growers. The Minnesota No. 13 that we offer, on account of being carefully bred up, is of a larger type and the kernels are larger and deeper and not as wedge shaped as the ordinary Minnesota No. 13 that has had no special breeding. We can say, however, that by breeding towards a larger type, we have not sacrificed earliness. The ears of our Minnesota No. 13 average from eight to nine inches in length and are closely packed with good sized kernels of a goiden yellow color. The surface of a large percentage of the ears inclined to be somewhat rough and sharp, an indication of good breeding to a deeper type. The stalks are of medium height and average from 6 to 7½ feet, while the ears set from 3½ to 4 feet from the ground. An average yield of the Minnesota No. 13, under favorable conditions, is about 75 bushels per acre, altho some of our growers have harvested as high as 85 to 90 bushels on clover sod. Its earliness, productiveness and its ready adaptability to a great variety of soils and adverse climatic conditions recommend it to all northern planters. conditions recommend it to all northern planters.

Price: SELECTED EAR CORN, bushel \$4.75, 5 bus. or more at \$4.60 per bu.—SHELLED and GRADED: peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.50, 5 bushels or more at \$3.35 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.—Sample Ear, 30c, postpaid.

MINNESOTA IDEAL.

This is a variety having some very good features that many others do not possess, such as a strong and vigorous root system and stalks that grow thick and heavy close to the ground, so that it will stand up well in spite of wind and storms, which is of very great importance when it comes to corn harvesting. It is very leafy, producing at least one-third more fodder than most other kinds. The smooth large ears measure from 8 to 12 inches and even larger. The famous \$1000.00 ear presented to Jas. J. Hill was of this variety and measured fourteen inches in length. In spite of the large sized ears, it matures as early as the Minnesota No. 13, and on account of its vigorous and strong roots, it produces more corn on poor soil and under unfavorable conditions than any other kinds. It is 14 rowed and of a pale to deep yellow color. The length of the kernels compare well with the ordinary type of Minnesota No. 13. It will ripen wherever the Minnesota No. 13 matures and belongs to the ninety day class. We originated the Minnesota Ideal and introduced it fourteen years ago. duced it fourteen years ago.

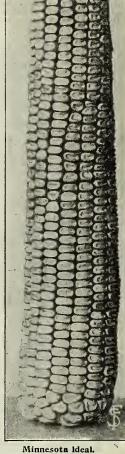
Price: SELECTED EAR CORN, bushel \$4.25, 5 bus. and more at \$4,10 per bu.—SHELLED and GRADED, peck 85c, bushel \$3.00, 5 bushels and more at \$2.85 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

EARLY MURDOCK GOLDEN DENT.

Also called Golden Glow or Wisconsin No. 12.

Also called Golden Glow or Wisconsin No. 12.

The Murdock Golden Dent Corn has been awarded Sweep-stakes prizes twice for the northern zone, comprising the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin, North and South Dakota, and Michigan, at the National Corn Expositions. It is a heavy yielding golden dent corn, out-yielding most other sorts, having produced over 100 bushels per acre with good culture. Altho it is such a heavy yielder, it matures early enough to make it well adapted for our northern states. The ears which are large, with 13 to 20 rows of deep kernels, run very uniform and are of a very distinct and handsome type. The Murdock is earlier by several weeks than the Iowa Silver Mine, Leaming and Reid's Yellow Dent, maturing only about a week later than the Minnesota No. 13. On account of being a larger type than the Minnesota No. 13. On account of being a larger type than the Minnesota No. 13. it requires stronger and rich-



traduce Minnesota Ideal.

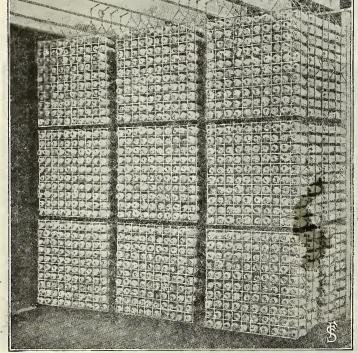
It requires stronger and richer soil than this to produce the best results.

Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck \$1.00, bu. \$3.75, 5 bus. and more at \$3.60 per bu.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

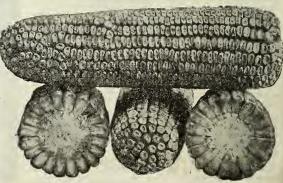
MINNESOTA YELLOW DENT.

While we do not claim a definite type for the Minnesota Yellow Dent Corn, it is a good yellow variety for general planting, yielding 70 to 80 bushels per acre. It produces good average crops even under unfavorable circumstances. The stalks grow 8 to 9 feet high and are very leafy, producing great quantities of fodder. The ears are eight to ten inches long, with 14 to 16 rows of kernels. It ripens in 90 to 95 days, and is one of the best all around kinds, always producing good results. A splendid corn for silo purposes. This corn has been grown for at least 10 to 12 years in the southern half of Minnesota. Price: Peck 75c, bushel \$2.50, 5 bushels and more at \$2.35 per bushel, not prepaid. While we do not claim a definite type for the Minnesota

\$2.35 per bushel, not prepaid.



Showing Method of Drying Ear Corn in our Corn Drying Rooms,



Early Murdock Golden Dent.

NORTHWESTERN DENT. Northwestern Dent Corn is in a class by itself, both as to appearance, and earliness. It is a cross between a red finit corn and yellow dent corn, and has red kernels with yellowish and white cap and shadings. To some, this red color is objectionable, but its extreme earliness and productiveness more than offset this. In 1915, the most unfavorable corn growing year we have ever experienced, Northwestern Dent yielded almost a full crop. No other variety is as extensively grown in North Dakota, and in the northern sections of Minnesota and Wisconsin, as Northwestern Dent. It is the only variety which may be depended upon to ripen in Canada. Under ordinary conditions, Northwestern Dent will mature in 85 or 90 days, and under more favorable weather acre. The ears are of good size, 7 to 10 inches long, bearing 10 to 14 rows of corn. The stalks average 7 to 8 feet in height, bearing the ears about 3½ feet from the ground, admitting the use of a corn harvester. As a silo corn this Northwestern Dent Corn is almost unsurpassed, for it is very leafy and produces the largest amount of good fodder. We filled a 14 by 30 feet silo with six acres of drill corn this fall. We strongly recommend Northwestern Dent Corn for northern sections, and for late planting, where an extremely early, heavy yielding corn is desired. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck 90c, bushel \$3.00, 5 bushels and more at \$2.85 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

SILVER KING OR WISCONSIN NO. 7.

One of the best varieties of white dent corn for the southern part of Minnesota, southern Wisconsin, Michigan and South Dakota, also for Iowa and Illinois. Prof. R. A. Moore, agriculturist of the Wisconsin College of Agronomy, estimates that one-fifth of all the corn grown in Wisconsin last year was of the Silver King variety. This kind yielded on the Wisconsin Experiment Farm an average of 93 bushels per acre on a field of 22 acres. As its name indicates it is a pure white dent corn, producing large and solid ears which are from 16 to 20 rowed, well formed and completely filled out clear to the tips with kernels of good length. It is a strong grower and resists cold weather to a remarkable degree. Many stalks produce two good ears, which accounts for its large yield records. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck \$1.00, bushels \$3.75, 5 bushels and more at \$3.60 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 50c.

SELECTED EAR CORN, bu. \$4.75, 5 bus. and more at \$4.60.—Sample Ear, 30c, postpaid.

MINNESOTA WHITE DENT.

An extra early white dent corn, maturing with the Pride of the North, but yielding almost again as much as this on the open prairie and on poor and thin soils. It produces very good sized ears, with fairly deep kernels growing very compactly around the cob. This is the best pure white dent corn adapted for a northern climate, like that of Minnesota, Wisconsin, and the Dakotas. We have grown it here in Minnesota now for many years, and has always produced sure and good crops, yielding considerably more and being earlier than most so called 90 day varieties. It is a vigorous grower, and the stalks average about 7 to 8 feet in height. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck 90c, bu. \$3.25, 5 bus. or more at \$3.00 per bu., not prepaid.

RUSTLER WHITE DENT.

This early white dent corn originated in Dakota and is well acclimated to the Northwest. For early ripening, great yield and compact growth of ears it is one of the best; admirably adapted to a northern climate. Average height of stalk, 8 feet; average distance base of ears from ground, 3 feet 6 inches. The ears are large, closely filled with large, deep kernels. Those wishing a first-class white dent corn will find in the Rustler a corn that is hard to beat. Price: SHELLED and GRADED, peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.50, 5 bushels and more at \$3.35 per bushel, not prepaid.—Postpaid, 3 lbs. 30c.

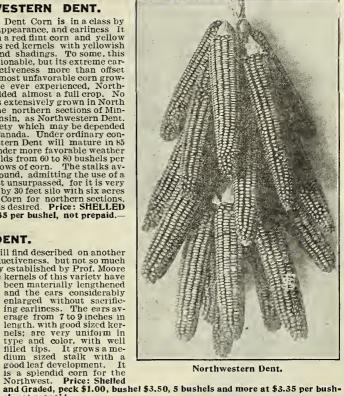
NORTHWESTERN DENT.

WISCONSIN NO. 8 YELLOW DENT.

This is an improved strain of the Minnesota No. 13, which you will find described on another page. The No. 13 has always been renowned for earliness and productiveness, but not so much for perfectness of type. The latter has now been more permanently established by Prof. Moore of the Wisconsin Experiment Station. By scientific breeding, the kernels of this variety have



Rustler White Dent.



What Our Patrons Say About Our Seed Corn.
THESE TESTIMONIALS ARE UNSOLICITED.

Enclosed find \$12.00 for 21.2 bushels White Dent Corn. Have bought 41 bushels of this corn from you this season and found it of high germination test and excellent quality.

JAMES MATSON, State Bank of Svea, Svea, Minn.

Received Seed Corn I ordered and find it to be everything you m. It will not be the fault of the seed corn if a good crop is not claim grown. H. O. HAROLDSON, Glenville Minn.

Please find enclosed an order for 10 bushels of Barley, University No. 105. The Golden Jewel seed corn which I ordered from you two years ago yielded 96 bushels to the acre.

JOS. LOEW, Maple Plaine, Minn.

I have raised 70 bushels corn per acre from your seed in 1914. Please send me samples of corn you have now in stock. People here are buying from firms they know nothing about. The corn may grow, but—will it mature? I know it to be a fact that your seed corn matures here.

H. A. BROWN, Northwood, Iowa.

FLINT CORN VARIETIES.

Considering the fact that Dent Corn may at times prove somewhat uncertain, as was fully proven last year, every farmer and dairyman should plant at least a small acreage to Flint Corn. We know that a small field of it will always be appreciated. Flint Corn is fully matured when the heavier yielding Dent varieties are not even dented, and will then be of greatest feeding value. When fed early, its objectionable quality of being hard and flinty will not be noticed at all. Some varieties of flint corn yield just as much and even more than the extremely early Dent varieties. By the first of August when the old corn crop is generally pretty well fed up, a field of flint corn will be of greatest value, for finishing off hogs. It is not even necessary to husk it for hogs, but let them do it themselves. The hogging off method has been found practical; whoever has tried it would certainly not get along without it anymore.

For northern sections, and for localities with short seasons, Flint corn is the earliest corn, and will be found more profitable than small grain. As a silage corn, it certainly has no equal.

IMPROVED KING PHILIP.

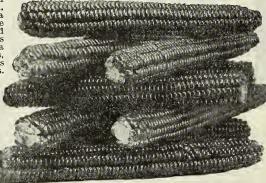
Extra Early Red Flint Corn. This is a very early eight-rowed flint corn, and is one of the most reliable and productive varieties for the Northwest. The ears grow very long, a large percentage of them over 13 inches, with eight straight rows of broad kernels, which are of shiny red color. shading to gold on the outside edge. Many stalks produce two and sometimes three good large ears. The corn is not nearly as hard as ordinary flint corn, on which account it is of the greatest value for feeding stock. The stalk grows about seven feet in height, and is very leafy, therefore more valuable for fodder than any dent corn. This variety matures in 80 to 85 days. Very hardy and one of the best and most reliable early variety. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpald.—Not prepald, peck 85c, bushel \$2.50.

EARLY MERCER.

Extra Early Yellow Flint Corn. This corn is very prolific, and is claimed to have yielded over 100 bushels per acre. The ears average ten inches in length, are twelve to fourteen rowed, well filled out to the tips, and are of a rich dark yellow color. Many stalks produce two and sometimes three good ears. The stalks average five feet in height and produce very few suckers. Matures in 80 to 85 days. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel \$2.50.

SANDFORD'S WHITE FLINT.

The handsomest flint corn and especially recommended for Minnesota and South Dakota. The great The handsomest flint corn and especially feature of this variety is the large grain and small cob it produces. If an ear be broken, you wonder that it is possible for so small a cob to hold and nourish so much grain. The ears are 12 to 15 inches long, smooth and symmetrical. Sandford's White Flint makes a very sturdy and vigorous growth with a great abundance of broad succulent leaves, and is of great value for fodder and silage as well as grain. Matures in 85 to 90 days. Price same as for Early Mercer.



King Philip.

Sandford's White Flint. COMPTON'S EARLY.

One of the best varieties for northern latitudes. Ears measure 12 to 16 inches in length, with 8 broad rows of kernels, making a most attractive appearance. The stalks grow to medium size, and many of them bear two to three ears. It is very leafy and a valuable variety for ensilage. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck

MINNESOTA WHITE FLINT.

Very early strain of white flint, producing good sized ears and maturing readily in 80 days. Makes a quick, vigorous growth, producing an abundance of large succulent leaves. One of the best varieties for fodder and silo purposes, as well as for the grain crop. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpald.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel \$2.50.

NORTH DAKOTA WHITE FLINT.

A pure nearly white flint corn, the result of many years' careful selection from the original Squaw corn This corn stands more hardship, such as cold, frost, heat and poor cultivation, than any other variety. It grows about 5 feet high and the ears are usually two feet from the ground. Matures in 75 to 80 days. Prize. 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bu. \$2.50.

LONGFELLOW.

This is a yellow variety of flint corn of very handsome rich and glossy appearance. The ears are 12 to 16 inches long, and are filled with large, broad kernels. It is not at all unusual to find three full sized ears growing on one stalk. It is well 'rown as a heavy producer of fodder as well as of ears. The average height of the stalk is 7½ feet, while the ears are set about 3 feet from the ground. Matures in 80 to 35 days

Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpaid.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel \$2.50.

CANADA SMUT NOSE.

Altho this corn matures in 80 days it is certainly the most profitable flint variety, for it generally averages about 75 bushels per acre. The stalks, which average 7 feet in height, often bear two to three ears, 10 to 15 inches long, very compact, and rich golden yellow, blazed with red towards the tip end. The ears set about three feet from the ground. As the Smut Nose is not as hard and flinty as most flint varieties it is planted in many sections of Minnesota and Wisconsin in preference to dent corn. Price: 3 lbs. 50c, postpald.—Not prepaid, peck 85c, bushel \$2.50.

I bought some of your SILVER JEWEL Corn a year ago and it gave me a very line crop of corn I received lirst e on it here in town.

R. J. NELSON, KERKHOVEN, MINN.



Longfellow.



FODDER OR ENSILAGE CORN.

NORTHERN GROWN EARLY FODDER CORN VARIETIES.

A great many dairyfarmers and stockmen nowadays plant an early Fodder corn which they can let mature, if they prefer same to he fed as hundle corn during fall and winter. By doing so they handle considerably less bulk, such as coarse stalks and a large amount of moisture, and provide a very nourishing and milk producing feed in a more condensed form. That it is an advantage to plant earlier maturing varieties of fodder corn is now generally acknowledged. Prices quoted are plant earlier matu

F. S. & N. CO'S IDEAL SILO CORN.

The best fodder corn for the northern states. For feeding green, for silo purposes and also for curing in shocks, to he stacked up for feeding in the hundle, it is unexcelled. It is a great yielder of fodder and also matures large sized ears in 90 to 95 days, ripening at the same time as the well known Minnesota No.13 Field Corn. The stalks do not grow as thick and coarse as the southern varieties of fodder corn, and can easily be harvested with the corn binder. The stalks are strong and stiff, withstanding the wind well, they grow about 8 to 9 feet high, with au abundance of leaves for fodder. The roots go deep into the soil, withstanding drought well. The Ideal Silo Corn is especially well adapted to poorer soils, on which most other varieties would make but a small crop, you can depend on the Ideal Silo Corn to bring big returns on such soils. It will also grow well on cold low ground. It is of quick growth and will mature perfectly in this latitude. For this section and Iowa, as well as for northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas, no better corn for fodder purposes can he found. The Experimental Stations now advise our farmers of the Northwest to plant early maturing varieties of fodder corn in preference to the coarser Southern kinds. Every dairy farmer should plant more fodder coru because it produces more tons of splendid feed per acre than any other grain or forage plant. Pk. 60c; bu. \$2.15, 2½ bu. for \$5.00, 10 bu. and more at \$1.90 per bu. more at \$1.90 per bu

EARLY MINNESOTA YELLOW DENT FODDER CORN.

A standard early variety that has given our customers very good satisfaction for many years. It is a heavy yielder of fodder and may be used for feeding green from the field, as well as for silo filling and for curing in shocks, to he fed later, in the bundle. Will mature perfectly in this latitude and also north of here. The stalks grow about 8½ feet high and are very leafy, the ears are of good size and will mature in about 90 days.

Price: Pk. 50c, bu. \$2.00, 2½ bu. for \$4.65. 10 bu. and more at \$1.75 per bu., bags included.

YELLOW JUMBO FODDER CORN.

One of the best varieties of medium early Fodder Corn for the silo as well as for feeding green. It is wonderfully productive, without growing over-large like some of the Southern varieties of Fodder Corn, and also grows and matures fair-sized ears, several of them often growing on a single stalk. The average height of this corn is 8 feet, but the stalks do not grow thick and coarse, and can be harvested quite easily with the corn hinder. Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; 2½ bu. for \$3.75; 10 bu. and more at \$1.40 per bu., not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE DENT FODDER CORN.

Though not absolutely typical as a field corn, this is a good commercial grade of dent corn maturing perfectly as far north as the center of this state. We recommend this variety in particular for cold and moist soil. It produces a heavy yield of excellent fodder and adapts itself more readily to different soils and conditions than any other corn. Price: rk. 50c; bu. \$2.00, 2½ bu for \$5.00, 10 bu. and more at \$1.75 per bu., not

Tall Growing Southern Dent Corn.

RED COB FODDER OR ENSILAGE CORN.

A well known variety of Fodder Corn good either to feed green right from the field, to put up for the silo or to cure and stack away. It is a pure white corn, cropping as high as 45 tons of fodder per acre, which is sweet, tenders are supported to the stack of the der and juicy, and furnishes great quantities of nourishment. The stalks have short joints, therefore producing an ahundance of leaves, and grow to a good height. This Fodder Corn is adapted to every section of the country, although it will not ripen in our Northern States. Price: Pk. 50c; bu. \$1.60; 5 bu. and more at \$1.55 per bu., not prepaid.

GIANT FODDER CORN.

This grows very tall and leafy, and yields an immense quantity of fodder of excellent quality. Other varieties of Fodder Corn grow just as tall and often throw out leaves that are just as large but the great productiveness of the Giant Fodder Corn arises from the closeness of the joints, and as leaves are thrown out at every joint, the result is an increased yield of fodder over every other.

yield of fodder over every other variety, Price: Pk. 50c, bu. \$1.75, 5 bu. and more at \$1.70 per bu., not

Sweet Fodder Corn.

EVERGREEN — We consider this one of the most valuable fodder plants in existence, and every stock farmer should devote some land to it. The stalks are sweet, juley, rich, tender and very nutritious. The leaves, which are very numerous, are large, hroad, succulent and greatly relished by all kinds of stock, being far superior in every respect to all other kinds of corn. On strong soil it will grow 9 to 10 feet high and produce an almost incredible amount of fodder, which, when well cured, is equal to the best hay. Sweet Fodder Corn increases production of milk and cream wonderfully. For prices see our blue figure price list.

Hat.



Ideal Silo

Fodder Corn.



Glant Fodder Corn.

MINNESOTA GROWN SEED POTATOES.

This past season Potatoes suffered worse than ever before in the history of agriculture, so we now face almost a potato famine. Apparently it will not be so much a matter of prices as of being able to get seed potatoes at all.

During the fore part of the season, it was exceptionally wet and extremely hot, so that neither potato bugs nor blight could be checked by spraying, as the solutions were washed off by rains as quickly as they were applied. Later on, during the summer, extreme heat still continuing and the killing blight keeping down all new growth, gave so many potatoes their death blow. Some of the late maturing kinds recuperated and turned out fairly good yields, especially in the western section of this state. Early potatoes had a much better chance, and produced the largest crops. They are therefore easier to obtain than late varieties.

The old standby, Early Ohio, did remarkably well under the circumstances, also the Early Sunrise, Six Weeks, and Irish Cobbiers. Potatoes of the Early Rose type were an entire crop failure, for which reason we are not in position to offer any of them.

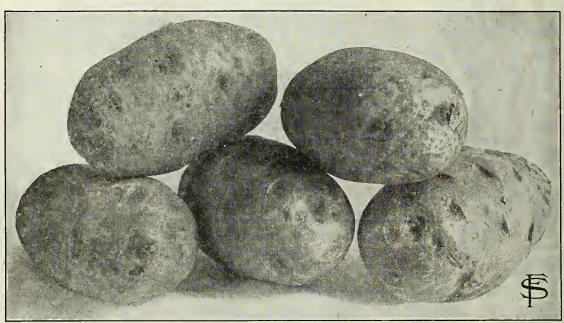
Altho our stock of seed potatoes is not quite as good as in former years, we consider ourselves fortunate in being able to supply seed potatoes that will prove satisfactory in every respect, especially in the earlier kinds. Of these we have good pure varieties of our own growing, as free from potato scab as can be found this year. We are not in position to offer as many late varieties as usual, as poor results were obtained in a good many instances.

PRICES:—As parts of this catalog were plated in October and November, it was impossible to determine definite future prices on Seed Potatoes at that time, especially under such abnormal conditions. Therefore, we refer you to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog. We can supply only those potatoes offered in this list, and prices quoted are subject to the constant market changes. Customers who do not order immediately upon receipt of this catalog should write for our latest BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

We ship our potatoes in the spring, as soon as danger of freezing is over, so they will arrive in due time for planting. All orders for potatoes are acknowledged when received and are forwarded as soon as possible. Our customers may select a barrel of any three different varieties at the barrel price of each variety, and we will pack them separately in one barrel.

Our barrels are full three bushel size, which fact please bear in mind when comparing prices.

It is advisable to ship bushel lots of potatoes in baskets to insure safe arrival, so the potatoes will not become bruised or skinned. We will ship in baskets, at 15 cents extra per bushel.



Extra Early Ohio.

EXTRA EARLY OHIO.

The Early Ohio is the best all-around potato everywhere. Altho it matures extremely early, it will keep as well and as long as most of the late varieties. Many people are under the impression that the Early Ohio is only for early eating, but it will remain firm and sound until June if properly stored. Early Ohio is of a nice oval form, very smooth, with eyes flush with the surface. The color varies a great deal, depending on the conditions of the soil, and ranges from light flesh color to a deep shade of red. The tubers are of medium to large size, very firm, with fine grained white meat. Early Ohio is an old standard potato, producing from 155 to 250 bushels per acre. It is very seldom affected by blight.

WHITE EARLY OHIO.

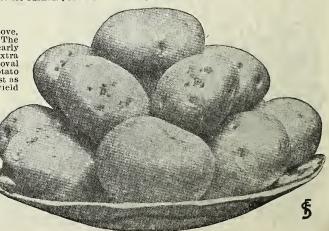
Very similar in form and type to the Extra Early Ohio described above, but the skin is pure white, excepting the eyes, which are pink or red. The White Ohio is a good yielder and a strong and healthy grower. As an early warket potato it is of the greatest value, for it is one of the very best extra early white potatoes so far introduced. On account of the handsome oval form and smooth appearance, it always sells at first sight on any potato market. Less affected by scab and blight than the Red Ohio. It is just as good in quality and just as early maturing as the Red Ohio and will yield even better.

EARLY IRISH COBBLER.

In shape the Cobbler is round, with oval cross-section. Skin is white, well netted. Flesh pure pearly white. Eyes are very few and shallow. Its cooking qualities and flavor are first class. Tubers are of good size, no small ones, and very smooth and free from scab. The Irish Cobbler is one of the most reliable of the first early sorts and an unusually heavy yielder for an early potato, excelling many of the late main crop varieties in this respect. It ripens very evenly, every hill seeming to riben at one time. Its strong growth, earliness, productiveness, fine eating quality, and handsome appearance will always cause a good demand for the Irish Cobbler.

Am well pleased with your goods. On the Extra Early Ohio Potatoes raised from stock received from you I won first prize at the Wright County Fair, first prize at the Cokato Fair. I won a good many prizes on Vegetables raised from your seed. Enclosed new order for seeds.

H. I. SARENPA, Howard Lake, Minn.

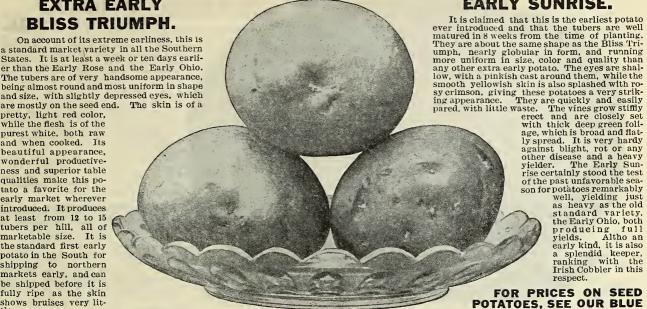


Early Irish Cobbier.

EXTRA EARLY BLISS TRIUMPH.

On account of its extreme earliness, this is a standard market variety in all the Southern States. It is at least a week or ten days earlier than the Early Rose and the Early Ohio. The tubers are of very handsome appearance, being almost round and most uniform in shape and size, with slightly depressed eyes, which

pretty, light red color, while the flesh is of the purest white, both raw and when cooked. Its beautiful appearance, wonderful productive-ness and superior table qualities make this potato a favorite for the early market wherever introduced. It produces at least from 12 to 15 tubers per hill, all of marketable size. It is the standard first early potato in the South for shipping to northern markets early, and can be shipped before it is fully ripe as the skin shows bruises very lit-



EARLY SUNRISE.

well, yielding just as heavy as the old standard variety, the Early Ohio, both producing full producing full yields. Altho an early kind, it is also a splendid keeper, ranking with the Irish Cobbler in this respect.

FOR PRICES ON SEED POTATOES, SEE OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

Early Sunrise.

CARMAN NO. 1.

The tubers grow very large, and will produce small ones only under unfavorable circumstances. The Carman is medium late and an enormous producer of handsome and well-shaped tubers which possess the best table qualities. Skin is of a yellowish white color; flesh is white and fine grained; cooks dry and mealy and very even thruout. One of the best main crop potatoes.

PEARL OF CANNON VALLEY.

We have received so many letters of approval from our customers on ac We have received so many letters of approval from our customers on account of the superior quality of this great potato, that we see our trouble and expense, always connected with originating new varieties, well rewarded. The tubers grow large, run very uniform in size as well as in shape, and are of an attractive oval form, with smooth, somewhat netted skin on the seed end; eyes are few and shallow and the skin is of a creamy white color. The very type of this potato expresses the choicest table quality, the fiesh is white, both raw and when cooked, fine grained and of excellent flavor. It is not only remarkable on account of its superior quality, but it is unsurpassed in great productiveness. Yields of 300 to 400 bushels per acre are not unusual. The Pearl of Cannon Valley is a medium late variety, maturing about a week earlier than Carman No. 1. A splendid market potato of finest quality, which always sells well.

EARLY SIX WEEKS.

Considered the best seedling of our grand Early Ohio, which is also the parent of several other good early varieties. The Early Six Weeks excels the Early ohio, not only in extreme earliness as its Ohio, but are not quite as much inclined to run elongated when conditions of soil and weather are unfavorable. The flesh is of extreme whiteness, both raw and when cooked. The potatoes grow closely to the plant and are therefore easily harvested. Altho the Early Six Weeks is such an extremely early variety, it is a splendid keeper, remaining sound until late in spring without wilting or sprouting. This variety is not as much affected by the ravages of potato bugs, as its leaves do not seem to be as tender as those of other kinds; nor is it as sensitive to blight as these. In planting Six Weeks one has less worry and expense in fighting fungus diseases and bugs than with most other potatoes. Because of its earliness and productiveness, it is a very profitable variety to plant for the market.

HYBRIDIZED POTATO SEED.

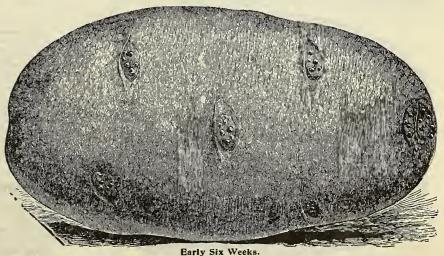
Growing new sorts from the seed-ball seed is a very interesting employment for old and young. There is the widest range of difference in color, shape and general characteristics between the different seedlings; every one is more or less unlike all the others. It is from this seed that new varieties are originated. The result is often extremely profitable. Directions for planting, cultivating, etc., on each packet. Price: Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, postpaid.

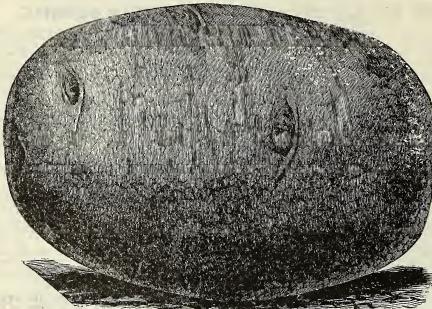
A word to you about your great Faribault Mammoth Prize Potatoes, of which I bought a peck from you this spring. I raised 8 full bushels of fine large potatoes from this one peck. I can recommend them to anybody. Will send you another order soon.

R. A. BRUMMOND, Buffalo Lake, Minn.

The three bushels of Faribault Mammoth Prize Potatoes I bought of you last May, brought me 120 bushels, the best yield I ever had on polatoes. I am very much pleased with them.

A. W. CARPENTER, Chamberlain, S. D.





Farlbault Mammoth Prize.

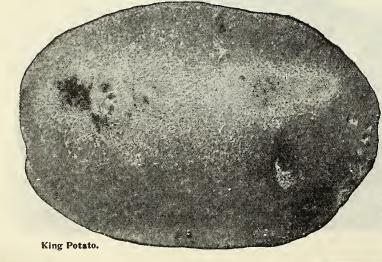
SIR WALTER RALEIGH.

One of Mr. Carman's latest and best introductions—a seedling of the Rural New Yorker No. 2. It must be acknowledged that Mr. Carman has originated some of the most popular varieties of potatoes now grown, notably the Rural New Yorker No. 2. and the Carman. Sir Walter Raleigh resembles the Rural in shape, but is a little more buff in color; the flesh is also whiter. It is from four to six days earlier than the Rural, and the tubers are more uniform with practically no small ones, every one being of marketable size. This variety is the whitest fleshed and finest grained Potato, exceeding even the Snow Flake. At the originator's trial grounds it proved to be the best and heaviest cropper of 49 varieties. It is unquestionably the best of its type, being not only the tinest eating potato, but also the heaviest yielder. also the heaviest yielder.

BURBANK'S SEEDLING.

As its name indicates, this variety was originated by Luther Burbank, the famous plant breeder, who certainly deserves due credit for originating so many splendid varieties of vegetables. The Burbank potato, altho introduced so many years ago is still a great favorite with all first class hotels, restaurants, dining cars, and wherever a first class potato is appreciated. On account of its long smooth and handsome form the Burbank is one of the best potatoes for baking, as it bakes thru more thoroly and in considerably less time than other varieties. Furthermore, being large, long and very smooth, with eyes flushing with the surface it peels easily and with least waste, a feature that certainly should be considered. On account of such valuable qualities it is one of the best sellers on the market. This potato has but very few and shallow eyes—while the skin is of a transparent yellowish white color, never getting rough or scabby. In maturing the

yellowish white color, never getting rough or scabby. In maturing the Burbank is medium late, two weeks earlier than Carman. We offer an improved and bred-up strain of the Burbank, which should not be compared with the long and spindly, run-out kind generally offered.

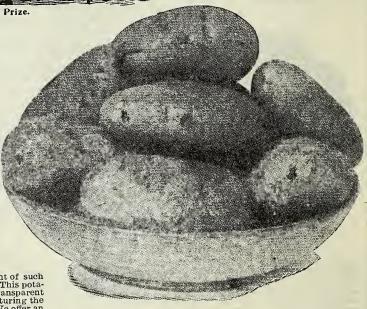


FARIBAULT MAMMOTH PRIZE.

We consider this new Potato the most valuable of all our introductions, for it excels in great productiveness and in choice table quality. It has distinguished itself as a perfect disease-resisting variety, never getting scabby, and on account of being of such a strong and vigorous growth, it is but little affected by the ravages of potato bugs. The Mammoth Prize is, beyond doubt, the largest choice eating potatoin cultivation. It is of an oblong, almost oval form, as shown in the illustration, and is of a yellowish-white color; is perfectly white fleshed and a grand cooker, retaining its floury whiteness even when cold. The potato is late in maturing and ripens with the Carman. Growers for the market will not find another variety that is as productive and as profitable to grow as the Faribault Mammoth Prize. Mammoth Prize.

RURAL NEW YORKER NO. 2.

Is a large, white-skinned variety, oval in form, and rather flat; flesh is white and close-grained, solid and of the very best quality; it cooks dry and floury; eyes are few and shallow. The tubers are large and the smoothest and cleanest of all Potatoes grown. Although it is a large yielder, it grows but few and small vines. It is very hardy and will stand the heaviest manuring without getting rough or see by. without getting rough or scabby.



Burbank Seedling.

KING POTATO.

This potato may rightly be called the King of the potato family on account of its many superior qualities. It is a handsome shaped medium late potato maturing about two weeks earlier than Rural New Yorker and other varieties of the common class. As it always comes to full maturity no matter how unfavorable the seasons are, it posesses the greatest keeping qualities and will stay nice and firm until new potatoes come into the market again. The tubers are uniformly large and oblong, very smooth and handsome, the skin being light pink to flesh color. It is not apt to become scabby, even if the ground is heavily manured. The potatoes are very firm, fine grained with pure white flesh when cooked, it is very white and mealy, and does not boil to piecee easily, like so many mealy varieties. The King is also splendid for baking. The King is the hardiest of all potatoes, and suffers less from blight, ravages of potato bugs, etc., than other kinds, as it is of such vigorous growth and produces such strong vines. In 1916, King yielded 200 to 300 bus, per acre.

Second Sized Seed Potatoes.

As we had a large demand for second sized seed potatoes last fall, our stock of these in most varieties is almost exhausted. We have a limited quantity of them in the Faribault Mammoth Prize and Early Ohlo, and shall be pleased to quote prices upon application.

FOR PRICES ON SEED POTATOES, SEE OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST.

"STANDARD" GARDEN TOOLS.

These splendld tools have gained wide popularity within a very few years on account of their sterling worth and moderate price at which they

1. All tools are well made of the best material and fully guaranteed. Illustrated catalog free on request. sell.

"STANDARD" No. 9 Double and Single Wheel Hill and Drill Seeder, Cultivator, Hoe, Plow and Rake.

A splendid tool with all latest improvements. Is easily changed from a double to a single wheel cultivator, and with the hill and drill seeder attachments combines three practical tools in one. The tool will not only deliver seed in drills, but by shifting one part only, will drop in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 and 24 inches apart. Seeder is driven with steel chain. Equipment includes four shovels, one pair hoes, one pair diamends.



"STANDARD" No. 11 Hill and Drill Seeder.

TANDARD" No. 11 Hill and John State State This is tool No. 9 set up as a hill and drill seeder only, no other atherents. Seed planted with "Standard" seeders is in perfect condiments. Seed planted with "Standard" seeders is in perfect condimentary after the plants are up. Price: tachments. Seed planted with "Standard" seeders is in perfection to cultivate to the best advantage after the plants are up. \$9.50.

"STANDARD" No. 20 Single Wheel Cultivator.



BARKER WEEDER, MULCHER AND **CULTIVATOR.** Three Tools in One.

Makes Gardening Easy and Insures Best Yields.

Makes Gardening Easy and Insures Best Yields.
The one implement every gardener should have, whether raising produce as a business or for the table.

The Barker Weeder, Mulcher and Cultivator is the only garden tool which will form a complete, porous and level soil mulch for conserving the moisture and holding it at the root of the growing plant where it assists in forming the nutrient solution, from which plants draw their nourishment. This soil mulch is also of such an even granulation that it readily permits complete aeration of the ground, allowing the noxious gases to escape. No other garden implement will do the work accomplished by the "Barker"—do it so thoroly and with so little labor.

Eight reel blades, working in combination with the knife passing under the surface, do the work. "Best weed killer ever used." Easy to operate, no delicate parts to get out of order. Enables you to safely get close to the plants and to do scientific, intense cultivation—makes gardening pay.

dening pay.

No. 6D—Cultivates strip 6 inches wide. Price \$5.00.

No. 8½D—Cultivates strip 8½ inches wide. Price \$6.20.

No. 10D—Cultivates strip 10 in. wide. price \$7.00.

No. 11D-Cultivates strip 11 in. wide. Price \$7.60.

No. 66D-Cultivates 6 inch strip on each side of row. Price \$10.00.

All parts and workmanship guaranteed for five years. Illustrated, descriptive catalog of Barker Weeders free upon request.



Standard', No. 4 Single and Double Wheel Cultivator.

This tool is light weight yet strong enough to last a life time; can be changed in a minute from a double wheel, for cultivating astride the rows, to a single wheel, to cultivate between rows. With wheels 16 inches high and attachments the proper shape, a child can run the tool.

When set up either as a single or double wheel, the wheels can be adjusted up or down to gauge the Price: Complete \$7.25. Without rakes and leaf guards \$6.50 depth of work; the handles are also ad-justable for height to suit boy or man. Equipment includes four shovels, pair hoes, one pair diamonds, 1 pair rakes and 2 leaf guards.

"STANDARD" No. 2 Spring Beam Cultivator. This spring beam, double wheel tool is a great favorite with all who

use it, owing to the fact that the attachments when in use are entirely under operator's control. The handles under operator's control. The handles being botted to the spring beams allow them to be moved to and from each other very easily. In cultivating plants in hills the attachments can be worked in and out between the plants, doing the closest work possible to be done with a wheel hoe. Arch clears the ground 15 inches and is adjustable in width from 7 to 11 inches. Wheels are 16 in. high 16 16 in. high with 1 inch tires. With Price: Complete tires \$6.50. attachments as follows: 4 shovels.

"STANDARD" Three-Shovel Attachment.

Has three oval blades each 1½ inches wide and 8 inches long, made and finished same as regular attachments. Will interchange and work on Standard No. 20 cultivator or on any of our single-wheel tools. Handles easily and does perfect work. A trial will convince you that this tool is a good one. Price 65 c.

"STANDARD" MIDGET SEEDER.

A NEW SEEDER FOR SMALL GARDENS .- Will drill out clean a 5 cent package of seed just as well as a larger quantity. Will attach to any "Standard" single wheel cultivator, or to almost any make of single wheel cultivator having 5½ inches or more space between the shank and wheel cultivator having 5½ inches or more space between the shank and wheel. It attaches with one bolt in the same place and same manner as the cultivating tools. For use in close quarters, in beds or against a fence, or where it is not convenient to use the seeder attached to a cultivator frame, a short wood handle can be fitted to the seeder and used in this manner. Will drill almost any kind of garden seed from the smallest up to peas and beans. While the hopper holds one pint, it will handle and drill out clean a 5c package of seed just as well as a larger amount. An index naming several different varieties of seed is in plain view on top and no trouble to adjust. The shoe is adjustable for any depth desired and the coverer swings so that small clods or a little trash does not interfere with its work.

with its work

1 pair hoes, one pair dia-

monds, 2 raktwo leaf guards and

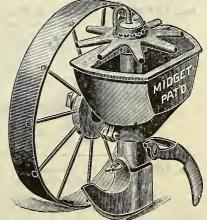
1 wrench.

This seeder is suitable for the man with a small home garden and is just as useful and efficient as a garden plow. It is entirely set up

and ready for use when it leaves the factory and the only thing necessary, is to bolt it to the plow frame. It has but few parts and the necessary adjustments are easary adjustments are ea-sily made. If you have use for a garden plow you have use for this seeder attachment. The Standard No. 20 cultivator with the Mid-

get Seeder, makes an ideal tool for the home

Weight when packed pounds. Price only \$2.80.



"PLANET JR." FARM AND GARDEN TOOLS.

Space will not permit our showing and describing all of the "PLANET JR." Tools, but we will send a fully illustrated catalog free for the asking to any who desire it, and we can supply promptly anything ordered. "PLANET JR." goods are well known machines, the best on the market. In sending your order to us, you can rely on getting bottom prices.

No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow.



the season, at eve stage of garden work. Price:

Complete \$12.75. No. 4D, as a drill only, \$10.00.

No. 60 Planet Jr. Double Wheel Onion Hoe. Price: \$4.75.

This new tool is a departure from all previous wheel hoes. It is adjustable for the complete culture of onions, or general hoeing. The new all-steel hoes are a decided improvement over the older models.

We offer a special Onion Harvest= er for this tool. Price: \$1.50.

No. 33 Planet Jr. Single Wheel Hoe. Price: \$3.50.

(The No. 31 without Seeder.)

This combination will delight the suburbanite, the growing boy, women, younger or older, who will find it a light running wheel hoe that will save them hard work and help much to supply the table with fine vegetaoles. This hoe is constantly useful from spring to fall.



No. 31 Planet Jr. Combined Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe. Price: Complete, \$8.00. This new tool is of great value to gar-

COORDON! deners who have never felt able to own either a seed drill or a wheel hoe. It will sow even a small packet of garden seed with great precision. Quickly changed to a splendid wheel hoe. A special machine for the No. 32, As a Drill Seeder only, \$6.00 small gar-dener. It No. 33, As Wheel Hoe only, \$3.25. is thoroly well made and offered at a price that makes it pay the smallest gardener.

No. 107 Planet Jr. 7-Tooth Plain Cultivator. \$7.75. Plain Cultivator, Less Wheel, \$7.25.



however, does not show.
This cultivator is very simple and no danger of its getting out of order.

No. 103 Planet Jr. Horse Hoe. With Plain Wheel, \$7.75. No. 103D HORSE HOE, LESS WHEEL, \$6.75.

A new light, but very strong horse hoe that will appeal to farmers and gardeners. The expander lever, instead of standing perpendicular, slants backward between the handles, so that it cannot get bent or broken. Similar to the above, but has 5 cultivator teeth, and one pair 6-inch Turning Shovels and one 7-inch Shovel extra.

No. 25 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, and Double Wheel Hoe. Price \$15.50.

This new combined machine is intended for a class of gardeners who ad machine is intended for a class of gardeners who have a large enough acreage in crops for a double wheel hoe to be used to good advantage, and yet prefer not to buy a separate wheel hoe. As a drill it is almost identical with No. 4, and as a hoe it is the same as No. 12. The change from drill to wheel hoe takes but a moment, and the entire combination is one we can recommend. Will sow in drills any thickness or drop in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart; it is very accurate in planting all kinds of gardenseeds. Two acres per day can easily be worked with this implement. The sim-

this implement. The simplicity of this tool, both as a seeder and as a wheel hoe makes the combination thoroly practical.

No. 3 Planet Jr. Hill and Drill Seeder. \$12.00.

This seeder is the latest and most perfect development of the hand seed drill. It sows evenly in drills and also drops in hills, 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart. No time is lost; no seed is wasted. It is quickly set to sow different kinds of seeds in the thickness desired. The accurate hill dropping drill, which gives a regular stand of plants with the least seed saves its cost over and over in seed alone. Is fitted with 15 inch steel driving wheel. The hopper holds three quarts. The special force feed works equally well whether sowing with only an ounce or full hopper. We guarantee this drill to be more accurate than any other made and to give entire satisfaction. give entire satisfaction

No. 12 Planet Jr. Double Wheel Hoe.



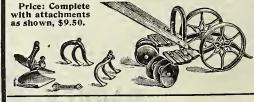
Price: \$8.00. - With rakes 75c a pair extra.

No. 13 Planet Jr. Double Wheel Hoe. \$5.50.

This tool is the No. 12 with the six-inch hoes only, these being the ls that are most generally used. Any or all of the other tools may be added at any time.

No. 14 Planet Jr. Double and Single Wheel Disc Hoe, Cultivator and Plow. Price \$9.50.

This new tool will give excellent satisfaction. There are three discs This new tool will give excellent satisfaction. There are three discs on each side, which may be all used at once, or one or two on a side, as preferred. With the leaf lifters the work can be done without danger of injuring the plants. Discs are adjustable for depth and to throw to rfrom the row. The set of prong cultivator teeth will be found invaluable for general cultivation. The plows are used for furrowing and for overland the control of the contr



covering, for plowing away plowing away and plowing back. A splen-did tool. The frame is all steel. Two ac-res a day can easily be work-ed with this implement.

No. 90 Planet Jr. 12-Tooth Harrow, Cultivator and Pulverizer. Complete \$11.00. No. 90B, Without Pulverizer \$9.00.

No. 90D, Without Pulv. or Wheel \$7.25 An invaluable tool in the market gar-An invaluable tool in the market gar-den, truck and strawberry patches. Has new steel wheel which prevents clogg-ing. Its 12 chisel-shaped teeth cut out all weeds, stir-and mellow the

soil and leave the ground in the finest condition.



UNIVERSAL COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER.

Our Style No. 22 Universal Sprayer, is positively the only compressed air sprayer manufactured that is guaraneed to operate at a pressure of sixty (60) to eighty (80) pounds. One charge of air is sufficient to generate enough pressure to discharge the entire contents of tank without continuous pumping. This is a feature which is not only time saver, but does away with a great deal of labor, inasmuch as the operator is thru with work, as far as pumping he machine is concerned, after the first charge of air. This machine is equipped with an all brass pump and has all he latest improvements found on any compressed air sprayer. The tank is substantially riveted at intervals of every inches through the entire side. It is guaranteed to spray all solutions, including insecticides, disinfectants, etc., and can be used to excellent advantage for a small whitewashing job, where required. Machine furnished complete with three (2) feet of the pluy disphayes hose. Autopop cock, and otherwise complete required. with three (3) feet of five ply discharge hose. Auto-pop cock, and otherwise complete ready for operation.

DIRECTIONS-Fill sprayer within 3 or 4 inches of top with spraying material, pump 30 or 40 long strokes and

he machine is ready for spraying. One charge of air is generally sufficient to empty tank of entire contents, spraying continuously at high pressure. Net weight, 9 pounds. Gross weight, 10 pounds

UNIVERSAL COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER, WITH GALVANIZED TANK, PRICE \$6.50. UNIVERSAL COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYER, WITH ALL BRASS TANK, PRICE \$9.00. EXTRA SPRAY NOZZLE NO. 319.... PRICE 85c.

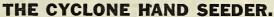


THE YCLONE SEED SOWER

THE MYSTIC SPRAYER.

Just the thing for the garden and house plants. sprayers work to perfection and are sure to give satisfaction.

Made entirely of brass and will not rust. The best hand sprayer for applying liquids and insecticides to poultry houses and live stock. Shipping weight 2 lbs. Price: Brass Sprayer, 85c. - Same sprayer made of tln, 60c, not prepaid.



A machine which should be on every farm, as it is a great labor saver. It is simple, light but strong, and with ordinary care will last a life time. It will sow Timothy, Clover, Millet and Grass Seeds of all kinds, as well as Flax, Wheat, Rye, Oats Buckwheat, Turnips, and all other seeds and fertilizers perfectly even. Any desired quantity, from one quart to three bushels, can be sown per acre by following the directions on every machine. This seeder will pay for itself in the saving of seed and labor in one-half hour's use. Shipping weight 4 pounds. Price: Only \$1.50.—We offer this seeder as a premlum with \$20.00 worth of Clover-Grass Mixtures ordered from pages 17, 18 and 19, at catalog prices.

THE MICHIGAN WHEELBARROW SEEDER.

This seeder has all the good qualities that any other seeder has—yes it has many superior ones. The wind may blow while you sow, because the seed is carried so low that the wind has no chance to bother it. Altho the scallest the feed of the feed, because this is controlled by an improved force-feed roll driven by the wheel. There is no guessing as to whether

the ground has been covered, because every spot of ground the seeder passed over is evenly sprinkled, as the seed has to fall but a short distance.

THE ACME POWDER GUN.

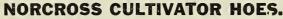
Consists of a tight valveless bellows equipped with a distributing tube or nozzle, a funnel, a spreader for diffusing the spray, and an elbow for placor nozzle, a funnel, a spreader for diffusing the spray, and an ellow for placing the spray on the under side of the leaves. Handles of convenient length, bellows of fine russet leather, bellows sides basswood, painted vermillion. Directions on each gun. The only practical, efficient method of applying the principles of dry spraying by hand methods at a reasonable price. Shipping weight 3 lbs. Price 85c, not prepaid.



THE "RAPID" PLANT SETTER.

THE ONLY HAND MECHANICAL PLANT SETTER ON THE MARKET.

Is built on scientific principles throut. Its conical jaws are made of heavy sheet steel and the main body or water reservoir and plant tube of heavy tinned plate. The water valve is of brass with rubber packing. The machine is well put together and will last for years. No stooping when using it, therefore no lame back. All kinds of plants such as Cabbage, Tobacco, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Strawberries, Sweet Potatoes, Sugar Beets, etc., are set in water and covered at one operation. The plant roots are put down to the proper depth below the surface where the ground is roots are put used to the proper depth leich white surface where the ground is cool and damp. You never have to wait for a shower, plants may be safely set out when large enough, regardless of the weather—no matter how dry and dusty the ground may be. Every farmer and truck grower should have one. Any man with very little practice can easily set out 7,000 to 10,000 plants each day.—Our planter maintains a record of over 998 plants to grow from each 1,000 set. Shipping weight 7 lbs. Price: \$3.75, not prepaid.



The most useful of all garden tools. "Norcross" Cultivator Hoes and Weeders are like a human hand, the fingers of which work carefully around the delicate plants very closely without injuring them, stirring the soil to any depth and leaving it level and loose without a footprint upon it. The middle prong is often removed and rows straddled. No other type of garden tool embraces so many features. The prongs are made of best spring steel, and are detachable. The "Norcross" is the only Cultivator-Hoe having a detachable socket by means of which handle with socket may be disconnected and the Cultivator-Hoe used as a wheel plow attachment. This tool will be greatly appreciated by every farmer and owner of a garden. Price: 5 prong tool 75c, weight 2 lbs. — Midget Weeder, 3 prongs, short handle, 25c each, weight 12 ounces. — Universal wheel hoe attachment, 10c each, not prepaid.



It Kills Gophers. It's the only way—you can't trap or shoot enough to make any impression on the increase. But Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Polson will clean them out in a day. Its odor attracts them. The sweet taste suits them. The tiniest particle eaten kills instantly. Its the one absolutely sure way to destroy gophers, prairie dogs, squirrels, mice, etc.

Kill-Em-Quick is the most economical to use. It's the safest. There's no danger in preparing,—simply soak the grain over night, drain in the morning, pour the box of Kill-Em-Quick Powder in and stir thoroly. Then drop, a few kernels of grain into their holes. Next day every gopher in your field will be dead. Or, if you want to collect a bounty drop the grain 4 or 5 feet from the holes. No gopher will ever travel 4 feet after eating Kill-Em-Quick.

We unreservedly guarantee that Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick is not only the cheapest gopher poison you or any other man can use, but the most effective you can use at any price. Kill-Em-Quick comes in two sizes: enough to Aures and 80 acres enough to kill 1.000 and 2.000 gophers. Backed by a cash

you or any other man can use, but the most effective you can use at any price. Kill-Em-Quick comes in two sizes; enough for 40 acres and 80 acres; enough to kill 1,000 and 2,000 gophers. Backed by a cash guarantee. Full satisfaction or money back. Price: Two sizes, 50c and 75c, prepaid.



"Rapid" Plant Setter.



"Norcross" Cultivator Hoes.



BLATCHFORD'S CALF MEAL.

Raise your calves on Blatchford's Calf Meal and sell the high priced milk. 100 pounds of Calf Meal makes 100 pounds of rich milk substitute. Blatchford's Calf Meal prevents souring, insures early maturity, costs only one-third as much as new milk, and raises the finest calves. It is made from locust bean meal, pure flax seed ground with the oil in, wheat flour, ground peas and beans, cocoanut meal, fenugreek, dried milk, and salt. A trial will convince you of its merit. It will put the finest finishing touches on your calves for the County or State Fair. Explicit feeding directions on every bag. Compliance with them will insure perfect results. 25 lb. bag \$1.25, 50 lb. bag \$2.25, 100 lb. bag \$4.50. 50 lb. bag \$2.25 100 lb. bag \$4.50.

BLATCHFORD'S PIG MEAL.

The milk-equal weaning food for little pigs. Start them on Pig Meal when they are three weeks old and see them develop evenly and rapidly into big boned, husky porkers. There won't be any runts. One pound of Blatchford's Pig Meal is equal in feeding value to a gallon of high priced whole fresh dairy milk and costs only a fraction as much. You will be surprised what a difference this will make in the quick development of your pigs. They will soon be healthy and thrifty shotes and will turn rapidly into heavy weights. Breeders of show stock are using Pig Meal in producing grand champions. Blatchford's Pig Meal fed twice a day will keep your pigs in the prime of health add prevent disease. It will put them in the right kind of trim so that you can show at the fairs any time. 25 lb. bag \$1.25, 50 lb. bag \$2.25, 100 lb. bag \$4.50.



INSECTICIDES AND FUNGICIDES.

The man who sprays his fruit trees, small fruit plants and potatoes Intelligently Is the one who will have the bumper yield to send to the market. The large increase in the number of insects and the various kinds of fungus attacking fruit trees and plants, as well as potatoes, thruout the country, makes it absolutely necessary for the farmer and grower to protect his crop by the proper use of insecticides.

Prices quoted on this page are not prepaid. We can send items quoted by the pound by parcel post if postage is sent according to the zone system. Be sure to allow extra postage for weight of packing.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE.

This is the greatest remedy against potato blight which so often destroys our potato crops. The first sign of blight is when the leaves begin to curl and get yellow spotted, which spreads quickly until the entire plant is wilted, before the potatoes are one-third matured. This blight can be prevented entirely by spraying with Bordeaux Mixture. Bordeaux spraying also prevents mildew and other fungus on small fruit. By adding Arsenate of Lead, described below, one can spray for potato bugs at the same time. Thin 3 to 4 pounds of Arsenate of Lead gradually and add this to the Bordeaux Mixture. Stir well and your spray is ready. Bordeaux Mixture is diluted 25 to 50 times with water. Full directions with order. Price: 1 quart can 40c, 1 gallon can \$1.00, 5 gallon can \$4.50, not prepald. If shipped alone add 15c for boxing. Cannot be shipped during extremely cold weather.

ARSENATE OF LEAD.

This is a general insecticide for all leaf-eating insects and is superior to other poisons because it contains the arsenic in exactly the right proportion and the proper chemical combination, thus insuring a material that will not scorch or injure the foliage, but is sure death to insects feeding on the leaves. It is extremely immiscible in water and will combine readily with Lime Sulphur and Bordeaux Mixture. Very effective on account of its adhesiveness. On small fruits and shrubs use 2 to 3 pounds to every 50 gallons of water. Price: One pound jar 25c, 5 lb. jar \$1.00, 10 lb. keg \$1.75, not prepald.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION.

This is a universal fungicide and insecticide for destroying San Jose Scale, bitterrot, apple-scale, leaf-spot, cancer worm, bark louse and mildew. Spraying should be done according to the nature of the pest before the buds open, when in full bloom, after the fruit has set, and after the leaves have dropped. Use from 1 to 1½ gallons of our Lime Sulphur Solution to 50 gallons of water. Price: 1 gallon can 70c, 5 gal. can \$3.00, ½ barrel \$7.50.

FISH OIL SOAP—(Commonly called Whale Oil Soap.) Makes an excellent wash for trees and plants where insects and eggs affect the k. Also smeared on trees to prevent worms crawling up. Price: 1 lb. carton 25c, 5 lbs. bulk \$1.00, not prepaid.

KILLS Sulpho-Tobacco

Soap BUGS SLUG SHOT, HAMMOND'S—A combination of the most potent insecticides and soluble plant foods. It destroys all insects injurious to house and garden plants, shrubs, trees, vines, potatoes and other vegetables as well as small fruit plants; the poisonous to insects, does not injure the foliage in the least. Price: 5 lbs. 40c, 10 lbs. 75c, 25 lbs. or more at 6c per lb., not prepaid.—Sug Shot in 1 lb. cartons with perforated top, ready for use, each 15c, not prepaid.—Each 30c, prepaid. SULPHO TOBACCO SOAP-A cheap, effective and harmless insecticide, quickly exterminating all insect life on

plants and flowers, in and out of doors and acts as a valuable fertilizer, reviving plant life. Rids the house of cockroaches, and is a superior wash for all animals. Prevents poultry lice. Price: 3 oz. cake, sufficient for 1½ gallons prepared solution, 10c, not prepaid.—Prepaid 13c.—8 oz. cake, 20c, not prepaid.—Prepaid, 30c.

HELLEBORE, Powdered—For the destruction of slugs, worms, caterpillers, etc. Less poisonous than Paris Green and safer against currant worms, to be dusted on while the plants are wet from dew or rain. Can be used as a powder or dissolved, 1 oz. in 3 gallons of water. Price: Lb. 25c, 5 lbs. \$1.00, 10 lbs. \$1.75, not prepaid.

FLOWERS OF SULPHUR—This is a very effective and at the same time a very inexpensive remedy against lice on chickens and other fowl. A little of this mixed in with wood ashes for dust bath will keep chickens free from lice. The rumes of sulphur scattered on a shovelful of burning coal kills insect life and disease germs. Price: Lb. 10c, 10 lbs. 75c, 25 lbs. \$1.60, not prepaid.

TOBACCO DUST—Destroys rose bugs, lice, cut-worms, vine bugs, tomato worms, currant worms, cabbage lice and parasites of all descriptions. Should be applied when foliage is wet. Also used as a fertilizer for plants and vines, causing a healthy, vigorous growth; will not injure the plants. Lb. 10c, 5 lbs. 40c, 10 lbs. 75c, 100 lbs. \$4.00, not p'p'd. KEROSENE ENULSION—A safe and sure remedy for all Lice and Flies that infest plants and trees. It will destroy the Mealy Bug, Squash Bug, Oyster Shell Scale and all insects taking their nourishment openly so as to be within reach of actual contact with insecticide. It is put up in concentrated form, and dilutes with water from 10 to 30 times its bulk. Apply with a sprayer. Price: One quart can 40c, one gallon can \$1.00, not prepald.

LIVE STOCK TONIC-This preparation consists entirely of matter such as medicinal herbs and roots in powder form, compounded in the right proportion to aid digestion, purify the blood and to keep the body in a healthy condition. It not only creates a good appetite but also helps to build bone and muscle, and increases the weight of live stock wonderfully. With the aid of this digestion compound, run-down stock, such as cows, hogs and horses can be built up in a very short time, and are fit to be entered at the Fairs and Live Stock Shows. Ration for Horses, Cows and Steers 4 pound, mixed with other feed once a day. For young animals about one-half of this quantity. For young pigs, as soon as weaned, one tablespoonful mixed in the feed or swill. For larger pigs feed according to size, two tablespoonfuls to 4 pound per day. To stimulate the egg production of poultry add 4 pound to every 4 quarts of mash. Price: 5 pounds 75c, 10 pounds \$1.20, 25 pounds \$2.50, 50 pounds \$4.00, not prepaid.

5 pounds 75c, 10 pounds \$1.20, 25 pounds \$2.50, 50 pounds \$4.00, not prepaid.

"HUMANE" DEHORNING PENCIL—To dehorn calves makes them more gentle, they can be fed in a much smaller space, and it don't take half the room to house them in the winter; they will sell for \$2.00 more per head if dehorned. Sawing horns off of cattle is barbarous, and it should be stopped by dehorning them while young. Calves should be dehorned when 5 to 20 days of age, 5 to 10 preferable. Every pencil is warranted to dehorn 40 calves, if used according to directions. It acts without pain or loss of appetite. The manufacturer agrees to forfeit \$5.00 for every calf from 5 to 20 days old which his dehorning pencil fails to dehorn. Price: Per pencil 60c, 3 for \$1.50, postpaid.

GARDEN TROWEL—An indispensible tool to everyone who has a vegetable and flower garden. The "Neverbrable and price is very low. Five Inch trowel 10c, not prepaid. Weight 1 pound. If wanted by mail, add postage.



Calf Dehorned With Dehorning Pencil.



INCUBATORS AND BROODERS.



The Faribault "Double Wall" Incubator.

Our Faribault Incubators are built of first class clear Redwood, well seasoned, and Our Faribault Incubators are built of first class clear Redwood, well seasoned, and perfectly dried lumber thruout. They are double walled with a half inch dead-air space between. The outer walls are one inch thick. On the inner side of each is placed a heavy layer of 3 ply rosin-sized building felt. This brings the total thickness to two inches; the dead air acting as an insulator, assists in retaining a uniform temperature in the egg chamber. The tops and bottoms are constructed with double lumber and a heavy layer of asbestos additional. Redwood or other odorless wood, only, is used in the inner case construction. The outer case is made of clear selected California Redwood, which is filled and varnished, leaving same in a most attractive natural wood finish, resembling the finest Rosewood. There are no knotty or otherwise defective bords used in making our incubators. The door is fitted with double glass (air space between) thru which the thermometer can be easily read

SYSTEM OF HEATING—We furnish combination hot-water and hot-air heaters with our incubators. These have been proven most economical in the consumption of oil, heating the chamber in one-third the usual time, and maintaining a uniform temperature. A large copper hot-water tank is used and the surplus hot-air is utilized by a coil of pipe circling around the top of the machine.

TEMPERATURE IN THE EGG CHAMBER—In no other incubator can the temperature be retained so uniformly as in the "Faribault". The combination heating system is the only practical one, as it eliminates overheated centers and cold corners. The hot-water boilers and tanks are constructed of heavy cold rolled copper, and will stand 20 years service or more.

OUR SAFETY LAMP—The burner is of heavy brass, provided with ventilating tubes extending from oil-chamber to top of wick, and carrying off all gases. The oil fount is of heavy galvanized iron, is extra large, and fitted with a galvanized chimney containing mica window. There is absolutely no danger of explosion or catching fire with our safety lamp. The flame is always in sight without removing lamp or chimney.

THE NURSERY—A nursery for the newly hatched chickens is fitted under the egg trays of our "Faribault" incubators. Here the chicks can be housed, warm and comfortable for 36 hours before introduction to the brooder.

REGULATION OF TEMPERATURE—We use the compound Hydro-Wafer Regulator on our "Faribault" incubators. Thru years of experience, we have found this to be the most reliable regulation. It is easily adjusted and positively regulates the temperature to within a fraction of a degree thruout the entire period of incubation.

CAPACITY—We make two sizes, with 120 and 240 respective, eggs capacity. The most practical size to buy is the 240 egg machine, even though you want to hatch but 50 or 100 eggs, it has been proven that the large machines give the better satisfaction, especially in regard to regulating and ventilating. However, both machines are built alike and have the same improvements.

PRICES—You can't buy a better incubator than the "Faribault" but you can pay a better price for a poorer incubator.

No. 1—Capacity 125 eggs, weight crated 100 pounds........\$13.00. No. 2—Capacity 250 eggs, weight crated 140 pounds.......\$15.50.

NOTICE—We furnish with each "Faribault" incubator the following parts:
One high grade tested thermometer.
One egg tester. One safety lamp, with heavy brass burner. Egg trays.

Chimney and Swing Lamp bracket, Double wafer automatic regulator and complete directions

FARIBAULT JUNIOR INCUBATOR.

For those who want a lower priced incubator, we have constructed our "Faribault Junior." This is in every way a practical machine, and for the price we ask you cannot duplicate it anywhere. It has double wails thruout, extra well made of seasoned wood, and is fitted with a double glass door. The outer wall is of first class dressed lumber, lined with a heavy layer of insulating felt; the inner wall is of a special composition board. The "Faribault Junior" is a hot water machine, otherwise its system and fixtures are the same as used in our "Faribault" machine. You run or risk with this incubator, we guarantee it to give satisfaction if instructions are followed, or return your money thirty days after making your first hatch.

PRICES-No. 11, capacity 245 eggs, weight crated 100 pounds.... \$10.25.

HOT WATER INDOOR BROODER.

This brooder is made very much like the hot air indoor style with the exception that it is fitted with a hot water tank and boiler made of heavy cold rolled copper similar to the tank we use in our incubators. The boiler and lamp are on the outside, therefore no smoke or foul air use in our incubators. The boiler and lamp are on the outside, therefore no smoke or foul air has any chance to get into the brooder. This brooder has two apartments, one is the hover, the other the exercising room.

There is at all times a circulation of the hot water in the boiler and tank; the cooler water goes back into the boiler to be re-heated and then passes thru machine again.



Indoor Brooder.

HOT AIR INDOOR BROODER.

This brooder, altho strictly first-class, is sold at a very low price direct from factory to user. The heat is carried thru pipes made of galvanized iron run along top of brooder thus giving top heat to the chicks. Thru a novel arrangement this fresh air is first warmed before it can enter the brooder, a very important feature. The window is on top of machine and therefore chicks cannot crowd against it, and we also get more light the brooder, a very important result.

The window is on top of indexended and sunshine right into the brooder.

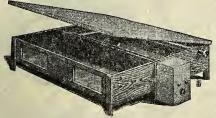
The safety lamp has a large oil fountain, provided with the highest grade burner, and same being on the outside is always in sight and easy to attend to. We are positive that this brooder cannot be excelled by any other that is heated by hot air, and can highly recommend same.

PRICES OF HOT AIR INDOOR BROODERS:—

No. 5—Capacity up to 120 chicks, weight crated 50 pounds

No. 6—Capacity up to 240 chicks, weight crated 75 pounds

\$6.00



Outdoor Brooder.

THE FARIBAULT OUTDOOR BROODER.

No. 9—Capacity 120 chicks, with galvanized iron roof, weight crated 75 lbs. \$6.25.
No. 10—Capacity 240 chicks, with galvanized iron roof, weight crated 110 lbs. \$7.50.

All our brooders are shipped complete, with all fixtures, including heater, safety lamp, thermometer, curtain, full directions, etc.

ALL REPAIRS FOR ABOVE MACHINES AT LOW PRICES.

The setting of Rhode Island Red eggs arrived in fine condition some time ago. I have eleven fine chicks, just four weeks old today. Am well pleased with the flock. Thanks for your trouble and kindness.

MRS. J. MYERS

Am well pleased with the Brooder received from you, obtained the best results with machine.

FRED L. FINCH, Dell Rapids. S. D. the machine. Shipment of eggs arrived here in best condition, also the oyster shells. Thanks for C. G. HACKBARTH, Anselmo, Neb,

Ridgelawn, Mont. promptness.

THOROBRED POULTRY.

No man can have a real farm without chickens and no progressive farmer can afford to have any but pure-bred stock. The foundation strains of all our flocks is what we consider the best to be had in the whole country; we have not spared expense and some of our breeding pens have cost us well upwards of a hundred dollars. While we have tried to breed birds that would make winners in the show room, and have succeeded as our ribbons demonstrate, we have never lost sight of the fact that the mission of the chicken is first to lay eggs, and the breeding of layers is our first aim. We have succeeded in that too and the weather is never too cold for our hens to furnish the table with fine large eggs.



All orders for stock or eggs must be accompanied by cash. We do not ship eggs before March 15th, as satisfactory fertility from any flock is questionable before that time. Every care is used in collecting and packing eggs for hatching against chilling or breaking, and we deliver orders in good condition to express company, the customer to pay charges. In matter of fertility, we will replace all orders at one-half price where there are five or more clear eggs in a setting (15 eggs) on the 10th day of incubation.

CRYSTAL WHITE ORPINGTON.

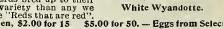
This fine large fowl is in great demand at the present time and is considered to be one of the very best and most extensively bred. They have single comb, flesh colored legs and skin. The Orpingtons are an excellent general fowl. They are next to the non-sitting varieties for layers and produce more winter eggs than any other breed. They are good sitters, yet not persistently broody. Chicks are hardy, active and easy to raise. They mature early and are splendid for broiler purposes. Eggs from "Utility" pen, \$2.50 for 15, \$6.25 for 50.— Eggs from "Select" breeding pen, \$4.50 per 15.

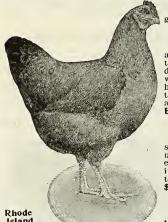
BUFF ORPINGTON.

These fowls are similar to the White Orpingtons, but are buff thruout and breed true to color. They are excellent layers. Price same as White Orpington.

SINGLE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED.

A beautiful American breed which has in a comparatively short time become one of the most popular. They are of good size and are excellent nesters—in fact were originated for laying purposes only, and afterwards bred up to their know of. Our Reds we procured from the finest prize-winning strain obtainable and they are "Reds that are red". They are great layers, very healthful, easy to raise and to take care of. Eggs from Utility pen, \$2.00 for 15 \$5.00 for 50.—Eggs from Select breeding pen, \$3.00 per setting of 15.





ROSE COMB RHODE ISLAND RED.

Very similar to the Single Comb breed, but combs are low down and double. They are splendid setters, good, kind, quiet mothers and excellent foragers when on range. Price same as Single Comb Rhode Island Red.

WHITE WYANDOTTE.

This recognized dual-purpose fowl is one of our best layers This recognized dual-purpose fowl is one of our best layers and is raised more for broilers and roasters than any other, as they grow fast and are attractive on the market. The Wyandotte hens are fine setters and persist in laying during the cold weather as well as in the moult. They are gentle and close in habits and are therefore fine for the small run or city lot, althothere are none better for the farm. The pullets mature early and produce the eggs. Eggs from Utility pen, \$1.75 for 15.— Eggs from Select breeding pen, \$2.50 for 15.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK.

This old stand-by breed hardly needs a description, except to This old stand-by breed hardly needs a description, except to state that there is a vast difference between the so-called Plymouth Rocks too often seen, and a thorohred with its true blue, even bars and perfect shape—the result of years of careful breeding. Their large size and steady egg production have made them the standard general purpose fowl. Eggs from Utility pen, \$4.75 for 15. 44.50 for 50. \$1.75 for 15, \$4.50 for 50.

WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK.

Rhode Island Red.

They are a strong rival of the Barred Plymouth Rocks. In the combination of profitable table birds and egg producers they are highly commended. Easily restricted and quiet, their pure tive. Eggs from the Utility pen, \$2.00 for 15.—Eggs from Select breeding pen, \$3.25 for 15.



Anconas:

SINGLE COMB LEGHORNS—WHITE—BUFF—BROWN—AND BLACK.

The active, comnactly built Leghorns hold the title of "Egg Machine" everywhere, and rightly so, for being non-setters, they waste no time, but lay continuously the year around from the time the pullets are five months old. They grow rapidly and require minimum feed and care. They are very hardy, mature early, and make the best broilers in the shortest time of any breed. The four different breeds of Leghorns we are offering resemble each other closely in type and build, but there is the greatest difference in their striking and fascinating colors. Whether white, black, buff or brown, one bird is as pretty as the other. Males and females are always topped off with perfectly formed rosy-red combs.

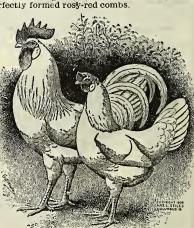
WHITE LEGHORN-Eggs from Utility pen, \$1.50 per 15, \$4.00 per 50. — Eggs from Select breeding pen, \$2.50 per 15, \$4.25 per 30.

BLACK LEGHORN-Eggs from Select breeding pen, \$2.50 per 15, \$4.25 per 30. BUFF LEGHORN-Eggs from Utility pen, \$1.75 per 15.-From Select breeding pen, \$2.50 for 15, \$4.25 for 30. BROWN LEGHORN — Eggs from Utility pen, \$1.50 per 15, \$4.00 per 50. — Eggs from Select breeding pen \$2.25 per 15, \$6.00 per 50. Barred Plymouth Rock.

COCKERELS, White and Brown Leghorn, \$1.75 each.—Black and Buff Leghorn, \$2.25 each.—Ancona \$2.25 each.—Barred and White Plymouth Rock, \$2.25 each

ANCONAS—Mediterranean.

This is the only breed of chickens that ever succeeded in laying more eggs per hen than some of the Leghorn varieties. We have an authentic record of one flock which averaged 256 eggs per hen in I year. The Ancona has a black body with every fith feather tipped white, red comb and wattles with white ear lobes; erect in carriage splendid "rustler" for food but does well in confinement. Eggs from Utility pen, \$2.25 for 15, 30 for \$4.25.



White Leghorn.

POULTRY SUPPLIES AND REMEDIES.

OUR BALANCED-RATION POULTRY FOODS—These prepared poultry foods contain only those sweet, sound grains, which will be aten up clean and with a relish by all poultry, mixed with the right proportion of charcoal, ground bone, shell, etc., to balance the food in order or aid digestion and produce the best results. We find that it pays to feed a balanced ration, even the it may seem a little higher in price than creenings, etc. When you figure it down to the real nutriment contained in both, our prepared foods will not only be found cheaper but more procuetive of desired results and in the shortest space of time. We put up our Balanced-Ration Poultry Foods in two mixtures. "Fine" and "Coarse". They contain the percentage of protein required and are very reasonable in price, considering the high prices of all feed stuffs.

BALANCED-RATION EGG MASH—Nothing

Balanced-Ration Poultry Food, "Fine"—For little hicks. 25 lbs. 90c, 50 lbs. \$1.70, 100 lbs. \$3.20.

Balanced-Ration Poultry Food, "Coarse"—For groweng chickens & laying hens. 50 lbs. \$1.60, 100 lbs. \$3.00.

Balanced-Ration Baby Chick Food—To be fed first 3 of 4 weeks. This is what your chicks need—get them tarted right. A wholesome, properly balanced food hat will nourish the chicks, making them grow rapidly.

10 lb. 50c, 25 lbs. \$1.00, 50 lbs. \$1.75, 100 lbs. \$3.25.

BALANCED-RATION POULTRY MASH—A carefully selected mixture of ground feed, manufactured from the choicest, sound, sweet and wholesome grain, specially desirable for production of eggs. 10 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$2.75.

CRUSHED OYSTER SHELL—The great bone roducer and natural grit. The best shell feed. Acts as tonic to the egg producing power of the hen, as it is almost pure carbonate of lime. 100 lb. sack 70c.

CRUSHED CHARCOAL—Keeps fowls in healthy condition, purifies the blood; aids digestion. Two sizes, coarse and fine. 25 lbs. 75c, 50 lbs. \$1.35, 100 lbs. \$2.50.

CHICK FEED TROUGH

Chick Feed Trough.

100 Lbs Net. BALANCED RATION POULTRY c o FOOD PUT UP BY FARMER SEED CO. FARIBAULT, MINN.

BALANCED-RATION EGG MASH—Nothing is better to stimulate egg production than one feed daily of this mash, and it does it naturally, for it furnishes just those elements a hen desires and must have to produce eggs. 10 lbs. 35c, 50 lbs. \$1.50, 100 lbs. \$2.75.

ALFALFA MEAL-Furnishes green dried vegetable matter, rich in protein, and particular well adapted for feeding all kinds of fowls. Finely ground; easily mixed with mash feeds. 10 lbs. 35c, 50 lbs. \$1.40, 100 lbs. \$2.50.

BLOOD MEAL—A pure blood meal, containing a very high percent of protein, generally acknowledged to be one of the best developers and egg producers. 10 lbs. 60c, 25 lbs. \$1.35. 50 lbs. \$2.20, 100 lbs. \$4.25.

BEEF SCRAPS—Recommended especially for laying hens, ducks and geese. Also promotes rapid, healthy growth with all growing birds. 25 lbs. \$1.20, 50 lbs. \$2.10, 100 lbs. \$4.00.

GRANULATED BONE—Clean and sweet. Manufactured from fresh green bones and thoroly dried. 50 lbs. \$2.00, 100 lbs. \$3.75.

Poultry Marker

SANITARY TWO PIECE DRINKING FOUNTAIN
—Furnishes a constant supply of fresh water which chicks cannot overturn nor get into, Fount is well made of 28-gauge black iron, galvanized after fount is completed; this protects all edges No parts to get out of order. 2 qt. capacity, rusting. each 30c, 4 qts. each 50c, not prepaid.

SANITARY DROP BOTTOM FOUNTAIN—Made of range galvanized steel. Easiest to open and clean, You simp-28-gauge galvanized steel. Easiest to open and clean. You simply hold the fountain with one hand, release the spring with the other hand, and the bottom swings easily open on the "always free from rust" brass hinge rod. The most sanitary fountain on the market. One gallon size. Each 65c, not prepaid.

SANITARY DRY FOOD HOPPER-This food hopper keeps dry mash or beef scraps easily within the reach of fowls. It has a lid, so that it can be closed during the forenoon, which is generally desired by poultrymen made of 28-gauge galvanized steel, with all turned edges painted green to prevent possibility or rusting. Capacity 8 qts. each 80c, not prepald.



SANITARY ROUND BOTTOM GRIT AND SHELL BOX—Most grit and shell boxes have square bottoms, while this grit and shell box has a round bottom, which prevents the fine particles of shell and grit clogging the corners. Can be set on floor or hung on wall. A winner for 60 cents. Capacity 5 quarts. Each 60c, not prepaid.

SANITARY CHICK FEED TROUGH—The only round-bottom trough made. No trouble to keep them clean. The grate slides on and off very easily—a feature not found in other troughs. The grate also serves as a handle, and is so slanted that the chicks cannot roost on it. Size 12 inches 35c, not prepaid. Size 20 inches. capacity 4 quarts. Each 50c not prepaid. Each 50c, not prepaid.

PHILADELPHIA POULTRY MARKER—Well made, with steel spring and cutter, nickelplated. 25c, each postpaid.

ter, nickelplated. 25c, each postpaid.

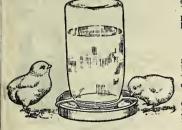
N. W. FOUNTAIN AND FEEDER—Feeds water, grain, grit, etc., automaticalIs easy to fill and operate, as illustrated. Pan is released by lifting trigger. Very easy
to clean. A sanitary fountain. Will fit any size Mason jar. No jars furnished by us. Pans are constructed of heavy iron with a double lead coating.
Will not rust or corrode. These pans will outlast several tin or galvanized
pans, besides being more sanitary. Prices, No. 5, 5 inch pan, each, 15c,
No. 6, 6 inch pan, each 15c. 11 by mail, add 3c each for postage.



Drop Bottom Fountain.



2 Piece Drinking Fountain.



Grit and Shell Box.

N. W. Fountain and Feeder.

Don't Worry! Conkey Will Cure Me

CONKEY'S REMEDIES.

CONKEY'S ROUP REMEDY—For fowis that sneese, gasp and wheeze, also have a watery discharge from the nostrils and eyes. Follow directions on each box and cure will be effected. Treat the first symptons or better still, use as a preventive by putting it in drinking water occasionally. Your money back if it fails to cure when directions are followed. Two sizes, 25c and 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY'S BLACKHEAD REMEDY—Usually develops in young turkey. Marked diarrhea. Lack of interest in food. Head dark in color. General dejected condition. Wings drooped; legs weak; feathers ruffled. Remedy is put right into the drinking water. Price, 50c postpaid.

CONKEY'S CHOLERA REMEDY—For all forms of indigestion and cholera. Placed in drinking water. Direction on box. Two sizes, 25c and 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY'S WHITE DIARRHEA REMEDY—Very successful, both medy and preventive. We advise using this with all incubator chicks as an extra as remedy and preventive. Easily given as it is put right the drinking water. Two sizes, 25c and 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY'S CANKER REMEDY—Hard swelling face, with may show in roof of mouth. Eye distended. Breath foul. growth may show in roof of mouth. Eye distended. Breath foul. Apply with in the mouth and throat, in extreme cases. See directions for using on package. Apply with swap Price 50c, postpaid.

CONKEY'S POULTRY TONIC—For fowls run down, off feed, recovering from disease or during moulting season. Not a food but a medicinal preparation. Keeps hens in the best laying condition. Price, 25c and 50c, per package.

CONKEY'S NOXICIDE—A wonderful disinfectant and germicide. Fine for many purposes—cleaning incubators and brooders, washing founts and troughs and spraying wherever liee, mites or germs present. Three sizes, Pint 35c, qt. 60c, ½ gallon, 90c, not prepaid.

HOOF REMIEDY—For dry poor illshaped and flat hoofs. If direction on package are followed will soon cure lameness in horses cause by poor and brittle hoof. Price 50c, postpaid.

HEAVES CURE-A sure cure for heavey horses if directions are followed.

Price \$1.00, postpaid. HEALING POWDER-The most effective disinfectant and healing powder for old and fresh sores on horses and cattle, such as shoulder bruises, sore necks, etc. Price 25c, postpaid.



Round Bottom Dry Food Hopper.



EXTRA PREMIUMS TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WHY WE GIVE PREMIUMS.—If you had never dealt with the Farmer Seed & Nursery Co., and one of your neighbors came to you and said: "I just received my order of Seeds from that big Faribault Seed House and they surely give you quality, your full money's worth, and then some". How would this strike you? Wouldn't you feel inclined to do likewise?

Nearly all reliable firms aim to give you full money's worth but it's the "then some" that counts. It's making advertisers out of your customers—that's what we want you to do—boost and help advertise "Farmer Brand" Seeds among your friends and neighbors. In appreciation, we gladly give you extra value in the form of useful premiums. Get your friends to join you in an order and secure a good premium for your trouble.

HOW TO CLASSIFY YOUR ORDER.

CLASS 1—Consists of Vegetable or Flower Seeds in packets, ounces, half-pints and quarter-pounds. All collections are excluded.

CLASS 2-Means an order for our Clover-Grass Mixtures as listed on pages 16, 17 and 18.

CLASS 3-Will include Seed Grains, Seed Corn, Seed Potatoes, and bulk Garden or Flower Seeds not classified above.

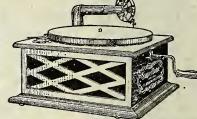
NOTE: -Alfalfa, Timothy and Clovers are not included in the above classes and no premiums can be allowed on these seeds. Nor can we allow premiums on special offers or quotations, on orders of any class.

Supertone Hornless Phonograph AND ONE-HALF
Here's a premium really worth striving for. A strictly high grade Talking Machine equal to any \$25.00 retail machine on the market. Mechanism perfect and finished in mahogany. Will play two 10-inch records without re-winding, plays Victor, Columbia or Little Wonder Records. Size 12 x 12 x 54. There is bushels of fun in this machine, together with one-half dozen selected Little Wonder records and a package of needles—really a \$26.00 value. Our price \$9.00.

AS A PREMIUM — With a \$10.00 order of Class 1 and \$5.50 cash; with a \$25.00 order of Class 2 and \$4.50 cash; or with a \$50.00 order of Class 3 and \$4.00 cash.

Solid Brass Fern Dish AND EVER-LASTING FERN.

A very ornamental article for the home. This Fern Dish is heavily lacquered to prevent tarnish: has removable copper lining, claw feet, and measures 5% inches inside diameter. The brass is polished and hammered effect. It contains a 4½ inch Everlasting Fern and stands on an AS A PREMIUM—Free with a \$10.00 order of Class 1; a \$20.00 order of Class 2; a \$30.00 order of Class 3,



Supertone Hornless Phonograph.

Brass Fern Dish and Fern. eight inch plateau. Price \$1.75.

at regular prices.

Leather Fob.

Com. Bill Fold & Card Case.

Combination Bill Fold and Card Case.

Made of genuine leather, inside fitted at one end with gusset pocket for coin money, and card holder, the other end with identification card and card holder, the center has a large sized calender, and patent stamp holder, also space for cards; outside space for bills, which is secured by inside flap; fancy creased edges. **Price 40c.**

FREE with a \$2.50 order of Class 1; a \$5.00 order of Class 2; a \$7.00 order of Class 3.

Ladies' Gunmetal Wrist Watch.

A beauty that will delight every young lady who becomes its proud possessor. We have made the price so low that you can secure one of these watches very easily; has a leather strap, is finished in gunmetal and fitted with a good quality suss movement. Ten ligne size. Price \$2.25.

AS A PREMIUM—With a \$5.00 order of Class 1 and \$1.25 cash; with a \$10.00 order of Class 2 and \$1.15 cash; Ladles' with a \$15.00 order of Class 3 and \$1.00 Wrist Watch



U. S. Family Scales.

Tho we have listed this article for several years, it seems we dare not omit it because the housewives simply demand it. Every home kitchen should have one—it comes handy in a dozen ways. Has a white enamel dial and is finished in black enamel. Is provided with a special parcel post dial and weighs up to 24 lbs., by ounces—warranted correct. Weight, boxed, 6 lbs. Price \$1.15, not prepaid.

1; a \$15.00 order of Class 2; a \$20.00 order of Class 3, at regular prices.

FREE with a \$10.00 order of Class

Keyless Wonder Padlock.

No keys to carry, lose or worry about, works like a safe, safe as a safe, can be worked in the dark, with mittens on. Whole lock contains only 8 tens on. Whole lock contains only 8 parts, no keys required, absolutely dependable. Cannot be picked. Price

AS A PREMIUM—Free with a \$5.00 order of Class 1; a \$8.00 order of Class 3; or a \$12.00 order of Class 3, at regular prices.

Robert's Lightning Mixer.

Here is one of the best premiums Here is one of the best premiums we ever offered. A household necessity which displaces all similar inventions. Beats the white of an egg in 30 seconds. Will whip cream in from 1 to 2½ minutes or churn butter in from 2 to 3 minutes. Indispensable in from 2 to 3 minutes. Indispensable for floats, charlotte russe, egg nogs, etc. Nickle plated cover; 1 quart size glass. Weight 31bs. Price 50c.

FREE with a \$5.00 order of Class 2; or a \$10.00 order of Class 3.





Lightning Mixer.

Novelty Leather Fob.

We want all the boys and men to wear this practical Fob with coin Goddess of Liberty head, finished in oxidized gold. Fine black calf finished leather. See how easily you may have one, FREE with a \$2.00 order of Class 1; with a \$5.00 order of Class 2; with a \$7.00 order of Class 3, at regular prices.

Mission Oak Rocker.

This is our big leader, appreciated by all. No home has too many rockers and here is one that will be an ornament as well as a practical addition to your home furnishings.

This rocker is of the latest design, strong well made. Solid oak, mission fumed and wax fin-

and well made. tation leather. Comes knocked down and crated; weight 35 pounds. Price \$4.75.

U. S. Family Scale. AS A PREMIUM—With a \$5.00 order of Class 1 and \$3.00 cash; with a \$10.00 order of Class 1 and \$2.00 cash; with a \$15.00 order of Class 2 and \$2.50 cash; with a \$20.00 order of Class 3 and \$2.50 cash. Crocodile Wrench.

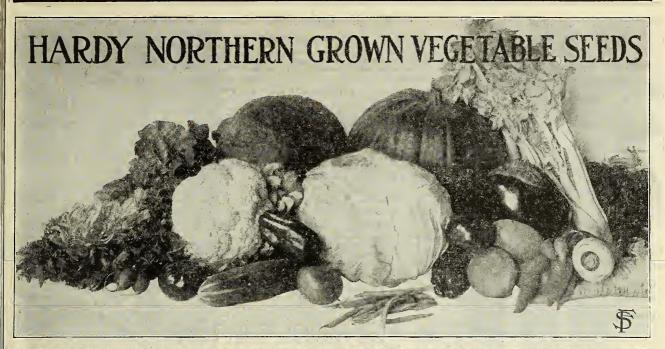


Mission Oak Rocker.

NOTE - In most instances the premiums m above premlums may be packed with your ord-er and delivered with-out extra charge. The following articles, if ordered under Class 1, ordered under Class 1, where prepaid prices are quoted, will be shipped at your expense: — Phonograph, Fern Dish, Lightning Mixer, Family Scales, and Rocker. If yours is a prepaid station, make allowance for make allowance transportation.



Crocodile



THE following list embraces the best standard varieties and such new ones which after careful tests in our trial grounds, we can recommend to possess special merit and meet with the approval of our customers.

We grow large quantities of Vegetable Seeds here on our farms, and are in fact the LARGEST GROWERS OF VEGETABLE SEEDS IN MIN-NESOTA. This is one of the most fertile sections of our state, where a great variety of vegetables are grown to perfection, and the seeds produced here excel all others by their vigor and vitality, their hardiness, earliness and productiveness. We make a specialty of raising ONION SEED and our seed can be depended upon to mature good large builts during the shortest season. The greatest attention is paid by us to those varieties which are GROWN FOR THE MARKET in the Northwest, and our strains will be found to be of the finest quality. Our seeds have been the standard of quality for the Northwest and other sections for the past twenty-five years.

Our shipping facilities are better than ever; we can take care of your order promptly and furnish you seeds that will give the best of satisfaction in every particular. We supply best quality only and our prices are very moderate. Owing to the unfavorable growing season the past year there are decided shortages in crops, and therefore prices rule somewhat higher. We advise our customers to order early, as some items will not be procurable at any price later in the season.

MARKET GARDENER'S trade is especially invited; we can please you and all we ask is to give us a trial. Special Wholesale Price List for Market Gardeners is sent free to all who buy buik seeds in large quantities.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS.

On ail orders for seeds in Packets and Ounces amounting to \$1.00 we allow 25 cents worth of seeds extra, and if the order amounts to 50 cents we allow 10 cents worth of seeds extra. These extra seeds given as a premiumican be selected only in packets and ounces. Seeds put up in quarter pounds, half pints and larger quantities are excluded from this offer, also our Vegetable and Flower Seed Collection.

With every order of \$2.00 worth of Vegetable Seeds at catalog prices we give free one year's subscription to the monthly "VEGETABLE GROWER", the leading gardener's paper for the Northwest, of interest to all who grow vegetables. This excludes the above discount.

NOTICE:—For the convenience of our customers we quote the prepaid prices on smaller quantities of Vegetable Seeds. When larger lots are wanted by parcels-post-prepaid, you can figure postage according to zone-rates, but be sure to allow extra for the weight of packing ... C. O. D. shipments add unnecessary expense; if wanted

shipped by that method, please enclose 1/4 of the amount in remittance with order

ARTICHOKE.

Seeds may be sown indoors and plants set out in May, or can be sown outside, and thinned out to one plant in a hill. The plants thrive best in deep, rich soil. Plants are set in rows three feet apart and two to three feet apart in the row

LARGE GREEN GLOBE.—The well known French vegetable. The undeveloped flower heads when properly prepared make a most delicious dish. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, 4 ib. \$1.00, prepaid.

ASPARAGUS.

In early spring sow the seed, after soaking it 24 hours in warm water, in drills one foot apart, and one inch deep. During the summer keep the soil mellow and free from weeds, thinning the plants to 4 inches apart. The following spring transplant them into permanent beds that have been deeply dug and highly manured. One ounce of seed to 50 feet drill; five pounds to the acre.

BONVALLET'S GIANT—Especially recommended for home and market gardens. A strong and rapid grower, most rust proof. Furnishes large size shoots for a longer period than any other kind. Flavor unexcelled. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 40c, ib. \$1.40, prepaid.

EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL—Earliest large green sort, of superb flavor. Used extensively by gardeners. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 40c, ib. \$1.00, prepaid.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL-A mammoth green sort of the best quality. Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 14 ib. 20c, 1b. 60c, prepaid.

PALMETTO-An early, light green sort, prolific and very desirable. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE—This variety is in great demand because it furnishes white shoots. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c, ib. 75c, prepaid.

FOR ASPARAGUS ROOTS SEE PAGE 107.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

This is one of the best vegetables for winter use, producing an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbages; of excellent, mild flavor. By sowing in April and planting out in July, it may be had in fine condition until Dec. and in the South from Nov. to March. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 4 ib. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.



Bonvailet's Giant Asparagus

Burpee's Stringless Green Beans. Very Hardy Extra Early Entirely Stringless Profitable Market Bean. Burpee's Stringless Green

BUSH BEANS. **Green Podded Sorts.**

CULTURE—Plant in drills 1½ inches deep and drop the beans 3 inches apart; the rows should be 2 to 3 feet apart. For succession plant every 2 weeks until middle of July. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels per acre.

Beans are one of our specialties, we grow a large acreage and supply only best stock while our prices are extremely moderate. Crop Very Short—Order Early.

NOTICE-To increase the yield, inoculate with "Mulford Nitro Germ", see page 8.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—This bean is unequalled for the home garden as well as for market. It has a combination of features that makes it the best for this purpose, being early, prolific and absolutely stringless. The pods are round, of a deep green color, straight and broad, with thick, meaty flesh. For succession plantings can be made at intervals of 2 weeks as late as August. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 65c, postpaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck \$1.75, peck \$3.25, not prepaid.

GIANT GREEN POD-Extra early, producing large, handsome pods, some of which measure fully six inches in length. The plants are very productive, bearing pods which are perfectly round, very fleshy, extremely crisp and entirely stringless. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 55c, ½ peck \$1.75, peck \$3.25, not prepaid.

65c, prepaid.—Quart 55c, ½ peck \$1.75, peck \$3.25, not prepaid.

BOUNTIFUL STRINGLESS—A bountiful yielder, extra early, with large, flat, tender pods which are absolutely stringless. An improved Long Yellow Six Weeks, being earlier, hardier and producing many more, better and larger pods. Valuable for the market and home garden. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, postpaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.35, peck \$2.50, not prepaid.

BLACK VALENTINE—A great improvement over the popular standard sort, Early Red Valentine, the pods being one third longer than that variety, perfectly round and straight. A most desirable sort for the market gardener. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, postpaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.35, peck \$2.50, not prepaid.

KEENEY'S STRINGLESS REFUGEE—This strain possesses all the good qualities of popular old Refugee, with its bad feature, its stringiness eliminated. The plants are enormous yielders. The pods are of a handsome appearance, nearly round, from 5 to 5½ inches long and of light green color. Refugee beans are largely used for canning and pickling. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 60c, postpaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.50, peck \$2.75, not prepaid.

LONGFELLOW—An extra early variety. The plants are of robust, compact

LONGFELLOW—An extra early variety. The plants are of robust, compact habit and unexcelled in productiveness. The pods are round straight, from 6 to 7 inches long and are wonderfully tender and hrittle, having no strings except when quite old. One of the best and most attractive market sorts. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, qt. 50c, p'p'd.—Qt. 35c, ½ pk, \$1.25, pk, \$2.35 not p'd.

RED VALENTINE, EXTRA EARLY ROUND POD—Very hardy and can therefore be sown early; they mature quickly, often being ready to pick in 45 days after sowing. Pods are round, long, fleshy, rich green in color and when gathered young are practically stringless. It is extensively grown by gardeners. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ pk \$1.25, peck \$2.35, not prepaid.

EILL, MEASURE—This new main

FULL MEASURE — This new main crop, green podded bean is of excellent quality, entirely stringless and exceedingly prolific. The plants are practically blight proof. The pods are round, 5 inches long, firm but tender, and remain fit for use many days after maturity. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.75, peck \$2.35, not prepaid.

IMPROVED RED VALENTINE This is the old well known sort, which is still largely planted in many localities and is a general favorite. Pkt 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid. — Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.25, not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY REFUGEE—Very early, hardy and productive pods round and straight. A fine all-around bean and largely planted everywhere. Pkt. 5c. ½ pint 15c. quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.20, peck \$2.15, not prep'd.

LATE REFUGEE or 1000 To 1—An improvement of the production of the productio

mense producer and splendid market bean in many localities, one of the best for canning. Packet 5c, pint 15c, quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½peck \$1.25, peck \$2.35, not prepaid.

EARLY YELLOW SIX WEEKS—Another standard and well known variety. Very early, a good yielder, excellent snap bean and good market sort, of vigorous, upright growth, bearing in great profusion slightly curved pods 4½ to 5 inches in length. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.35, not prepaid.

WHITE TEPARY—The Desert Bean. This is the best bean for dry sections. It is a shell bean many more poslife than the rear boar more properly sixty for days from seeding to bean

Pod.

WHITE TEPARY — The Desert Bean. This is the best bean for dry sections. It is a shell bean much more prolific than the navy bean, maturing quickly, sixty-five days from seeding to harvest, making it valuable as a catch crop. Not subject to diseases. The beans are of clear white color, they cook well and are of delicious flavor. For the dry sections of South and North Dakota, Montana, Colorado, etc., the White Tepary is a sure money making crop. Be sure to try this excellent variety. Packet 10c, 1/2 pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, 1/2 peck \$1.20, peck \$2.25, not prepaid.

BOSTON PEA BEAN—An improvement over the old Navy Bean. A very prolific field bean, and largely grown in all sections where field beans are grown in a commercial way. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, postpaid.—Quart 25c, ½ peck 85c, peck \$1.50, bu. \$5.00, not prepaid.

LARGE WHITE MARRO W—Excellent as a shelled bean for home use and market, the best cooking bean of all. The beans are ivory white and twice as large as the Navy. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, postpaid—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.75, bu. \$6.25, not prepaid.

BUSH LIMA BEANS.

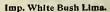
These Bush Lima Beans cannot be recommended too highly; no home garden should be without them.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA-This new dwarf form of the Potato Lima is a great improvement, as it grows stiffly erect, bearing the pods well above the ground. The Fordhook matures early and is very productive. The pods measure 4 to 5 inches and contain 4 to 5 large beans. The beans are tender, juicy and sweet in flavor when cooked. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid.—Quart 35c, ½ pk. \$1.15, pk. \$2.00, not p'p'd.

BURPEE'S DWARF LIMA—The plants grow 18 to 20 inches in height, and develop into magnificent circular busbes from 2 to 3 feet in diameter and are immense yielders. The pods are large and well filled with luscious beans of large size. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, postpaid. Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.15, peck \$2.00, not prep'd.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA.—A perfect bush, about 18 inches high, maturing its first beans earlier than the Pole Limas. The beans are of the size of the Sieva or Small Pole Lima, and are of delicious flavor. It is the earliest of the Bush Limas and a reliable cropper. Withstands drought to a remarkable degree. Packet Sc, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.75, not prepaid.

Bush Lima Beans Continued On Next Page.



Faribauit Kidney Wax.

BUSH BEANS. Wax or Yellow Podded Varieties.

NOTICE:-Crop is the shortest ever harvested-ORDER EARLY.

F. S. & N. CO'S FARIBAULT KIDNEY WAX — Strong, robust plants. Immense pods. Absolutely stringless. Enormous yielder. We consider this bean of greater value to the market gardener than any other wax bean known today

The strong plants are of erect bush habit, reach the height of 18 to 20 inches and are immune from bean diseases, such as blight and rust. The fleshy pods are flattened in form, from 6 to 7 inches in length, ½ inch broad and of lemon yellow color; they are remarkable for their meatiness, rittleness, absolute freedom from strings or tough fibre, and fine table quality. The season of bearing is the same as of Wardwell's Kidney Wax, but this new variety produces nearly twice the number of pods, and pods of much larger size and more handsome in appearance, while it also is greatly superior in quality, which the snapping of the pod will quickly demonstrate. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S STRINGLESS WHITE WAX—Hardy white seeded wax bean of the finest quality. The bushes are of a sturdy, upright growth and heavily laden with large handsome pods, which are straight, of a bright yellow color, brittle, meaty and entirely stringless at all stages of growth. The seed is large, pure white and most desirable as shell beans both for summer and winter use. Crop failed.

PROLIFIC GERMAN BLACK WAX or BUTTER BEAN—This is no doubt the earliest and one of the most productive of all beans, and is rust proof. Vines medium sized, very vigorous and hardy. Pods of medium length, borne well up from the ground, cylindrical, fieshy; of a clear, creamy white color and remain a long time in condition for use as a snap bean. Splendid hean for early and late plantings. Packet 10c. & pint 20c. quart 65c. prepaid.—Quart 50c.

did bean for early and late plantings. Packet 10c, 1/2 pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, 1/2 peck \$1.80, peck \$3.50, not prepaid.

BLACK PENCIL POD WAX—The best quality round pod early wax bean. Of bushy growth and extremely productive. Pods are straight, round, 6 to 7 inches long; thick, absolutely stringless, of fine flavor; color medium yellow. The seed is black. An all around high quality sort for the kitchen garden or market gardener. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck \$1.80, peck \$3.50, not prepaid.

Quart 50c, ½ peck \$1.80, peck \$3.50, not prepaid.

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX—A well known standard variety and largely planted everywhere. Medium early, of vigorous, bushy growth, rust proof. A reliable heavy cropper, whether sown in spring, summer or early tall. Pods long, flat, thick and solid. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 65c, prepaid.—Quart 50c, ½ peck \$1.75, peck \$3.25, not prepaid.

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX—The most hardy wax-podded bush bean in cultivation. The vine is rustless, very vigorous and productive and bears its pods near the center in clusters. The pods are very long, flat, waxy-white, straight and handsome, and when young are brittle, crisp and tender. Seeds clear white, excellent for baking and for cooking purposes. One of the best for shipping as snap beans and of the greatest value as a market variety. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.85, not prepaid.

SURE CROP STRINGLESS WAX—A very fine new Wax Podded Bush Bean that proved to be the surest cropper out of some twenty-five varieties of wax beans we had on our trial tis of remarkable vigor and productiveness, free from blight and rust, and seems to be much more

grounds. The plant is of remarkable vigor and productiveness, free from blight and rust, and seems to be much more hardy than any other bean. The pods are of a rich golden yellow color, and they are perfectly stringless at all stages of development, are exceedingly brittle, crisp and tender, and of exceptionally fine flavor. One of the best beans for shipping as a snap bean and of the greatest value as a market variety. Can also be highly recommended for the home garden. Sure Crop Stringless Wax is the bean "par excellence" for dry sections. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.75, not prepaid.

NEW DELICIOUS WAX—The earliest wax bean in cultivation, coming into edible condition in advance of any other wax pod variety. The quality is well described by its name, it is simply "delicious" from first to last. The pods are 4½ to 6 inches long, of strik-

pods are 4% to 6 inches long, of striking appearance, very fleshy, crisp and tender, entirely stringless. The plant is robust in growth, quite hardy, permitting early planting, and unusually prolific. For the market and home garden no better bean could be wished for. Pkt. 10c, ppd.

BRITTLE WAX or ROUND POD KIDNEY — One of the most valuable wax beans. The pods are

It is an exceedingly heavy bearer, 100 pods having been counted on a single bush, is fully as early in maturing its pods as the Wardwell's Kidney Wax, and is of excellent quality. We consider it ery desirable especially for the home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 30c, prepaid.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX—This variety, maturing a little later than the Golden Wax, yields a large crop of long, flat, nearly straight, broad, creamy white, handsome pods, which are of good quality and always command a ready sale, making this variety one of the best for market gardeners. A well known, largely planted wax bean. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.75, not prepaid.

NEW ROYAL WAX—The plant is vigorous, large, without runners, spreading, with large leaves. The pods are about 5 inches long, round, of a waxy yellow color; very brittle, entirely stringless, without fibre and unsurpassed in quality. Very early in season, ripening with the German Black Wax Bean. Resists drought well. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.85, not prepaid.

WEBBER BUTTER WAX—A new variety which is grown

WEBBER BUTTER WAX—A new variety which is grown extensively by the market gardeners around Chicago and in that market always secures top price. The vine is strong, holding the large nods well up. The pods are of rich bright yellow color, very fleshy, tender and stringless. Early and very prolific. Does well in all sections, and is very resistant to unfavorable weather conditions. The seed is yellow. A splendid bean for market and home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.75, not prepaid.

BUSH BEANS. Dwarf Lima. Cont'd.

These Bush Lima Beans cannot be recommended too highly; no home garden should be without them.

GIANT BUSH LIMA-The best Bush Lima in existence. GIANT BUSH LAMA—The best Bush Lima in existence. It is fully 8 to 10 days earlier than any other large Lima, either bush or pole, and is a most prolific variety. The plants are of vigorous and erect growth, 20 to 30 inches in height, and bear the pods well above the ground. The pods which are produced in large clusters of from 5 to 8, measure from 5 to 6 inches in length and contain 3 to 5 beans of large size, and of the most luscious flavor. Pkt. 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.40, peck \$2.50, not prepaid.

For other varieties of Bush Lima Beans see preceding page.



Sure Crop Stringless Wax.

POLE OR RUNNER BEANS.

The beans should be planted the middle of May if the season is suitable. Set poles 4 feet apart each way, and plant 4 to 6 beans, about one inch deep around each pole. Thin out to 3 plants to a pole, if soil is rich; pinch off the ends of plants when they overrun the tops of the poles, to effect more perfect growth below. They succeed best in sandy loam. One quart will plant about 100 hills.

BURGER'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD. (White Seeded Kentucky Wonder)—The best Green Pod Pole Bean for the Northwest. The vines are not very long and can be grown on brush instead of on a pole. The pods are born in clusters and average 6 to 8 inches in length; are uniformly straight, and of dark green color. They are absolutely stringless, very meaty, tender and sweet in flavor. The dry beans are small and white, being good for baking after the pods have become too ripe. Equally desirable for the market and for the home garden. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.25, not prepaid.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX—A strong, vigorous grower, requiring a pole 6 to 8 feet high. It bears its bright golden-yellow pods in clusters of 3 to 6 in the greatest abundance from July until cut down by the frost. The pods are 6 to 8 inches long, very broad, quite thick and fleshy, entirely stringless and of the very best quality. Seed is large, of white color. Pkt. 10c, ½ pt. 20c, qt. 50c, prep'd.—Qt. 40c, ½ pk. \$1.40 pk. \$2.50, not p'd. Weller & Gerea & Gerea

WHITE CREASEBACK—Very early and a heavy yielder. Pods medium long, silver-green and of the best quality as snaps being very fleshy and tender. Seed pure white and excellent shelled for winter use. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 25c, ½ peck \$5c, peck \$1.50, not prepaid.

CUT SHORT or COIN HILL—A very popular variety for planting amongst corn. It will give a good crop without the use of poles. Pods short, fleshy and of fine quality. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 25c, ½ peck 90c, peck \$1.60, not prepaid.

HORTICULTURAL or SPECKLED CRANBERRY—An old favorite, excellent both as snap and shell bean. Beans are large and of fine flavor. A very productive variety; medium early. Packet Sc. ½ pint 1Sc, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 2Sc, ½ peck 80c, peck \$1.45, not prepaid.

OLD HOMESTEAD or KENTUCKY WONDER—The pods are 7 to 9 inches long, very fleshy, stringless when young and of the finest quality. Ripens very early. Pkt. Sc. ½ pt. 1Sc, qt. 4Sc, prep'd.—Qt. 30c, ½ pk. \$1.00, pk. \$1.85, not p'd.

very early. Pkt. 5c, ½ pt. 15c, qt. 45c, prep'd.—Qt. 30c, ½ pk. \$1.00, pk. \$1.85, not p'd.

LAZY WIFE—Pods are broad, thick, and above all entirely stringless. They are exceedingly rich, buttery and fine flavored when cooked. One of the best Pole Beans for exaps; the dry beans are excellent for winter use. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.20, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

SCARLET RUNNER—Popular for both ornamental and culinary purposes. The flowers which are born profusely in large sprays, are of brilliant searlet color; they are followed by large, green pods of beans which are of very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c. ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25. peck \$2.25, not prepaid.

YARD LONG-A great curiosity and withal a bean of excellent quality. ually 18 to 24 inches but frequently 30 inches and sometimes 36 inches in length. An excellent table vegetable, pods being tender and of a rich asparagus flavor. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c.

POLE LIMA BEANS.

NEW CARPINTERIA—This is considered the most perfect Pole Lima Bean. The beans have a greenish tint, a sure indication of good quality. The vines are very strong, vigorous in growth, with many large branches on which are

produced an immense quantity of pods, filled with 3 to 4, usually 4, large broad beans. These beans are much thicker than those of any other Pole Lima bean. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.15, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

EARLY LEVIATHIAN—Leviathian is about 14 days earlier than any other Pole Lima, making it possible to grow this delicious vegetable in many lo-

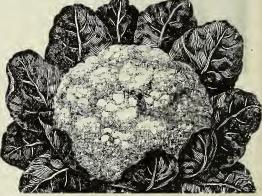
Golden Cluster Wax Bean. er varieties would not mature. The pods are born in large clusters and contain 4 to 5 large beans of excelent quality. Especially recommended for the Northwest. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.15, peck \$2.00, bu. \$7.25, not prepaid.

EXTRA KARLY JERSEY—A well known variety. Early, very productive and of fine quality. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.75, bushel \$6.50, not prepaid.

KING OF THE GARDEN-Vines very vigorous and productive. Pods very long, filled with large, white beans of the finest quality. On account of its large pods it is a favorite with market gardeners. A late variety bearing a long time. Pkt. 5c, ½ pt. 15c, qt. 40c, prepaid.—Qt. 25c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.70, bu. \$6.50, not prepaid.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS.

This is one of the best vegetables for winter use, producing an abundance of sprouts, resembling small cabbages; of excellent mild flavor. By sowing in April and planting out in July, it may be had in fine condition until Dec. and in the South may be had from Nov. to March. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.



Brus seis Sprouts

Large White Broccoll.

BORECOLE or KALE.

Borecole, Kale and German Greens are the general terms applied to certain cabbage-like plants which do not form heads, but are used in their open growth. The greens are for early Fall, Winter and Spring use. Sow seed about the middle of June and later transplant to rows from 2 to 2½ ft. apart. The dwarf can be sown later, and need not be transplanted to furnish nice heads. A good frost improves the quality.

DWARF GERMAN GREEN CURLED—The plant is low and compact with large, bright deep green leaves, curled, cut and crimped so that the whole plant resembles a bunch of moss. It would be well worthy of cultivation simply for its beauty. One of the best sorts and when well grown and cooked is one of the most palatable of vegetables. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. 95c, prepaid.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH—Very hardy plants which are not injured by a moderate frost, and are about 30 inches tall, have many dark green leaves, densely curled and cut. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. 90c, p'd.

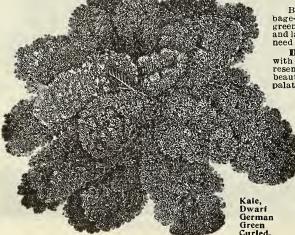
GERMAN DWARF PURPLE—Like Dwarf German Green Curled, of rich purple color. This variety is of very fine quality. Packet 5c, but of rich purple color. This variety is of very fine quality. Packe oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

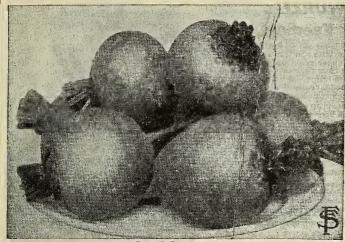
THOUSAND HEADED KALE—See Farm Seed Department.



Sow seed early in May; transplant in June. Growth and habit like Cauliflower, but far more hardy. Of special value in the North. Cultivate and use same as Cauliflower. One ounce will produce 2500 plants.

LARGE WHITE-Produces large, white heads. Similar to flower. Fine for the North. Pkt. 10c, oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. \$1.00, prepaid. Similar to Cauli PURPLE CAPE Similar to above, but purple. Price same.





Detroit Dark Red.

F. S. & N. CO'S IMPROVED HALF LONG BLOOD The roots are symmetrical, about three times as long as thick and of a dark blood red color; the top is small. It is always smooth and handsome, very sweet, crisp and tender, never becoming woody. One of the best beets for winter use. A heavy yielder and highly esteemed for the home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¹/₄ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN BLOOD TURNIP One of the best varieties for the kitchen garden and for first Has small top; leaf dark green with

early crop out of doors. Has small dark red veins and stem; root very dark red, rounded on the top but flat beneath, with very small tap root; flesh dark red, zoned with lighter shade; hard, crisp and tender when young. Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 14 lb. young. Packet 5c, ounce 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepald.

F. S. & N. CO'S BLACK QUEEN—One of the very finest beets for home use and market. A beets for home use and market. A distinct, new early variety of pear-shaped form, and medium size, with a very smooth surface. The flesh is very fine grained, crisp, tender and sweet and never woody or stringy; its color is the darkest of all beets, a rich, deep blood crimson. In quality this beet is surpassed by none. The leaves are small, borne on slender stems and are of a uniform dark crimson color, making this variety very attractive for ornamental gardening. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 14 lb. 50c, lb *1.60, prepaid. 1.60, prepald.

THARKET GARDENER'S

This beet is of very symmetrical form, oblong, with but few fibrous roots and small tap root. It continues to grow until late in fall, attaining a large size and making a good selling and eating beet for winter. The flesh is of a beautiful color, zoned blood-red and a darker shade. They are fine grained and unsurpassed in quality. The skin is a deep blood-red. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 ib. 30c, ib. \$1.00, prepaid.

BEETS.

The soil for beets should be rather light and well enriched. Sow in drills one foot apart and one inch deep, as early as the ground can be worked, continue for a succession as late as the middle of July; when the plants are large enough thin out to stand 6 inches apart in rows. One ounce to 50 feet of drill; 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre in drills.

DETROIT DARK RED—Long experience has shown this variety to be one of the best deep red turnip beets, not only for market gardeners, but also for home use. It is also by far the best for canning, making a strikingly handsome product, much superior to that obtained of most other varieties. Its early maturity, and the splendid shape and color of the root make it popular everywhere. On account of its small, upright growing tops the rows may be close together. Leaf stems and veins dark red, blade green; root globular or ovoid and very smooth; color of skin dark blood red; flesh deep vermillion red, zoned with a darker shade, very crisp, tender and sweet, and remaining so for a long time. The stock which we offer of this variety will produce a crop uniform in shape, color and quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.60, prepaid.

CROSBY'S IMPROVED EGYPTIAN—This variety is sown more than any other where an extra early beet is wanted for foreing in frames, as well as for first sowing outside. It becomes fit for use sooner than any other kind. The roots are of very even shape; the flesh is a bright red with zones of a darker shade; fine quality, sweet and tender. A standard market gardener's variety, it is excellent for bunching. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 45c, lb. \$1.40, pt. \$1.40, pt DETROIT DARK RED-Long experience has shown this

F. S. & N. CO'S FIREBALL-A splendid new variety of

great merit being suited for forcing under glass and for open ground culture. It is perfectly globe-shaped and very early. The leaf at merit being suited for forcing under glass and for open ground ture. It is perfectly globe-shaped and very early. The leaf stalks and single, tiny tap-root are very small, making it valuable for both early and late sowing in frames. The skin is smooth, the flesh is very sweet, solid and an intense bright red in color. For the home garden this beet will be found very desirable. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ½ 1b. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

EARLY ECLIPSE—Perfectly smooth and round; skin and flesh intense red. This variety is extremely early, in fact, one of the first to be ready for the table. It does not grow to large size, but is desirable for its earliness and sweet, tender quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¹/₄ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

CRIMSON GLOBE-The root is of medium size, of very bandsome globe-shape, and has a remarkably smooth surface, and a very small tap root. Flesh is fine grained, sweet and tender in all stages of growth; both skin and flesh are deep rich red. The leaves are small, very dark green, and borne on slender, upright growing stems. The fine shape and color of the roots, their tenderness, them popular with all who plant them. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 4 lb. 50c, lb. \$1.60, prepaid.

BASTIAN'S EXTRA EAR-LY BLOOD TURNIP—Roots are of medium size, bright red with lighter zones, good quality, small top. A good beet for market and home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

EDMAND'S EARLY
BLOOD TURNIP—Very uniform
roots with small tops; are always
smooth, round and handsome; of
good marketable size, and among the

egyptian.

quality crisp, tender and sweet; a good keeper.
close, as the roots do not grow large and coarse.
10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid. Color dark red, Can be planted Pkt. 5c, ounce

LONG SMOOTH BLOOD-Long, slender roots, seldom more than two inches thru, which grow partly out of the ground, and are smooth, having no side roots. The skin is dark purple, almost black; the flesh is dark red, very tender and sweet. Matures rather late, but is an excellent keeper. We have a very fine strain, the foliage of which is of a beautiful dark crimson color. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

Crosby's Improved

SWISS CHARD OF SILVER BRET—A distinct vegetable and much superior to the common beets for greens. If sown at the same time it will be fit to use before them. Later the plants form broad, flat, beautiful white and wax-like stems to the leaves which are cooked the same as asparagus. If your garden space is cooked the same as asparagus. If your garden space is limited, this splendid vegetable should have a place, for in ground occupied, it yields more food for the table than any other vegetable, and it requires very little care. Swiss Chard is of superior quality to spinach and ordinary beet greens. Try this splendid vegetable and you will always plant it again. An ounce or two of seed is sufficient for the family garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 14 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00 prepaid 1b. \$1.00, prepaid.



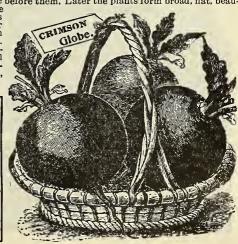
OUR SEEDS ARE UNEXCELLED.

Your Vegetable Seeds were excellent, especially your Copenhagen Market Cabbage

REV. FRED. O. LOTHRINGER, Luverne, Iowa.

Enclosed find my order (\$9.00) for seeds and plants. I have been a customer for 25 years, and have always found your goods of very best quality. JOHN RABUSCH, Vermillion, S. D.

I am sending you another order for Seeds which I have no doubt will grow as well as your Lettuce and Radishes and Tomatoes grew last summer. I paid only 10 cents for the three packets and before the summer was over I found they were worth \$5.00 to me. Assuring you that you will get all my future orders, I remain, JOHN D. WELLMAN, Detroit, Mich.



Black Queen.

MANGEL-WURZEL. For Stock Feeding.

The value of Mangel-Wurzels for stock feeding can not be overestimated. No one who keeps horses, sheep or cattle should be without these roots for fall and winter feeding, as the results from their use are wonderful, being clearly shown in the improved health and condition of the animals, the increase of milk from the cows and the great saving in hay.

Mangels are a surer crop than any other root; they can be ralsed at a very trifling cost, and yield immense crops per acre. Our trade on Mangels and Sugar-Beets for feeding Is one of the largest in the country and Is increasing enormously every year, owing to the fact that our stocks are of the highest quality obtainable and our prices always very reasonable. Five to six pounds of seed are required per acre.

Prices for all Mangels and Sugar Beets except where noted. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.—Lb. 50c, 10 lbs. \$4.50, not prepaid.

MINNESOTA GOLDEN TANKARD MINNESOTA GOLDEN TANKARD—The Golden Tankard is considered one of the best mangels grown, and our selected strain is unsurpassed in yielding and feeding qualities. The flesh is firm, solid and of a rich golden yellow color. The roots have small necks, are of cylindrical form and grow nice and even in shape; they are easily lifted and are excellent keepers. With no specially selected ground and good average cultivation the yield will be from 40—50 tons per acre while with extra cultivation it will yield 60—70 tons per acre. it will yield 60--70 tons per acre.

IMPROVED MAMMOTH LONG
RED-This is the best Long Red Mangel. It
is enormously productive, yielding from 50 to 60
tons per acre and a single root often weighing
from 25 to 35 pounds and more. They are of good and massive shape, of very fine texture and good quality, and tho growing to immense size, are not coarse. They are easily harvested, as they grow well above the ground. Our strain is the best in the market.

GIANT RED ECKENDORF—This is the most popular variety of Mangels in Germany, being planted there more than any other kind, but it has also given the best results in this country wherever planted. The roots are smooth, of cylindrical shape, and weigh from 15 to 25 pounds apiece. The flesh is firm, solid, of white color and highly nutritive value. The

from 15 to 25 pounds apiece. The flesh is firm, solid, of white color and highly nutritive value. The Eckendorf Mangels are phenomenal yielders and are easily harvested, the root growing to the largest part above the ground. A splendid long keeper.

GIANT SLUDSTRUP—Sludstrup is considered the best and heaviest yielding of all Mangels, and holds the world's record for dry matter content. This mangel has been awarded a first-class certificate several times by the Danish Government, the highest honor in Denmark, where mangels are as important as corn is here. Sludstrup is a long, reddish yellow, ovoid root, growing more than half above the ground. Easily harvested, and by actual test far excels any other variety, in both the weight and feeding value of yield. Our seed is from the best Danish growers.

MANINOTH GOLDEN GIANT—Very large, oval-shaped roots, growing over one-half out of the ground and having white flesh which is sweet and tender, and never becomes woody. An enormous yielder: the roots are easily harvested and keep well.

SUGAR BEETS—For Sugar Making.

KLEIN WANZLEBEN-Probably more widely grown than any other, and undoubtedly the best sort for general cultivation. It produces from 14 to 18 tons per acre, and contains from 15 to 18% The root grows below the surface. Easier grown than any other variety.

VILMORIN'S IMPROVED—Altho not quite as large as the Klein Wanzleben, it contains fully as large a percentage of sugar. The root grows below the surface.

Price of Sugar Beets as quoted above.

SUGAR BEETS—For Stock Feeding. SUPERIOR TO MANGELS.

GIANT HALF SUGAR MANGEL-A strain of beets, which, while giving as large a yield and being as easily grown and harvested as a crop of mangels, supplies a food which is much sweeter and consequently of very much higher nutritive value. The roots grow partly out of the ground and are therefore easily harvested; they are very large, firm, smooth, clean and of oval shape. The color of the skin is light bronze green above and white below the ground; the fiesh is white, crisp, sweet and unexcelled in feeding quality; is more succeulent than sugar beets and preferred to them by all stock.

Oz. 5c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepald.—Lb. 40c, 10 lbs. \$3.50,

preferred to them by all stock. 100 lbs. \$22.00, not prepaid. ROYAL GIANT or HALF SUGAR ROSE—A beet of highest nutritive value for feeding. Somewhat egg shaped; on account of growing half out of the ground, it is very easily harvested. Quite similar to Giant Half Sugar except in color of skin which is bright rose above the ground, white below. Oz. 5c. /4 lb. 15c. lb. 50c, prepaid.—Lb. 40c, 10 lbs.

\$3.50, 25 lbs. \$7.50, not prepaid.

Mammoth

Long Red.

I raised your Giant Red Eckendorf Mangels last year and some of them weighed 26 pounds each. were all very fine and none hollow. I am well satisfied with your seeds.

HENRY HOFFMAN, Kalispell, Mont.

All the seeds purchased from you the past season have given the best satisfaction. pounds a root and over. Onions over I pound each. Your Vegetable Seeds are the best.

FRED KUHNKE, Gardena, N. Dak.



A Big Producer, Highly Nutritious.

> Half Sugar Mangel.



Early Jersey Wakefield.

Early Varieties. CABBAGE.

CULTURE—Seed of the early varieties should be sown ¾ of an inch deep in a greenhouse, hot-bed, or in boxes in the house, about six weeks before the plants are needed for planting out. As soon as the soil can be worked in the spring the plants should be removed to the open field and set in rows two feet aparte ach way. Late Cabbage: May be sown in rows one foot apart or broadcast in the garden, about the middle of May, and the plants set in the field the latter part of June.

NOTICE-Use "Slug Shot" to kill cabbage worms.

MINNESOTA'S EARLIEST—The earliest heading Cabbage in cultivation, producing pointed, hard heads of good size, fully a week ahead of the Jersey Wakefield. The ideal short season cabbage, of greatest value in northern localities and exposed situations. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, est value in northern localities 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD-The best first early, oblong sort. The heads are conical, very hard and solid and of excellent quality Most gardeners depend upon it for the bulk of their extra early crop, and its hardiness to resist cold and other unfavorable conditions insures the greatest likelihood of satisfactory results. Selected seed, pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 41b. 65c, 1b. \$2.25, prepaid.

LARGE WASHINGTON or CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD LARGE WASHINGTON or CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD

—A strain of which the plant is larger and a little later than Early Jersey
Wakefield. Exceedingly hardy, and on account of its earliness and size of
head it is deservedly a very popular sort with market gardeners and shipe
pers to follow Jersey Wakefield. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25.

EARLY WINNINGSTADT—The heads are of the same size as
the Jersey Wakefield, but more sharply pointed in form and not so early,
the heads are the hardest of any early cabbage. By reason of its great
solidity it is also a popular variety to plant in the summer for winter use
or cutting for kraut. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

for kraut. Pkt. Sc, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

EARLY FILDERK RAUT—A great favorite with the Germans. Forms large conical heads which are very hard and solid, and keep well. Much used for kraut. A well known and excellent variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

EARLY SPRING—The earliest flat head cabbage. As early as the Jersey Wakefield, stem short, heart very small, making almost the entire head fit for use, quality extremely fine, small veins, no sign of coarseness. It has very few outer leaves, thus allowing close planting, yielding more heads on the same space than any other variety. A very valuable variety for extra early market and for home use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid. SECOND EARLY or SUMMER SORTS. F. S. & N. CO'S VOLGA or EARLY STONEHEAD—One of the very earliest, large flat head varieties, especially recommended for Fall, Winter and Spring market. Planned as late as the first week in July, it will mature a grand crop of cabbage, with large heads, often measuring a foot in diameter and weighing from 15 to 20 pounds. They are extremely hard, uniform in size, with very few outer leaves. The quality is very fine, both for cooking and kraut. On account of its compact growth, plants can be set together very close. Heads do not crack as much as other sorts, and keep F. S. & N. CO'S ALLHEAD or SURPRISE—If a gardener were to plant but one kind of cabbage, he could get none that would answer all purposes as well as the AllHead Early. It is the earliest of the large flat-headed cabbages, at least a week in advance and one-third larger than Henderson's Early

All Seasons.

GLORY of ENKHOUSEN

—A very early cabbage, only a
little later than Jersey Wakefield, but produces quite large
ball-shaped heads, double the
size of the Jersey Wakefield,
which are extremely solid, fine
ribbed, exceedingly tender and
of the finest flavor; it keeps in
fine condition for a long time The plants are very dwarf and compact, allowing close planting. A money maker for the marketgardener and fine for the home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

Surprise,

Your Seeds have given me splendid satisfaction. Your Copen-hagen Market Cabbage beats anything I ever saw in the Cabbage line, especially as it proved to be a much better drought resister. KARL BAUMGARTNER, Bozeman, Mont.

of the large flat-headed cabbages, at least a week in advance and one-third larger than Henderson's Early Summer. The deep, flat heads are remarkably uniform in shape, size and color, with finer ribs than other flat kinds; they are very tender and the quality is excellent. It is suitable for growing in spring and early summer, and is also very fine for winter use.

The All-Head Early is one of the most profitable cabbages to grow, as on account of its compact habit of growth, a close planting can be made. It is a grand variety for the home garden and one of the very best to grow for market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50.

HEVEL PRINCE SOLVES SUCCESSION_It is about a week HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION-It is about a week later than Early Summer, but double its size, and remarkably uniform in size and shape. It is certainly a good cabbage, and should be included in every order. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c. 14 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid. EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH

EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH

—An excellent second early variety, producing fine, large heads. Highly valued both for its fine quality and ability to resist heat. Head very solid, broad, round, flattened on top, tender and fine grained. Pkt. 5c, oz.15c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75.

F. S. & N. CO'S ALL SEASONS—Heads are very large, round, often nearly spherical, but usually somewhat flattened; they are very solid and of the best quality, keeping as well as the winter sorts. The plants are very vigorous and are sure to head. Remarkable for its ability to stand the hot sun and dry weather. Our trials have shown that heads which were fit for market by July which were fit for market by July 10th were still salable Sep. 10th, the

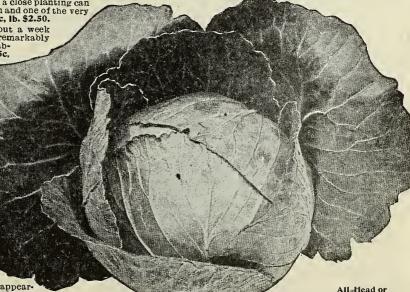
much as other sorts, and keep first class till late in spring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 70c, lb.

\$2.50, prepaid.

ioth were still salable Sep. 10th, the only change being increased size and density. One of the very best sorts for general cultivation. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, '4 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

EARLY SUMMER—The popular flathead variety for early market. Heads are of good size, very solid, compact, of excellent quality, sweet and tender, and of very fine appearance. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, '4 lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

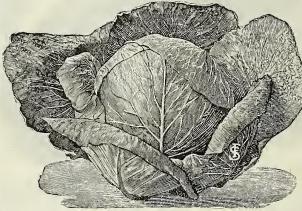
COPENHAGEN MARKET-See Novelties.



CABBAGE. LATE OR AUTUMN AND WINTER SORTS.



DANISH BALLHEAD, THE TRUE HOLLANDER or AMAGER — Tall Stem.—Selected Stock, Danish Grown. The most re-markable cabbage yet produced and great favorite with all who have rown it. The heads, which are grown it. round, very solid and compact, are of medium size, averaging about 8 lbs. in weight; in color they are entirely distinct, being a fine white; they never burst, and keep better than any er burst, and keep better than any other sort, being as solid and perfect when taken up in the spring as when put away in the fall. This cabbage is of the finest quality, crisp, tender and sweet in flavor. It grows excellently on almost all soils and under most conditions, withstanding cold, dry and hot weather, and never rotting from the effects of wet seasons. It is without question the most popular ting from the effects of wet seasons. It is without question the most popular winter cabbage and is grown most extensively in the cabbage growing sections of the Northwest. Our seed is grown in Denmark by the best grower and is unsurpassed. Pkt. 10c, 0z. 25c, ¼ 1b. 75c, 1b. \$2.75.



F. S. & N. Co's Surehead.

DANISH BALLHEAD or HOLLANDER-American Grown Seed. Some of our customers have asked for American grown seed of this excellent cabbage, therefore we offer best stock of Long Island grown seed. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, ib. \$2.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S SELECTED PREMIUN LATE FLAT DUTCH—A very fine strain of Late Flat Dutch which we can recommend as a sure heading variety, producing very large, solid heads, weighing 20 to 30 pounds each, of dark green color and excelent flavor; it is a good keeper. We have taken great care in the selecting of heads for seed and our strain is very pure. Our Selected Premium Flat Dutch is one of the best fall shipping cabbages, and unsurpassed for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

MARBLEHEAD MAMMOTH-This is the largest kind of the cabbage family in the world; heads have been grown so large that they could not be put into a bushel basket, having a diameter 2 inches greater; 30 to 40 lbs. is no uncommon weight for the Mammoth, and in some instances heads have weighed over 50 pounds. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

AUTUMN KING—It produces enormous, solid heads of that dark shade of green which is most desirable in a cabbage, and is always sure to head. The large, broad heads are rounded at the top, fine grained, tender and solid as a rock. It has such small outer leaves that it can be planted much closer than the ordinary late sorts. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, 15. \$2.00, prepaid. STONEM ASON DRE UMHEEM—By many gardeners this is considered one of the most reliable varieties for fall and winter use. The plants are

of medium size with only a very moderate number of leaves.

of medium size with only a very moderate number of leaves. Stem medium length, heads of good size, round and slightly flattened, very solid, crisp, tender, and entirely free from the strong flavor found in many late, sorts. It is one of the few cabbages that is certain to please both the amateur and the market gardener. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S SUREHEAD—A good main crop variety. Always sure to make fine heads even in most unfavorable seasons. The heads are remarkably uniform, very hard, firm and fine in texture, and weigh from 10 to 15 pounds each. A general favorite with gardeners, and on account of its drought resisting quality it can be recommended especially for the western states. A good shipper and keeps splendidly. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

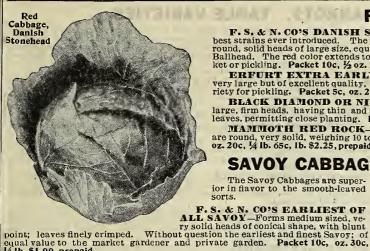
LATE BRUNSWICK—A very fine main crop variety and grand long keeper. Heads are of uniform shape, flat, large, heavy, firm and solid, and of a very superior flavor. The plants are very compact, with few outside leaves, permitting close planting. Withstands drought and frost to a remarkable degree and is equal to the best in heavy yielding. It is a fine cabbage for making "kraut". The seed which we offer is best Danish grown, Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

DANISH ROUNDHEAD

ANISH ROUNDHEAD—An Earlier Short Stemmed Strain of the Famous Danish Ballhead.—In this strain we have very large, solid heads on short stems, having the same keeping quality as the original strain of Danish Ballhead. It is ten days to two weeks earlier and produces as large a yield as any of the Danish cabbages. It is especially valuable for high, dry land, producing good sized heads where other strains would be too small. For shipping in the late fall or winter there is no finer cabbage than this strain. Our stock of Danish Round Head comes to us direct from the originator in Denmark and is so well bred that practically every plant will originator in Delmark and is so well bred that practically every plant will produce a good solid head of uniform type. Packet 10c, ounce 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.75, prepaid.

SHORT STEM DRUM-HEAD—Well known standard late variety with large, flattened heads, very solid and a sure header. Of compact growth, with few outer leaves. Desirable for late winter use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ 1b. 60c, lb. \$2.00, p'd.





RED CABBAGE.

F. S. & N. CO'S DANISH STONEHEAD—This new red cabbage is considered one of the best strains ever introduced. The plants are strong and compact in growth, producing dark red, round, solid heads of large size, equally as hard and handsome in appearance as our famous Danish Ballhead. The red color extends to the center of each head, making it a valuable sort for the market or pickling. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 25c, oz. 40c, ¼ lb. \$1.50. prepaid.

ERFURT EXTRA EARLY—This is the earliest of all red cabbages. The heads are not very large but of excellent quality, very hard and keep well; the color is blood-red. The best variety for pickling. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ 1b. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

BLACK DIAMOND OR NIGGERHEAD—A grand, second early variety, with medium large, firm heads, having thin and small leaf-ribs and a black-red color. There are but few outer leaves, permitting close planting. Packet 10c, oz. 30c, ¼ lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.75, prepaid.

MANNOTH RED ROCK—The largest of the red cabbages and a sure header; the heads are round, very solid, weighing 10 to 12 pounds, and are of an attractive dark red color. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 14 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

SAVOY CABBAGE.

The Savoy Cabbages are super-ior in flavor to the smooth-leaved

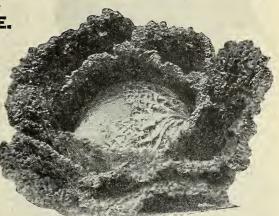
1/4 lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF ULM SAVOY—One of the earliest and sweetest of the Savoys. The heads are round and solid, with small, thick, fleshy leaves of fine, deep green color and excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ 1b. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

IMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOY -The best of the large, late Savoy EMPROVED AMERICAN SAVOR—The best of the large, late best, either for home use or for the market. The plants are very vigorous growers and sure headers; the heads are compact, large and showy, with fine, densely savoved or crumpled leaves of the finest flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 41b.60c, savoyed or crumpled leaves of the finest flavor. lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

For Cabbage and Cauliflower Plants see page 74.

This is my sixth annual order to the Farmer Seed & Nursery Co. Your Danish Ballhead Cabbage is unexcelled. Heads put in cellar last Fall are as solid and nice this date (Feb. 23d) as when we put them away. J. S. SWORDS, POLO, ILL.



Improved American Savoy Cabbage.

CAULIFLOWER.

Sow the seed in a hot-bed in January or February, and when the plants are large enough, transplant 3 inches apart in boxes until time to plant out. If hardened off they are seldom injured by planting out as early as the ground can be properly prepared, 2½ feet apart each way. Keep well hoed, watering freely in dry weather, and especially when they begin to head. The late varieties mature in autumn, and are sown and managed similar to winter cabbage. Any soil that will grow cabbage will grow cauliflower, but rich, moist soil is preferred.

NOTICE:-To kill worms and bugs on Cauliflower plants use "Slug Shot", see page 42.

F. S. & N. CO'S SELECTED EXTRA EARLY SNOWBALL—The most popular and earliest variety. Our seed is raised by expert growers in Denmark, the best Cauliflower growing country in the world, where the climate is especially adapted for raising this vegetable, and our growers select for seed only the very earliest, largest and finest, fully developed heads. We can therefore offer our stock as first class in every respect, unsurpassed by any other stock of Snowball, and no cauliflower ever grown gives more satisfactory results either when forced under glass during winter and early spring or planted later in the open ground. Under reasonably favorable conditions every plant will form a large, solid head, measuring from 8 to 10 inches across, with a very close snow white curd of extra fine quality. The plants are compact, with a few narrow, upright leaves and can be set closely together. We supply the most critical trade. Packet 15c, ¼ 0z. 75c, ½ 0z. \$1.25, 0z. \$2.00, ¼ 1b. \$7.50, prep'd.

F. S. & N. CO'S DANISH PERFECTION — A new early variety of the Dwarf Erfurt type. While not quite as early as Snowhall, the heads are better protected by leaves and are very firm, solid and heavy, snow white and with no protruding leaves. The extra protection to the head does away with the necessity of tring up the leaves to a large extent. Comes very true to type and its evenness in maturing makes it possible to take care of the crop at one cutting. This variety produces the most solid, whitest and best heads of cauliflower we have ever seen grow. Practically every plant produces a good head. Packet 15c, ¼ 0z. 75c, ½ 0z. \$1.25, 0z. \$2.25, ¼ lb. \$8.25, prepaid.

EARLY SNOWBALL—A splendid type of the Snowball and is very popular in the East. Our seed will give best satisfaction. Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c, ½ oz. 85c, oz. \$1.50, ¼ lb. \$5.00.

EXTRA EARLY PARIS — Very popular early sort, forming medium sized, compact heads of excellent quality and flavor. The leaves are large, stalk short. For the home garden a very satisfactory variety. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz, 25c, oz. 50c, ¼ lb. \$1.50.

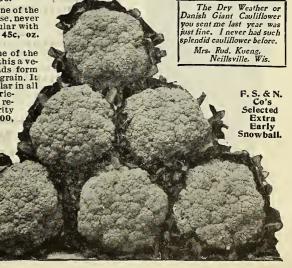
LARGE LATE ALGIERS—This is one of the best late varieties. It is largely grown for fall use, never failing to produce large, fine heads. Very popular with market gardeners and canners. Packet 10c, ½0z. 45c, oz. 70c, 1/4 lb. \$2.25, prepaid. EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT-One of the EXTRA EARLY DWARF ERFURT—One of the best varieties of Cauliflower that can be had at any price, and growers will find this a very superior strain. It is of dwarf, compact growth, with short stalk. The heads form quickly, measure from 8 to 10 inches across, are beautiful, white, firm and of fine grain, It gives excellent results both for the home garden and for market use and is similar in all respects to the Snowball except in earliness, being a few days later than that variety. Our strain of Erfurt Cauliflower has given the best satisfaction and can be relied upon to produce true to name, and will be found unsurpassed in earliness, purity of color, dwarf habit, fine grain and solid heads. Packet 15c, ½ oz. 60c, ½ oz. \$1.00, oz. \$1.75, ½ lb. \$6.50, prepaid.

DRY WEATHER or DANISH GIANT—The plants have large foliage and form firm and snow-white heads, which are much larger on large and form firm and snow-white heads, which are much larger and heavier than those of the Snowball and of equally fine quality, but about a week later. The Dry-Weather Cauliflower requires less moisture than the other varieties and is therefore especially adapted for growing in dry localities, where it will produce good sized heads under unfavorable conditions, when other kinds fall entirely. We recommend this variety as one of the very best for the home garden as well as for the market gardener for growing in the open ground. Pkt. 15c, ¼ oz. 75c, ½ oz. \$1.25, oz. \$2.00, ¼ lb. \$7.50, prepaid.

Danish

Cauliflower.

AUTUMN GIANT-A distinct and valuable late variety with long stems and dark green leaves. The heads are very large, extremely white, firm and compact and being well protected by foliage, remain a long time fit for use. Plants should be started and transplanted early. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.00, prepd.





CARROTS, TABLE VARIETIES.

The Carrot is one of the most nutritious and healthful roots, and should be more generally used for the table as well as for stock feeding purposes. Will grow in any soil; sandy deep loam is best. Sow as early as the ground can be worked, in rows is to 18 inches apart, covering about ½ inch, and the plants should be thinned to two, three or even four inches. For field culture sow in drills 18 to 24 inches apart, or the rows may be made wild enough apart, say 2 to 2½ feet, to allow cultivation by horse power. One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill, three to four pounds required per acre.

F. S. & N. CO'S SUPERIOR MARK ET—An elegant bunching carrot. Resembles Danvers Half Long, but is of much finer texture; flesh deep orange nearly to the center, leaving hardly any core; very sweet and tender, never becoming stringy or woody. The finest carrot for the market or table use. It is very uniform in size and always yields well. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

DANVERS HALF LONG—This is considered the best variety for general crop, and is a first class carrot for any kind of soil. Roots afe of rich, dark orange color, grow to a good large size, tapering uniformly to a blunt point, and are smooth and handsome. They are easily harvested and a good keeper. This carrot is excellent for table use, and owing to its productiveness, is largely grown for feeding purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ ib. 40c, b. \$1.25, prepaid.

NANTES HALF LONG, EARLY—It is of good shape and size. The leaves are

NANTES HALF LONG, EARLY—It is of good shape and size. The leaves are fine and the roots almost cylindrical, very smooth and grow about six inches long; the fiesh is entirely red and very sweet, and almost entirely without a core. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 ib. 40c, ib. \$1.25, prepaid.

EARLIEST FRENCH FORCING—The earliest small round variety, very much used for first early forcing. Color reddish orange; it bunches very nicely: used largely for market as well as for the kitchen garden. Quality the best. Packet 5c, ounce 15c, 44 pound 40c, pound \$1.35, prepaid.

GUERANDE or OXHEART—Tops small for the size of the roots, which are comparatively short but often reach a diameter of five inches, terminating abruptly in a small tap root. Flesh bright orange, fine grained and sweet. This variety is especially desirable for soil so hard and stiff that longer rooted sorts would not thrive in it. When young the roots are excellent for table use and when mature are equally good for feeding stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 35c, ib. 51.00, prepaid. ib. \$1.00, prepaid.

CHANTENAY—An early main crop carrot for the market gardener. A first class table variety; stump rooted, and about 5 to 6 inches long and broad-shouldered. The flesh is of a beautiful, rich orange color and of the finest quality; is medium early with small tops. Undoubtedly is one of the best in quality for the market and private garden, while its great productiveness makes it very desirable as a field sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼1b. 40c, ib. \$1.35, p'd.

den, while its great productiveness makes it very desirable as a field sort. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, ib. \$1.35, p'd. EARLY SCARLET HORN—(Stump Rooted). Popular for forcing and early garden use. Roots are of medium size; flesh deep orange, fine grained; of agreeable sweet flavor; small top. Fine for bunching for the market. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 40c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

LONG RED ALTRINGHAM—A well known standard sort. Roots are smooth, fine grained, of large size, beautiful dark red color and of superior quality. The yield is very large, especially on light deep soil. Excellent carrot for table use as well as for stock feed and should be grown more extensively. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—(Pointed Rooted). The standard late variety; very handsome and uniform in shape; deep orange color; good flavor; yields very heavily. Requires a deep soil; plants should stand 8 inches apart in 18 inch drills for roots to attain full size. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c, ib. 85c, prep'd.

BEST CARROTS FOR STOCK USE.

The value of the Carrot as a food for stock is not appreciated in this country as it should be. They make a wholesome addition to the winter feed for stock and are very valuable when fed to dairy cows, producing an increased flow of rich milk and imparting a beautiful golden-yellow color to the butter. They should be fed regularly to horses, particularly to coits in winter and spring, and condition powders will not be needed, and distemper and similar diseases will not be known. We urge a more general use of carrots among our customers for feeding stock, knowing their value will be appreciated when better known.

VICTORIA — The largest and unquestionably the heaviest crop-

VICTORIA—The largest and unquestionably the heaviest cropping yellow carrot in cultivation. The roots are remarkably fine, very symmetrical, and of excellent quality, possessing high feeding properties. It is especially adapted for rich land, altho a heavy cropper on all soils. It is easily harvested, as the roots grow largely above the ground. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c, lb. 75c, p'p'd.—Lb. 65c, 5 lbs. \$3.00, not p'd.

MASTODON—This will give the greatest yield per acre of any carrot grown. The roots are short, and very heavy at the shoulder, consequently they are very easily harvested. The flesh is white, crisp, solid and very sweet in flavor. A yield of 15 to 20 tons and more per acre is very frequently obtained. They do not easily break in pulling for storing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, ib. 75c, prepaid.—Lb. 65c, 5 ibs. \$3.00, not prepaid.

LONG WHITE BELGIAN-A variety with long, slender roots, about one third of which grows above the surface of the ground, thus making it easy to pull. It is very productive, highly nutritious and a good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ ib. 20c, lb. 65c, prep'd.—Lb. 55c, 5 lbs. \$2.35, not p'd.

LARGE YELLOW BELGIAM—This sort is very similar to the White Belgian, except in color. Its strong point is its keeping quality, making it of special value for late feeding. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ ib. 20c, ib. 65c, prepaid.—Lb. 55c, 5 ibs. \$2.35, not prepaid.

RED ST. VALERY OF INTERMEDIATE—A large and handsome carrot with very straight roots, broad at the top and 10 to 12 inches long. Yields very heavy crops in rich light soil. Splendid for stock and good for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 20c, ib. 65c, prepaid.—Lb. 55c, 5 ibs. \$2.50. not prepaid. 5 lbs. \$2.50, not prepaid.

MUSHROOMS.

DIRECT PURE CULTURE SPAWN—The process by which this spawn is obtained not only insures mushrooms true to type with extraordinary regularity is obtained not only insures mushrooms true to type with extraordinary regularity and uniformity but the mushrooms which spring from this spawn is such wonderful numbers come to maturity much more quickly than is the case with spawn manufactured on any other system. This spawn comes in bricks weighing about 1½ pounds; a brick will spawn a bed of 10 square feet. Mushrooms of the finest quality can be grown with ease almost the year thru. A shed, cellar or cave may be utilized to advantage for this purpose. We recommend our Direct Pure Culture Spawn for the market gardener and private planter. Pamphiet on mushroom culture free with every order. Brick 40c, prepaid.—5 bricks \$1.50, 10 bricks \$2.50, not prepaid.



Your Seeds were all good and the packets so well filled I could not use all. ANNA ROFFLER,

New Rockford, N. Dak.





CELERY.

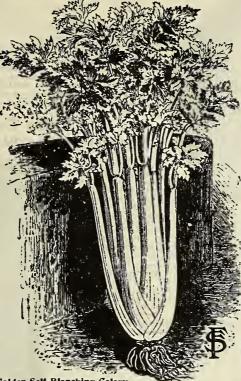
One ounce of seed will make about 2500 plants, The seed should he started in shallow boxes or hot-bed. Sow thickly and cover lightly, keep well watered and transplant when 2 inches high, in rows 3 feet apart and 6 inches apart in the row. For home use celery is often grown in double rows, 10 inches apart, without trenching, and banked for winter storage, just where it grows, without lifting.

well watered and transplant when z inches in rows, 10 inches apart, without trenching, and F. S. & N. CO'S GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING.—This is the best celery for early use, in fact the only variety now grown extensively for all markets as an early celery. The plants are of a yellowish green color, but when maturing, the inner stems and leaves turn a beautiful golden yellow, which adds much to their attractiveness. It is self-hlanching to a remarkable degree, altho boards are generally used to hasten the hleaching. The handsome color, crispness, tenderness, freedom from stringiness and the fine nutty flavor of this variety make it only necessary to be tried in order to establish it as the standard of excellence as an early sort. We handle of this variety only the originator's seed, grown in France, which is the most expensive, yet by far the best in the market; having a larger trade on this celery, we are able to buy at the lowest figure and can therefore sell at reasonable prices. We guarantee, however, our stock to be fully equal to the best high-priced seed of other seedsmen and to give good results. Price: Packet 15c, ½ oz. 60c, oz. \$1.00. ¼ lb. \$3.50, ib. \$13.00, prepald.

AMERICAN GOLDEN SELF-

AMERICAN GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—Owing to the very short crop of the best French grown seed, we offer American grown seed of this leading variety. This seed was grown from hest selected French stock seed, and is the finest obtainable in this country. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, 1/4 lb. \$1.20, lb. \$4.00, prepaid.

GIANT PASCAL—We recommend it as being of the very best quality for fall and early winter use. It hlanches to a beautiful yellowish white color, is very solid and crisp and of a fine nutty flavor. The stalk is very thick, the upper portion nearly round, but broadening and flattening toward the base, blanching very quickly with little hanking up. An admirahle keeper One of the best kinds for the market gardener. Packet Sc, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.



Golden Self-Blanching Celery,

CELERIAC.

TURNIP ROOTED CELERY—This popular German vegetable is worthy of more extensive cultivation. The roots, which are used in salads or hoiled like parsnips or turnips, have a celery flavor that is particularly pleasant to those who like celery. The roots keep well all winter.

LARGE ERFURT - Roots large, smooth, turnip-shaped and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 ib. 60c, ib. \$2.00, prepaid.

APPLE SHAPED—Roots large, round and smooth. Of very fine flavor and a splendid keeper. Pkt. 10c. oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. 85c, ib. \$3.00, ppd.

LEEK.

A species of onion, highly esteemed for flavoring soups, being of more delicate flavor than the onion. Sow the seed and care for the young plants as for onions, but give them more room for full development. When cultivating, draw the earth to the plants, so that they may he well blanched hy the time they are fit for use. One ounce of seed for 100 feet of drill; 4 pounds per acre.

GIANT EXHIBITION—On account of its large size and attractive appearance, this variety is ideal for growing to show at exhibitions and market. Produces its extra large, thick shoots very quickly. In quality it is hetter than any other variety, the white stems heing of mild flavor. A profitable sort for the market gardener and excellent for the kitchen garden. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 4 lb. 75c, lb. 62 for repeald lb. \$2.50, prepaid.

LONDON FLAG.—This is the variety generally cultivated in this country. It is hardy and of good quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 40c, ib. \$1.25, prepaid.

LARGE MUSSELBURG—Plants of enormous size, with large and hroad leaves of mild and pleasant flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 45c, ib. \$1.50, prepaid.

OKRA OR GUMBO.

The young seed pods of this plant are used for the well known and delicious "Gumho" soups. Easy to grow. Plant in spring as soon as danger of frost is past. Cultivate the same as corn.

WHITE VELVET Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

SWISS CHARD. "Lucullus".

Also called "Cut and Come Again" Spinach. This vegetable gives maximum Also called "Cut and Come Again" Spinach. This vegetable gives maximum returns for little care and space, it yields a constant crop from July to winter. If your garden space is limited, Swiss Chard must have a place. The leaves are used for greens the same as spinach or beet tops; they are equal in quality and easier to prepare than spinach, and are far superior to heets. Can be used all summer when spinach is not available. Later the leaves grow very large, with broad, flat, pure white stems, and mid-ribs, which may be cooked like asparagus. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25, orepaid.

DO NOT OVERLOOK OUR 1916 "SURE CROP" VEGETABLE SEED COLLECTION on third cover page.

WHITE PLUME—This is the earliest and an easily blanched celery. Plants grow rapidly and when maturing the inner stems and leaves turn white; they blanch naturally, but in order to produce close, attractive bunches, the stalks should when three-quarters grown, he drawn together and the soil pressed around the plants, which will then in a short time be fit for use. Our seed is grown in northern France, where the climate and soil are especially adapted for climate and soil are especially adapted for growing celery, the finest seed being pro-duced there. We procure our stock from the same grower who furnishes our Golden Self-Blanching and who has a world-wide reputa-tion for growing the best celery seed. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepald.

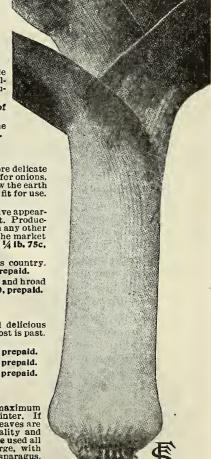
5c, 02. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

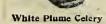
DWARF GOLDEN HEART—A
long keeping Golden Dwarf of established
merit. The heart is large, surrounded by a
shapely solid stalk. The heart blanches a
beautiful yellow after storing; it requires
little trimming for market as it is so shapely and solid. It has attained great popularity in many celery growing sections. Pkt.
5c, 02. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid,

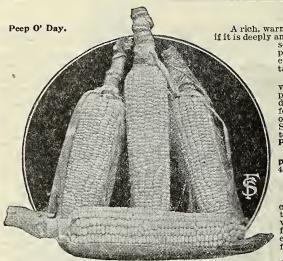
WINTER QUEEN—Probably the
most desirable winter celery ever introduced keeping longer than any other variety.

ed, keeping longer than any other variety. It is of dwarf, compact growth, with again as large a heart as any other celery. The leaves blanch to a beautiful creamy white, and are firm and solid. The flavor is sweet, nutty and delicious, leaving nothing to be desired. Splendid for market and the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 41b. 60c, ib. \$2.00, prepaid.

OLD CELERY SEED-Used in place of fresh celery, for soups, pickles, etc. 5c, 1/4 lb. 10c, lb. 35c, prepaid.







SWEET CORN.

A rich, warm soil is the best, but excellent sweet corn can be raised on any good, ordinary soil if it is deeply and thoroly worked before planting. Plant in hills, 3 to 3½ feet apart each way or sow in rows 3½ feet apart, placing seeds about 8 inches apart in the rows. First planting may be done as soon as danger from frost is past; for succession plant every 2 weeks until July. Give frequent and thoro but shallow cultivation until the tassels appear. One quart will plant about 200 hills; one-third bushel per acre.

Unfavorable weather conditions played havoc with Sweet Corn. The early varieties suffered from extreme heat and drought, so they ripened prematurely, producing small shrunken ears. The later sorts were badly checked by the hot dry weather while tasseing out, and never recovered. All Sweet Corn therefore fell short in yield. On account of so many poor ears and nubbins, many fields of our growers were not even considered worth husking. As only a small portion of Sweet Corn had been shelled when this catalog was printed, we were not in posito quote prices on large quantities. We therefore refer to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog, for prices on large quantities.

NOTICE:—The legal weight in Minnesota of all varieties of Sweet Corn is 48 pounds per bushel. Our prices are based on this weight; some states specify only 45 lbs. per bushel.

Extra Early Varieties.

IMPROVED PEEP O' DAY-The earliest true sweet corn. The best

extra early variety for the Northwest. This variety is very dwarf, from 3½ to 4 feet high; each stalk produces from 3 to 5 ears, most-

ly ten-rowed and about 5 inches long.

The kernels are smaller than those of the Cory and are deliciously sweet; of great value to the market gardener. The stalks of Peep o' Day being small, it should be plant-close together; about 8 to 10 inches apart in rows, with the rows just far enough apart to admit cultivation. Our seed is grown on our own farms here. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.10, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S GOLDEN BANTAM-The finest Sweet Corn in cultivation, in every respect. The most popular variety, both for the home garden and for the market. Golden Bantam is extremely early and very hardy, permitting early planting. The stalks grow about 4 feet high, bearing 2 to 3 ears, 5 to 7 inches long, which are completely filled with 8 rows of very long golden yellow kernels. This is without exception the sweetest, richest, and most tender of all sweet corn and remains in fine table condition a long time. Because of its extreme hardiness and ability to withstand unfavorable weather, it is the best sort for the Northwest. Packet 5c. ½ plnt 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.60, peck \$3.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S WHITE MEXICAN—A white variety which has all the good qualities of sweetness and flavor of the old dark type. It is one of the earliest to mature, furnishing edible ears from 4 to 6 days ahead of Cory. The ears, in size and shape, are like those of the Black Mexican. For the home garden as well as for market it is one of the best. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck

\$1.10, peck \$2.00, not pepaid.

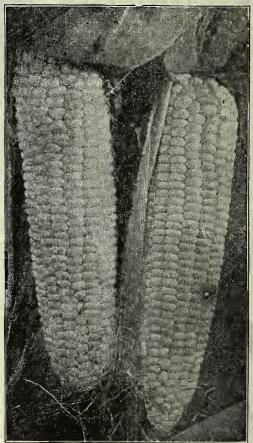
FIRST OF ALL—Well known early variety with medium sized ears, which are 8 to 10 rowed. Kernels are broad, white and very sweet. It is a splendid first early sort for the market as well as for the home garden, especially suited for our north-western states. Packet 5c. ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.10, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

Early Varieties.

F. S. & N. CO'S MAMMOTH WHITE CORY—The largest and best early variety. Each stalk produces two or more large, fine-shaped ears, which are fit for use before those of any other large sorts. The ears are 12-rowed, very symmetrical and handsome, with no openings between the rows at the base. The kernel is large, broad, very white and of remarkably good quality. The size and beauty of this variety give it a ready sale, even when the market is over-stocked. The best variety for the northern garden, and now extensively grown for early corn by market gardeners in this state. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.10, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

EARLY WHITE COB CORY—Well known old variety. The stalks are usually 4½ feet high and bear 2 or even 3 ears, which are 8-rowed, with large, somewhat coarse, but very sweet and tender grain. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.— Quart, 30c, 1/2 peck \$1.00, peck \$1.75, not prepaid.

EARLY MINNESOTA—This old and deservedly popular variety is one of the best early sorts for the market and private garden. The stalks grow about 5 feet high, bearing one or two ears, which are long and 8-rowed, Kernels very broad, sweet and tender, not shrinking much in drying. Our stock will be found uniform and of the best quality. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ pk. \$1.00, peck \$1.75. not prepaid.



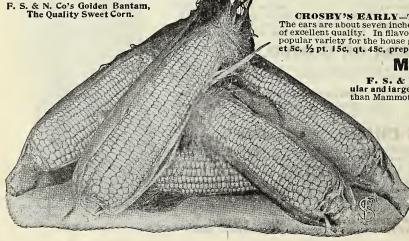
Mammoth White Cory.

CROSBY'S EARLY-This is a favorite second-early variety of Sweet Corn. The ears are about seven inches in length, with ten to twelve rows of fine kernels of excellent quality. In flavor it is delicious and very sweet. Crosby's Early is a popular variety for the house garden, and is grown extensively for canning. Packet 5c, ½ pt. 15c, qt. 45c, prepaid.—Qt. 35c, ½ pk. \$1.10, pk. \$2.00, not prepaid.

Medium Early Varieties.

F. S. & N. CO'S EARLY CHAMPION—The most popular and largest of the second early sorts. Season a little later than Mammoth White Cory. The ears are large, very uniform and covered with 12-rows of pure white kernels which are very sweet, tender, full of milk, not too large, but just the right size; cob is thin and white. A good yielder, producing usually 2 or 3 ears to the stalk. Excellent for both early and late planting. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ pk. \$1.00, peck \$1.75, not prepaid.

PRICES: As these Catalog pages were plated in November when Sweet Corn was piated in November when Sweet Corn was still an unknown quantity, and supply and demand govern the prices, we refer you to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST inserted in our Catalog, which will be issued from time to time and mailed upon request.



SWEET CORN.—Medium Early Varieties. Continued.

PRICES: WE REFER TO OUR BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST ENCLOSED IN THIS CATALOG, WHICH IS ISSUED FROM TIME TO TIME. PLEASE SEE EXPLANATION ON PREVIOUS PAGE.

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT—A variety of great merit. The ears are large, measuring 8 to 9 inches long, with 10 or more rows of plump white kernels of most deliciously sweet and sugary flavor. Very early for such a large eared sort. Gardeners report this sweet corn ready for use in 60 days when grown on sandy soil, and in 72 days on heavy ground. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.75, not prepaid.

GOLDEN CREAM—The new early Yellow Country Gentleman. The kernels are long and pointed, the cob is very slender, and the ear about as long as Golden Bantam. The flavor is remarkable; in fact, very much the same as Golden Bantam. The habit of growth is rather dwarf and the stalks bear 2 to 4 ears. The color of the kernels, at eating stage, is a rich cream, cooking to a light golden yellow. The quality is extra fine and the flavor delicious. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.20, peck \$2.25, not prepaid.

the same time as Stowell's. Packet 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 45c, prepaid. Quart 35c, not prepald.

Late Varieties.

F. S. & N. CO'S WHITE EVERGREEN — Bred from one pure white-grained ear, discovered in the Stowell's Evergreen, it has been developed into a beautiful, white, large-eared Evergreen variety. It has slimmer and shorter stalks, broader and more vigorous, deep green foliage, and is earlier by several days in producing ears suitable for the table, than the Stowell's. Grains are pure white, very sugary and are tightly set from butt to tip. The ears remain long in edible condition, like all true Evergreens. Desirable for the home garden and for the canner. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid. — Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$3.00, not prepaid.

NEW EARLY EVERGREEN—In this variety we have all the good qualities of that old standard, Stowell's Evergreen, with quite an important point in addition, namely that of earliness. It is about ten days earlier, with fully as large an ear; and also equal to it in every other respect. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepald.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.60, peck \$3.00, not prepald.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Recognized everywhere as the standard variety for market and home use. Remains longer in the green state than most other sorts. Very large ears with deep and remarkably sweet grains. Our stock is of the best quality, grown from selected ears. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepald.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.60, peck \$3.00, not prepald.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—One of the sweetest and most delicious of all sweet corn. It is extremely productive, the stalks averaging three ears, sometimes having as many as five. The small, irregular kernels are very deep and pure white in color. Ears average nine inches in It is a late main crop sweet corn, which should have a place in every home garden as well as in cet gardener's field. Our seed stock is especially fine. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, pre-

the market gardener's field. Our seed stock is especially fine. paid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.60, peck \$3.00, not prepaid.

MANNOTH SUGAR—The largest late variety, having ears of mammoth size, with 14 to 18 rows. Quality excellent and not exceeded by other kinds. It is a week later than Stowell's Evergreen. The stalks are very large. Pkt. 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.40, not prepaid.



Country Gentleman

F. S. & N. CO'S SUCCESSION COLLECTION OF SWEET CORN.

The following varieties, when planted at the same time, will produce a continuous supply of sweet corn of finest quality, from early summer until frost:

GOLDEN BANTAM—The earliest variety, MAMMOTH WHITE CORY—Second early.

EARLY MINNESOTA—Medium late, STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Late.

We make the following special prices for the collection:

1 packet each of above 4 varieties, 20c, prep'd. 1 quart each of above 4 varieties, \$1.50, not prep'd. 2 pint each of above 4 varieties, 60c, 1 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 12 peck each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 13 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 14 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 15 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 16 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 17 pint each of above 4 pint each of above 4 varieties, \$1.15, 17 pint each of above 4 pint each of

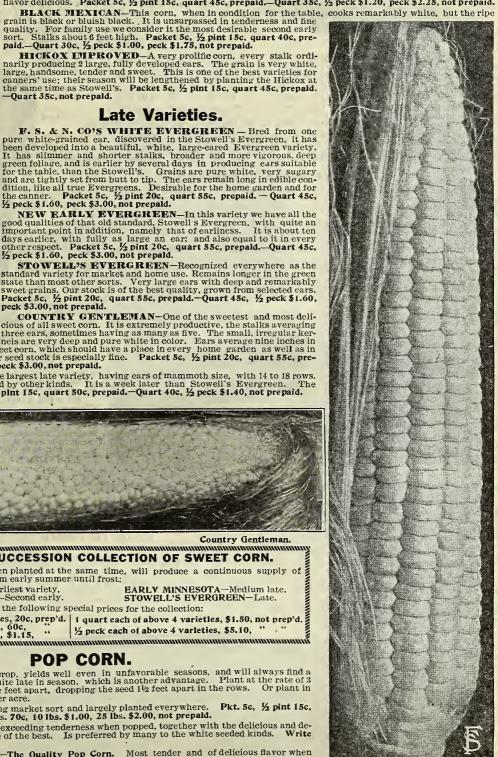
POP CORN.

Pop Corn is a very profitable crop, yields well even in unfavorable seasons, and will always find a good market. May be planted quite late in season, which is another advantage. Plant at the rate of 3 to 4 quarts per acre in drills three feet apart, dropping the seed 1½ feet apart in the rows. Or plant in hills, using 2 to 3 quarts of seed per acre.

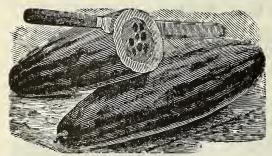
WHITE RICE—The leading market sort and largely planted everywhere. Queto, prepaid.—Lb. 20c, 5 lbs. 70c, 10 lbs. \$1.00, 25 lbs. \$2.00, not prepaid.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN—The exceeding tenderness when popped, together with the delicious and delicate taste, make this variety one of the best. Is preferred by many to the white seeded kinds. Write for prices.

NEW JAPANESE RICE—The Quality Pop Corn. Most tender and of delicious flavor when popped, without any hard particles, melts in your mouth. Try it once, you will not be without it again The ears are short and thick, with deep kernels. **Write for prices.**



Stowell's Evergreen.



Early Green Cluster.

CUCUMBERS.

Plant the seed three-fourths of an inch deep in hills 4 to 6 feet apart each way, according to the variety, about corn planting time, allowing 10 seeds to the hill. As soon as the plants commence to run, remove all but 3 or 4 of the most promising ones in each hill. As soon as the plants commence to run, remove all but 3 or 4 of the most promising ones in each hill. Cultivate frequently as long as the vines will permit. One ounce of seed for 50 bills, 2 to 3 pounds per acre. Use "Slug Shot" to kill cucumber bugs and worms, see page 42.

and worms, see page 42.

F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIEST PICKLING—This variety we believe to be the earliest and best strain of all pickling cucumbers. The vines are of vigorous growth and hardier than other varieties, therefore permitting early planting. The fruits are of medium size, sim in sbape, of superior quality. More prolific than any other cucumber we have ever tried. For the gardener our Earliest Pickling will prove a money maker. Pkt. 10c, oz. 15c, ½ ib. 45c, ib. \$1.25, prepaid.

EARLY FRAME or EARLY SHORT GREEN—Desirable for pickles of medium size, and of fine quality when sliced for the table. A little later than the Early Cluster; keeps green for a long time. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ ib. 25c, ib. 85c, pd.

CHICAGO or WESTERFIELD PICKLING-Fruits of medium length, somewhat thicker than the Boston and deep green in color, with large, prominent spines; extremely prolific. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 90c, prepaid.

BOSTON or GREEN PROLIFIC—A distinct and very productive variety. Fruits bright green, medium sized, slender, smooth, symmetrical, crisp and tender. Used almost exclusively by all the pickle factories in the western states. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4/1b. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER—Fruits of the slim form desirable for small pickles; is very prolific, frequently setting fruits in clusters of two and three. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ ib. 25c, lb. 90c, prepaid.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN-One of the best for slicing and pickles. The vines are very vigorous and productive and the fruits, about 12 inches long, are formed almost as early as those of the short sorts. They are firm, crisp and of fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

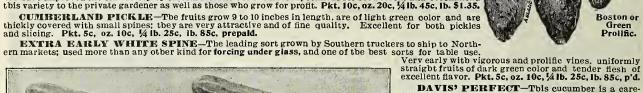
NEW EVERBEARING—Very early, enormously productive, and valuable as a green pickler. The peculiar merit of this variety is that the vine continues to produce fruit until killed by frost, whether the ripe cucumbers are picked off or not, differing in this respect from all other sorts. The fruit is of medium size, perfect in shape, of a fine green color. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

WHITE SPINE VARIETIES.

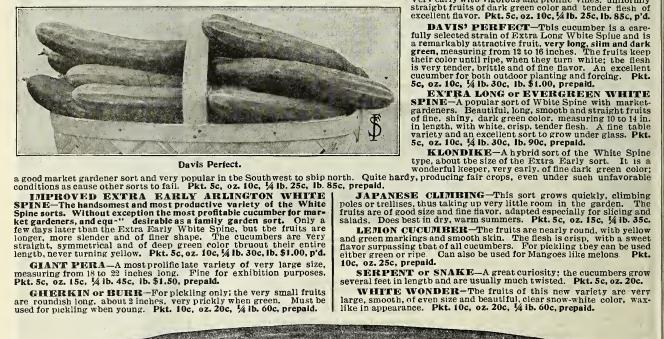
EARLIEST of ALL-This is the earliest type of White Spine grown. The fruits are small but of fine

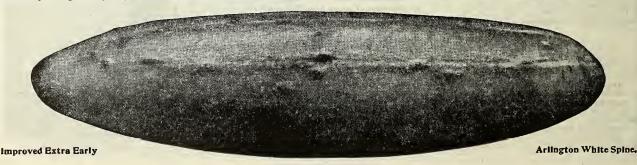
EARLIEST of ALL—This is the earliest type of White Spine grown. The fruits are small but of fine quality and attractive dark green color, changing to white when ripe. This variety is much used by pickle-factories for packing in bottles; the cucumbers being straight, blunt ended and very firm, make very band-some, showy pickles of the best quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 30c, 1b. \$1.00, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S NORTH WESTERN BEAUTY—An early, most shapely and productive strain of the Improved White Spine, of a rich green color through its entire length and very straight and symmetrical. We have improved the old variety by careful selection of the finest specimens for seed stock, and recommend this variety to the private gardener as well as those who grow for profit. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ 1b. 45c, 1b. \$1.35.



DAVIS' PERFECT—This cucumber is a carefully selected strain of Extra Long White Spine and is a remarkably attractive fruit, very long, silm and dark green, measuring from 12 to 16 inches. The fruits keep their color until ripe, when they turn white; the flesh is very tender, brittle and of fine flavor. An excellent cucumber for both outdoor planting and forcing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.





CHICORY.

LARGE ROOTED—Much used in Europe as a substitute for coffee. In the fall the roots should be taken up and dried, and when required for use, should be roasted and ground like coffee. In spring the leaves make a good salad, and are used extensively for this purpose.

Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 4 lb. 50c, prep'd.



Chives

CHIVES.

An onion-like plant, which by some is highly esteemed for use as a salad, and the green stems afford a very pleasant onion flavor for soups. The plant also makes an ex-cellent ornamental garden bed edging, which may frequently be cut, a new growth of leaves appearing soon after each cutting. The seed soon after each cutting. The seed may be sown in rows in the garden or in boxes and transplanted. After 2 or 3 years the plants may be taken up, divided and reset. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 35c, prepald.

COLLARDS.

GEORGIA, SOUTHERN OR CREOLE - We offer the true white or green stemmed sort so extensively used in the South, where it furnishes an abundance of food for the table or for stock. Forms a large open head of leaves on a tall stem. Freezing does not injure, but rather improves the quality. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

CORN SALAD.

LARGE ROUND-LEAVED, LARGE-SEEDED—This is a hardy, quick growing plant; the leaves furnish a good substitute for lettuce during the winter; can also be cooked and used like spinach—Sow in August or Cost spinach. Sow in August or September. The plant will mature in 4 to 6 weeks. It can also be sown early in the spring like other lettuce. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.



Corn Salad.

GARLIC: Garlic is much esteemed for flavoring soups, stews, etc. The root or bulb is composed of many small bulbs called "cloves" which are planted in the spring. Easily grown everywhere. Bulbs, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 45c, prepaid. - 5 lbs. \$1.50, not prepaid.

ENDIVE.

WHITE CURLED-A very beautiful sort of which the leaves are very light colored, even the outer ones being nearly white. They are very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.35, ppd.

MOSS CURLED — One of the best autumn, winter or spring salads. Plants

autumn, winter or spring salads. form large, dense clusters of finely divided, green leaves, which when properly blanched, are exceedingly crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ 1b. 35c, lb. \$1.20, ppd.

BATAVIAN—Large heads of broad, thick leaves which can be blanched.

thick leaves, which can be blanched as salad or used for cooked greens. A very fine variety. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 4 lb. 35c, variety. Packet lb. \$1.20, prepaid.

GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY.

See page 73.

GROUND CHERRY. See Strawberry Tomatoes. Page 73.

KOHLRABI.

Sow the seed early inspring, in rows 18 inches Thin out to 8 to 10 inches

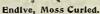
EARLIEST ERFURT DELICATESSE

The earliest and finest sort for market and the private garden. Flesh is white, of excellent flavor, very tender and juicy. Leaves are short, permitting close planting. Best for forcing. Packet 10c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 75c, lb. \$2.50, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA — Very hand-some, white fruit. Excellent both for forcing and open ground: flesh white and very tender; leaves short. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prep'd.

EARLY PURPLE — Very similar to the above, except in color, which is a bright purple. A desirable variety. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 4 lb. 60c,





FINE CURLED OR PEPPER GRASS—Quick growing; leaves finely cut and feathery, ornamental, crisp and pungent, very refreshing. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepald.

CRESS.

WATER CRESS-Highly esteemed as a salad during spring and fall. Also used as a garnish for meats during the winter. Pkt. 5c, oz. 35c, 4lb. \$1.25, ppd.

MUSTARD.

Mustard is not only used as a condiment, but the green leaves are used as a salad or cut and boiled like spinach.

WHITE ENGLISH - Leaves are

white English — Leaves are comparatively smooth and deeply cut; color medium dark green. Seed is much used for flavoring, in pickles, etc. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 45c, prepaid.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED — Leaves light green, frilled and much crimped at the edge. Highly esteemed in the South for its vigorous growth and good quality. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

HORSE RADISH. See pages 104 and 106.

MUSHROOMS. See page 54.

VINE PEACH.

The fruits are about the size of a large peach, oval shaped, and of a bright orange-yellow color, somewhat russeted. For sweet pickles, pies and preserves they are superb. Require the same cultivation as musk melons; are easily grown and wonderfully prolific. Full directions for growing canning and preserving on each packet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, prepaid.



EGG PLANT.

NEW YORK IMPROVED LARGE PUR-PLE SPINELESS—The plants are large, vigorous, spreading, and the fruits are very large, oval, of glossy dark purple color; usually four to eight fruits are produced by a plant. Our stock has been obtained by years of most careful selection and we have today the finest strain of all Mammoth Purple Egg Plants, the fruit growing to an immense size, being very early and entirely spineless. Packet 5c, oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.65, prepald.

EARLY LONG PURPLE—A very early variety with long fruits of rich dark purple color and fine quality. Especially recommended for the North. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 14 lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00, prepaid.

BLACK BEAUTY — Desirable for the northern states. Earlier than New York Spineless. The fruits are broad, thick, of most attractive form and finest flavor. Their rich, lustrous, purple black color is very uniform. Packet 5c, oz. 30c, 4 lb. \$1.00, Ib. \$3.65, prepald.

NEW HIGHBUSH or TREE-An excellent tall growing variety, bearing its large fruits well above the ground, thus escaping liability to rot. The fruit is very solid and of best quality. The plant resists drought and bad weather to a remarkable degree. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, 4 lb. \$1.25, prepaid.



LETTUCE.

Lettuce seed should be sown very early in the spring and at intervals of 15 days for a succession; sow the seed in shallow drills — being careful to firm the soil well over the seed and thin to 4 inches apart in row. One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of rows, 4 to 5 lbs. per acre.

CURLED OR LOOSE LEAVED.

GRAND RAPIDS—The best and most profitable sort for forcing. Almost exclusively grown by market gardeners. A splendid shipper, not apt to rot. The piant is upright and forms a loose head or a cluster of light green leaves. One of the very best leaf lettuces for the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 30c, 1b. \$1.00, prepaid.

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON—One of the best and most largely planted bunching varieties; excellent for forcing as well as for growing outdoors. Distinctly a market gardener's sort, but also very satisfactory for home use, as it is very reliable and easily grown; it succeeds during summer when more delicate sorts are failures. A good shipper, remaining a long time in condition for use. Leaves broad, crumpled and blistered and of light green color and fine quality, sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 80c, prepaid.

SIMPSON'S EARLY CURLED. (Seed white)—Early, erect growing. Leaves broad, often frilled and blistered and formed into a loose bead; light green in color; sweet, tender and well flavored. May be sown thickly and cut when plants are very young. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

Iceberg. Very fine quality, large, solid heads.

DENVER MARKET—An early variety of loose headed type, either for forcing or open ground. Forms good sized heads of light green color. Leaves are handsomely marked and blistered, similar to a Savoy cabbage. Very crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

PRIZEHEAD-An excellent home variety and planted extensively for family use, prob-ably more so than any other kind; Grand Rapids. not suited for shipping and not adapted for forcing. The plant consists of a loose cluster of leaves, of bright brown color, varying to bright green; the quality is very fine, sweet in flavor, tender and crisp. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

CABBAGE or HEADING VARIETIES.

F. S. & N. CO'S MAY KING-The earliest head lettuce. qually desirable for market and the home garden. Heads medium sized with outer leaves folding close to the head, thus permitting close planting for frame work; color light green, outer leaves tinged slightly brown; heart of a beautiful appetizing yellow; quality excellent, leaves being exceedingly tender. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, [4] b. 35c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

THE DEACON or ST. LOUIS BUTTER—A lettuce of the highest quality, a splendid variety for the market gardener as well as for home use. It stands the summer well, is very reliable, sure heading and very attractive. Reported to be the best head variety for forcing. The heads are medium large, leaves

broad and smooth, of a peculiar gravish green color. Quality exgrayish green color. Quality ex-cellent, sweet and decidedly buttery in flavor, crisp and tender.

A leading summer lettuce. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb 75c, prepaid.

TENNIS BALL. Black Seed—Also called Salamander, All Heart and Market Gardener's Private Stock. One of the best head lettuces; succeeds everywhere and at all seasons. It is a sure header, and an excellent shipper. We can highly recommend it for both private and market gardener's use. The plants are medium size, with broad leaves of light green color, blistered and crumpled, the quality is excellent delicate, sweet and buttery in flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c. 4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

GIANT ICEBERG—An extremely hard heading, large variety. Leaves have small indents and are of a yellowish green color. Good for home and market. The quality is very fine. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

HANSON—The standard summer cabbage-heading variety for either the home or market gardener. Very reliable and a sure beader. Not suited for growing indoors. A very large, late variety. forming a very hard head of light green color, and of the best quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ 1b. 25c, lb. 85c, p'p'd.

CALIFORNIA CREAM BUTTER—Especially recommended to the private gardener; very hardy, succeeds well everywhere, but not suited for indoor culture.

Tennis

firm, well blanched heart, with outer leaves of rich, glossy green color, spotted with brown, the most buttery flavored variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 4lb. 25c, lb. 75c, p'p'd. WONDERFUL or NEW YORK-A large late variety of very wonders the best of New work—A large face variety of very good quality, fine flavor, sweet and crisp and of dull green color; a good shipper. A favorite variety with market gardeners near New York; one of the best for the private garden; unfit for forcing. Excellent for midsummer, withstands heat remarkably well and is slow to run to seed. Packet 5c, oz. 8c, 4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

BIG BOSTON—A very popular sort with market gardeners all over the country; succeeds well in late fall, but also a good summer letture and fine for forcing. Hardy, reliable, a sure header, and a splendid shipper. The plants form large compact heads, leaves of light dull green color with light brown border. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 41b. 30c, 1b. \$1.00, prepaid.

COS LETTUCE. White Self Folding-Of a distinct upright habit. The heads grow to a large size and are self-closing. Is considered by many to be the highest quality of all lettuces. Very crisp and sweet. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

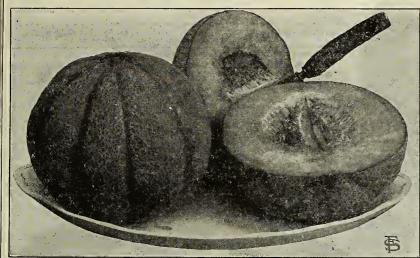
NIXED VARIETIES LETTUCE—Fine for the home garden. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, prepaid.

I cannot help but praise your Vegetable Seed. Will give you a few accounts cannot neip out praise your vegetable seed. Will give you a tew accountsi-some heads of Cabbage. All-Head or Suprpise, weighed 19 pounds, Late Flat Dutch, 20 pounds. Some Cauliflower. Early Snowball, 15 1.4 pounds. I raised 191 bushels of Eckendoil Mangel Wurzel on 45 square rods, some weighed 14 1.2 pounds. Raised 667 bushels Purple Top White Globe Turnips on 149 square rods, they average about 8 GEO. H. BUSHMAN. Abbotsford. Wis. pounds apiece.



MUSK MELON.

Earliest varieties ready in 80 to 100 days from sowing. General crop requires 115 to 140 days. Melons thrive best in a light, rich soil. Plant when the ground has become warm and dry, and danger of frost is past, in hills 6 feet apart each way, in well enriched soil, 12 to 15 seeds in a hill. After all danger of the bugs is over thin out to 3 plants per hill. One ounce will plant about 60 bills, three pounds per acre. Use "Slug Sbot" to After all danger of the bugs is over thin out to 3 plants per hill. kill melon bugs and worms; see page 42.



New Fordhook

Salmon Fleshed Sorts.

NEW FORDHOOK-This melon is a cross between Emerald Gem and the Old Prize Jenny Lind. The vine is a strong, vigorous grower, branching freely and frequently setting five to nine melons close to the hill. The fruits grow very even and regular in size and attractive in appearance, slightly flattened at both ends and they are roughly netted. flesh is very thick, color an attractive deep orange and of delicious flavor. Remarkably early and a good shipper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¹/₄ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S NETTED OSAGE— This new melon is a great improvement of the old popular Osage, as it is a few days earlier and old popular Osage, as it is a few days earlier and of mucb finer appearance, the rind being of dark green color and covered with thick gray netting. With this new feature the Netted Osage combines all the good qualities of the old sort and is fully equal to it in size, luscious flavor and shipping qualities. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 14 lb. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.

OSAGE — Fruits large, oval, with dark green skin, slightly ribbed and moderately netted; flesh is deep salmon colored, very thick and of the finest quality. One of the best melons for the home garden and also for the market; a good keeper and shipper. More extensively grown by market gardeners in the Northwest than any other variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, 5 lbs. \$4.50, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S YELLOW MEATED JAPAN — This variety is a splendid shipper and for the private garden no better meion can be found. The flesh is thick, salmon colored. melting and of a rich, sweet, delicous flavor. Fruits are of large size, nearly round, slightly ribbed and covered with patches of netting; skin yellowish-white when ripe. A heavy yielder, quite early. Grown extensively for the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25.

HOODOO—Considered one of the finest orange-fleshed musk melons for shipping. The size is just right (about the same as Rockyford). The flesh is of deep orange color and extremely thick, there being only a small seed cavity. The netting is ideal, heavy and close; the melon is solid and heavy. Wonderfully prolific and produces very fine quality melons quite early. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00.

BUIRRELL'S GENI—A new melon of the Rockyford type, with orange OSAGE - Fruits large, oval, with dark

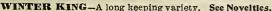
BURRELL'S GEM—A new melon of the Rockyford type, with orange yellow meat of delicious flavor; a fine keeper and good shipper. One of the finest melons grown. Size same as the full-sized Rockyford melons (6 in, long, weighing about 24 lbs. eacb); shape elongated; meat very thick, fine grained and spicy. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, 5 lbs. \$4.50, prepd.

EMERALD GEM—Fruit medium sized, globular, but somewhat flattened at the ends, perfectly smooth and ribbed. Skin deep green while fruit is young, becoming tinged with yellow as it matures: flesh deep salmon-yellow, thick, ripening close to the rind, and exceedingly high flavored. A splendid variety which has but few equals for the home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 ib. 35c, lb. \$1.15, prepald.

SHUMWAY'S GIANT — Largest of all musk melons. Flesh is rich, melting and sugary. A splendid large melon to grow for exhibition purposes and home use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.

BANANA—This melon attains a length of 18 to 30 inches, is 2 to 4 inches in diameter and bas flesh of orange-yellow color and exquisite flavor. The fruit resembles a banana in appearance and aroma A fine melon for the home garden. Pkt 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. \$1.35, prepaid.

STRAWBERRY—A melon with the delicious flavor of the strawberry. Its smooth, deep flesh is salmon red. The skin is green, turning yellowish when ripe. The fruits are of desirable size, weighing 6 to 8 pounds. Fine for the home garden. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 75c, prepaid.



Green Fleshed Sorts. NEW BUSH-See Novelties.

MINNESOTA MELTING SUGAR - The MINNESOTA MELTING SUGAR — The sweetest, richest flavored of all green-fleshed musk melons. Fruits are of just the right size for market, oval in form, distinctly ribbed and beavily neted. The flesh is very firm, of attractive green color, exceptionally sweet, sugary, juicy and tender, with a rich aromatic flavor and entirely free from stringiness. The melons are all of uniform size, and everyone is of the same high quality. Vines are of vigorous, healthy growth, yielding an abundant crop quite early in season. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, 14 lb. 45c, 1b. \$1.75, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK—This is a selection of the popular Hackensack, ripening fully 10 days earlier. The melons are of good size heavily ribbed and netted, and have thick, light green flesh of fine flavor; they are very early, hardy and prolific and one of the best varieties to grow for the market. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, '4 lb. 30c, lb. 95c, 5 lbs. \$4.00, prepaid.

HACKENSACK OR TURK'S CAP—The fruits are of good size, round, heavily ribbed and netted, with thick, firm, green flesh of excellent flavor. Hardy and productive. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 14 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY CITRON OR EARLY NUTNEG-A small round melon, valuable on account of its extreme earliness and great productiveness. The skin is green, becoming yellowish at maturity, The flesh is light green, sweet and of good quality. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, quality. Packet 5c, 5 lbs. \$4.50, prepaid.

IMPROVED LARGE GREEN NUT-MEG—Vines vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit large, round, slightly flattened at both ends, ribbed and covered with coarse netting; flesh very thick and of the finest flavor. Very fine for home garden. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

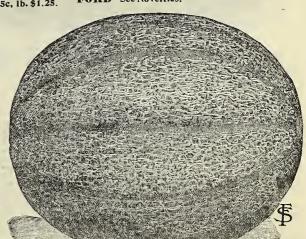
MONTREAL MARKET - This is a very MONTREAL MARKET—This is a very grage-fruited variety of superior quality. The fruits are nearly round in form, slightly flattened at the ends, with very large, broad, beavy ribs and dark green skin, thickly covered with heavy netting. The flesh is 2 inches thick, light green, melting and of delicious flavor. This is one of the bandsomest varieties to grow for exhibition. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 30c, 1b. \$1.00, 5 lbs. \$4.50, prepaid.

NETTED GEM OR ROCKYFORD—A DODULAR Small or basket melon. The fruit is oval.

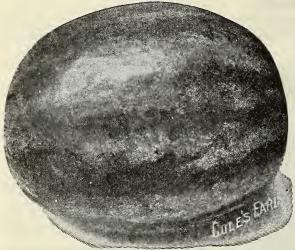
popular small or basket melon. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed and covered with fine netting. Flesh thick, green, very sweet and of the finest flavor. Our seed is taken from carefully selected melons. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 5 lbs. \$3.25,

RUST RESISTING ROCKYFORD—
This melon represents the highest development of the Rockyford melons as to quality, beauty and rust resisting properties. The melons are covered over the entire surface with heavy gray netting; their flavor is not excelled by that of any green meated sort and there is no better shipper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 40c, lb. \$1.40, prepaid.

ROBINSON'S DELICIOUS ROCKY-FORD-See Novelties.



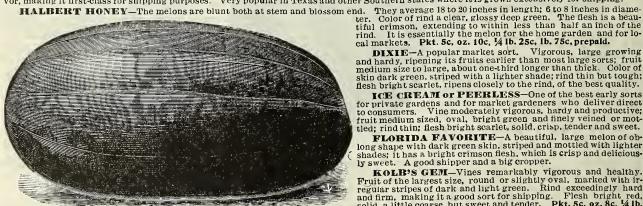
Netted Gem or Rockyford.



EXTRA EARLY RUSSIAN — We obtained the stock seed of this variety from a customer of ours living near a Russian seed of this variety from a customer of our arrange in colony in South Dakota, where these melons are highly esteemed and bring top prices in the local markets. The melons are of medium size, oblong; skin dark green, mottled yellow. Flesh is red, dium size, oblong; skin dark green, mottled yellow. Flesh is yery free from fibre and deliciously sweet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c. 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepald.

TOM WATSON—This splendid melon has become immensely popular. Typical fruits of this variety reach a size of 24 inches in length by 12 inches in diameter. The rind is dark mottled green, thin, but tough enough to endure shipping to very distant markets. Of the long shaped melons it is the best shipper. The fiesh is deep red and comes very close, about ½ of an inch, to the rind. The exquisite deliciousness of flavor possessed by the fine quality flesh of this melon places it in the very front rank of melon excellence. For the home or market garden, or for shipping, it is a money maker for the growers. Our strain of this is not surpassed in the market. Pkt. 5c. 0z. 10c. ¼ lb. 25c. lb. 85c. 5 lbs. ed in the market. Pkt. 5c. oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c. 5 lbs. \$3.75, prepaid.

ALABAMA SWEET—Alabama Sweet is a dark green melon with light seeds. It is of good size, very attractive in appearance and most delicious in flavor, making it first-class for shipping purposes. Very popular in Texas and other Southern states where it is grown extensively for shipping.



Kleckley's Sweet.

CUBAN QUEEN—A favorite melon for home and market. Exterior beautifully striped and mottled. Rind thin but firm. Flesh bright red. solid, sweet and luscious. One of the best keepers of all the water melons, and a first rate shipper. Specimens of this splendid variety weighing 100 pounds have been grown. Is planted extensively for market purposes.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET-A large, oblong melon, 20 in. in length, kinckleys swell—A large, oblong melon, 20 in. in length, by 10 to 12 inches in diameter, with dark green rind which is only about ½ inch in thickness. The scarlet flesh is sweet and sugary and is of such texture that it leaves no strings of pulp whatever in eating. This variety is better for home use than for shipping, and we believe it is the best table melon. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 5 lbs. \$3.50, prepaid.

MICIVER'S WONDERFUL SUGAR-This widely famous meion is of southern origin. It is of medium size, with striped or variegated exterior. The beautiful, red flesh is of perfect quality as to texture and sweetness. It is well adapted for nearby markets, but is rather delicate for long shipments. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, 5 lbs. \$3.50, ppd.

SWEETHEART-Our strain is a notably sweet hearted kind for home and market use, and will hold its own (in the watermelon patch) for many years to come. Vine vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit early; fruit large, oval, very heavy, uniformly mottled light and dark green; rind thin but firm; flesh bright red, firm and solid, but very tender, meltrind thin but firm; ing and sweet. Excellent for shipping and home use.

WATER MELONS.

The soil for water melons should be light, rich and sandy. When there is no more danger of frost, drop 8 to 10 seeds in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, covering about % inch deep. As soon as the plants commence to run, thin out to 3 best plants in a hill and cultivate until the vines cover the whole ground. If slow to fruit, pinch off the ends of the growing shoots. One ounce of seed for 30 hills; 4 to 5 pounds per acre. Use "Slug Shot" to kill melon bugs and worms, see page 42

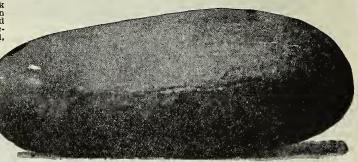
Prices except where noted: Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 60c, prepald. 5 lbs. and over at 45c per pound, not prepaid.

DELIGHT-See Novelties.

COLE'S EXTRA EARLY—The earliest watermelon grown and a most desirable sort for the Northwest, ripening delicious melons where none could be grown before, but it is also of great value for the Middle and Southern States, as it matures its fruits weeks ahead of other sorts. Fruits are oblong shaped and of dark green color, striped with lighter shades. The rind is thin and brittle, on which account the melons are not good for shipping, but they are one of the finest varieties for the family garden. The beautiful red fiesh is of delicate texture, crisp, lusciously sweet and refreshing; there is little or no seed cavity and very few seeds. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

HARRIS' EARLIEST—A splendid, large, extra early melon of exceptionally fine quality. The fruits are slightly oval, irregularly mottled dark and light green, and weigh from 25 to 40 pounds; the flesh is bright red, tender and sweet. A good shipper and one of the best for planting in the Northwest Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 141b, 25c, 1b. 75c, prepaid.

EARLY FORDHOOK—An extra early melon, nearly round in form and averaging 35 pounds in weight. The rind is of uniform light green color and is quite tough, making it a valuable variety for shipping; seeds are white.



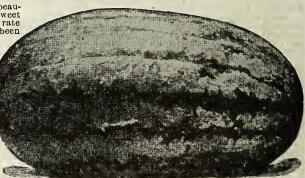
Ice Cream.

DIXIE—A popular market sort. Vigorous, large growing and hardy, ripening its fruits earlier than most large sorts; fruit medium size to large, about one-third longer than thick. Color of skin dark green, striped with a lighter shade; rind thin but tou flesh bright scarlet, ripens closely to the rind, of the best quality.

ICE CREAM or PEERLESS-One of the best early sorts for private gardens and for market gardeners who deliver direct to consumers. Vine moderately vigorous, hardy and productive; fruit medium sized, oval, bright green and finely veined or mottled; rind thin; flesh bright scarlet, solid, crisp, tender and sweet.

FLORIDA FAVORITE-A beautiful, large melon of oblong shape with dark green skin, striped and mottled with lighter shades; it has a bright crimson flesh, which is crisp and deliciously sweet. A good shipper and a big cropper.

KOLB'S GEM-Vines remarkably vigorous and healthy. Fruit of the largest size, round or slightly oval, marked with irregular stripes of dark and light green. Rind exceedingly hard and firm, making it a good sort for shipping. Flesh bright red, solid, a little coarse, but sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ 1b. 15c, 1b. 50c, 5 lbs. \$2.25, prepaid.



Mc Iver's Wonderful Sugar.

CITRON: GREEN SEEDED—A round, handsome fruit of small size, used for preserving only. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid. Price same as Green Seeded.



CHOICE AND RELIABLE FARIBAULT-GROWN ONION SEED.

We guarantee our Seeds to grow and produce satisfactory results if soll and season are favorable.

The most essential item in growing onions for the market is good seed - seed that will come up, and seed that will produce the variety you

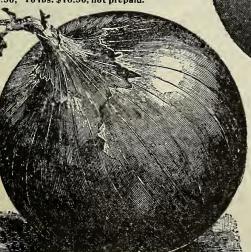
want—cheap seed is very poor economy. One ounce of seed is required for 100 feet of drill, four to five pounds per acre.

We are the largest growers of Onion Seed in the state of Minnesota and our seed is now used by most market gardeners in the Northwest, having been found superior to that grown elsewhere. Our stock is purer, and produces much larger and better keeping bulbs than any other strain. By many years of most careful selection of bulbs for seed growing we have established strains which are of perfect type and are the high-

est grade of onions obtainable up to date.



of Red Globe, western grown seed. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.85, prepaid. — 5 lbs. \$8.50, 10 lbs. \$16.50, not prepaid.



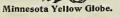
Farlbault Red Globe Wethersfield.

INNNESOTA FELLOW GLOBE—The most beautiful yellow onion of fine globe shape, golden yellow color, large size, mild flavor, a heavy cropper, an excellent keeper and good shipper. Our strain will be found a good deal earlier than the old Southport variety. The best yellow variety to grow for the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 14lb. 50c, lb. \$1.85, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$8.50, 10 lbs. \$16.50, not prepaid.

MINNESOTA YELLOW GLOBE

MINN. WHITE GLOBE-The minn. White Globe.—The handsomest onion grown; it sells at a higher price than all other sorts. Perfectly globe-shaped; thin, delicate skin of snow-white color. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor; a tremendous cropper and good keeper. To get fine white onions, greater care get fine white onions, greater care should be exercised in harvesting and curing the crop. Pull as soon as onions are ripe enough to harvest and dry in an airy and shady place. Our strain is the earliest of all White Globe offered. Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ 1b. 75c, 1b. \$2.85, prepaid. — 5 pounds \$13.50, 10 pounds \$26.50, not prepaid.

The most beau-

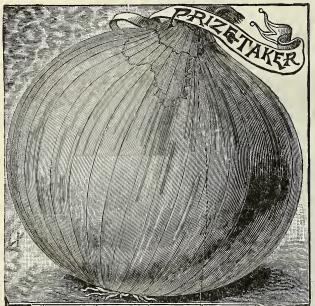


The 3 Best Globe Onions.

The 3 splendid Globe The 3 splendid Globe Onlons that we illustrate on this page, we have, by years of untiring efforts in selection, brought to the highest possible standard of perfection. They are the most productive, the earllest, hardiest, and best keeping onlons in exbest keeping onlons in ex-istence. We offer: istence.

1 pkt. of each, 15c, prep'd. 45c. 66 " \$1.65, MIb.

Minnesota White Globe.



F. S. & N. CO'S PRIZE-TAKER The largest union grown from American eed. This has become a great favorite on seed. account of its large size and great solidity. It has proven to be an excellent keeper, and is of the finest flavor. It is handsome and very uniform in shape, nearly a perfect globe, with thin skin of a clear bright straw color. Necks are very small, and the onions always ripen down hard and present the always ripen down hard and present the handsomest possible appearance in the market. The flesh is pure white and fine grained, mild and delicate in flavor. They grow to immense size, measuring from 12 to 16 in. in circumference. Specimen bulbs have been raised which weighed from 4 to 6 lbs. each. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.85, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$8.50, not prepaid.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS—A very popular onion. Our stock is very fine and will produce bulbs about 2½ inches in diameter, almost round in shape, with brownish-yellowskin, and white flesh which is crisp and mild in flavor. Like all other Minnesota grown strains of onion seed our

Yellow Globe Danvers will be found to be earlier and to produce larger and better keeping onions than seed grown elsewhere. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, '4 lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$8.00, 10 lbs. \$15.50, not prepaid.

NAMINOTH SILVER KING—A most strikingly attractive onion. The bulbs are flatten-

lb. \$3.00, prepaid. QUEEN-A very early and very small

QUEEN—A very early and very small onion. Has a beautiful waxy white color; much esteemed by house-wives. Of great value for pickling and table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 80c, lb. \$3.00, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE WELSH—For green onions. This kind does not form a bulb, but it is one of the best for "green onions". The plants are perennial and will remain in the ground for years. A money maker for the market gardener. rkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 80c, lb. \$3.00, p'p'd.

Enclosed my order for Onion Seed. I sowed 4 pounds of your onlon seed last year and found them highly satisfactory. I was congratulated on raising the best onlons ever seen in Pres-cott. Your Red Globes and Prizetakers are the best ever. H. H. WHEELOCK, Prescott, Wis.

Send me some more of your Faribault Red Globe Onion seed as per enclosed order, I want no other variety. Raised some from your seed this other variety. year, got the finest bunch of onions you ever laid your eyes on. E. F. Dommer, Moorhead, Minn.

ONIONS. Continued.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD-The Wethersfield Onion is the most largely grown red variety, and is a heavy yielder and good keeper. The slock we offer is our own growing, and we know there is no better strain raised anywhere as far as purity, beautiful form and color are concerned, and in earliness, productiveness and long keeping qualities far excels all others. The bulbs are of large size, of a round but somewhat concerned, and in earliness, productiveness and roug account quantities excels all others. The bulbs are of large size, of a round but somewhat flattened shape; deep red skin; flesh purplish-white, rather strong flavored. The loest variety for poor and dry soil. The flat onions mature earlier than the globes and are therefore better adapted for the northern sections. The Red Wethersfield is the best variety for the home garden and in many sections sells at highest prices in the market. Pkt. 5c. oz. 20c. 1/4 lb. 65c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.—51bs. \$10.50, 10 lbs. \$20.50, not prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY RED—This is one of the standard American onions, adapting itself to a great variety of soils and situations, succeedomions, adapting itself to a great variety of soils and situations, succeeding even in cold, mucky ground where other sorts fail. It matures earlier than the Red Wethersfield and in rich soils grows almost as large, is also somewhat flattened, very similar to that variety. The onion is of a rich, deep red color, mild flavor, fine grained, solid and heavy, and keeps well. It is hardy and reliable and well adapted for the early market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¹/₄ 1b. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$8.00, not prepaid.

BROWN GLOBE-This new variety is one of the best market sorts in existence; it is extremely early, forms good, large bulbs and keeps in good condition longer than any other onion. The color of the skin is a deep rich seal brown; the flesh is white, brittle and of a mild flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN—Extra early, a sure cropper and a long keeper. Medium sized, hard, solid bulbs of round form and a reddishbrown color, maturing about 4 weeks earlier than the Wethersfield; do not produce scallions and are excellent keepers.

Packet 5c, ounce 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

1/4 lb. 50c, 1b. \$1.75, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY GOLDEN GLOBE-The earliest of all globeshaped onions, an extra long keeper, a sure cropper and a very handsome variety. The bulbs are of beautiful globe form and run very uniform in variety. The bulbs are of beautiful globe form and run very uniform in shape and size. The skin is thin and of golden-vellow color, the flesh solid, pure white, mild and pleasant in flavor. This onion has an extremely small top, generally not longer than a lead pencil; ripens very evenly in all solls. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, '4 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$9.25, not prep'd.

WHITE PORTUGAL or SILV-ERSKIN—A medium sized onion of mild flavor and with beautiful, clear white skin. A favorite with many for use when young as a bunching onion and for pickles; it is also a good keeper and fine for fall and early winter use. Used largely for the growing of white sets. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 70c, lb. \$2.50, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$12.00, not prepaid. Prepaid. FLAT YELLOW DANVERS

FLAT YELLOW DANVERS—A fine early and productive variety of medium size; skin is copper-yellow; flesh creamy-white, comparatively mild and well flavored. Pk. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.30, pre-paid.—51bs. \$5.50, 101bs. \$10.00, not p'p'd. YELLOW DUTCH OR STRASBURG.—One of the oldest sorts. Of flat form; flesh white, fine grained, mild and well flavored. It is one of the best to grow for sets and a splendid keeper. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.—51bs. \$8.00, not prepaid.

Your Onion Seed is the best. I am over 80 years old and never had finer, larger and better keeping onions than I raised from your seed last year. ur seed last year. A. C. MOIR, Northwood, Iowa.



BEST FOR

PICKLING



ONION SETS.

Onion sets are planted for onions for early spring use. A quart or two is sufficient for the family garden. Onion bulhs can be produced from the Bottom Onion Sets much earlier than from seed, which allows the planter the early high market prices and permits the sowing of another crop on the land the same year. For green or bunch onions the onion sets produce a crop in half the time it takes to raise these from seed.

YELLOW MULTIPHERS OR SHALLOTS — We prefer these to any other onions on account of their earliness. The latter part of June they are fully ripe, and can be harvested. They are very productive, 5 to 15 hulhs growing from one small bulh set out. Pint 20c, quart 30c, prepaid.— Peck 50c, peck 90c, bushel \$3.25, not prepaid.

WHITE MULTIPLIERS—Color pure silvery white; very productive, frequently producing as many as 20 hulhs in a single cluster from one hulb planted. The onions are very mild and of excellent quality and size for bunching green, and can be used also for pickling. Very early and keep a long time. Pint 25c, quart 40c, prepaid.—½ peck 75c, peck \$1.25, bu. \$4.50, not prepaid.

RED TOP OR BUTTON SETS-Earliest of all. These are planted for both early "green

onions" and large eating stock. Pint 25c, quart 40c, prepaid. Peck \$1.50, bu. \$5.00, not prepaid.

YELLOW BOTTOM SETS-Pt. 15c, qt. 25c, prep'd.—½ pk. 50c, pk. 85c, bu. \$3.00, not prep'd. RED BOTTOM SETS-Pint 15c, quart 25c, prep'd.—½ pk. 50c, pk. 85c, bu. \$3.25, not prep'd. WHITE BOTTOM SETS-Pt. 20c, qt. 30c, prep'd. - 1/2 pk. 65c, pk. 1.15, bu. \$3.75, not prep'd.

PERENNIAL OR WINTER SETS—Also called Egyptian or Tree Onions. Produce the earliest spring onions without winter protection. Perfectly hardy and remain in the ground all the time. Pint 20c, quart 30c, prepaid.—½ peck 50c, peck 75c, bu. \$2.50, not prepaid.



Parsnips are highly appreciated for the table, and they are also of great value for stock feeding. Sow as early in the spring as the weather will permit, in drills 18 inches apart and ½ inch deep, in a rich, deep soil; thin out 3 to 6 inches apart in the rows. Parsnips are improved by remaining exposed to frost. One ounce to 150 feet of drill, 5 pounds for an acre.

F. S. & N. CO'S SUGARLOAF — The roots are of large size, very uniform in shape, and of superior flavor, excelling in richness and palatability all other sorts. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 30c, ib. 85c, prepaid.

LONG SMOOTH OR HOLLOW CROWN — A great cropper; tender, sugary and considered the hest for general cultivation. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

GUERNSEY - The roots do not grow as long as those of the Hollow Crown, but are of greater diameter and more easily gathered. They are very smooth and have fine grained flesh of most excellent quality. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.





One ounce to 150 feet drill. Soak the seed a few hours in luke warm water and sow early in the spring in drills one foot apart. Thin out to 4 inches. A few seeds sown in onion rows use no space. To preserve in winter transplant to a light cellar or glass frames. Used extensively for garnishing and seasoning.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED—A compact growing, finely cut and densely curled variety of a deep green color. Owing to its fine color and handsome foliage, it is one of the most popular sorts. Special market gardener's strain. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. 95c, prepaid.

FERN LEAVED — This is most exquisite in form and color, and invaluable as a garnishing plant. Mild in flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 ib. 40c, lb. \$1.35, prepaid.

PLAIN — Leaves flat and deeply cut; often preferred to others on account of the very dark color, the hardiness of the plant and its superiority for flavoring. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, ib. 75c, prepaid.

TURNIP-ROOTED OR HAMBURG—The root is the edinle portion of this variety and resembles a small parsnip, hoth in color and shape. Flesh white, a little dry, having a flavor similar to celeriae, Very hardy and should he cultivated like parsnip. Extensively grown and used for flavoring soups, etc. Foliage same as Plain Parsley. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 4 lb. 35c, ib. \$1.20, prepaid.

PEPPER.

Sow in hotbed early in April and transplant to the open ground when the weather is favorable, in warm, mellow soil, in rows 18 inches apart. May also be sown in the open ground when all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm. One ounce of seed to 1500 plants.

CHINESE GIANT—This desirable variety is undoubtedly the largest sweet pepper ever offered. The flesh is quite thick, very mild and remarkably sweet. The plants are of strong, stocky growth, of busby, erect habit, growing 18 inches to 2 feet in height, setting 3 to 4 extra large fruits at the hase, quite early in the season, which ripen while a second crop is setting on the branches. The fruit is quite square in appearance. Packet 10c, oz. 40c, 4 lb. \$1.15, prepaid.

IMPROVED LONG THICK RED - A great improvement of the ordinary Long Red Cayenne, heing of about the same length, but much thicker, having two to three times as much meat and averaging about one inch in diameter at the stem end. Exceedingly prolific, very hot and sharp. Largely grown for the market in Minnesota. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, 4 lb. 65c,

ib. \$2.35, prepaid.

BULL NOSE or IMPROVED LARGE BELL The sweet, scarlet fruits are three inches in length and two inches in diameter, with thick mild flesh; of excellent quality for use in salads and pickles. A most popular and desirahle sort; one of the best to grow for the market. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¹/₄ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

LONG RED CAYENNE — Twisted and pointed pods ahout 4 inches long, of bright red color; strong and pungent. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

SCHELL'S QUALITY —The Quality and Quantity Pepper. Heavy yielder of large, heautiful scarlet fruits, ahout 5 inches long and 3½ inches across. Very mild. Packet 10c, oz. 30c, ½ ib. \$1.00, prepaid.

NEAPOLITAN-Especially valuable for our northern states on account of its earliness. Very prolific, fruit of large size, flesh very thick, exceedingly smooth and mild. Bright red when ripe. Similar to Bull Nose, but two weeks earlier. Packet 10c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

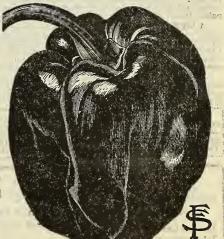
MOUNTAIN OR SPANISH MAMMOTH - The fruit does not ripen until very late. It is very long; often 6 inches or more in length, by three in diameter; of a rich red color. Flesh very thick, sweet and mild flavored. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ ib. 60c, ib. \$2.25, prepaid.

RUBY KING—Handsome, extra large, scarlet fruits. Flesh thick, sweet and mild. A favorite sort. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 50c, ib. \$1.90, prepaid.

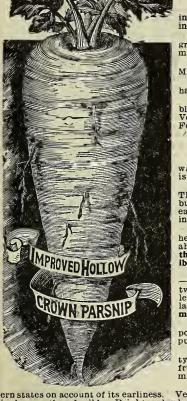
GIANT CRIMSON—The earliest maturing of the very large sweet peppers. The fruits are heavier on an average than any other kind, as the flesh is unusually thick. Color deep crimson when matured, flavor very mild. Packet 10c, oz. 35c, 14 lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

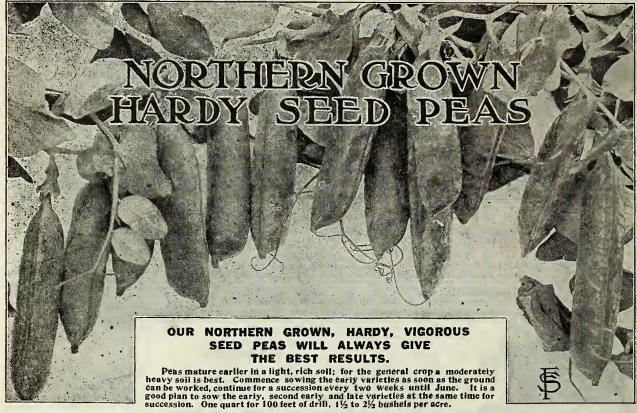
MANINOTH GOLDEN QUEEN—The fruits average larger than Ruhy King. 8 to 10 inches long. Bright, waxy golden yellow, and of mild flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 ib. 50c, prepaid.

FOR PEPPER PLANTS SEE PAGE 74.



Chinese Giant Pepper.





EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES.

NEW SAXONIA-The earliest large podded pea. See Novelties. PEDIGREE FIRST AND BEST-Height 2 to 21/2 feet. This is the standard Extra Early Pea. It grows very vigorously, is very productive and ripens extremely early. Pods are medium sized, and well filled with peas of good size and fair quality. Pkt. 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 25c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.65, bu. \$6.00, not prepaid.

filled with peas of good size and fair quality. Pkt. 5c. ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 25c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.65, bu. \$6.00, not prepaid.

LIGHTNING—Height 2 feet. A pedigree strain of First and Best and the earliest pea grown; it will produce peas fit for the table in 45 days. This strain has been produced by careful work of many years in selecting and reselecting seed stock, and excels all others in earliness, size of pods, uniformity of ripening and vigor of growth. Packet 10c. ½ pt. 20c, qt. 45c, prepaid.—Qt. 30c. ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.65, not prepaid.

ALASKA or EARLIEST OF ALL—Height 2½ feet. An extra early blue pea; vines are very ysout, and loaded with large, dark green pods, well filled with smooth, blue peas, which are very sweet. Our stock is grown from carefully selected seed. A valuable variety for the market gardener, and largely grown by canners. Pkt. 5c. ½ pint 15c, qt. 40c, prepaid.—Qt. 25c, ½ pk. 70c, pk. \$1.30, bu. \$5.00, not prepaid.

ALASKA, KEENEY'S PUHE—Height 2½ feet. This pedigree strain, which has been developed by pea experts by a most careful selection for many years, is the finest, really pure stock of Alaskas in the market. It matures practically the entire crop at one time. Of great value to the market gardener. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 85c, peck \$1.60, not prepaid.

AMEER or LARGE ALASKA—Height 2½ feet. A splendid early sort, resembling the Alaska in manner of growth, but differing from that variety in the much larger size of its pods, and in the time of ripening, which is a week later: owing to the great productiveness, the Ameer is now largely planted by market gardeners. Pkt. 5c. ½ pt. 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck \$1.60, not prepaid.

EARLY TOM THUMB—Height 12 inches. Well known dwarf pea, which is in great demand for the small home garden. Very hardy and prolifie. Packet 5c. ½ pint 15c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.10, peck \$2.00, not prepaid.

As there is quite a shortage in Garden Peas, owing to bad weather conditions, prices will be quite changeable. We refer, therefore, to our BLUE FIGURE PRICE LIST enclosed in this catalog for our latest prices on all varieties described on this and the 2 following pages. This Blue Figure Price List will be issued from time to time.

EXTRA EARLY WRINKLED PEAS.

SURPRISE OR ECLIPSE—Height 2 feet. (See illustration at top of page.) The earliest of all sweet, wrinkled sorts, This new variety is similar to the Alaska in size and form of the pod and in time of ripening, but has the tender quality and delicate flavor of the best wrinkled sorts, and is most desirable for those who wish an early pea with flavor and quality to please the most fastidious. A favorite with canners on account of its fine flavor. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.85, bu. \$7.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S PIONEER-Height about 2 feet. A new giant Problem - Height about 2 feet. A new giant podded, first-early pea which has won great popularity. The plant is unusually robust in habit, and carries a heavy crop of long, pointed pods of dark green, which are well filled with rich-fiavored peas. So numerous are the pods that the plants present a most striking appearance while growing. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.35, peck \$2.50, not prepaid.

EARLY MORN—Height about 3 feet. This grand introduction maintains its position as one of the best early marrowfat peasever raised. It is a rapid grower, ripening earlier than either Thomas Laxton or Gradus. The best money making early pea for the market gardener. It is an enormous cropper. The pods are very large and well filled, and are often ready to pick during June. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 95c, peck \$1.75, not prepaid.

GRADUS OR PROSPERITY—Height 3 to 3½ feet. An extra early wrinkled pea with immense pods, as large as those of the Telephone, which contain peas of superb quality, luscious and sweet. The vine is similar in appearance to that of the Telephone, the pods are uniformly well shaped and handsome, the peas are very large and of a beautiful green color, which they retain after cooking. On account of its earliness, large sized pod and splendid quality, one of the best varieties to grow for early market. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.85, bu. \$6.75, not prepaid.

THOMAS LAXTON—Height 3 to 3½ feet. An early wrinkled varlety of great merit. Vine similar to that of Gradus, but darker in color. Pods are large, long, with square ends and are similar to those of the Champion of England and as uniformly well filled. The peas are very large, fine colored and unsurpassed in quality. We are certain that the earliness and productiveness of this pea need only to be known to make it one of the most popular sorts for the market and home garden. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.10, peck \$2.00, bushel \$7.25, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S SUCCESSION COLLECTION OF PEAS.

To comply with the wishes of many of our customers, we offer herewith collections of peas for the home garden, consisting of successively maturing wrinkled varieties which will furnish a continuous supply of delicious peas for the table thruout the summer.

THERE EXCELLENT TALL VARIETIES

THE PARTY OF THE P										
Thomas Laxton, early.	1/2	pkt pt.	of	each	variety	fo "	r 15c, prepaid. 45c, " 90c, "			
Telephone, medium.	≻ i	pt.	"	41	**	•	90c "			
Champion of England, late.	ì	qt.	**	**	4	61	90c, not ppd. \$3.20, "			
Janes de Bingraina, 1800.	1/2	pk.	**	*	"	41	\$3.20, " "			

Sutton's Excelsior, early.	% pt.	ů,	each	variety	4	50c, "
Advancer, medium.	1 pt.	#	**	**	41	90c, "
Dwarf Telephone, late.	1 gt.	**	"	n	**	95c, not ppd.
Dwarf Telephone, late.	1 pt. 1 qt. ½ pk.	**	"	"	**	\$3.10, " "

THREE EXCELLENT DWARF VARIETIES.

Laxtonian.

PEAS. Continued. **Dwarf Extra Early Wrinkled Varieties.**

GIANT LAXTONIAN—The New Dwarf Gradus Pea. Height about 16 inches. This is the largest podded early dwarf pea in existence, requiring no supports. Pods are as large as Telephone, well filled with 8 to 10 large peas of delicious flavor. It is a true Marrowfat Pea, having the richness and unsurpassed quality of the best late Marrowfat varieties. The vines are vigorous, producing heavy crops. Pkt. 10c, ½ pt. 20c, qt. 55c, p'p'd.—Qt. 40c, ½ pk. \$1.35, pk. \$2.50, not p'd.

F. S. & N. CO'S LITTLE MARVEL—Height 15 inches. The vines grow very even and uniform, and produce good size pods very abundantly frequently, in pairs. Pods are very well filled with delicious, deep green peas and the crop is ready for use as soon as American Wonder and is more productive. An excellent variety for market on account of the very dark green pods. Pkt. 10c, ½ plnt 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Qt. 35c, ½ pk. \$1.00, pk. \$1.85, bu. \$7.00, not prepaid.

AMERICAN WONDER—Height 12 to 15 inches. An old variety, well known and highly prized for its flavor and quality, which are of the very best. Of dwarf, robust habit and bearing in abundance good sized, well filled pods. In great demand for the home garden. Packet 5c, & pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck \$1.75, bushei \$6.50, not prepaid.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR—Height about 15 inches. As hardy as the earliest market sorts, but equal to the Little Gem. In quality it outyields that variety and the American Wonder and is as early as the latter. The pods are about 3 inches long and each pod contains from 6 to 8 large peas which are tender and of very fine flavor. Price same as Sutton's Exceisior. early as the latter.

PREMIUM GEM—Improved Little Gem. Height 15 to 18 inches. A trifie later than American Wonder; it is however a better yielder. Pods are 2½ to 3 inches long and are well filled with a fine quality of wrinkled peas. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 90c, peck \$1.65, bushei \$6.25, not prepaid.

SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR—Height 18 inches. This pea is regarded by many growers as the best extra early, dwarf, wrinkled variety introduced so far. Vines of vigorous growth; pods are large and broad, of light green color; the quality is unsurpassed. Very hardy, therefore permitting early planting. The pods mature only a few days later than Nott's Excelsior. Packet 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.85, bushel \$7.00, not prepaid.

Second Early And Main Crop.

POTLATCH or BIG DINNER—This splendid variety ripens as early as Premium Gem, but the pods are much larger, usually born in pairs and in greatest profusion. Strong, vigorous vines of even growth, 18 to 20 inches in height, with luxuriant dark foliage, bearing vigorous vines of even grown, 10 to 20 menos in height, with luxuriant dark foliage, bearing pods 3½ to 4 inches in length, broad and pointed at the ends. No variety known will produce more pods, and no pods could possibly shell out better. Every gardener will find "Potlatch" to be a profitable crop. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.35, peck \$2.50, bushel \$9.00, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S ADVANCER—Height 2 feet. Very extensively grown by market gardeners, and also quite largely used by canners. The Advancer is nearly a week later than the Little Gem, and is of healthy, compact growth, bearing good sized pods. in great abundance, completely filled with dark green, large wrinkled peas, which are exceedingly tender, sweet and finely flavored. Packet 5c. ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.06, peck \$1.75, bushel \$6.50, not prepaid.

HORSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN

HOKSFORD'S MARKET GARDEN

—Height 2 ft. A very fine, second early, green, wrinkled variety, good not only for family gardens, but also for canners and especially for market gardeners' purposes. A most prolific bearer. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 40c, prepaid.—Quart 25c, ½ peck 85c, peck \$1.50, bushei \$5.50, not prepaid.

DWADE

DWARF CHAMPION or JUNO—Height about 2 feet. A very popular main crop sort for the market, as well as for the home garden. The vines are hardy and unusually productive. The pods are fully 4 inches long, broad, handsome and very well filled with large peas which are tender and unsurpassed in quality. Packet 5c, ½ pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 85c, peck \$1.50, bushel \$5.75, not prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S EVERHEARING—Height 2½ feet. Vine stout, bearing an abundance of broad pods. If these are picked as they mature, and the season and soil are favorable, the plant will throw out new branches, bearing pods which will mature in succession, thus prolonging the season. The peas are very large, tender and of superior flavor. Pkt. 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.60, bu. \$6.00, not prepaid.

LIMPROVED STRATAGERUM.—A very fine Main Crop Dwart Pea. Height about 30.

5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ pk. 90c, pk. \$1.60, bu. \$6.00, not prepaid.

IMPROVED STRATAGEM—A very fine Main Crop Dwarf Pea. Height about 20 inches. By many considered the highest quality of all peas. Vine is very robust, with large foliage. Requires no support. The pods are long, dark green in color and packed with immense peas of delicious sweetness. Fine for market and home garden. Packet 10c, plnt 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Qt. 35c, ½ pk. \$1.15, pk. \$2.00, bu. \$7.00, not prepaid.

DWARF TELEPHONE or DAISY—Height 18 inches. Excelient second early dwarf pea with immense pods and peas. A magnificent sort. The self-supporting, stout plants are loaded with large, bright green pods, which are always well filled, each pod containing from 8 to 10 peas of bright green color, tender and of delicious flavor. Packet 10c, ½ plnt 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ pk. \$1.35, pk. \$2.50, bu. \$9.00, not prepaid.

Edible Podded Sugar Peas.

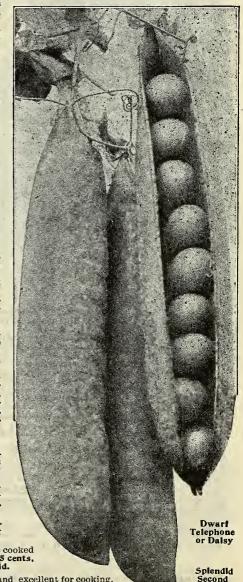
MOERHEIM'S GIANT SUGAR—A new variety from Europe and the largest podded and finest flavored of all sugar peas. The pods are truly immense in size, 6 to 7 inches long and very broad. An extremely heavy yielder. In quality it is unexcelled. Vines grow about 5 feet high, are hardy and vigorous. Prices same asTall Melting Sugar.

TALL MELTING SUGAR—Well deserves its name, for this pea is unquestionably the best in size of pod, prolific bearing and delicious quality. Pods snap without any string, and when cooked are very sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, ½ plnt 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck 80c, peck \$1.40, bushei \$5.00, not prepaid.

MANINOTH PODDED SUGAR—A late sugar podded pea. Vine 4 to 5 feet. Quality the best of sugar peas. Pods 5 to 6 inches long, thick and fleshy. Cooked like string beans, they are a delightful dish. Immensely productive. Price same as preceding sort.

DWARF SUGAR—Early and productive. Pods are broad, flat and crooked and are cooked when young the same as string beans; they are very sweet, tender and delicious. Packet 5 cents, 2 pint 15c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, 2 peck 80c, peck \$1.40, bu. \$5.00, not prepaid.

FIELD PEAS. CANADA YELLOW—The dry peas are of good size and excellent for cooking. Succeeds well most anywhere and is very prolific. ½ pint 10c, quart 35c, prepaid.—Qt. 20c, ½ peck 65c, not prepaid. For prices on larger quantitles see Farm Seed Department.



Early Dwarf Pea.

PEAS. Continued.

Tall Varieties For Main Crop.

Tall Varieties For Main Crop.

PRINCE EDWARD OR PRODIGIOUS—One of the finest main crop varieties in existence. The vine is of strong growth, branching habit and hardy constitution, very prolific, producing big pods which are full of large peas right up to the end. Color dark green, and flavor unsurpassed, very rich and sweet. The pods are produced in great profusion, mostly in pairs. Every gardener will be delighted with this new sort. Height 4½ to 5 feet. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.40, not p'p'd.

QUITE CONTENT—Pods longer and larger than those of any other pea in cultivation. No pea of modern times has attracted so much attention as Quite Content; it is the finest exhibition pea ever seen and has won more prizes than any other variety. Height 5 to 6 feet. This grand new pea bears pods measuring from 6 to 7 inches in length and containing 10 to 12 large, wrinkled peas which are of the finest table quality. Quite Content is a late variety and has dark green foliage; the pods, also dark green, hang mostly in pairs, and are borne in great profusion. It is a pea with which everybody—the grower on account of its great productiveness and high market value, the consumer on account of its exquisite table qualities—should be 'Quite Content'. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 5 5c, prepaid.—Quart 40c, ½ peck \$1.35, peck \$2.50, not prepaid.

COLOSSUS—A splendid new sweet, wrinkled, mammoth bea of the large podded Telephone type.

COLOSSUS — A splendid new sweet, wrinkled, mammoth pea of the large podded Telephone type, but the pods are larger and the peas sweeter. The plants are of healthy, vigorous growth, the vines attaining a height of 5 feet; foliage and pods are of a rich dark green color. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.90, not prepaid. not prepaid.

ALDERMAN-(Aiso cailed Improved Telephone and Admiral Dewey.) Height 4 to 5 feet. The vines are remarkably healthy and vigorous, producing an are remarkably healthy and vigorous, producing an abundance of pods of immense size, quite often measuring six inches in length, which are well filled with sweet and tender peas of the largest size. Foliage, vines and pods are of a rich dark green color. As a heavy cropper it beats all late varieties. Extensively grown by market gardeners. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.40, bushel \$8.25, not prepaid.

\$2.40, bushel \$8.25, not prepaid.

BOSTON UNRIVALED—Height 5 feet. An improved strain of Carter's Telephone, with light colored leaves and pods like the old variety. The vines are covered with fine large pods, measuring 5 inches in length by ¼ inch in width, and containing from 7 to 8 large peas of the finest flavor. We recommend this variety especially to our market gardener customers as the finest stock of Telephone peas. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.40, bushel \$8.25, not prepaid.

CARTEER'S TELEPHONE—Height 4 feet.

CARTER'S TELEPHONE — Height 4 feet. On account of its beautiful large pods and high quality, one of the leading peas with market gardeners Vines are vigorous and produce an abundance of very large pods, filled with immense peas, which are tender, sweet and of excellent flavor. Packet 10c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.25, peck \$2.40, bushel \$8.25, not prepaid.—Unit 150c, 150c,

Alderman, Produce large pods of luscious peas in the greatest and best flavored varieties. The vigorous vines produce large pods of luscious peas in the greatest abundance. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 50c, prepaid.—Quart 35c, ½ peck \$1.15, peck \$2.00, bushell \$7.00, not prepaid.

WHITE MARROWFAT—Height 3½ feet, A very heavy yielding, late variety. Pods large and well filled. Vines hardy, vigorous and robust. The dry peas are of large size and excellent for cooking. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart45c, prep'd.—Qt. 30c, ½ pk. \$1.00, pk. \$1.65, bu. \$6.00, not p'p'd. IMPROVED SUGAR MARROWFAT—Height 3½ feet. Much better than the old White Marrowfat. Pods larger, well filled with large peas of the true marrow flavor, very sweet and tender. A very fine sort for the home garden, Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 45c, prepaid.—Quart 30c, ½ peck \$1.00, peck \$1.65, bushel \$6.00, not prepaid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GARDEN LEMON.

Fruit is of same shape but somewhat smaller than Vine Peach, which it resembles in growth, but has thinner fiesh, and is decidedly more acid, thus dispensing with the sliced lemons which are so important in putting up the Vine Peach. Directions for cooking with each packet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, prepaid.

PEANUTS.

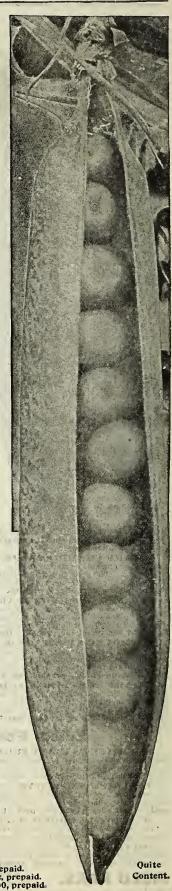
Peanuts may be grown successfully as far north as central Minnesota and South Dakota. Plant in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, placing the nuts about six inches apart in the rows. Let the children grow them, it will afford them lots of pleasure.

EARLY SPANISH—The earliest variety, excellent quality Pods medium size. Best for the North.

LARGE VIRGINIA—The heaviest yielder, but a little later maturing than Early Spanish.

Price for both varieties: Large packet 10c, ib. 40c, prepaid. Not prepaid, ib. 30c, 5 lbs. \$1.00.

LARGE HAVANA—Very early, yields well and is of fine quality. Packet 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, prepaid. CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF—Best known and most planted sort. Packet 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, prepaid. WHITE BURLEY—A greatly improved type, has very large leaves. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.00, prepaid.



Improved Early Scarlet

White

May.



RADISHES.

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill, 8 to 10 lbs, per acre. For first crop sow as early in the spring as the ground can he worked, and every two weeks thruout the season, for succession. A worm sendy loom. succession. succession. A warm, sandy loam, made rich and light hystrong manure is the best. Sow in drills 10 to 12 in. apart. The winter varieties should be sown in July and August.

EARLY SCARLET TUR-NIP-A round red, turnip-shaped radish, with a small top and of very quick growth.

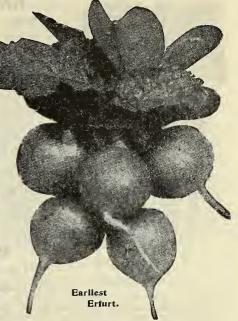
with a small top and of very quick growth.

A very early variety, deserving general
cultivation on account of its rich color and
crisp, tender flesh. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c,
[4] bb. 20c, bb. 60c, prepaid.

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP, WHITE TIP—A most popular and attractive variety, a great
favorite in many large markets. The
radish is a hright scarlet, with white
tip, and of a heautiful shape: flesh radish is a hright searlet, with white tip, and of a heautiful shape; flesh white, crisp and finely flavored. Our strain is the finest in the market, and always produces radishes of fine carlet color with a distinct white tip. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c,

14 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepald.

F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIEST ERFURT-The F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIEST ERFURT—The earliest variety, of excellent quality. The roots are small, nearly round, of hright searlet color, with very small tops; the flesh is white, crisp and tender. Fine for outdoor growing and one of the hest varieties for forcing, fine being fit for the table in 16 to 20 days. A very handsome variety. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 25c, vays



NON-PLUS-ULTRA-A very fine extra early forcing variety of dark scar-let color and globular shape. Always crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼1b. 20c, lb. 65c, prepaid. F. S. & N. CO'S SPARKLER-

F. S. & N. CO'S SPARKLER— This radish is very popular on account of its beautiful color, its quick growth and fine table qualities. The color of the Sparkler is hright scarlet with a large white tip, covering fully one-third of the roots; the flesh is very crisp, solid and sweet. This variety has small tops, and is equally as well adapted for forcing in frames as for growing outdoors. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE TURNIP— An early pure white radish. While gen-erally used for early outdoor planting, its small top makes it suitable for forcing also. Flesh white, semi-transparent, crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepald.

IMPROVED EARLY SCARLET GLOBE—The leading variety of radishes with market gardeners; equally as good for forcing in green houses and hot-beds as for

forcing in green houses and hot-beds as for open garden culture. Almost exclusively grown by market gardeners near the Twin Cities. A very handsome radish of rich, bright scarlet color and oval shape, with very small tops; the flesh is delightfully crisp, juicy and tender. An extra early variety, fit to be pulled in about three weeks.

Our strain was selected with the greatest care as to size, shape, color and earliness, was grown from transplanted roots and is fully equal, if not superior, to any other stock of this variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 25c, 1b. 80c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$3.25, 10 lbs. \$6.00, not prepaid.

ROSY GENI OF SCARLET TURNIP WHITE TIP FORCING—A very heautiful variety of deep scarlet color, with a large white tip; earlier than the Scarlet Turnip White Tip; a very popular market sort for forcing as well as outdoor planting. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ 1b. 25c, 1b. 80c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE MAY—A beautiful olive-shaped radish, of clear white color. It is one of the very earliest varieties, ready for the table in about 20 days from sowing. The flesh is white, crisp, tender and of delicious flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 20c,

lb. 65c, prepald. FRENCH BREAKFAST—A quick growing, medium sized radish, oblong in shape; color a beautiful scarlet, except near the tip where it is pure white. A splendid variety on account of its excellent quality and attractive color. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY SCARLET, OLIVE SHAPED—Root olive shaped, skin scarlet; flesh white, tender and crisp. Early, and hest adapted for general crop, but may also be used for forcing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 4 lb.20c, lb. 65c, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S CRIMSON GIANT-This radish differs from all other forcing varieties hitherto in cultivation inasmuch as its roots attain more than double the size without getting pithy or hollow. It is very early notwithstanding its size. Color crimson, flesh pure white and of the hest quality. Fine for outdoors and forcing. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 41b. 25c, hest quality. Fi

GIANT WHITE STUTTGART—A turnip shaped, large white summer radish. Of fine quality, remaining in edihle condition a long time. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 20c, 1b. 70c, prepald.

F. S. & N. CO'S ALL SEASONS—May be sown from spring to August and used all season, summer and winter. Round, deep scarlet excellent quality, always crisp and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 90c, prepald.

NIXED RADISHES—One sowing will produce a variety of delicious radishes the entire season. Our mixture contains early, summer and winter varieties. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

I must speak words of praise for your seeds. your seeds this year,

Never before have I had such good success as with MRS, S. E. PETERSON, Reading, Minn.



Crimson Giant.



F. S. & N. Co's Chartler.

RADISHES. Continued.

F. S. & N. CO'S ICICLE—The finest white radish. Planted in the spring the radishes are ready for use in 20 to 25 days; their long, slender form and pure paper-white skin make them most attractive. The flesh remains crisp and tender until the roots attain a large size. It is excellently adapted for forcing purposes as well as for successive sowing in the open ground. Pkt. 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

EARLY LONG SCARLET, SHORT TOP—The long, slender, handsomely colored roots are most attractive in appearance, crisp, brittle and of the choicest quality. They attain a length of 5 to 6 inches. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.

CINCINNATI MARKET or GLASS RADISH — Very similar to Early Long Scarlet, Short Top, but deeper red in color and remains a little longer in condition for use. Profitable market sort; very crisp and fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, ib. 60c.

. S. & N. CO'S CHARTIER-The radishes are in good F. S. & N. CO'S CHARTIEK—The radishes are in good condition for the table very early and remain hard and crisp until they reach a diameter of about 1½ inch. The roots are long, cylindrical, gradually tapering to a point, are scarlet rose in color, shading into white at the tip. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ½ lb. 20c, lb. 65c. LONG WHITE VIENNA or LADY FINGER—A well known long white summer radish of excellent quality. Very popular for the home garden. Price the same as Charter.

WHITE STRASBURG—Larger in size and thicker than White Vienna. Keeps well and is a good market sort. Excellent for summer planting. Price same as Chartler.

WINTER RADISHES.

Sow the seed the latter part of June, up to August 1st. Culture same as for other radishes.

CALIFORNIA WHITE MAMMOTH—Long white, of large size. A good keeper; flesh tender and crisp. Pkt. 5c, oz, 10c- 4 ib. 25c, ib. 75c, prepaid.

CHINESE WHITE or CELESTIAL—The largest winter radish. Flesh is crisp and very mild. Grown extensively everywhere. Price the same as California White.

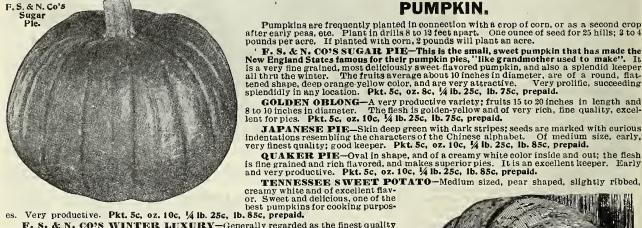
ALL SEASONS or ROUND SCARLET CHINA—A large, round radish for summer and winter use. Excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 90c, prepaid.

WHITE MUNICH—A fine german radish of good size and fine quality, mild and crisp. Of quick growth. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, '/4 ib. 25c, ib. 75c, prepaid, ROSE CHINA—Of medium size, largest at the bottom, tapering abruptly to a small top; color deep rose. Flesh is white, firm, crisp and pungent. Fine keeper, Pkt. 5c, oz, 10c, ¼ ib. 20c, lb, 65c,

LONG BLACK SPANISH-Keeps longest of all winter radishes. Skin black; flesh white, crisp, quite pungent. Price same as Rose China. ROUND BLACK SPANISH-Similar to Long Black, except in shape. Matures a little earlier. Price same as Rose China.



F. S. & N. Co's Icicle.



PUMPKIN.

Pumpkins are frequently planted in connection with a crop of corn, or as a second crop after early peas, etc. Plant in drills 8 to 12 feet apart. One ounce of seed for 25 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre. If planted with corn, 2 pounds will plant an acre.

ounds per acre. If planted with corn, 2 pounds will plant an acre.

'F. S. & N. CO'S SUGAR PIE—This is the small, sweet pumpkin that has made the New England States famous for their pumpkin pies, "like grandmother used to make". It is a very fine grained, most deliciously sweet flavored pumpkin, and also a splendid keeper all thru the winter. The fruits average about 10 inches in diameter, are of a round, flattened shape, deep orange-yellow color, and are very attractive. Very prolific, succeeding splendidly in any location. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ ib. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

GOLDEN OBLONG—A very productive variety: fruits 15 to 20 inches in length and 8 to 10 inches in diameter. The flesh is golden-yellow and of very rich, fine quality, excelent for pies. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

LAPANNETE PIE Stin deen green with dark stripes seeds are marked with curious

JAPANESE PIE—Skin deep green with dark stripes; seeds are marked with curious indentations resembling the characters of the Chinese alphabet. Of medium size, early, very finest quality; good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

QUAKER PIE-Oval in shape, and of a creamy white color inside and out; the flesh is fine grained and rich flavored, and makes superior pies. It is an excellent keeper. Early and very productive. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S WINTER LUXURY—Generally regarded as the finest quality pie pumpkin. Besides its high quality it is the best winter keeper of all. In size about 9 or 10 inches in diameter; its skin is a beautiful deep orange-yellow and is russeted. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, // ib. 25c, ib. 90c, prepaid.

LARGE SWEET CHEESE-Of large size, flat shape, early and productive. Well flavored and sweet; good for pies and for canning, as well as for stock feeding. Skin orange red; flesh yellow. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 70c, prepaid.

CONNECTICUT FIELD—An immensely productive, large, orange colored field pumpkin, usually grown for stock feeding, but also making good pies. Oz. 5c, 1/4 ib. 15c, ib. 40c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$1.35, 10 ibs. \$2.45, not prepaid.

KENTUCKY FIELD—Of large size, about two feet in diameter, round, flattened, hardy and productive. A fine sort for family and market use. Ounce 5c, 4 pound 15c, pound 40c, prepaid.—5 pounds \$1.35, 10 ibs. \$2.45, not prepaid.

MANIMOTH KING or JUMBO—Form like that of an immense Nutmeg Musk Melon with depressed ends, slightly ribbed; the fruits sometimes grow 3 feet or more in diameter and weigh over 100 pounds. Have salmon colored skin and bright yellow flesh of fair quality; make a good winter food for stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 40c, lb. \$1.25.

MANNOTH TOURS—Of immense size, often weighing over 100 pounds; oblong; skin green. Good sort for exhibition and for feeding stock. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 ib. 25c, ib. 90c, not prepaid.

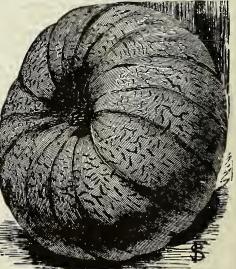
RHUBARB OR PIEPLANT.

Succeeds best in deep, rich soil. Sow in spring in drills, cover one inch. Thin plants to six inches apart. Transplant in autumn or spring to permanent beds.

RED FLESHED DELICACY-Dark red leaf-stems. See Novelties.

LINNÆUS-A very early variety, fine quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 ib. 30c, ib. \$1.00. GIANT VICTORIA-Larger than the above, a good seller in all markets; of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, lb. \$1.50, prepaid.

FOR RHUBARB ROOTS SEE PAGE 103.



Mammoth King.

SPINACH.

Succeeds best on rich, well drained soil. Sow early in spring one inch deep, in rows 12 to 15 inches apart. For succession sow every two weeks until June. For early spring use sow in August and cover over wither. One ounce of seed for 100 foot row; 12 to 15 pounds per acre, or 30 pounds broadcast.

F. S. & N. CO'S GIANT FILLBASKET—A fine new variety introduced from Germany. The plants form large bushes with dark, glossy green leaves, very thick in texture. A quick grower, furnishing enormous quantities of tender leaves; of finest flavor when cooked. Suitable for early and late plantings. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 41b. 30c, 1b. 85c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$3.65, not prepaid.

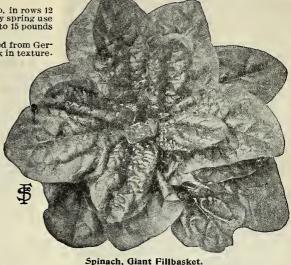
BLOOMSDALE SAVOY LEAVED—The earliest variety and one of the best to plant in Autumn for early spring use Plants of upright growth, with medium sized, dark green, pointed leaves which are crumpled or blistered like those of savoy cabbage. Used extensively by market gardeners. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼1b. 30c, lb. 85c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$3.50, not prepaid.

VICTORIA—The foliage is heavy, the broad, dark green leaves being of the true savoy appearance, and of the finest quality, but the feature that makes it of special use for market and family gardens is that it is still in prime condition from 2 to 3 weeks after all other varieties have run to seed. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. 85c, prepaid. —5 lbs. \$3.50, not prepald.

WINTER PRICKLY SEED—Very hardy variety which will with-stand severe weather with only a slight protection of leaves or straw. It is de-sirable for fall sowing. The seed is prickly. Price same as Victoria.

MUNSTERLAND-A novelty of the greatest merit; the only real hardy winter spinach; the leaves are large, dark green and of fine quality.
oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$2.50, not prepaid.

NEW ZEA LAND. (Everlasting Spinach)—This sort is grown to supply the place of the ordinary spinach during the hottest months of the year, or in dry, arid localities, where the ordinary spinach does badly. Plant is very large, with thick, fleshy leaves of very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 25c, lb. 75c, prepaid.



SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER.

One of the best winter vegetables, with the flavor of oysters. It may be cooked in a variety of ways, like asparagus, peas, etc. Salsify should be sown in drills, in light rich soil, very early. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain in the ground all winter, but should be dug early in spring, as they deteriorate rapidly after growth begins. For winter use, they may be stored in a cool cellar The general culture is similar to that of parsnip. Salsify does especially well here in the north, and shoulb be grown more extensively.

MANIMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—An improved type of the Long White, producing roots of nearly double the size and weight of those of the old variety, and of very superior quality and delicate flavor. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 4 lb. 40c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

SQUASH.

Plant seed in extra fertile soil in the spring when danger of frost is past. The vining varieties should be planted in hills 8 or 10 feet apart each way, and the bush varieties from 4 to 5 feet. Place 10 seeds in a hill and cover with an inch of soil. When plants are well started thin out. One ounce of seed for 25 hills. For running varieties 3½ to 4 lbs. per acre; bush varieties require 6 lbs. of seed per acre.

SUMMER VARIETIES.

GIANT YELLOW SUMMER CROOKNECK—This strain is equally as early as the common small-fruited variety, while the squashes grow to a much larger size, measuring from 18 inches to 2 feet in length. A great favorite with market gardeners. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 25c, lb. 85c, prepaid.

EARLY WHITE BUSH SCALLOPED—The plants are of true bush growth, producing fruits early in the summer, which are clear, waxy white; excellent for table use. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

YELLOW BUSH SCALLOPED—Similar to the White Bush, but of deep orange color. Flesh pale yellow. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 75c, prepaid.

WINTER VARIETIES.

CHICAGO WARTED HUBBARD—The ideal winter squash for the home or the market. This strain of the well known Hubbard was produced by careful selection of large, dark green, very warted specimens of the old variety. Vine has a strong, robust growth. The fruits are large, handsomely shaped, with dark green, heavily warted skin and with flesh of bright orange-yellow color, fine grained, dry, and of sweet, rich flavor. Our seed is Minnesota grown, and will produce fine, large fruits earlier and of better keeping qualities than seed grown in any other state. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.10, prepaid.

HUBBARD—The original Hubbard; is similar to the above, but smoother and does not run quite so large. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

GOLDEN HUBBARD—This is a true Hubbard squash, except in color, which is orange-red The fruits are very uniform in size, weighing from 6 to 8 pounds, and in shape are like the Hubbard. Altho in condition for use much earlier, they are wonderfully long keepers. The flesh is a deep orange and uniformly so to the shell, cooks very dry, is fine grained and well flavored. Pkt 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

BOSTON MARROW—Second early, coming in about 10 days after the Bush and Crookneck sorts. Skin yellowish, very thin; the flesh is dry, fine-grained, and of unsurpassed flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 75c, prepald.

MANDIOTH WHALE—This is the "Jumbo" of the squash family and creates great attention wherever grown or placed on exhibition. It is an extra large-fruited sort, frequently attaining more than 100 pounds in weight. The skin is of a dark olive-green, with stripes of a lighter tinge. Flesh firm and solid, beautiful orange-yellow and of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 35c, lb. \$1.25, prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S DELICIOUS—This squash is particularly excellent in quality and is now considered by many even better than the Hubbard. It is a very early winter variety of medium size; shell moderately hard but very thin; flesh thick, fine-grained and bright yellow in color-Even when immature this squash is in condition for use and is of very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 3cc, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.



Giant Summer Crookneck.

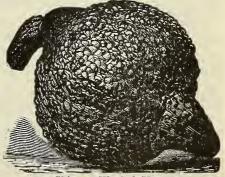
Golden Hubbard.

MAMMOTH CHILI—Under special cultivation the fruits attain a very great weight and are of attractive appearance. The skin is smooth, and of a rich orange-yellow; flesh very thick, fine-grained and sweet. Very desirable for stock feeding and exhibition purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c, lb. \$1.00 perspecies. tlon purposes. Pk lb. \$1 00, prepaid.

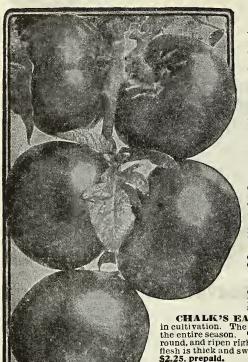
PIKE S PEAK or SIBLEY—One of the sweetest, driest and best of all late squashes. The form is entirely distinct, being pear-shaped. The shell is hard and of a pale green color; the flesh thick, fine-grained, of a rich delicate flavor and brilliant orange color. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ lb. 30c, lb. 95c, prepald.

The seeds ordered from you were excellent, ecially the Hubbard Squash and Red especially the Hubba Weathersfield Onions.

FRED W. RUNCK, Springfield, Minn.



Chicago Warted Hubbard.



Earliana.

DWARF CHAMPION OR EXTRA EARLY TREE — On account of its dwarf, compact habit, it can be planted quite closely. Wonderfully productive; the dark reddish-purple fruits are of medium size, very solid and firm. The vines are very strong and stiff, so that the plant needs almost no support. Very desirable for the home garden. Pkt. 5c. 0z. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00, prepaid. home garden. Pk lb. \$3.00, prepaid.

Ib. \$3.00, prepaid.

NEW GLOBE — A new and very attractive, large, purple fruited variety of excellent quality. Fruits are of beautiful globe shape, very smooth, of delicate, mild flavor, and ripen earlier than most main crop sorts; fine for slicing. A splendid cropper and an excellent keeper; fine for growing in greenhouses. This tomato is as near an ideal home-garden sort as can he found. Pkt. 5c.

Oz. 25c. ¼ lb. 70c, lb. \$2.50, prepaid.

IMPROVED TROPHY—Very fine late, bright scarlet tomato. One of the best; fruit large, smooth, of very deep red color, and good flavor. Well known and largely planted. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.

F. S. A. N. COS STONE—More largely grown than any other va-

F. S. & N. CO'S STONE-More largely grown than any other va-F. S. & N. CO'S STONE—More largely grown tha riety. Very popular with canners and market gardeners everywhere; we recommend this variety to all who want a large, smooth, late variety for the main crop. Fruits are of bright scarlet color, very large, round, slightly flattened and very smooth; they ripen evenly to the stem; the flesh is firm, solid, with very small core. A heavy yielder. Packet 5c, oz. 15c. ½ lb. 50c, lb. \$1.75, prepaid.

MATCHLESS—This is a very large fruited and long keeping hright red tomato. The fruit is remarkably solid, very meaty, free from core, and is produced in quantity on strong, vigorous vines. A very desirable variety for main crop, unsurpassed for market or table use. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepaid.

FAVORITE—A standard early variety. Fruits are

FAVORITE—A standard early variety. Fruits are large, smooth, hright red. Fine quality, a good yielder and excellent shipper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, '4 lb. 50c, lb. 51.75.

"JOHN BAER" TOMATO—A splendid early to-

"JOHN BAER?" TOMATO—A splendid early tomato of recent introduction, producing beautiful, large, bright red, solid tomatoes early in the season. John Baer produces excellent, solid shipping tomatoes which ripen early right up to the stem and is an enormous cropper, and when dead ripe will not burst. The color is a glistening hright red, and it has a mild, deliciously sweet flavor. Almost seedless, a marvelous stem setter, often having ten fruits in first cluster. It is solid and meaty and has just enough foliage. Will stand plenty of manuring without going to vine. Pkt. 10c. ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ¼ lb. \$1.25.

PARAGON—Well known mid-season variety with large fruits of glossy, deep-red color. Flesh solid, well colored and flavored. An immense cropper, will hold its size better late in season than any other sort. Many gardeners, canners and catsup makers use Paragon exclusively. Pkt-5c, oz. 20c. ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00, prepald

TOMATOES.

Tomatoes succeed best in well manured, light sandy soil. For early plants sow seed in boxes or hotbeds in March. When the plants are about two inches high, transplant to four inches apart each way. Set out of doors as soon as danger of frost is over. Transplant carefully, four feet apart each way, and cultivate well as long as vines will permit. To obtain early fruit pinch off the ends of the branches when the first fruit is set. Our seed stock is of the very best selection. One ounce of seed for 2000 plants.

FARIBAULT DWARF CHAMPION—A Dwarf Champion with fruits twice the size of the old variety, and of delicious flavor unequalled in any other kind. The best of all Tree Tomatoes. — See Novelties.

SCARLET EXTRA EARLY JUNE—Our Extra Early June is earlier than any other sort without exception, ripening a week earlier than the Earliana. It is exceedingly productive and perfectly smooth through the season. The fruits are of large size for an early sort; of a deep glossy scarlet color; its flavor is all that can be desired; very meaty, with fewer seeds than any other variety. The table quality is surpassed only by the large late beefsteak sorts. The fruit ripens uniformly all over, the stemend coloring up perfectly. For the market gardener as well as for the home garden this tomato can be highly recommended. Packet 10c, ½ 0z. 20c, 0z. 30c, ½ 1b. \$1.00. prepaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S EARLIANA—Next to our Extra Early June this is the earliest smooth, bright red tomato or good size. The plants are compact in growth with short, close-jointed branches, setting fruit; very freely. The tomatoes are quite uniform in size and of smooth, regular form, averaging 3 inches in diameter, and from 2 to 2½ inches in depth; they are fleshy, solid, and excellent for shipping purposes. Our strain is very fine. Packet 5c, oz. 20c, ½ 1b. 65c, 1b. \$2.25, prepaid.

EARLIANA, LANGDON'S STRAIN—A very fine strain of the Earliana, which is enjoying great popularity in the East. It is said to be earlier and more productive, with fruits of great uniformity and smoothness. Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 20c, oz. 35c, ¼1b.\$1.00, ppd.

ACME—A splendid early purple fruited sort. Vine hardy and productive. Fruit in clusters of four to five; round, smooth, and of good size; flesh solid and of excellent flavor. Color reddish purple. Ripens early. There is no hetter variety for market gardeners who want an early purple fruited sort. Pkt. Sc. oz. 20c., 4 lb. 65c, lb. 52.00, prepaid.

EARLY MINNESOTA—Considered of great value here in the Northwest. It is the earliest tomato producing good marketable fruits. The fruits are of medium size, hright red in color and smooth; meat very solid, of fine flavor. Hardier than any other variety and succeeds everywhere. Pkt. Sc. oz. 25c, 4 lb. 85c, lb. \$2.75, prepaid.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—The largest, smoothest and finest flavored second-early scarlet tomato in cultivation. The plants are of compact growth with dark green leaves and fairly loaded with fruit thruout the entire season. The large, handsome, bright scarlet fruits are very solid and deep thru, being almost round, and ripen right up to the stem without any cracks or green core and have comparatively few seeds. The flesh is thick and sweet; skin thin, but strong, making it a good shipper. Packet 5c. oz. 20c. ¹/₄ lb. 65c, lb. 62.25 precald

JUNE PINK—The earliest large pink tomato. Grown very largely as an extra early sort for markets like St. Paul and Minneapolis, where pink sorts are preferred Very similar to the Earliana. differing only in color. The fruit is of medium size uniform, smooth, and attractively shaped, without cracks or any green core; will average 2% to 3 inches in diameter, and 2 to 2% inches in depth. Excellent for shipping purposes A very productive variety. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 75c, lb. \$2.75, prepaid.

BEAUTY—The standard large fruited.

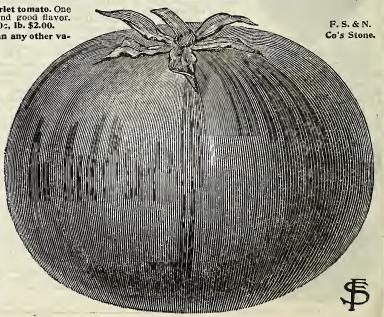
prepaid.

BEAUTY—The standard large fruited, medium early, pink variety. A hardy, strong, productive grower, producing large, always smooth fruits of perfect shape, excellent quality, and purplish-pink color. The tomatoes grow in clusters of four to six and retain their splendid size until late in the season. Flesh is very firm; has a tough skin and but few seeds. Seldom rots or cracks after a rain. A good shipper; quite extensively grown in this state for the market. Pkt. 5c. oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb \$1.75, prepaid.

NEW COLOSSAL—The largest tomato

NEW COLOSSAL—The largest tomato in cultivation. See Novelties.







Bonny Best Early.

TOMATOES. Continued.

BONNY BEST EARLY—Is fully 10 days earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel, and about as early as Earliana. It is a vigorous grower, enormously prolific, setting 12 to 15 smooth, round, globe-shaped fruits in the crown setting, and as a shipping tomato it is one of the very best, as the entire picking will grade in the same crate owing as the entire picking will grade in the same crate owing to its remarkable evenness of size. Bonny Best Early in color is an intense, velvet glowing scarlet; ripens up evenly to the stem without crack or black spot. We can highly recommend this tomato as an extra good market and home garden sort. Also good for forcing under glass. Pkt. 10c, 0z. 25c, ½ lb. 75c, lb. \$2 50, prepaid.

CRIMSON CUSHION OF BEEFSTEAK-The fruit is of very fine appearance, very large, round and regular and of bright scarlet color; fiesh solid and of the best quality with but few and small seed cells. The plants are very productive. Very similar to Ponderosa differing only in the color of the fruits. Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c, 1/4 lb. \$1.00, lb. \$3.25, prepaid.

PEERLESS TREE—It grows from 10 to 15 feet in height, and if planted early will begin to ripen its luscious fruit by July 4th and continue to bear heavy loads of same until killed by frost. The flesh is firm and solid, almost seedless, fine grained thruout and of the most delicious flavor ever found in a tomato. The fruits are of the largest size, weighing from 16 to 24 ounces. One well developed plant will produce enough fruit for a small fruit tomato. Pkt. 10c. 3 for 25c.

family the entire season, and every owner of a garden should not fail to grow this wonderful tomato. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c. GIANT PONDEROSA.—The largest fruited tomato. A splendid variety for home use; quite free from acid, and very fine for slicing. It begins to ripen its fruit early and continues to bear until very late; fruit fairly smooth with very solid flesh, of sweet flavor, almost seedless, and of immense size. frequently weighing over 2 pounds; color deep purple. Vines vigorous and very productive. Is by many considered to be the finest flavored tomato in existence. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 85c, lb. \$3.00, prepaid.

GOLDEN QUEEN—Best large yellow variety. The superior flavor of the large yellow varieties is bringing them into favor as a table fruit. Ripens very evenly; fruit is smooth, of good quality and fine flavor. Fine for the home garden and a good yielder. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, lb. \$2.25, prepaid.

PEACH. The fruit is of uniform size precaphling a peach in stems size and color. It is a profuse

PEACH—The fruit is of uniform size, resembling a peach in shape, size and color. It is a profuse bearer until killed by frost and has an agreeable, very fine, mild flavor. It is desirable for eating from the hand, as well as for canning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 85c, prepald.

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES.

The fruits of these are largely used for making fancy pickles, preserves, etc.

 Cherry red
 Pkt. 5c, 9z. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c,

 Pear red
 Pkt 5c, 0z. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c,

 Plum red
 Pkt. 5c, 0z. 20c, ¼ lb. 60c,

NEW EVERBEARING—Enormously productive; beginning to bear in June and the plants continually produce fruits until cut down by frost. Fruits are produced in immense clusters of fifty or more; are plum shaped, bright scarlet, solid and of finest flavor. Excellent for preserving. Pkt. 10c, oz. 35c.

STRAWBERRY or HUSK TONIATO (Ground Cherry.)—Plants of low-spreading growth and immensely productive. The small yellow fruits are each enclosed in a husk. Of very sweet flavor, highly esteemed for eating, preserving, or making pies. Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c, ½ lb. 85c.

GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY.

This wonderful berry fruit belongs to the tomato family and produces berries about as large as an average sized gooseberry; they are of jet black color, and when cooked are as palatable as the real huckle-berry. The berries do not taste well raw but they make better pies, telly and sauce than the wild huckle-berry. Bor winter use take up they they have just before force and store they are a stored. berry. For winter use take up the vines just before frost and store them away. toes. Pkt. 10c, 3 for 25c, prepaid. Cultivate same as toma-

SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERBS.

Anise—Seeds have an agreeable aromatic odor and taste. Used for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Balm—Leaves are used for making a pleasant verage and for tea. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.

Basil—Leaves used in flavoring soups or stews, and highly seasoned dishes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c.

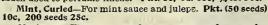
Borage—Leaves used for flavoring: flowers furnish bee pasture. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c.

Chamomlle-The dried flowers are much used for tea, and other medicinal purposes. Pkt. 5c.

Caraway—Grown for the seeds, which are used for flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c.

Fennel—Leaves are used in fish sauces, soups, garnishes, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c. Horehound-Leaves are used in the manufacture of cough remedy, also for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz.20c. Hyssop-The tops and flowers are used for tea in asthma and chronic catarrh. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Lavender—An aromatic, medicinal herb. Much used to perfume linens. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 50c.



Marjoram—The young, tender tops are used green for flavoring, or they may be dried for winter use for flavoring broths, dressings, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c.

Peppermint-The leaves and stems are used for flavoring and in cool drinks. Seed should be started in boxes in the house. 50 seeds 10c, 200 seeds 25c.

Rue-For medical purposes- for croup; good also for fowls. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

Rosemary-Leaves are used for seasoning. Oil from flowers used in perfumery. Pkt. 5c, oz. 35c. Saffron-Flowers are used for dyeing, also for flavoring. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c.

Sage—The leaves and tops are used very extensively for seasoning. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 40c. Sorrell. Sauerampfer—Is boiled and served like spinach, also delicious soup is made with it, possesses a very fine flavor. Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 50c.

Summer Savory—For flavoring soups, dressing, etc. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 30c.

Sweet Woodruff—For flavoring wine. The well known ingredient of the German "Maitrank".

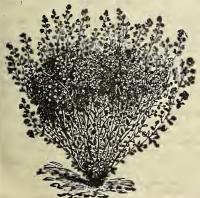
The shoots are also used for scenting clothes. Pkt. 10c.

Tansy-Leaves are used for tea and in bitters. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c.

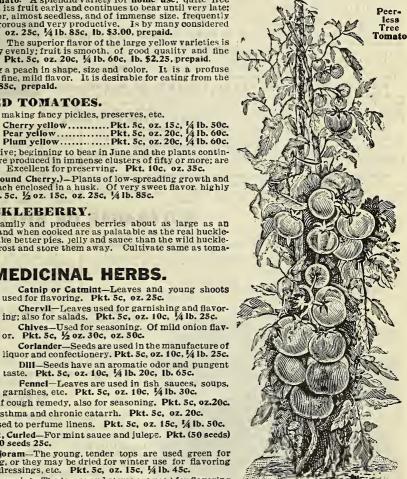
Tarragon-Highly valued for seasoning and culinary purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Thyme—The young leaves and tops are used for seasoning soups, in dressings, etc., and a tea made from the leaves is a remedy for headache. Pkt. 5c, oz. 30c, ½ lb. \$1.00.

Wormwood-Used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, 1/4 lb. 70c.



Sweet Marjoram.



TURNIPS.

One ounce will sow 125 feet of drill. Two lbs. per acre in drills, three lbs. broadcast. Turnips do best in a highly enriched sandy or light, loamy soil. Commence sowing the earliest varieties in April, in drills from 12 to 15 inches apart, and thin out to 6 or 8 inches in the row. For late or main crop, sow in July and August.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN—The earliest of all turnips, and of excellent quality. The top is very small, upright and compact, so the rows can be planted close together. The roots are clear white, very smooth, flat and symmetrical. The flesh is white, sweet and tender. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 30c, 1b. \$1.00, prepaid.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN—Similar to the White Milan, except that the roots are purple red on the upper portion. The Milan turnips are some of the very best extra early garden varieties which we have. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ 1b. 30c, lb. \$1.00, prepaid.

SNOWBALL or WHITE SIX WEEKS—The earliest and most perfectly formed round white turnip. The roots are very uniform in size and shape, a short top and single tap root. The flesh is snowy white, solid, crisp and very sweet. It is of quick growth and suitable for first early as well as later sowings. We highly recommend it. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ 1b. 25c, 1b. 70c, prepald.

WHITE EGG—A very popular and early variety, adapted for either spring or fall sowing. It is perfectly smooth, with a clear white skin and flesh, and grows half out of the ground. A very fine kind for table use, being of excellent flavor, mild and sweet. It is very attractive as the roots look like huge white eggs. Early and very productive, 600 bushels having been raised to the acre as a second crop. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 65c, prepald.

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH STRAP LEAVED—A most excellent garden turnip, and like Purple Top Strap Leaf, a standard flat variety, maturing at the same time. Root medium sized, from 4 to 5 inches in diameter and about 2 inches thick; color white; flesh sweet and tender, and very desirable for table use; a good keeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 8c, 1/4 lb. 15c, lb. 50c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$1.75, 10 lbs, \$3.25, not prepaid.

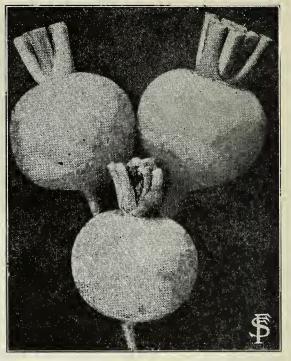
AMERICAN PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—This is the most popular of all market turnips. Roots are of globular shape, and good size, and in appearance are the best of all varieties. The fiesh is firm, fine grained, white and of most excellent flavor. It is a fine keeper and as desirable for table as for stock. An immense producer. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ½ 1b. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.—5 lbs. \$2.15. 10 lbs. \$4.00, not prepaid.

and of most excellent flavor. It is a fine keeper and as desirable for table as for stock. An immense producer. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepald.—5 lbs. \$2.15, 10 lbs. \$4.00, not prepald.

EARLY PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED—The most extensively used flat variety. Quite early, only about a week later than the Milan or Snow-ball. Roots flat, medium sized, of purple or dark red color above the ground and white below; flesh white, fine grained and tender; leaves few, upright in growth. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prep'd.—5 lbs. \$2.25, 10 lbs. \$4.25, not p'p'd.

NOR FOLK LARGE WHITE—A well known large, late turnip of round shape. Yields enormous quantities of solid roots that keep longer than any other variety. Good for table use and stock. Extensively grown in many sections, especially in the East. Pkt. 5c, oz. 19c, 14 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepald.—5 lbs. \$2.25, not prepaid.

GOLDEN BALL—A most delicate and sweet, yellow fleshed turnip of excellent flavor. Not of large size, but very firm, hard and keeps well. Fine table variety and preferred by many to the white fleshed sorts. Pkt. 5c, 02. 10c, ¼ 1b. 20c, 1b. 60c, prepaid.



Snowball Turnip.

YELLOW ABERDEEN PURPLE TOP—Globe shaped, of medium size, deep yellow with purplish top; pale yellow flesh, very tender and sweet. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepaid.

LONG WHITE COWHORN—A quick growing variety of excellent quality. Splendid for early and late planting. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ lb. 20c, lb. 60c, prepald.

SOUTHERN PRIZE—Cultivated extensively in the South for the tops, which are used for greens. The roots are large and of fine quality. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 20c, lb. 50c, prepald.

RUTABAGAS OR SWEDES.

They require the same culture as Turnips but a longer season. For table use they are considered of better flavor and keep longer.

Prices: Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, pound 75c, prepaid.—5 pounds \$3.15, 10 pounds \$6.00, not prepaid.

BANGHOLM—An excellent variety both in shape and quality. The roots are of large size, slightly tankard shaped, with small neck, few or no side roots and yield well. The skin is yellow with purple top. The flesh is yellow, sweet and solid. A spiendid keeper.

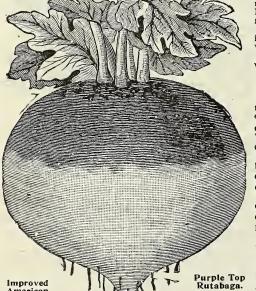
BUDLONG'S IMPROVED—White, very sweet, of much milder flavor than any other sort; globe shaped skin creamy yellow.

F. S. & N. CO'S IMPERIAL—The great prize stock. This grand variety cannot be too highly recommended, as no other sort will produce such handsomely formed roots and great yields. The best and longest keeper of all. It is neckless, very solid, of beautiful orange color, with a handsome purple top, and is the result of many years of careful selection.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP—Our strain is remarkable for uniform shape and fine quality, and is a splendid keeper. The roots grow to a large size, have small tops, short necks, and smooth skin; flesh is of beautiful yellow color, fine grained, very sweet, tender and of excellent flavor.

SWEET GERMAN—Very popular in many sections; grows to a good size, and is considered one of the best for both table use and for feeding stock. The flesh is white, hard, firm and sweet; keeps as well as the yellow sorts.

YELLOW MAMMOTH—A large size root of good shape, a heavy yielder and very hardy. One of the most profitable sorts to grow. Keeps well.



VEGETABLE PLANTS.

TEGETABLE I EARLIS	-		
We can supply good healthy plants of all the varieties listed below, in their proper season. Packing charges are included in the prices given.	epald. 100	not p	repaid.
CABBAGE, Early, Ready in April and May. Jersey Wakefield, pointed head, Copenhagen Market, flat head20c	\$1.00	\$.75	\$6.00
CABBAGE, Late. Ready in June. Hollander or Dan- lsh Ball-head, Premium Late Flat Dutch20c	1.00	.75	5.00
RED CABBAGE. Ready in May, Danish Stonehead25c	1.25	1.00	
CAULIFLOWER. Ready in April and May. Snowball30c	1.50	1.25	7.50
CELERY, Early, Ready in June. White Plume,			
Golden Self Blanching	1.00	.75	5.00
CELERY, Late. Ready in June. Glant Pascal25c	1.00	.75	5.00
CHIVES. Ready in April25c	1.25	1.00	
EGG PLANT. Ready in May and June. Improved New			
York Purple35c	2.00	1,75	
GROUND CHERRY. Ready in May and June 35c	1.75	1.50	
PEPPER. Ready in May or June. Bell or Bull Nose,			
Ruby King both	1.75	1.50	
SWEET POTATO PLANTS. Ready in May and June 25c	1.00	.75	6.00
SAGE. Ready in May and June35c	1.75	1.50	
TOMATOES. Ready in May and June. Earliana,	1.70	2.50	
Ponderosa, New Stone, Dwarf Champion			
or Tree. John Baer. Bonny Best	1.50	1.25	7.50

COLLECTIONS OF GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

Altho we offer these collections at comparatively lower prices than seeds selected from our regular list, we use only seeds of the highest quality for them. On account of being able, however, to put up these collections at our leisure, before the rush of our busy season begins, we are in a position to offer them at such low prices, but cannot make any changes in the assortment.

The selection of the seed for the different collections is made with the greatest care, and offers to the private planter, not familiar with the different kinds, the advantage of obtaining only such seeds as will bring the best results. All the collections named below being already put up, we can fill your order for them promptly.



COLLECTIONS **VEGETABLE** SEEDS.



SMALL VEGETABLE GARDEN. Price 50 Cents Postpaid.

Contains 1 packet each of the following 17 varieties of Vegetable and 1 packet of Mixed Flower Seeds,

Beans, Wax. Peas, Early. Corn, Sweet, Early. Beets, Early.

Cabbage, Early. Carrots, Early. Cucumber, Pickling. Kohirabi.

Lettuce, Early. Melon, Musk. Onion. Parsley, Curled.

Radish, Early. Spinach.
Tomatoes, Early.
Turnips, Flat, Early. Marioram. Flower Seed, Choice mixed.

LARGE VEGETABLE GARDEN. Price \$1.00 Postpaid.

Contains 1 packet each of the following 36 varieties of Vegetable and 1 packet of Mixed Flower Seeds. Peas, Early.

Beans, Wax Sort.
Beans, Green Podded.
Beets, Early, Round, Red.
Cabbage, Early.
Cabbage, Late.
Carrot, Early.
Cauliflower, Early.

Celeriac. Corn, Sweet, Extra Early, Corn, Sweet, Late, Cucumber, Pickling. Cucumber, Long. Kale, Early Curled Kohlrabi Leek.

Lettuce, Early Curled. Lettuce, Head. Melon, Musk. Melon, Water. Onion, Yellow Danvers. Onion, Red Wethersfield. Parsiey, Curled. Parsnip, Long White.

Pumpkin. Radish, Round, Red. Radish, Long. Rutabaga. Spinach, Summer. Squash.

Tomato, Early Red. Turnip, Early Flat. Marjoram. Thyme. Flower Seed, Choice mixed.

LARGE FAMILY GARDEN. Price \$2.00, Transportation charges to be paid by purchaser. This splendid collection would cost at our regular catalog prices, \$3.50.

Weight, packed for shipment, 6 pounds.

BEANS. Dwarf, Green Pod...1/2 pt. Yellow Pod½ pt. Dwarf Limas½ pt. Pole..... 1 pkt.

BEETS. Blood Turnip.....1 oz. Black Queen'.....1 oz. CABBAGE.

Early.....1 pkt. Late......1 oz.

Early Scarlet Horn 1 pkt. Danvers Half Long...1 oz

CELERY. White Plume 1 pkt.

CUCUMBERS. For Slicing.....1 oz. For Pickles.....1 oz.

EGG PLANT. New York..... 1 pkt.

LEEK. Large..... 1 pkt.

LETTUCE. Early, Curled......1 oz. Best Summer......1 oz. Musk Melon.....1 oz-Water Melon.....1 oz.

ONIONS. White..... 1 oz.

Red 1 oz. ONION SETS.

Red 1 pt.

PARSLEY. Curled 1 pkt.

PARSNIPS. Hollow Crown.....1 oz. PEPPER.

Large Red 1 pkt.

 PEAS.

 Extra Early
 ½ pt

 Medium Early
 ½ pt

 Late
 ½ pt

 PUMPKIN.

Best Pie 1 pkt. RADISH.

Round Red. 1 oz.
Long Red. 1 oz.
Long White 1 oz.

RUTABAGA. Yellow Purple Top ... 1 oz.

SALSIFY. Sandwich Island 1 pkt.

SPINACH. Best...... 1b.

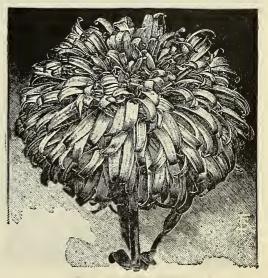
SQUASH. Summer.....1 oz. Winter.....1 oz. TOMATO.

Early Red 1 pkt. TURNIP. Early White..... 1 oz.

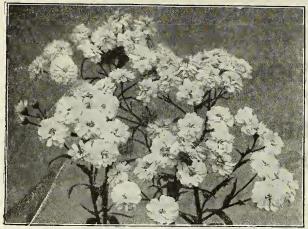
COLLECTIONS OF FLOWER SEEDS.

The low prices quoted include postage. HARDY SUMMER FLOWERING ANNUALS.

OLD FASHIONED HARDY PERENNIALS. No. 1209— 6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection........................25c. QUICK-GROWING HARDY ANNUAL CLIMBERS. SWEET-SCENTED FLOWERS. FLOWERS FOR BEES. No. 1212-6 distinct sorts, 1 packet of each, our selection......25c. EVERLASTING FLOWERS. ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.



A DESCRIPTIVE CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS.



Achillea "The Pearl". No. 2.

GENERAL CULTURAL DIRECTIONS.

Most flowering plants will grow in almost any soil, but for best results, soil and location should be adapted to their needs. Light friable loam, with enough sand to make it porous, usually produces the most vigorous plants and largest flowers. While many seeds need special care, these general rules apply to all. Spade the garden very deeply, and enrich the soil with large quantities of well rotted manure. Pulverize it thoroly and have the surface as fine, smooth and level as possible. Do not plant seeds when the ground is wet. Plant the seeds in rows so the young plants can be easily recognized. Flower seeds should not be covered more than 4 to 6 times their diameter, and the ground should be pressed lightly but firmly over the seed. When sowing very fine seed, barely cover it with pulverized soil, protecting it from sun and heavy rains by burlap or green branches. If necessary, water regularly with a fine spray, so the seed has a chance to sprout. Some seeds are hard and germinate very slowly, and should be soaked in warm water before planting.

Read carefully the directions given on each package.

Read carefully the directions given on each package.

There are three classes of flowering plants, Annuals, Blennlais, and Perennlais. Annuals bloom and die the first year, Biennlais usually bloom the second year, and Perennlais live from year to year.

For Hardy Perennial Plants see pages 119 to 122.

For Novelties In Flowers see pages five and slx.

On all orders for Flower Seeds amounting to 50c, customers may select 10c worth extra, and on orders amounting to \$1.00, 25c worth extra.

All Flower Seeds are sent prepald by mail or express.

For the convenience of our customers and to facilitate the filling of orders, it is only necessary in ordering to give the number of packets wanted and the corresponding number in the catalog.



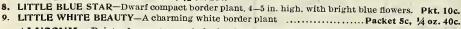
3. Aconitum Napellum (Monk's Hood or wolfbane) — Hardy perennial, producing long spikes of hood shaped blue and white flowers. Grows 3 to 5 feet tall, and does well in rich shady locations ... Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

4. ACTOClineum (Everlasting) — A pretty annual, producing white and rose, double daisy-like flowers, from July to October. Plants grow 15 in. high. Mixed. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 10c.

ADLUMIA-See Vines, page 93.

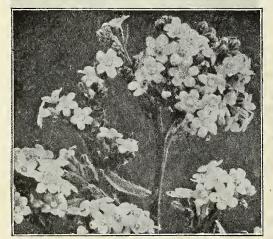
AGERATUM. A beautiful annual, with feathers. Very desirable for outdoor bedding and borders, window boxes, etc.

7. BLUE PERFECTION—The darkest blue Ageratum, height 9 inches......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.



ALYSSUM. Dainty, fragrant annuals for borders or massing, that bloom all summer, if cut back after first crop of flowers wilt. Quite hardy, may be sown early in open ground. 10. SWEET ALYSSUM (Maritinum) - Fragrant white flowers, plants 8 in. high Packet 5c, oz. 25c.

AMARANTHUS. Brilliant foliage annuals, 2 to 5 feet high, some with large racemes of curious flowers. Especially fine for Canna beds and window boxes. Thrive best in bot sunny locations, not too rich soil, and given sufficient room to develop their full beauty



Anchusa Capensis. No. 16.

6. Ammobium Winged Everlasting)
Large double white
flowers, with yellow disk. Grows in sandy
soil and blooms all summer. Height 2 to 3 feet......Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 10c.

Alyssum.

16. Anchusa Capensis (Cape Forget-me-not)

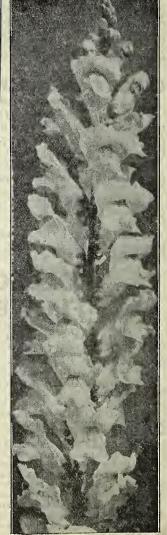
—A rare, beautiful annual that thrives in shady places where scarcely anything else grows. Flowers borne in clusters like forget-me-nots, but deep brilliant blue. Pkt. 5c.

16A. Anchusa Italica (Dropmore)—semi-hardy perennials, grow 3 to 5 feet high, which are simply covered with flowers from May to July. The most brilliant blue flower in existence. The roots should be covered with mond of another with mond of another with result flower in the covered of another with mond of another with with mond of another with with mound of earth in winter .. Packet 10c.

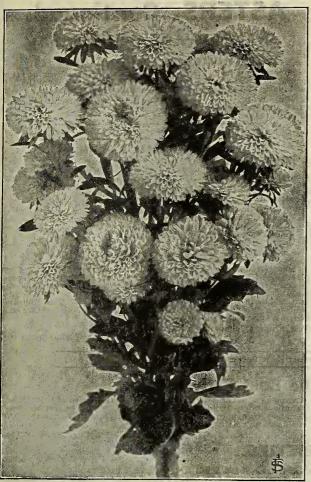
AQUILEGIA (Columbine). Charming hardy perennial, 2 to 3 feet high. Foliage is delicately cut, flowers are curiously shaped, long spurred. Should have rich soil and half-shade. It blooms in May and June.

23. ROSE PINK Packet 10c, 4 oz 50c. 24. COERULEA (Rocky Mountain Colum-blne)—Blue Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

25. FINEST MIXED....Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.



Antirrhinum. (Page 77.)



American Giant Branching Aster.

ASTERS.

ISTERS are today one of the most popular and most important summer and autumn flowers, as they appear in their fullest beauty when the ordinary summer flowers are beginning to look rusty; their blooms are freely produced, are very effective, and last until spoils by the frost of autumn

Asters are classified according to their height, as tall, half dwarf and dwarf. The tall varieties are fine for the center of large beds and for cutting; the dwarfs are particularly fine for borders or masses of one color, as they are compact and bloom very profusely; the semi-dwarf are good for all purposes and extra fine for pot culture.

Plants from seed sown in the open ground in May will bloom in September and October; if started in the hot bed, pots or boxes in the house, in March or April, flowers can be had in July and August.

TALL VARIETIES. **American Giant Branching.**

The finest of all Asters for the American climate.

The plants are healthy, of robust growth, about 2 to 21/2 feet high, and have a tendency to form numerous branches, which gives the class its name. These asters are wonderfully prolific and continue to bloom from summer until checked by frost; their magnificent blooms measuring \$to inches across, are of perfect form, exceedingly double to the very center and are borne on strong stems. The petals are both long and broad and are more or less twisted and curled, giving the flowers a chrysanthemumlike appearance.

30-Pure white. 28-Lavender.

26-Crimson. 29-Dark blue. 27-Pink

Price: Packet 10c, 1/8 oz. 20c, 1/4 oz. 35c.

One packet each of these 5 colors for 35c,

CARLSON OR EARLY BRANCHING ASTER.

36-Similar to the above, but comes into bloom two weeks earlier. Packet 10c, 1/8 oz. 20c. est mixed ...

EARLY HOHENZOLLERN ASTERS.

The finest strain of the Giant Comet or Ostrich feather type; the flowers are larger, with petals more curied and twisted than those of the Giant Comet: they are produced in great abundance, and borne on long stems, which makes them excellent for cutting. Height 2 feet.

-White. -Light blue. 94-Delicate rose. 35-Dark Crimson.

38-Mixed colors

Price: Packet 10c, 1/8 oz. 25c, 1/4 oz. 45c.

One packet each of the 5 colors for 40c.

HERCULES ASTER.

Pure White. This new variety is similar in shape to the Hohenzollern type, but is a marvel on account of its huge size, surpassing all other asters; the flowers are of most refined shape, graceful form and perfect doubleness Height 2 feet.....

NEW RAY ASTER.

6 of the best American Asters.

These asters are of different types, but are all of strong, heal-thy growth, free-flowering and belong to the finest and most beautiful varieties produced.

62—Daybreak. A beautiful early aster, commencing to bloom in August; flowers are ball-shaped, very double and of a lovely shell-pink color; excellent for cutting; height 18 in...Packet 10c.

-Lavender Gem. An early ostrich feathered aster, with long, artistic, loosely arranged petals of the most charming shade of lavender imaginable. The flowers are large and are borne in profusion on long, wiry stems. Packet 10c.

-Purity Aster. Identical in form and habit with the Daybreak, but the blooms are pure, glistening white.Packet 10c. 79-Snowdrift. An extra early ostrich feathered strain which comes into bloom in July; the flowers are large, plumy snow-white and un-

Violet King. A new and distinct strain of the late branching class, with very large, perfectly double flowers of a soft violet-lilac color.........Packet 10c.

-Crimson King. A superb strain of the late branching class with extra large, densely double flowers of densely double howers of very rich, blood-crimson color, making a brilliant bed or border; very desirable for cutting...Pkt. 10c.

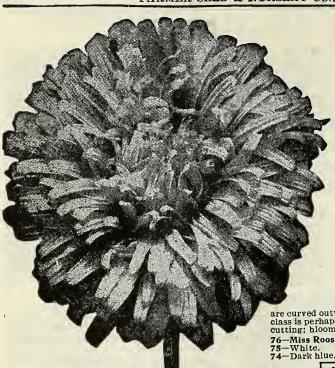
The American Aster Set one packet each of the 50c.

-Tall Asters—Fancy Mixed. Many varieties of the best double tall asters in finest mixture....Pkt. 5c, 1/8 oz. 15c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

SINGLE FLOWERING ASTERS.

The Asters raised from seed purchased of you were the prettiest I have ever seen. All the people that passed our house were struck with surprise at the brilliant display of color and the immense size of the flowers. They asked us where we got the seed and we were glad to tell them. Derryone told us they never saw anything to equal our aster bed. Enclosed I send another seed order. Fred Hussel, Sauk City, Wis.





Queen of the Market Aster.

69-Pure white.

ASTERS. Continued. HALF DWARF VARIETIES.

GIANT COMET or POODLE ASTERS.

A very beautiful aster; the immense size of the flowers and the long, wavy, twisted petals produce an effect not unlike that of the finest Japanese Chrysanthemums. Height 15 to 18 in.; blooms in August, Pure White.
Brilliant carmine. 52-The Bride, white, changing to rose.

48-Dark hlue. -Light blue. 55-All colors mixed.

Price: Each, Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/8 oz. 25c.

CANARY BIRD ASTER.

WHITE LADY ASTER.

This heautiful aster has become a great favorite everywhere. is one of those rare gems that has come to stay; no private garden is complete without it. The flower is of an exquisite, pure snow-white color and is always full double. In habit of growth the plant is erect and of medium height. The flowers are borne on large, slender, wiry stems....Packet 15c.

VICTORIA ASTERS.

Considered by some the most heautiful asters in cultivation. considered by some the most heautiful asters in cultivation. The plants are strong growers, about 18 inches high, and hranch freely into well formed pyramidal bushes, each hearing 15 to 20 magnificent large flowers, measuring 4½ to 5½ inches across. The hroad petals are curved outward and lie in tile fashion, one on top of the other. The Victoria class is perhaps the most showy of all asters and is excellent for hoth hedding and cutting; hlooms during August and September.

73-Light hlue.

76-Miss Roosevelt, primrose, changing to flesh color.
75-White.
71-Crimson.
74-Dark hlue.
77-Mixed colors.

Price: Each, Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/2 oz. 35c, 1/4 oz. 65c.

The Best Early Asters. Queen of the Market.

Of all the many new varieties of asters, which have heen offered in the last years as "just as early or earlier" than the Queen of the Market, none equals this old favorite in evenness of growth and hloom, size and fullness of flower or can replace it in general usefulness. The earliest flowering of all first-class varieties. It comes into bloom in July, or fully three weeks in advance of the larger flowering sorts; the plants are of branching habit and hear on long stems good sized flowers in great profusion; valuable for cutting; height one foot. 65-Crimson.

DWARF VARIETIES.

GLORIA OR BUTTONHOLE ASTER.

82—Height 10 inches, very hranching and free hlooming, as many as forty flowers having heen counted on one plant. The flowers are 1½ inches in diameter and are pure white, with a heautiful scarlet margin. It is the prettiest aster we know of for huttonhole wear or small vases and for hedding as well.

Packet 10c, ½ oz. 30c.

DWARF HOHENZOLLERN ASTERS.

A new, splendid strain of dwarf asters about 6 to 7 inches in height. The flowers are very large, perfectly double, and the petals curved and twisted, similar to those of a good Giant Comet Aster. Fine for growing in pots, as well as for heds and horders. There is no other variety of asters, of such dwarf growth, that produces flowers of such perfection and size.

68-Dark blue.

85—White......Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 35c. 83—Crimson...Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 35c. 84—Azure Blue...Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 35c. 86—Mixed....Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 25c.

DWARF ASTERS-Fancy Mixed.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). Charming old-fashioned annuals. Their splendid spikes, growing from one to two feet high, and covered with curious shaped flowers in all shades of red. rose, yellow, and white, make them as valuable for cut flowers as for hedding plants in the garden.

LARGE FLOWERING HALF DWARF VARIETIES.

18. ROSE QUEEN—See Noveities	Packet 15c.
18A. PURPLE KING-See Novelties	Packet 15c.
21. QUEEN OF THE NORTH—Large, whit beds and for pot culture	e, fragrant flowers, splendid for Packet 10c, 4 oz. 25c.
22. HALF DWARF, MIXED	
GIANT FLOWERING TA	LL VARIETIES.

19. DELICATA-Soft pink, white throat.....Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

19A. GOLDEN KING-Large brilliant yellow flowers...Pkt. 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c. 20. TALL MIXED VARIETIES.......Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

91. Asparagus, Plumosus Nanus A gracful house plant with most delicate foliage..Pkt. 10c.

•2. Asparagus Sprengeri (Emerald Feather)—One of the hest plants for suspended baskets, window boxes, etc., for the green house in winter and outdoors in summer...... Packet 10c.

ASPERULA (Woodruff). Handsome dwarf annual, with fragrant foliage and flowers.

89. AZUREA SETOSA-Delicate light hlue flowers... Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 15c. BALLOON VINE-See Vines, page 93. BALSAM APPLE AND PEAR-See Vines, page 93.

Your Dwarf Asters were beautiful, one plant had a full dozen of blossoms as pretty as they could be, the Bachelor Buttons were also fine. We enjoyed them immensely, MRS, W. J. SMITH, Grass Range, Mont.



Balsams. (Page 79.)



Bellis. No. 165.

CANDYTUFT (iberis). Candytufts are universally known and planted, and are splendid for cutting. They should be sown in masses or borders, and produce flowers nearly all summer. Height one foot. If sown in April, they will bloom in July, or they may be sown in fall, to bloom early in spring.

-The finest, largest white variety. Empress-Spikes of flowers are five inches long, fine for cutting and bedding Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

213. Little Prince—A dainty dwarf white bedding variety, 6 inches tall....Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c. 215. Carmine-Bright crimson rose.

...... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c. 215A. Lavender-Soft lilac-lavender ...

..... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c. 214. Odorata—Small white flowers, fragrant......
Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

CARNATION (Dianthus Caryophylius). Car-nations, Grass Pinks, Clove Pinks, and Sweet William belong to the Dianthus family. It includes the most popular flowers in cul-tivation; they all have the same delicious fragrance, tivation; they all have the same delicious fragrance, exquisite coloring, and sturdy habit of growth. Carnations are usually planted indoors, and produce much larger flowers than the Pinks. Most varieties are not quite as hardy as Pinks. Seed may be sown in hotbeds, and transplanted in May, or it may be started outdoors, in April. Carnations usually bloom four months after sowing.

218. Double Chabaud, Perpetual Early Flowering
—Splendid large flowering strain, contains
great variety of colors, good for pot plants,

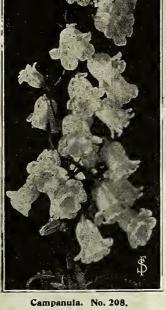
Hardy German Carnations - Very double,

sweet scented carnations, fine for cutting. May be planted outdoors or in pots. Pkt. 10c. Marguerite, Double Large Flowering, Mixel—These beautiful double fringed flowers are greatly prized as cut flowers, and make a brilliant display...Pkt. 10c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

CELOSIA (Cockscomb). Odd. picturesque plants, with brilliant foliage. Flowers and seed vessels massed together form gorgeous heads, in gold and maroon. Easily raised from seed, growing everywhere.



Calceolaria, No. 201.



225. Cristata. Dwarf Mixed-Frilled and

President Thiers, Dwarf - Immense brilliant maroon combs, a magnificent showy plant Packet 10c, 4 oz. 75c.

Plumosa Thompsonll Magnifica-Finest ostrich feathered, mixed, ranging from brilliant yellow to dark maroon.

Packet 5c, 4 oz. 25c.

Popular old fashioned CENTAUREA. Popular old fashioned annuals, known to every flower lover. This class includes Bachelor's Buttons, Dusty Millers, Sweet Sultans, and Cornflowers. They are of easiest culture, and usually re-seed themselves. All are splendid cut flowers.

CORNFLOWERS (Centaurea Cyanus).

GIANT SWEET SULTANS (Centaurea Imperialis) — The finest of all Centaureas for cutting. Beautifully artistic, fragrant flowers on long stiff stems. Mixed Pkt. 5c.

WHITE LEAVED CENTAUREAS (Dusty Tillers)—For borders, bedding, hanging baskets, window boxes, and pots. Effective for borders around Cannas and Salvia.

229. Candidissima-Silvery white. Packet 10c.

BEGONIA. Deservedly popular bedding and pot plants, thriving equally well in sunny and shaded locations. They are valuable for their handsome waxy foliage as well as for the brill-

iant blossoms which they bear in great profusion.

160. Rex, mixed—Handsome pot plants with variegated foliage. Do not bloomPacket 15c.

BELLIS (Double Engilsh Daisy). A favorite, half hardy perennial. Blooms from early spring until mid-summer. Easily raised from seed which may be sown any time from spring to August. Well adapted for borders and for pots.

162. Monstrosa-Finest double mixed Pkt. 10c. 163. Longfellow-Long stiff stems, immense double pink flowers......Packet 10c.

164. Snowball-Large double white flowers, borne on long stems......Packet 10c.

165. Delicata — Extremely double, white shaded with rose; purple centers......Packet 10c.

201. Calceolaria—A unique handsome house beautiful pocket-like flowers in spring. Flowers are spotted and blotched in various colors. Pkt. 25c.

CALENDULA (Pot Marigold). One of the best and showiest annuals. Blooms continually until killed by frost. Grows in any good soil; one to two feet high.

202. Officinalus - Large flowering, double mixed.Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells). Very hand-some perennials, with quanti-ties of large bell-shaped flowers. Especially fine for borders. They are easily grown from seed, but re-quire protection during the winter. Height 2 feet.

207. Medlum Single Mixed Packet 5c. 208. Medlum Double Mixed Packet 10c.

C. Calycanthema (Cup and Saucer.) An improved type of the old fashioned Canterbury Bells. The large calyx is of the same color as the flower, giving it the appearance of a cup and saucer. Flowers are 2 inches long and 3 to 4 in. across, and bloom nearly all summer.

206. Rose Pink...... Packet 15c. 206A. Blue, a beautiful clear shade....Packet 15c. 206B. Mixed......Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

CANARY BIRD VINE-See Vines, page 95.

CANNAS (Indian Shot). The most gorgeous and satisfactory bedding plants for the American climate. The foliage and flowers are heandsome and showy, in all shades of crimson and wellow. Soak seeds in warm water until they swell, saw in sandy loam in a hotbed; transplant when saeond leaf appears. They may be sown outdoors in a brill to bloom in July second leaf appears. Thin April, to bloom in July.

216. Large Flowering, finest mixed Pkt, 10c. 217. Handsome dark leaved varieties, mixed.Packet 10c.



Cockscomb, Pre's. Thiers. No. 226.



Annual Chrysanthemums. No. 244.

COSMOS. Beautiful annuals, blooming profusely is bright feathery green, almost like asparagus, and flowers are borne on long stems. Flowers are white, and all shades of crimson, rose, and pink. Should be planted in masses. Early varieties may be sown outdoors, but late kinds must be started indoors. We are offering three splendid new varieties of special merit.

264A. Crimson Ray—New scarlet Cosmos, of distinct habit and form. Very beautiful flowers. (See illustration.) This should be started in hotbeds, or indoors and transplanted.....Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 40c.

265. Klondyke—Giant golden yellow flowers, shaded with orange; delicate foliage. Late, should be started indoors. Packet 10c.

New Double Cosmos-See Novelties, page 6.

CYPRESS VINE—See Climbing Plants and Vines, page 93.

These bloom late in summer from seed sown the same spring. Roots DAILLA. must be taken indoors in winter. For Dahlla roots see page 96.

303. Crown or Fragrant Dahlla-Large single fragrant red flow-

305. Datura Cornucopia (Horn of Plenty or Trumpet Flow-flowers, 7 to 9 inches in length and 5 inches across, are white, blotched with purple. Bloom very profusely all summer. Pkt. 5c.

FOR PLANTS OF DIGITALIS, See Hardy Perennial Plants, page 119.

299. Dimorphoteca (African Golden Dalsy)—A rare showy annual of easiest culture. Grows one foot high and produces numerous large, orange, daisy-like flowers. This splendid annual is well adapted for groups or borders, it stands the heat well, and produces its pretty flowers very early in sunny situations; blooms all summer......Packet 10c. Coreopsis. No. 261.

CHRYSANTHEMUM—Annual Varieties. Handsome garden plants, splendid for cutting, and for growing in masses; about 15 inches high. Bloom in fall. 244. Mixed-All shades of yellow, bronze, and white.....Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 10c.

245. Segetum (Evening Star)—Bright golden yellow.....Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c. PERENNIAL VARIETIES. 246. Japanese Hybrids-These produce magnificent large flowers in fall, in

all shades of yellow, pink, and white......Packet 15c. 247. Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Hybridum (Shasta Daisy) — Pure white, with yellow center. Very hardy and splendid for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

CINERARIA (Cape Aster). A favorite, free flowering house or window plant, the shades including blue, purple, crimson, maroon, etc. Many varieties produce flowers with a clear white eye. Height one foot; flowers two inches across or more.

248. Large Flowering, Single Mixed-Our strain is very fine.....Packet 25c.

COLEUS. Tender annual foliage plants, with leaves of various shapes and colors; indispensable for bedding, borders, and window boxes. Easily raised from seed.

'256. Mixed...... Packet 5c.

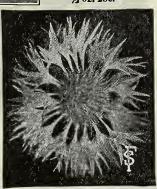
COREOPSIS or CALLIOPSIS. Handsome showy, garden plants, easin sunny positions. Flowers are all shades of yellow, contrasted with brown or red. Sow one-half inch deep, outdoors, or in hotbeds, and transplant. ANNUAL SORTS OR CALLIOPSIS.

204. Tall Mixed ... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 10c, 205. Dwarf Mixed ... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c. 267. Golden Wave-Immense yellow flowers with reddish brown centers.

......Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 25c.

PERENNIAL SORT OR COREOPSIS.

261. Lanceolata Grandiflora, Golden Glory — A showy hardy plant, fine for cut flowers and blooms all sum-mer. Packet 5c, sum-1/2 oz. 25c.



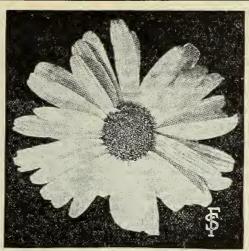
Centaurea. No. 231 (See page 79.)



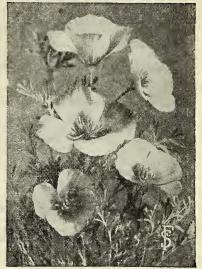
Crimson Ray Cosmos. No. 264A.



Dianthus Plumarlus, No. 321



Chrysanthemum. No. 247. (Page 80.)



Eschscholtzla, No. 352.

DELPHINIUM or Perennial Larkspur. Tall, showy perennials that will always be falong slender spikes of single and half-double flowers, in every shade of blue, lavender, and white. They are most effective in groups in the hardy border, and among shrubbery. If the first blossoms are cut back before seed pods form, they will bloom until October. Sow the seed in hotbeds, transplant when about two inches high, setting the plants 6 to 8 inches apart. The next season, set the plants 2 or 3 feet apart. Give them plenty of rich soil and a moderately sunny position.

324.

DELPHINIUM—Annual Varieties.

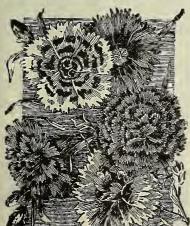
DIANTHUS or PINKS. Some species of Dianthus are known to everyone, either as Pinks, ing habit, and fragrance, they are surpassed by no other flower. They grow in almost any soil, but should have a sunny position. The Plumarius varieties are perennials, the others are biennial, and should have some protection in winter.

DOUBLE VARIETIES.

316. Heddewigli, Fireball-Dwarf double scarlet, fine bedding and cut variety.. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

but beautifully fringed..... SINGLE VARIETIES.

313. Heddewigii, Single, Giant Japanese Pinks-Mixed colors...............Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.



Dianthus. No. 327.

315. Heddewigll, Eastern Queen—Beautifully striped in various shades of rose.....Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

320. Laciniatus, Vesuvius-Brilliant orange-red fring-

327. Punctatus, Princess Pinks—A novel variety, with fringed flowers, striped, flaked, and spotted in many colors.......Packet 10c, 4 oz. 25c

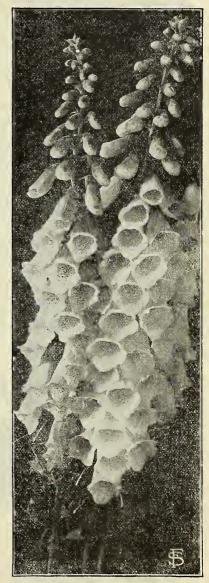
Piumarius Semperfiorens, Grass Pinks, Pheasant-Eye, or Scotch Pink, Single and double mixed These old-fashioned flowers are hardy perennials, very fragrant, and are double, semi-double, and single, in a wide range of colors. Especially valuable for borders.......Packet 10c, 14 oz. 50c.

Dianthus Barbatus-See Sweet William.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). Beautiwith finely cut bluish foliage and brilliant blossoms in all shades of yellow and orange-red.

351. Mixed, all sorts...... Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 20c. 352. Californica—The original yellow California Poppy......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

353. Cardinal—Beautiful carmine rose, shaded with orange.................Packet 10c. ¼ oz. 15c.



Digitalis or Foxglove. No. 322. (See description on page 80.)



Helichrysum. No. 450.

FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis). Dainty, delicate flowers, so well known that they need no description. Sow indoors, covering seed one-half inch. Transplant to shady moist location. Should have protection in winter.

376. Blue Alpine—Of trailing habit, with bright blue flowers; blooms all summer.....Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c. 378.

382. Fuchsia—Well known plants for house culture, and for shady positions in the garden, flowering in spring and summer. Easily raised from seed. Single and double, finest mixed. Pkt. 20c.

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). Very showy garden plants, with brilliant flowers shading from cream, yellow, and orange, to scarlet. They grow 1 to 2 feet high, and bloom all summer. Blossoms are borne on long slender stems and are lovely for cutting.

Blossoms are borne on long stender stends and are to the property of the prope

Grandillora, Mixed—Perennial—Beautiful hardy plants that are valuable for borders, bedding, and for cut flowers. They thrive in almost any position and soil, and require no protection in winter. Flowers are immense, in varied shades and combinations of yellow, brown, and red, and are produced all summer and fall.

Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.

GERANIUM. Tender perennial, easily grown from seed, producing flowers the first summer. It is the best and most popular plant for indoor culture, window boxes, and outdoor bedding. The flowers range from brilliant scarlet, rose and pink, to pure white, and are very fragrant.

GLOXINIA. Handsome, house-blooming, bulbous plants, with large bell-shaped flowers in a diversity of the richest colors, in all shades of purple, carmine and rose. Will bloom in four to five months after planting.

407. Finest Mixed, Large Flowering.......Packet 15c.

409. Godetia —Beautiful, dwarf hardy annuals, with large flowers of satiny tex-ture and rich colorings. They do best in rather poor soil, and in half shaded positions. Easily raised from seed, blooming all summer. Finest mixed. Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 10c.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath). Pretty, free flowering plants, with exquisitely dainty sprays of tiny white flowers. They are used extensively as cut flowers, in combination with Sweet Peas, Poppies, Roses, Larkspur, and other

411. Elegans-An improved large flowering annual strain, 18 inches high.

450. Helichrysum, Mammoth Flowering, Everlasting—Pretty, effective flowers, in all shades of pink, rose, and white; very double. Blooms from July to October and thrives anywhere. 2 feet high....Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

HELIOTROPE. A half hardy perennial, popular as a bedding plant and for indoor great profusion. and range from white thru all shades of blue and lavender. Easily raised from seed, in any good garden soil. They should have some sun.

HUMULUS, JAPANESE HOP-See Climbing Vines, page 93.

Fuchsia. No. 382.

463. Ice Plant (Mesembrianthe-mum Chrystalli-num)—A curious, dwarf trailing annual, for hanging baskets, window boxes, etc. Flowers are white, leaves are glistening soft green, as the covered with icy crystals.....Packet 5c.

Here I am again for some of the beautiful Phlox sceds. They are simply grand when in bloom, and grow and blossom in the driest season here without watering. In full bloom when frost takes them or snowcovers them, I cannot speak too highly for your Phlox seeds, O. D. SIMMONS, Gildford, Mont.

Enclosed my order for 1916, with remittance of \$37.00. I have been one of your customers for over twenty years and can say that you supply lirst class seeds.

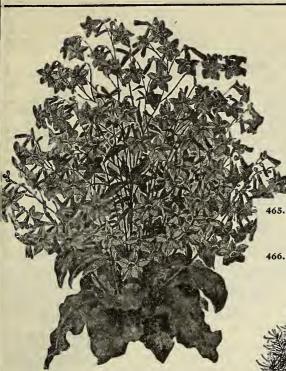
JOHN RABUSH. Vermillion, S. D.

Please send me your new Seed and Nurse ery catalog. I bought seeds of your company some years ago and they were the best I ever

grew.
MRS. G. W. CARLSON, Centerville, S. D.



Larkspur in background, Matricaria in foreground.



Nicotiana Sanderæ. No. 802. (Page 84.)
ATHYRUS—See Climbing Vines, page 93.

70. Linaria Cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy Or Coliscemi Ivy)

—A widely loved hardy, perennial, trailing plant, with small lavender and purple flowers. For baskets, vases and rockeries. A charming little vine. Packet 5c.

71. Linum Grandiflorum, Rubrum (Scarfree-flowering, hardy annual, with brilliant
scarlet flowers. A splendid bedding plant,
making a gorgeous display of bright colors;
height one foot..........Packet 5c, ½ oz. 10c.



Lantana Hybrida. No. 466.

HOLLYHOCKS. The most stately of all hardy garden plants, especially valuable for planting among shrubbery or for backgrounds in the hardy border, for other flowers. Seed sown in spring produces fine plants for flowering the next year. For flowers this season, set out one-year old plants. They thrive in good rich garden soil, with plenty of sun.

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

 464. Double Maroon—Very tall and double
 Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

 464A. Double Rose Pink—The most popular sort
 Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

 459. Double White—Very dainty
 Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

 459A. Double Yellow—Delicate lemon yellow
 Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

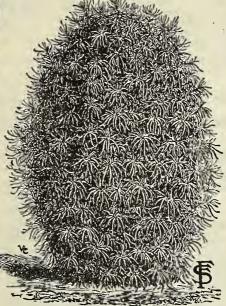
 456. Chater's Finest Double Mixed
 Packet 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

 457. Giant Single Mixed
 Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 15c.

 458. Allegheny, Mixed colors—Immense flowers of exquisite color and tex

. Allegheny, Mixed colors—Immense flowers of exquisite color and texture, resembling crushed silk roses. 5—7 feet high. Pkt. 10c, ¼ oz. 50c.

ANNUAL EVERBLOOMING HOLLYHOCKS.



Kochia Trichophila. No. 465.

LOBELIA. Beautiful annuals, desirable for pot ders. They are easily raised from seed, and bloom profusely from June to November.

472. Gracilis — A lovely trailing variety, with bright blue flowers and delicate foliage, excellent for vases, hanging baskets, and window boxes........Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

473. Emperor William—A compact variety, 4 to 6 inches high, valuable for borders and for bedding. Plants are literally covered with pale blue flowers. ... Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 35c.

474. Crystal Palace—The finest dark blue Lobelia for bedding, of dwarf dense habit; foliage is very dark green. Pkt. 10c. ¼ oz. 50c.

475. Mixed, Compact Varieties — All shades of blue...... Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 25c.

LYCHNIS. Handsome perennial plants of easy borders; quite hardy, require no protection in winter.

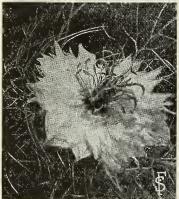
476. Chalcedonica—Burning Star or Jerusalem
Cross. Dense heads of fine scarlet flowers,
each individual bloom forming a perfect
cross of fiery red. They will bloom from
seed the first summer. Height two feet....
Packet 5c, 14 oz. 15c.



Hollyhocks.



Mignonette. No. 715.



MARIGOLD (Tagetes). The African and French Marigolds are old-fashioned favorites, blossoming from early summer until killed by heavy frosts. They are hardy annuals of easiest culture and succeed best in light soil, with plenty of sun. The tall, or African varieties, with their large double yellow and orange flowers, are best for groups or tall borders, while the dwarf, or French Marigold, with striped and spotted flowers, are very effective in beds, edgings, and for pot culture. (See also Calendula.)

701A. Prince of Orange-Immense double frilled flowers of deep golden orange; very showy.

703A. Dwarf Striped-Rich and quaintly double striped flowers. 11/2 feet high. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c. 704. Dwarf French, Double mixed Packet 5c, ¹/₄ oz. 10c.

MATRICARIA (Feverfew). Favorite, free flowering annuals, producing small double, ball-like flowers in clusters, all summer. Desirable for bedding, and for pot culture. succeeding in any garden soil.

foot.....

MIGNONETTE (Reseda). A well known, fragrant favorite, without which no garden is complete. It is extensively used for borders, and for cutting, and in the past few years has become very popular with florists, who use it in bouquets with roses, sweet peas, etc. Sow the seed in open ground, in April, and again in July, for a succession of flowers all summer.

White Pearl Machet—Strong spikes of very fragrant white flowers. The best white variety. Fine for cutting Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

Golden Machet—Massive spikes of golden yellow flowers. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

272. Mimosa (Sensitive Plant)—A curious and interesting plant; leaves close and drop when touched or shaken. Flowers pinkish white. Annual, 1 foot high........Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

381. Mirabilis (Marvel of Peru; or Four O'Clock)—A pretty, old-fashioned hardy annual, with funnel-shaped flowers in red, rose, white, and yellow, which open about four o'clock in the afternoon and remain open all night. Sow in good garden soil, covering one-half inch deep.

Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 10c.

MIMULUS. Showy, handsome plants, fine for greenhouse or moist, shady locations; half hardy perennials, blooming from seed the first year.

720. Moschatus (Musk Plant)—An attractive trailing vine, with bright green foliage and small yellow blossoms of musky odor. Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

721. Tigrinus (Monkey Flower)-Large, curiously

shaped flowers, of yellow, spotted with maroon. Grows 8 inches high, very effective as a pot plant.........Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 40c.

800. Nemophila Attractive, hardy annuals, thriving best in moist soil, in half shaded bloom continually from early spring until late in summer, and are valuable for the border. A peculiar thing about Nemophilas is that cats are extremely fond of voiling in them, as they do in catnip......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

NICOTIANA. Handsome, half-hardy annuals of the tobacco family, about three feet high. Flowers salver-shaped, with long, tubular corollas, resembling Petunias in shape. The plants are large and stately and of very rapid growth, while the many flowers are produced in long clusters, and are very fragrant. Nicotiana should have a very sunny, warm exposure, and rich, loose, well drained soil. The seed is so small that it does not germinate well unless the soil is finely pulverized and holds moisture well near the surface. The seed may be soaked in warm water and sown in a cold frame, the soil simply being pressed over it with a board.

802. Sanderæ, Mixed—Flowers white, carmine-rose, or violet, a little smaller than Affinis. A most strikingly beautiful plant, blooms all summer. (See illustration, page 83.)........Packet 5c, 1/8 oz. 20c.

NIGELLA (Love-in-a-Mist, or Devil-in-Bush). The large, oddly shaped flowers are partly concealed by a circle of very finely cut, feathery foliage. Exquisite for cutting. Hardy annual requiring little care, and thriving in any good garden soil. They seldom succeed well it transplanted and should be sown early in spring, and the seedlings thinned to a distance of six inches.

825. Oenothera (Evening Primrose)—These are among our most beautiful plants for mixed garden beds and borders.

They grow in branching form, 1 to 2 feet in height and produce freely and continuously large single poppy-like flowers of white, yellow, rose color, etc. The blossoms open early every evening and last well into the following day. They are of the easiest culture in any sunny situation. Mixed annual varieties......Packet 10c.



Marigold, Prince of Orange. No. 701A.



DWARF OR TOM THUMB VARIETIES.

Price: Each variety except where noted, Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid.

750-Aurora, primrose veined carmine-pink. 751-Beauty, yellow and scarlet, green foliage. Very attractive.

752-CHAMELEON, flowers of the most diversified coloring and of many

brilliant markings are found on a single plant, dark foliage, very fine. 753-Cioth of Goid, bright scarlet flowers and yellow foliage.

755-EMPRESS OF INDIA, brilliant dark scarlet flowers, with very dark foliage, very heautiful. Blooms continually.

756-Goiden King, golden-yellow flowers, dark leaved.

758-King Theodore, black-red flowers, dark foliage; the finest dark sort.

759-Lady Bird, orange, spotted scarlet, dark leaved.

760-Pearl or Moonlight, creamy-white. Flowers large and showy.

766-Vesuvius, heautiful salmon-rose flowers, dark foliage.

765—New Spencer, Mixed. A new type from Holland. The foliage of this new race is beautifully waved and curled, like a Spencer Sweet Pea, differing in this respect from any other kind. The plants form very compact, round hushes, and the rich colored flowers are produced in great profusion on long stems. The wavy leaves are of dark emerald-green color. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

762-Queen of Tom Thumbs, Mixed. This truly royal race of Nasturtiums produces small, compact plants with foliage prettily variegated, blotched and striped with yellow, white and green, which renders the plants very ornamental, even when not in bloom. The flowers are not very large, but appear in quite an extended range of colors and are shown to the greatest advantage against the background of the handsome leaves. They make lovely pot plants and are very desirable for hedding. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 50c.

768--DWARF iVY LEAF or BUTTERFLY. Pretty, compact plants with bluish-green by foliage and medium sized, but very attractive flowers, which are fringed and peculiarly cut, giving them a hutterfly appearance. This mixture consists of many beautiful, hright colors. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

769-Finest Dwarf Mixed, a magnificent mixture of all the best named varietics, put up by ourselves; will make a marvelous display of colors and hloom profusely thru the entire season until cut down by the frost. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 ib. 25c.

797-OUR COLLECTION of six distinct large flowering varieties. One packet each 20c, 1 ounce each 50c.

TALL OR CLIMBING VARIETIES.

Price: Each variety except where noted, Packet 5c, ounce 10c, 1/4 pound 25c, prepaid.

CHAMELEON, flowers of almost every shade of color, and form of marking, known in Nasturtiums, are found on a single plant, and no matter what color a flower is when it opens, it is continually changing from day to day; very attractive. 781-Midnight, giant flowering, dark green foliage and deep crimson maroon flowers of soft, velvety texture

772-Atropurpureum, rich, velvety dark crimson, a fine, showy variety.

775-Sunlight, giant flowering, pure, rich deep orange, a splendid light colored sort.

777-Goiden Cioth, scarlet flowers, yellow foliage. Excellent hedding variety.

778-Heinemani, chocolate color, large flowers of very odd and striking color.

780-Jupiter, giant flowering, brilliant golden-yellow. Of strong, rampant growth-

785-Regelianum, violet-crimson, one of the best rich crimson colored sorts.

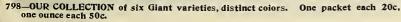
789-Saimon Queen, giant flowering, dark green foliage, grand flowers of salmon color.

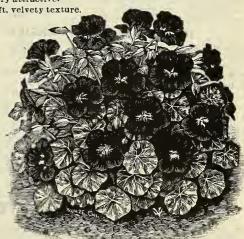
790-New Fringed, Mixed. The flowers of this new type are deeply laciniated or fringed and of intensely hrilliant colors. The plants do not grow too rank, about 6 feet tall, have neat clean foliage and bloom in truly wonderful profusion. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

Queen of the Lobbs, mixed. The foliage is the same as of the dwarf type Queen of Tom Thumbs, strikingly variegated, and the flowers are charming and of many hright colors and shades. Pkt. 5c, oz. 15c, ¼ ib. 50c.

792—Madame Gunther's Hybrids. For richness and variety of colors these hybrids have no equal among Nasturtiums, the foliage is dark and contrasts very effectively with the rich colors of the flowers, which are mostly red shades striped and blotched on yellow and orange ground. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c.
793—TALL iVY LEAVED or BUTTERFLY. Neat climhers, growing from 6 to 8 feet high. The rich, verdant green foliage is similar in shape to the English Ivy, and forms a fine background to the bright colored flowers. Pkt. 10c, oz. 25c.

794—Finest Tail varieties, mixed. The finest mixture offered anywhere; every color was grown separately and we hiended the mixture ourselves; it will he found to contain all the kinds named here and many other good sorts including the Canary Bird Creeper. Pkt. 5c, oz. 10c, ¼ ib. 25c.





Empress of India, No. 755.



Giant Trimardeau Pansies.

PANSIES.

THE flowers of our Giant Trimardeau Pansies are unsurpassable in beauty and variety of coloring, and are of the largest size, measuring from three and one-half to four inches in diameter. Our collection embraces the latest and finest novelties offered by the best pansy growers of Europe and America

499—Giant Bridesmaid. Clear white with a hue of delicate rose and well defined, large violet eyes in the three lower petals.

500—Giant Snowflake. Pure satiny white, without any blotches, and with frilled edges.

501-Giant Hydrangea. Of a distinct rose color. Very large and beautiful.

502—Giant Emperor Francis Joseph. White flowers with large, deep violet spots on each of the lower petals.

503-Giant Rosy Morn. Purplish crimson with clear white edge.

504—Giant Lord Beaconsfield. Upper petals are light lavender, lower ones are deep rich purple, and shaded ender, lowe with white.

505-Giant Emperor William. Of dark blue color with purple eyes.

506—Giant Mauve Queen. Of delicate mauve color with a large blotch of red on each of the three lower petals.
507—Giant Canary Bird, or President McKinley. The ground color is bright golden yellow, each petal being marked with a large dark blotch.

508-Giant Prince Bismarck. Of yellowish bronze with large dark brown

509-Giant Atropurpurea. Very deep reddish purple, each petal marked

The largest pansy, of rare beauty, deep blackish purple in color, without

-Giant Siegfried, or Fire Dragon. Each petal has a large brown spot. which is surrounded by bright red border, the edge is bright yellow.

—Orchid Flowered Mixed. The ground color of nearly all the flowers is light, the petals being marked with a large brown or golden yellow blotch which diffuses into rays and veins toward the edge. Upper petals upright and plaited, resembling orchids.

Packets of the above named varieties: 10 cents each, 3 for 25 cents. One packet each of above 14 varieties for \$1.00.

and hardy. Finest mixture....

516-F. S. & N. Co's Delicate Shades Mixture, of Giant varieties, which

514—Giant Masterpiece, or Ruffled Pansies. A remarkable type, each petal being conspicuously curled or waved, giving the flower a double or globular appearance. The range of color is very extensive, the rich, dark velvety shades predominating........... % oz. 75c, Pkt. 10c.

527-Giant Mme. Perret. A new and beautiful strain, originated by a French specialist: flowers of largest size, borne very freely in great diversity of colors; especially rich in red and wine shades. The stock

IMPERIAL GERMAN PANSIES.

Admirably suited for beds and borders, where masses of distinct colors are required. The flowers are not of the largest type, but the plants

are robust in habit and remarkably free flowering.
518—Black
519—Dark Blue
520—Light Blue
521—Brown
522—Yellow
523 —White % oz. 25c Packet 5c.
524 — Red % oz. 25c Packet 5c.
525—Purple % oz. 25c Packet 5c.
526—Striped
517-Imperial German Mixture. Contains all existing colors in the right
proportion and will make a brilliant display

Glant Trimardeau Pansy. 0000000000000

VIOLAS OR TUFTED PANSIES.

For Novel- 8
ties In Pansies, See
Page 5.



Phlox. No. 866

Petunia. No. 857.

PETUNIA. Petunias are unsurpassed for massing in beds, or for borders along walks and driveways, and for window boxes. They bloom from July to November, producing great masses of gorgeous blossoms even in the hottest and driest summers.

Plant the seed, which is very fine, in a warm, sunny, open place, just covering it with finely pulverized soil. Water with a fine spray, and thin out when plants are large enough. Seed may be started in hotbeds, and the plants set out in May, when danger of frost is past.

With the exception of Concordia, the double Petunias do not produce seed. Seeds of the single varieties are fertilized by hand with pollen from the Double Petunias. They come in a wide variety of coloring and form, ruffled, fringed, fluted, and plain edged, and range from pure white thru all shades of rose, violet, and purple, some being striped, shaded, veined, or with

star-shaped markings in the center.

DOUBLE PETUNIAS (CONCORDIA).

908. Double Fringed-The handsomest of all Petunias, beautifully fringed

909. Giant Double Mixed—A superb strain, producing a large percentage of double flowers, plain edged, in all shades known in Petunias. Pkt. 30c.

SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS.

852. Dwarf Inimitable (Little Gem)—Bushy, compact plants, about one foot high, covered with Howard's Star—A beautiful dwarf variety, for bedding, borders, window boxes, etc. Crimson-maroon flowers with clearly defined five pointed star of white...Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

854. Snowball-Dwarf, compact variety, with pure white flowers.......Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

859. Norma-A pretty blue variety, marked with a white star...... Packet 10c, 1/4 oz. 75c.

GIANT FLOWERING PETUNIAS.

857. Ruffled Giants-Enormous flowers in brilliant colors, beautifully ruffled, fluted and fringed........Packet 25c. New Petunia Inflata-Trailing Queen. See Novelties, page 6.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI. Annual Phlox. The annual Phlox is a native of Texas, and one of the most satisfactory of all garden annuals. In brilliancy and profusion of blooming, and in the length of its blooming season, it surpasses almost every other annual, and at the same time, it is of easiest culture. It will grow in poor soil, but in order to develop the best flowers, it should have rich soil and a warm, sunny place. Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as danger of frost is past, and in a few weeks the plants are a mass of bloom and remain so until frost. Phlox are valuable for bedding, borders, and as undergrowth for tall, bare-stemmed plants.

LARGE FLOWERING VARIETIES (GRANDIFLORA). (Height 15 inches,)

861 .- Pure White. 863.-Bright Scarlet. 862.-Shell Pink.

864.-Vlolet. 865.—Golden Star-Yellow. 868.-Striped.

866.—Finest Mixed—Contains all of the above colors, as well as many others, making a brilliant display. Price: Any of the above, Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

LARGE FLOWERING DWARF PHLOX (NANA COMPACTA).

This class is of dwarf, compact growth, very valuable for bedding and borders. The flowers are of the same splendid type as the Grandiflora, and come in brilliant self-colors.

PERENNIAL PHLOX (Decussata)—Hardy herbaceous perennial with large panicles of brilliant flowers. Sow the seed as soon as frost is out of the ground. or in September. They need rather rich, moist soil, and plenty of sun. Mixed only. Packet 10c, 14 oz. 50c.

FOR PLANTS OF PERENNIAL PHLOX, See page 121.

PASSION FLOWER. See Climbing Vines, page 93.

PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower). One of the best hardy perennials, producing showy flowers during the entire season. Plants form large clumps; are excellent for planting in permanent borders or among shrub-bery; easily raised from seed. Flowers are large, bell-shaped, and blue and white in color.

877. Maries - Single, blue and white mixed Packet 5c.

Polyantha Rose (Fairy or Baby Rose) — Blooms from seed the first year. The plants bloom in three months after sowing, so if sown in February, in the house, they may be had in bloom in June, in the open ground, where they continue to flower thruout the season, giving about an equal proportion of single, semi-double and double flowers, borne in clusters. The plants are very pretty in solid beds and borders and are hardy. Seed needs soaking in warm water for 48 hours. Packet 10c.Packet 10c.

PORTULACA (Rose Moss). Charming annuals of dwarf growth, for bedding or low borders, which are covered with small bright flowers all season. They grow easily in any soil.

894. Single Large flowering, finest mlxed. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c. 915. Single White. 916. Single Yellow.... (Packet 5c, 918. Single Scarlet.... 14 oz. 20c. Single Pink. 917.

895. Double Flowering, finest mixed. Packet 10c, 1/8 oz. 50c.



Platycodon. No. 877.

POPPIES (Papaver). No other flowers make as gorgeous a show are excellent for borders and bedding, and grow best in light sandy soil, with plenty of sun. Annual varieties must be sown where they are to bloom, as they cannot bear transplanting. Sow the seed as early in spring as the ground can be worked, cover very lightly, and firm the soil down well. When plants are three inches high, thin out to 6 to 12 inches apart. Do not allow seed pods to form, if you want a long blooming season. Plants from self-sown seed bloom two weeks earlier than if planted in spring Annual Poppies are divided into two classes, the Opium (Papaver somniferum) and Corn Poppy. Most of the single, and all of the double varieties belong to the first class. Corn Poppies are smaller in type and include the gay Field Poppies of Europe, and the Shirley varieties. Perennial Poppies include Iceland (P. Nudicale) and Oriental.

SINGLE ANNUAL VARIETIES.

880. Danebrog (Danish Cross)—A showy single variety, of vivid scarlet, with a white spot on each petal, forming a Maltese cross............ Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

Glaucum or Tulip Poppy—Large tulip-shaped flowers, of brilliant scarlet. Height one foot.......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 20c.

Miss Sherwood—Large silky flowers of soft rose color, with a broad white border.......Packet 5c, ½ 0z. 20c. 883.

Admiral—Immense round flowers, of satiny white with a deep band of brilliant scarlet around the edges of the petals..... Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

Giant Shirley (Silk or Ghost Poppy)—The most delicate and graceful of all poppies. Shirley Poppies always have a white base with yellow or white stamens, anthers, and pollen, instead of the black or dark blue of other poppies. Finest mixed. Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

888. The Bride - Large pure white, feathery flowers.....Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

DOUBLE ANNUAL VARIETIES.

885. Mikado (Striped Japanese Poppy)—Distinct and effective variety, with deeply fringed petals, white at base, shading to wink and rose above. pink and rose above.....Packet 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

American Flag — Large double flowers of pure white, bordered with scarlet....Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 25c.

889. Cardinal - Vivid scarlet flowers, beautifully fringed....Pkt. 5c, 4 oz. 15c.

800.

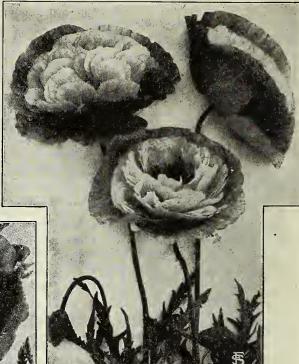


Oriental Poppy. No. 893.



Chinese Primrose. No. 901.

ters are borne on long stems. Blooms about Easter. ...



Double Poppy. No. 907.

DOUBLE ANNUAL POPPIES. Continued.

White Swan—Immense double pure white flowers, fringed; an excellent companion to Cardinal....... Packet 5c, 1/2 oz. 15c.

Carnation Flowered—Large. slightly fringed flowers, formed like carnations. Brilliant mixed colors.

Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c.

MIXED POPPIES.

906. F. S. & N. Co's Mixture of Single Annual Popples— Containing all the best known varieties of beautiful, bright colors.......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

907. F. S. & N. Co's Mixture of Double Annual Poppies-Containing all the above named double varieties and many other fine sorts....Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

PERENNIAL POPPIES.

892. Iceland Poppy (Nudlcaule)—Plants are of graceful, neat habit, with fern-like foliage, producing their brilliant, fragrant flowers in profusion. Mixed colors.

Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

893. Oriental Poppy—Gorgeous, showy flowers, measuring 6 to 7 inches across, of dazzling, brilliant colors, mostly shades of red. Mixed colors..... Packet 10c.

902. Hardy Perennial Popples, Mixed-Many varieties in all colors.Packet 10c, 1/8 oz. 25c Colifornia Poppy-See Eschscholtzia.

Giant Yellow Tulip Poppy-See Hunnemannia.

PRIMULA (Primrose). The perennial sorts are among the earliest and prettiest of the spring blooming plants, and are valuable for the hardy border. They require some protection in this latitude and plenty of moisture and shade. The tender or conservatory varieties may be sown in boxes in March or April. and transplanted to pots, in rather rich soil, mixed with well decayed manure and leaf mould. The house plants need plenty of air and water.

HARDY PERENNIAL GARDEN VARIETIES

896. Blue Primrose (Acaulis Cœrulea) - A lovely blue sort of the old English yellow primrose. Suitable for naturalizing in borders, among shrubs, etc. Pkt. 15c.

898. Cortusoldes-A charming variety. Pretty rosy pink flowers with white cen-

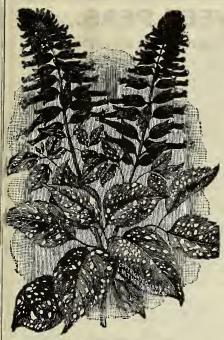
Verls (Cowslip)—Beautiful perennials, with fragrant flowers, ranging from yellow and brown to all shades of rose and crimson...Packet 10c. 904.

TENDER CONSERVATORY VARIETIES.

Chinese Primrose (Sinensis)—The popular variety for indoor culture Leaves are large, soft, and hairy, flower clusters are immense flat, and range from pure white to deep rose and red in color. See illustration.

Packet 903. Forbesi (Baby Primrose)-Slender, delicate species, with flowers in successive whorls, one above the other. Rosy lilacPacket 10c.

Stocks. No. 1029.



Saivia, Silverspot. No. 1004.

RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean). Tender annuals of rapide and gigantic growth, producing handsome, stately plants of tropical appearance. The leaves are immense, deeply lobed, and conspicuously veined, and range in color from pale green to very deep green and coppery bronze. The fruits are brilliant red and orange, and borne in spikes, resembling those of Sumac. A valuable plant for screens, and for massing in the center of flower beds, with Cannas, Salvia, etc.

Zanzibarlensis, Mixed—A distinct class, surpassing all other varieties in size and beauty. Foliage ranges from pale and deep green to bronze and purple, some having broad red ribs or veins. The fruits are beautifully marked...Pkt. 5c, oz. 20c.

951. Choice Mixed-Containing many fine varieties Packet 5c, oz. 15c.

383. Rhodanthe (Everiasting)—A very beautiful type of Immortelle, with flowers in all shades of rose and crimson, also white, showing a very dark disk or center. Valuable for the garden, also for growing indoors, in pots. Grows 1 foot high...........Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c.

SALPIGLOSSIS (Veivet Flower). A highly ornamental, half-hardy annual with lovely, large, funnel-shaped flowers of velvety texture and with deeply sunken veins, singularly penciled and shaded on the most beautiful and richest ground colors. Much prized for cutting; beds or borders of these showy plants, when in full bloom, are one of the most striking features in a garden. Easily grown from seed; blooms from early summer till late fall. About 2 feet high.

1001. Emperor—This variety forms only one leading stem, and bears on its summit a veritable bouquet of beautiful flowers, each richly veined with gold. It is the only flower showing a glittering of gold in its coloring. All colors...Pkt. 10c, 1/8 oz. 25c.

SALVIA (Flowering Sage). Handsome, brilliant bedding plants, with bright green foliage and ing along the shrubbery border, and for bedding, with Cannas, Castor Oil Beans, or white Asters, also for window boxes and baskets, in fact, wherever a brilliant display of scarlet is desired. They bloom constantly from July until frost. Start the seed indoors, in March, plant out when danger of frost is past, setting the plants 12 inches apart.

1002. Spiendens, Scarlet Sage-Grows 3 feet high. Bright scarlet flowers........... Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 50c.

Silverspot—A very pretty variety, with long spikes of intense scarlet flowers, and foliage richly spotted with yellow. Plants are very compact, growing 2½ feet high ... Packet 10c.

• Patens—Avery handsome, unusual plant, with long spikes of flowers of intense blue. Very valuable for borders, and for growing indoors. 2 feet high...Packet 15c.



Pyrethrum Hybridum. No. 960. (Page 88.)

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride or Pin Cushlon Flower). Lovely, old-fashioned favorites, without which no garden is complete. They grow from 2 to 3 feet high, and come into bloom in July and August. continuing until October. The beautiful flowers, in exquisite shades, are borne on very long slender stems, and are splendid for cutting. The perennial sorts do best in partial shade, in rather rich ground. Sow the seed as soon as danger of frost is past.

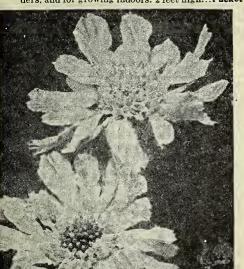
SCHIZANTHUS (Butterfly Flower). One of the daintiest and most exquisite flowers for the garden, valuable for massing among taller, bare-stemmed varieties, and for borders. Foliage is delicate, almost like Maiden Hair Fern, and the plants are simply covered with small orchid-like flowers, in shades of gold, rose, lilac, and white, many of them being spotted with brown or purple. They are also extensively grown as house plants. house plants.

1015. Large Flowering Varieties. Finest mixed...... Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c. Wisetonensls—A splendid variety, white flowers dotted with rose. This is the best Schizanthus for indoor culture, and very free flowering......Packet 20c. 18 0z. 35c.

1019. Solanum Capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry)—An exceedingly ornamental plant for house or conservatory culture, of dwarf, branching habit, with fine foliage and innumerable scarlet berries. A popular plant for decoration at Christmas.

Packet 10c.

1032. Stokesia Cyanea (Cornflower Aster)—A rare and beautiful hardy perennial, requiring some protection here. Grows about 2 feet high, and bears many very large blue flowers, resembling Cornflowers, from July until



Scabiosa or Mourning Bride. No. 1012.



SHASTA DAISY-See Chrysanthemum, No. 247, page 80.



SWEET PEAS.

GENERAL CULTURE OF SWEET PEAS.

Sweet Pea seed should be sown as soon as the ground is thoroly thawed, when the soil is dry enough to work easily. White seeded Sweet Peas must not he sown until all danger of frost is over. Prepare a trench 2 feet deep and 1½ to 2 feet wide. Fill this with rich loam and well rotted manure, mixing it carefully and working it down well, as Sweet Peas root deeply. Have the sides of the trench at least two inches higher than the center. Make a furrow 6 inches wide and 3 inches deep in the trench. Sow the seed in 2 rows in this furrow, ahout 4 inches apart, and 2 inches apart in the rows. Cover seed firmly with one inch of fine soil. Then rake another inch of soil loosely over seed, covering it two inches altogether.

of soil loosely over seed, covering it two inches altogether.

When plants are several inches high, fill up space between rows with fine soil, covering the vines to within one inch of their tops. As soon as the vines have grown 6 inches more, fill up the trench again, hoeing up the soil to form a ridge. This keeps the soil moist and cool. In dry weather, water Sweet Peas several times a week, in the evening if possible. Support vines with hrush, wire netting, or strings firmly fastened to posts or sticks, between the rows. For plant lice or aphis, spray with tobacco dust, when dew is on plants, or with tobacco soap solution. Flowers should he cut daily. If seed pods are allowed to form, they soon cease Blue and scarlet varieties should have some shade to develop their colors well and pre-

SPENCER SWEET PEAS.

Spencer Sweet Peas have very large, waved and frilled flowers, usually borne in threes and fours, on long strong stems, and bloom much longer than ordinary Sweet Peas, as the blossoms usually fall off before seed pods are formed. For this reason, seed of Spencer Sweet Peas is scarce, and will always be expensive. In spite of this, however, Spencer Sweet Peas are extremely popular.

See back cover page and page 128 for Illustrations and full descriptions of the newest Spencer Sweet Peas. Be sure to include this collection in your order.

652. Apple Blossom-Standards rose pink, wings white shaded with pink; very large.

Arthur Green-Beautiful large flowers of dark claret or wine color. 666.

Asta Ohn-Soft lavender shaded with pink, large flowers, beautifully waved. 667.

Aurora Spencer-Large creamy-white flowers, mottled with orange. 653.

Black Knight Spencer-Deep maroon with black veins; fine colored dark sweet pea. 654.

670. Captain of the Blues Spencer-Large, frilled, purple standard, blue wings. Very handsome. 635. Countess Spencer-The original Spencer, immense waved flowers, rose pink, deepening at edges.

Dainty Spencer-Pure white, heautifully edged with rose pink. 656.

672.

Duplex Crimson King. (New)—Immense waved and fluted flowers, of hrilliant carmine, shaded with orange. Many flowers are duplex or double, and are horne in threes and fours on long stems. oz. 35c. E. J. Castle-Carmine rose, with salmon shading in standard.

Elirida Pearson-Immense flowers of hrilliant pink, usually four to the stem. Blooms profusely. 655.

Florence Morse Spencer-Soft blush pink shaded with rose. Very large wavy flowers. 657.

658. Florence Nightlngale-Very large, frilled, hluish lavender.

636. George Herbert-Deep rose-crimson, suffused with magenta.

Jessie Cuthbertson. (New)—The favorite striped variety, in new Spencer form. Flowers are immense, deeply waved. Cream, overlaid with stripes of rose pink. oz. 35c.

King Edward Spencer-Enormous flowers of rich deep carmine.

Margaret Madison—An exquisite new hlue variety, similar to Wedgewood, hut clearer hlue, without any shading. oz. 35c. Mrs. Hugh Dickson—Rich apricot pink, on cream ground; immense waved flowers, four to a stem. 662.

Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain-Rose, striped and flaked on white.

Primrose Spencer-A pronounced primrose or creamy yellow.

St. George Spencer-Glowing orange pink, very showy.

680. Senator Spencer. (New)—Deep claret and chocolate, striped and flaked on a creamy heliotrope ground. oz. 35c.
659. Thomas Stevenson—Flowers of largest and finest Spencer type.

with standards of hrilliant orange, wings are soft carmine, frilled.

Vermillion Brilliant—The most brilliant self scarlet yet introduced, entirely sun-proof. Flowers, waved and fluted, are horne in 4s. Wedgewood. (New)—Lovely light hlue, without shading. Flowers are well waved, and horne uniformly in fours. oz. 35c. 682

White Spencer-Immense pure white, frilled flowers.

W. R. Beaver-Rich chocolate hrown, striped with white, a very

desirable variety for every collection. Price: Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, 15 for \$1.00, 1 packet each of above 27 varieties for \$1.75; oz. 25c, (except where noted) 1/4 1b. 90c.

SWEET PEAS-GIANT FLOWERING AND UNWIN TYPES.

These are an older type than the Spencer or Orchid-Flowering variety, with smaller flowers. The blooming season is shorter, but they are much cheaper and more easily grown. The Unwin class resembles Spencers in form and vigorous hahit of growth, but the flowers are smaller. We have discarded those varieties which are merely duplicates or inferiors, and list only the best in each shade and color; so that our seed can be depended on to produce an ahundance of large flowers, with long stiff stems.

All Glant Flowering Sweet Peas: Packet 5c, any 6 for 25c, any 12 for 40c, one packet of each variety, 24 in all, for 75c, prepaid.

616. America-Ivory white, with crimson stripes; large flowers.

611.

Apple Blossom—Crimson standards, wings pale pink, shaded rose. Blanche Ferry—The popular pink and white sweet pea. Standards bright rose, wings white, tinged with pink. Large open flowers. Captaln of the Blues—Purple standards, with blue wings. 613.

608. Dainty-Lovely pure white, edged with pale pink, long stems.

604. Dorothy Eckford-White seeded; large pure white flowers.

Duke of Westminster-Large hooded flowers; purple standards, 626. wings violet, shaded purple.

Flora Norton-Clear sky-hlue; very delicate.

Gladys Unwin-Light pink, self colored; deeply frilled flowers. 630. Helen Pierce-Pure white, veined and mottled with bright blue. 625.

Henry Eckford—Brilliant orange yellow; one of the best. 619.

Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon-Light primrose yellow, very lovely. 607.

617.

King Edward VII.—The hest crimson scarlet; very large. Lovely—Deep pink, shading to pale pink at the edges; very large. 610.

- 621. Lady Grisel Hamilton-Very large hooded flowers; the most delicate of the lavender varieties.
 - Miss Willmot Handsome orange flowers, with orange-pink wings. Very striking and handsome. 628. Othello-Large hooded flowers, of dark maroon, with hlack veins

 - 632. Phyllis Unwin-Light magenta-rose, shaded carmine, frilled.
- Prince of Wales—Carmine-rose, self colored; the largest and finest of the Grandiflora class. 615. 618. Queen Alexandra -- Large, semi-hooded flowers of bright red.
- Romolo Piazzani-Immense hooded flowers of violet hlue. 647.
- Royal Rose Crimson rose standard with pink wings, lighter 612. shadings at edges. Scarlet Gem-Large handsome flowers of hrilliant scarlet. One
- of the showlest and handsomest. Shasta-White seeded; very large open flowers, pure white, wav-
- ed at the edges.

THE EARLIEST SWEET PEAS.

Earliest of All. (Christmas Pink) — Pink standards and white wings. Blooms ten days earlier than Extra Early Blanche Ferry; a good foreing variety. — Packet 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c. Mont Blanc. (Christmas White)—Beautiful paper-white flowers; the earliest white sweet pea. —Packet 10c, oz. 15c, ¼ lb. 50c. 640.

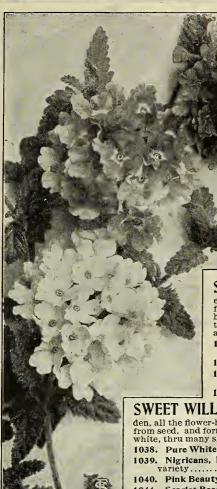
UNRIVALLED SWEET PEA MIXTURES.

Glant or Grandiflora Mixed—Finest, largest flowering varieties in the right color proportions. Packet 5c, oz. 10c, 1/4 lb. 35c, lb. 75c.

New Spencer, Mixed-A splendid mixture of all the newer Spencers. Where a large quantity is needed, we especially recommend this mixture, as it will give a heautiful display of flowers in the right colors....Packet 10c, oz. 20c, ¼ 1b. 65c, 1b. \$2.25, prepaid.

Cupid or Tom Thumb—A dwarf variety, 6 to 8 inches tall, with large flowers in all colors. Especially fine for low edgings, horder, and pot culture.....Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 60c, prepaid.

Double Flowering Mixed—Lovely flowers, in all colors; double and semi-double.......Packet 10c oz 20c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. \$2.00.



Verbena. No. 1113.

STOCKS (Mathiola Incana). Sometimes called Gilliflower or a great profusion of lovely fragrant flowers the entire season. They are valuable for edgings, bedding, and for pot culture, and splendid for cutting, as the double flowers are borne on long spikes, contrasting well with the dark green foliage. The colors are decidedly soft and pastel-like, creamy white, pink, old rose, lavender, purplish red and deep nurnle being the most commen. and deep purple being the most common.

DWARF, LARGE FLOWERING DOUBLE
TEN WEEKS OR GERMAN STOCKS.
Favorite summer blooming annuals, producing flowers from July to October. Valuable for cutting. Sow in February or March, and transplant outdoors in May.

1022.—Crimson.
1024.—Creamy White.
1025.—Canary Yellow.
Packet 5c, any 6 for 25c, % oz. 60c.

Princess Alice (Cut and Come Again)-A very fine branching Ten Weeks Stock, producing many spikes of pure white flowers all summer. The best white variety for growing in pots. Packet 10c.

. Giant Perpetual Flowering—A very beautiful, large flowering kind, with fragrant double flowers. Valuable for indoor 1030.

EVENING SCENTED STOCKS-See Mathiola, (Page 84.)

159. Swan River Daisy (Brachycome)—Free flowering, dwarf growing annuals, covered with a profusion of pretty blue or white flowers during the greater part of the summer. Foliage is very fine and glossy, flowers are daisy-like, with large dark centers, resembling Cineraria..........Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

SUNFLOWERS (Helianthus). Stately, old-fashioned flowers, which, with wonderful new ers, and for screens. They are also used extensively for poultry feed. Sunflowers are very showy for decorating porches, and where a big, gorgeous display is wanted. They grow from 3 to 8 feet high, bearing bright yellow disc-like flowers, single and double, as large as 12 inches across. Sow the seed outdoors when danger of frost is past, in light, rich, moist soil, in a very sunny location, and cover one-half inch deep. and cover one-half inch deep.

1033. Cucumerifolius fl. pl.-Flowers are very large, with fringed petals, resembling immense yellow Chrysanthemums.....

1034. California, Double Flowering-Plants grow about 5 feet high, and bear very large double 1034A. New Red Sunflower-See Novelties, page 6.

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus). Another favorite old-fashioned perennial, well known for its sweet fragrance, and its richly colored flowers. Most desirable for display planting in the garden, all the flower-heads being of about the same height, forming a perfect sheet of lovely colors. It is easily grown from seed, and forms clumps in any good garden soil, preferring a sunny location. The colors vary greatly, from white, thru many shades of pink, rose, scarlet, and deep red, some being bordered, striped, or variegated.

1040. Pink Beauty, Single—The most beautiful and striking variety; large flower-heads of salmon pink. Packet 5c.

1041. Scarlet Beauty, Single-Flowers are intense scarlet, or cherry red. producing a vivid effect when planted in masses. Packet 10c.

1042. Pure White, Double...... Packet 10c, 3 for 25c. 1037. Double Mixed, finest strains....Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

VERBENA. Verbenas rank with the Annual Phlox, as border and bedding annuals. They are of the same low, spreading growth, and the fragrant flowers show the same rich variety of color, but they withstand cold weather much better, and bloom until very late in fall. They are fine for low borders, also for vases and window boxes. Start the seed indoors, in March, and transplant in May.

LARGE FLOWERING VERBENAS.

ite. 1103.—Rose. 1104.—Purple.
1115.—Striped. 1101.—Large Flower
Packet 10c, 3 for 25c, one packet of each of above for 50c. 1102.-Pure White. 1111.-Scarlet. 1104.—Purple. 1101.—Large Flowering Mixed.

1100. HYBRIDA MIXED-All colors of the older varieties Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

VARIOUS VERBENAS.

1105. Defiance—Immense flowers of fiery scarlet. Very free floweringPacket 10c.

1107. Lemon Verbena (Aloysia Citriodora) - A fragrant old favorite, with pale green leaves which are sweetly scented

1109. Odorata-A hardy, sweet-scented white variety, good for borders and bedding.Packet 5c. good companion to Venosa.....

Venosa (Hardy Garden Verbena)-A handsome bedding verbena, growing about 12 inches tall, with bright light purple flowers from June to frost...Packet 5c, ¼ oz. 25c.

1112. Vinca Rosea (Perwinkle)—Ornamental, free-blooming, tender perennial plants; one of the most satisfactory bedding plants, with glossy, green foliage and handsome red and white flowers. They flower from seed the first season, continuing until frost; and may be potted before frost and kept in bloom in the house thru the winter; a very fine cut flower; about 2 feet high. Mixed. .Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 20c.

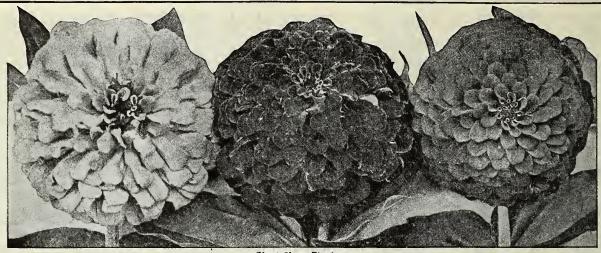
1035. Viola Odorata (Sweet Violet)—The true blue sweet violet. Favorite hardy plants, highly prized for their fragrant flowers; 6 inches high. Seed germinates slowly......Packet 10c.

WALLFLOWER (Goldlack). These handsome flowers should be grown more extensively. They are useful for pot culture, outdoor bedding and border, and splendid for cutting, because of their sweet fragrance and rich golden and scarlet colorings. Start seed indoors, and set plants out in May. Half-hardy perennials, which must be kept indoors in winter, in this locality. Height one foot.

1135. Early Parisian-Single, fragrant, cinnamon colored flowers.... Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c. 1138. Double German Perennial Wallflowers-Fragrant, very double Packet 10c.



Dianthus Barbatus, Sweet William,



Giant Show Zinnias.

ZINNIA. Sometimes called "Youth and Old Age". Double Zinnias are among the easiest grown, and showiest of all garden annuals. Large are unsurpassed, as they grow in any garden soil, preferably a sunny location. Sow the seed early, and cover with one-fourth inch finely pulverized soil. Grow 1½ to 3 feet high and bloom from July until frost.

GIANT-SHOW ZINNIAS. (Grandiflora Robusta Plenissima.)

Huge flowers 5 to 6 inches across, semi-globular and very double. Grand and long lasting effects can be produced in beds and borders with this new race.

1158.-White, 1160.-Scarlet.

Each: Packet 15c, any 3 for 40c, 1 of each for 50c.

Bushy, compact plants about two feet high, bearing large, perfect double flowers in greatest profusion. They come into flower early in the summer and keep on blooming until hard frost. 1151.-White. 1154.-Pink. 1152.-Scarlet. 1157.-Mixed. 1159.—Golden Yellow. 1162.—Striped.

1153.-Golden Yellow.

Each: Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 40c.

LARGE-FLOWERING, DWARF ZINNIAS.

1156. Curled and Crested—A curious and beautiful strain, petals twisted, curled and crested. Double mixed...... Packet 5c, 1/4 oz. 15c, oz. 50c. 1155. Zebra-Very pretty striped flowers. As the colors vary on each plant, they present a curious and beautiful appearance. Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

1163. Liliput—Handsome bushes loaded with small, very double flowers. Bloom all summer until late in fall. Mixed colors...Pkt. 5c, 1/4 oz. 25c.

ORNAMENTAL GOURDS.

Desirable. pretty climbers for many places where a large amount of vines are wanted quickly. The blossoms of some are quite striking and handsome. Their interesting features are the odd, unique and ornamental gourds, many of which make excellent toys for children.

Price for any variety, except Calabash: Packet 5c, oz. 20c.

1180. Apple-Shaped-Fruit is beautifully striped, and shaped like an apple.

1181. Bottle-Curious and handsome fruit. Used by the pilgrims in the Orient.

-Very useful for many purposes; holds about a quart; has a long handle. 1183. 1184.

Dish Cloth or Sponge-Large fruits, resembling a large flat sponge.

1186. Hercules Club-Fruits are green, club-shaped, three to four feet long.

1187. Nest Egg—Very ornamental, may be used as nest eggs.
1188. Orange—The well known mock orange. In size and shape like an orange.
1189. Ornamental Pomegranate, or Queen's Sweet Pocket Melon — Fruits deliciously perfumed and may be carried in the pocket or laid among linens. A pretty climbing vine.

1190. Pear-Shaped-Pretty pear-shaped fruits, striped yellow and green.

1191. Powder Horn-The form of a powder horn. Very odd.

1192. Snake—Also classified as a cucumber, and can be used as such, especially for slicing.
The fruits grow several
feet long and are twisted.



Ornamental Gourds, Mixed. No. 1196,

. Sugar Trough—They grow large enough so as to hold 4 to 10 quarts each; have thick, hard shells; are light but durable.



The Ornamental Grasses are indispensable for the mixed flower beds and for the border, making these more attractive during the summer, while in the dried state they are valuable for winter bouquets. The following are the most popular varieties:

Briza Maxima (Quaking Grass)-In great demand for bouquets, furnishing splendid material to mix in with flowers for decorating. Annual..... . Packet 5c.

1171. Bromus Brizæformis—Very graceful perennial, with drooping panicles. Pkt. 5c.

......Packet 5c, oz. 15c.

1173. Eulalia Japonica -A slender and graceful grass, beautifully striped. groups on the lawn or around the house. Perennial..... ... Packet 5c.

Lagurus Ovatus (Hare's Tail Grass)-Produces small white heads. for bouquets. Annual. 1175. Pennisetum Rueppelianum (Purple Fountain Grass)—Beautiful, large spikes of purple color. The foliage is long and slender, and a glossy deep green in color.

purple color. The foliage is le 3 feet high. Perennial..... .Packet 10c.

1225. WILD FLOWER GARDEN. This mixture of seeds contains a splendid assortment of flowers of every color and variety, including most of the favorite garden annuals, Poppies, Nasturtiums, Bachelor's Button, Zinnias, Asters. Phlox, Verbenas, Pansies and many other splendid sorts. Just what you want for the children's garden. Pkt. 5c, 3 for 10c, 0z. 20c. This mixture of seeds contains a splendid



Ornamental Grasses.



Passion Flower. No. 850.

IPOMEA.

.....Packet 20c.

to 30 feet high. Pa ed. It has a profusion of pretty star-shaped blossoms and its fine-leaved, feathery foliage is well adapted to ornamental work. grow 10 to 12 feet high. Annual.

269—Scarlet ... Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c. 270—White ... Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c. 268—Πixed ... Pkt. 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.

-Mexican Mina Vine (Versicolor Lobata). Beautiful annual climber; a very profuse and early bloomer. The leaves resemble oak leaves; the flowers are borne in large clusters, they are of blood red color with yellow throat, of quick growth and great beauty. Sow early in spring. Grows 20 to 25 feet high.

Packet 5c, ½ oz. 20c.

Morning Glories. Well known an-rapid growth, with beautiful, showy flowers in endless variety of colors. For covering walls, trellises, arbors or stumps of trees they are invaluable. They will succeed under almost any circumstances.

259—Giant Japanese Morning Glories. (Hederacea). The handsomest of the (Hederacea). The handsomest of the Morning Glories, with robust vines, growing rapidly to a height of 15 to 20 feet, and with luxuriant foliage, oddly marbled and blotched with white and yellow. Flowers of entrancing beauty and gigantic size are produced with limitless markings, shadings, and colors. Finest mixed.

Pkt. 10c, ½ 0z. 20c.

258-Tall Morning Glories (Convolvulus

486—Brazilian Morning Glory (Setosa).
A very quick growing vine, covering an enormous space in a very short time; the leaves are of large size, deeply lobed, and the flowers, which are borne in large clusters, are of a pleasing rose color. pleasing rose color Packet 5c, ½ oz. 20c.

CLIMBING PLANTS AND VINES.

150—Balloon Vine. A rapid growing annual climber, succeeding best on light soil. Flowers white; seed pods look like small balloons.....Packet 5c, oz. 15c.

254—Cobea Scandens. (See illustration) Cups and Saucers Vine or Cathedral Bells. One of the handsomest and most rapid growing annual climbers, running up to 30 feet in a season. The flowers are bell-shaped and of a purplish lilac when full grown. It is a very prolific bloomer, one that makes a show the first year, both in vines and flowers; is always clean of insects. In planting place seeds edgewise and cover lightly.

Packet 5c, 40z. 20c.

323-Dollchos, Hyacinth Bean. Very pretty, bean-like flowers in

469—Lathyrus. (Everlasting Pea or Hardy Sweet Pea.) Hardy perennial climber with white, pink and crimson pea-shaped flower clusters. Grows 6 feet high, flowering from July to September. Fine for cut flowers. A splendid vine for covering fences, old stumps and trellises......Packet 5c, ½ oz. 15c, oz. 25c.



Momordica. Curious, rapid, and dense growing annual climbers, with ornamental foliage and fruit. Flowers are pale yellow, often with black centers. Fruit from 3 to 7 inches long, splitting at maturity in these divisions. turity in three divisions, showing scarlet center and white seeds.

Cobœa Scandens. No. 254.

461—Japanese Hop, Variegated (Humulus).
Rapid, dense growing, annual climber, 12
to 20 feet high. The leaves are beautifully
marbled and splashed with silvery white,
light and dark green, very effective for
screens, arbors, trellises, etc.; very resist-

850—Passion Flower (Passiflora). See illustration. Tender perennial climber for the summer garden, for window boxes and pot culture. Flowers exceedingly beautiful, white and blue; very large and wax-like. Will grow to a height of 15 to

.....Packet 10c. 1215-Scarlet Runner Bean. Well known and popular runner vine. Flowers dazzling scarlet and very showy. It blooms a long time. The pods are long and very broad, and of excellent flavor. Can be used same as other beans...Large packet 5c ½ pint 20c.

16—Butterfly Bean. Similar to Scar-let Runner, but flowers are dainty pink and white, very large, resemb-ling butterflies.... Pkt. 10c, oz. 20c.

1018—Smilax (Medeola). Tender perennial vine for house culture. Makes a fine pot plant for winter. Lovely glossy green foliage which is greatly prized for bouquets and decorating.

Packet 5c, ½02.25c.

1136—Wild Cucumber (Echlnocystis).
The quickest growing annual climber. Will grow 30 feet in one season
Bears pretty, white, fragrant flowers, followed by an abundance of ornamental and prickly seed pods. It

FOR HARDY CLIMBING VINES AND PLANTS See page 118.



Japanese Morning Glory. No. 259.

FOR SPRING SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS

We offer the most popular summer flowering varieties of bulbs. no skill and very little attention to produce perfect flowers. Plant bulbs in the garden in spring, after severe frosts are past. Most of them bloom all summer. In fall is take the bulbs up and store in frost proof cellar, to plant again the following spring.

APIOS TUBEROSA.

A valuable hardy, tuberous rooted climber, bearing clusters of rich, deep purple flowers of strong, delicious violet fragrance. It grows to a height of 8 to 10 feet and blooms profusely. Plant bulbs close together to produce a mass of vines and flowers. Each 5c, dozen 45c, prepaid.

AMARYLLIS.

MEXICAN FIRE LILY. (Formosissima)—Few flowers equal this variety in richness and beauty of color. The flowers are produced before the leaves appear and are intensely brilliant, deep velvety crimson. It is a free bloomer and succeeds well in pots, also in open ground. Each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

BELLADONNA LILY-The flowers of this Amaryllis appear late in summer on flower stocks 2 feet high and form immense clusters of trumpet-shaped blooms of pink color and great fragrance. Each 25c, 3 for 65c.

MONARCH OF THE EAST.

The bulb of this wonderful plant need not be planted, but simply placed on a window sill or table, in a warm room. A long, reddish-brown blossom, tipped with red and yellow, appears in a few weeks, without leaves or roots. Blossoms resemble "Jack in the Pulpits" in form and color, but are much larger. After flowering, plant the bulb outdoors, where it forms a large umbrella shaped leaf. Bulbs may be taken indoors for winter blooming. Each 20c.

GREAT ISM

BEGONIAS (Tuberous-Rooted),

Begonias are beautiful house plants, and rival geraniums as bedding plants. They are valuable not only for their brilliant flowers, but for their stiff, handsome foliage as well. Begonias should be planted in rich, well drained soil, in a partly shaded location, and well watered.

SINGLE BEGONIAS . Mixed coiors. Each 8c, dozen 80c, prepald.

DOUBLE BEGONIAS -Mixed colors. Each 10c, dozen \$1.00, prepaid.

DOUBLE LAFAYETTE Brilliant fiery scarlet, very double flowers. Splendid Bego-nia for bedding, blooms all sum-mer. Makes a fine pot plant. Each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

GRAF ZEPPELIN—
Flowers extra double and full, rich glowing scarlet. Plant is of a dwarf habit, 6 to 8 inches high. Very choice. Each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

CALADIUM **ESCULENTUM.**

Showy bedding plants with enormous leaves, as large as 3 feet by 20 inches. Very effective in groups on the lawn. First size bulbs, 6 to 11 inches in circumference, each 25c, dozen \$2.75.—Second size bulbs, 7 to 9 inches, each 15c, dozen \$1.50, prepaid.

Mexican FANCY-LEAVED CALADIUM.

Fire Lily.

These Caladiums have grown rapidly into popular favor for the decoration of the conservatory, for window boxes, also for planting outdoors, in shady situations, when the weather is warm. The handsome leaves are spotted, veined and variegated with white, yellow, pink and scarlet. Best sorts mixed, large size buibs, each 25c, 3 for 70c.—Medium size, each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

CALLA LILIES.

WHITE LILY OF THE NILE— The large flowering, pure white Calla with rich dark green leaves. Used extensively for pot culture, also for garden. Each 20c.

NEW PINK. Ready in August to November. This magnificent new Calla bears large flowers of a rich, deep shade of pink that is perfectly exquisite. Strong grower, free bloomer. For garden and house culture. Each 25c.

SPOTTED LEAVED - The leaves of SPOTTED LEAVED — The leaves of this beautiful variety are deep green with numerous white spots; the flowers are white with a black center. Fine for open ground and for pots. Each 10c, dozen \$1.00, prepaid.

GIANT YELLOW—A grand new Calla of marvelous beauty; the flowers are very large, often measuring 4 to 5 inches across, and of a bright golden yellow color; leaves are green, spotted with white. Each 25c, prepaid.



CINNAMON VINE.

A pretty vine with glossy-green, heart A pretty vine with glossy-green, heart shaped leaves, which late in the season bears clusters of tiny, white flowers of a cinnamon-like odor. The roots are thoroly hardy, remaining in the ground for years, but the vine dies down every winter. shooting up with rapidity in spring and often running 25 to 40 feet. Large roots, each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.

GLOXINIA, Giant Flowering.

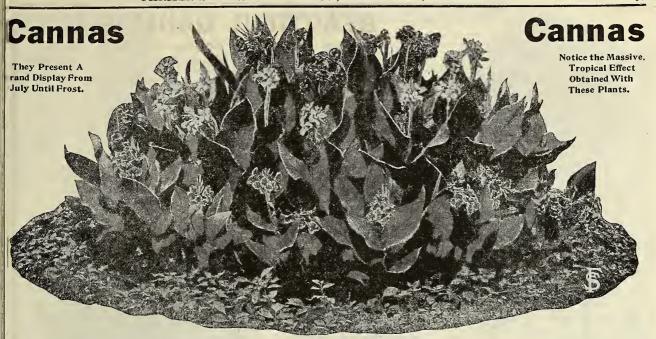
Beautiful plants of dwarf habit, most ful for pot plants. Flowers are trumpet Beautiful plants of dwarf habt. Insert useful for pot plants. Flowers are trumpet shaped and of exceedingly rich coloring and marking, ranging from deep scarlet to violet blue. One plant produces 10 to 20 of these beautiful blossoms in succession. One of the showiest of all house plants. Of easy culture, preferring light soil. Finest mixed, each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

(Summer Hyacinth.)

Perfectly hardy plants of vigorous growth, flower spikes 4 feet high, with pure white, bell-shaped and pendulous flowers. Useful along walls and fences, and if planted in groups will produce a grand effect; for cemetery decoration they are beautiful and appropriate. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.





ANNAS are indispensable for bedding purposes, especially on large lawns. They are beautiful, planted in front of the house, in groups near the porch, and the dwarf kinds in porch-boxes, together with other plants. With their gorgeously colored scarlet, yellow and gold spikes, and rilliant tropical foliage, Cannas present a grand display from July until frost. Price of dormant roots, except where noted: Each 15c, 12 for \$1.35, 25 for \$2.50, prepaid.

ORCHID-FLOWERING CANNAS.

KING HUMBERT, King of all Cannas—The flowers which leasure six inches in diameter, are produced in trusses of gigantic size and are of a brilliant orange-scarlet; the foliage is broad and massive and of a rich coppery-bronze; largest flowered of all Cannas. 4 to 4½ et high. Each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

ITALIA-Bright red with broad golden yellow border; a very fine anna; green foliage; 4 to 41/2 feet high.

LA FRANCE-New. Rich orange-red, shaded crimson and gold ery fine. 4 feet. Each 20c, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.

WYOMING-Fine tall growing sort with purplish bronze foliage nd large flowers of a beautiful rich shade of orange. 7 feet high. Bach Oc, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.

BRONZE-LEAVED VARIETIES.

BLACK BEAUTY—Used for foliage effect, for center of beds or backgrounds. Has shining, purplish-black, large leaves. 5 feet high. ach 20c, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.

DAVID HARUM-Dark bronze foliage, flowers vermillion-scaret. 31/2 feet high.

SHENANDOAH-Flowers a fine, rich pink color. 5 feet high.

LARGE-FLOWERING CANNAS,

All have green foliage.

A. BOUVIER-Brilliant dark crimson; 5 to 51/2 feet high. BUTTERCUP-Beautiful clear golden yellow, large flowers. 31/2

CORONET-Beautiful golden vellow. 41/2 feet high.

CRIMSON BEDDER-Intense glowing scarlet. 3 feet high. EXPRESS-Large heads of scarlet crimson. Fine dwarf Canna. 21/2 feet high.

GLADIOFLORA—New. Scarlet changing to rose, with golden border, petals are rounded. Resembles a giant Gladiolus. 3½ to 4 feet high. Each 20c, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.

MOONLIGHT-Lovely flowers of creamy-white. 3½ feet high.

OSCODA-Bright red with a rich yellow border. Fine dwarf Canna. 21/2 feet high.

VENUS—New. Beautiful flowers of rosy-pink, with creamy yellow border. 3½ feet high. Each 20c, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.

MIXED LARGE FLOWERING VARIETIES-Per dozen \$1.00, 25 for \$1.85, prepaid.

ISMENE CALATHINA. Peruvian Lily.

A fine and curious plant. The flowers are very large, like Amaryllis in form, and now white, and exceedingly fragrant. Bulbs are large and strong, beginning to flow-ra few weeks after planting. As a pot plant it is grand, and as a garden plant, treat-d like Gladiolus, it gives splendid results. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, doz. \$1.75, prepaid.

MADEIRA VINE.

A very beautiful and popular vine, which succeeds everywhere. Grows rapidly, overing a large space in short time. The leaves are fleshy, heart-shaped, light green; the in the season numerous racemes of feathery fragrant, white flowers appear. Each c, 6 for 25c, prepaid.

Hyacinthus Candicans.

MONTBRETIAS.

The Montbretias are some of the brightest and most graceful of our summer flowering bulbs and some of the easiest to grow. From July to October the flame-like spikes follow each other uninterruptedly, giving a bed the appearance of a mass of fire. Fine for cutting. All colors mixed, dozen 30c, 100 for \$2.00, prepaid.

TIGRIDIA_SHELL FLOWER.

Curious and beautiful shell-like flowers about 4 inches in diameter, flowering from July to October. Plant about the middle of May and take up in October. Keep over winter in dry sand. Mixed varieties, @ 6c, doz. 60c, prepaid.

TUBEROSES.

This is easily recognized by its exquisite fragrance and creamy-white, waxen blooms, borne on long, massive spikes. Plant in open ground as soon as the weather is settled and warm, giving the plants rich soil in full sun. Excelsior Double Pearl—Dwarf plants, double large flowers. Large bulbs, each 5c, dozen 45c, prepaid.—100 for \$2.00, not prepaid.



Montbretias.



Show Dahlia-"Stradella".

BEAUTIFUL DAHLIAS.

GIANT DECORATIVE DOUBLE DAHLIAS.

This class produces large, gracefully formed flowers with broad, flat petals, being intermediate between the Cactus and Show types. They make splendid cut flowers.

Price of buibs, except where noted: Each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

AMERICAN BEAUTY — Novelty. The flowers are of gigantic size and produced on long, heavy stems, well above the foliage. The color is a gorgeous wine-crimson. 45c each.

BLUE OBAN-Fine flowers of deep lavender-blue. Very pretty and attractive.

C. W. BRUTON-Bright rich yellow, large flowers. Blooms freely and a long season

JACK ROSE — Brilliant crimson-red, rich and glowing, similar in shade to the popular ck" Rose. Very large, perfectly double flowers. One of the finest dahlias.

L. MANDARIN — Light cream center, shaded yellow, tipped deep pink, each petal striped with crimson, making it very showy. Attracts much attention. 35c each.

MAID OF KENT-Beautiful flowers of cherry-red, tipped with white. Good bloomer.

MINOS-Flowers are very large, borne on long stems. Intense velvety maroon, almost black. PEARL DE LYON-A pure-white exhibition variety of great value. The petals are fringed, giving it a unique appearance. 35c each.

SYLVIA—Large flowers of a lovely shade of be shading to white in the center. Very pink, shading to white in the center. free flowering. 20c each.

YELLOW COLOSSAL Noveity. Large, showy flowers of pure primrose-yellow are produced very freely on long, graceful stems. Its golden cup-shaped petals are daintily arranged. 40c

LOVELY CACTUS DAHLIAS.

The Cactus Dahlias have become very popular and are exceedingly beautiful. The flowers have long, twisted petals and are borne on long, wiry stems. In or variations they are grand.

Price of bulbs, except where noted: Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, prepaid. COUNTESS OF LONSDALE-Large flowers of a rich salmon-pink color. Very free flowering. Does well under practically all conditions. 30c each.

DAINTY-Most beautiful flowers of lemon-yellow, tipped rose-pink. Very attractive DR. JAMESON-Deep rich crimson. Blooms abundantly thru a long season.

EARL OF PEMBROKE-Bright plum color, extra large flowers. A beauty. GENERAL BULLER-Rich, velvety crimson, tipped white. A beautiful flower.

GENISTA-Deep amber-yellow, shaded golden; a unique flower.

J. H. JACKSON — The best dark variety. Black-maroon, very large flower. Splendid free blooming sort of great decorative value.

KRIENHILDE - The flowers are perfect and of brilliant pink color, which gradually shades to white in the center.



MARY SERVICE-Pinkish apricot or heliotrope. Beautiful.

REINE CAYEUX—Novelty. The plants are literally covered with flowers from July until frost. The flowers are of a beautiful ruby-crimson color, and are borne on long, graceful stems; excellent for exhibition purposes. 40c each.

LARGE SHOW DAHLIAS.

Flowers of this class are round, ball-shaped, compact and double, beautiful and highly colored. Price of bulbs, except where noted: Each 20c, dozen \$2.25, prepaid.

A. D. LIVONI-Exquisite soft pink, early and free flowering.

GLORIE DE GUISCARD — An almost indescribable combination of colors. Orange, red, pink, yellow and white. Very novel and attractive. 30c each.

MAUDE ADAMS—Novelty. A wonderful dahlia, unsurpassed in every respect. The color is a pure, snowy white, overlaid with clear delicate pink. One of the finest new kinds. Plant is of strong growth and produces flowers abundantly. Each 50c.

MERLIN-Bright, intense orange-scarlet. One of the best sorts.

QUEEN VICTORIA - Lovely golden yellow. Blooms early, very freely and continuously.

ROBERT BROOMFIELD - Pure white, large flowers. A good bloomer. STRADELLA-Beautiful deep purple

crimson flowers on long stems. Very free bloomer.

NEW PAEONY FLOWERED DAHLIAS.

A brilliant, showy class recently originated in Holland. The plants grow vigorously and tall, blooming very profusely thruout a long season. Flowers are broad and flat, rather loosely constructed; in color daintry and delicate. ty and delicate.

BARON DE GRANCY—Novelty. The only fragrant white Pæony flowered dahlia in existence. The flowers are borne in miraculous profusion upon long, graceful stems, they are pure white in color. Each 35c, prepaid.

GERMANIA—Beautifully formed flowers of wine color with bright glowing crimson. Very fluffy, artistic flowers, admired by all. Each 25c, prepaid.

LA RAINTE—New fragrant Peony Dahlia. The color, a charming deep lavenderpink with an exquisite golden yellow center, combines to make the flowers most beautiful. Its long, graceful petals are curved and twisted, giving the whole a unique appearance. The fragrance of this variety is very prominent. Each 35c, prepaid.

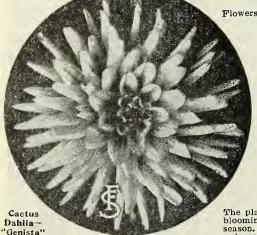
MRS. J. FUTRELLE - Lovely flowers of an exquisite lemon-yellow, heavily splashed with scarlet. Blooms very freely. Each 25c, prepaid.

QUEEN EMMA — New fragrant Pæony Dahlia. Flowers are a most beautiful shade of hollyhock-pink, the inner petals banded with gold. Exceptionally fine sort. Each 35c, prepaid.

DOUBLE MIXED DAHLIAS. All colors and forms of fine double flowered varieties. Each 15c, 12 for \$1.25. prepaid.-12 for \$1.00, not prepaid.



Pæony Dahlia-"Queen Emma".



Gladiolus-"America".

LOVELY GLADIOLI.

The Gladioli are the most attractive and brilliant of all summer flowering bulbs, and deserve a place in every garden. The flowers are of almost every desirable shade and color, and are splendid for cutting. For best results, they should be planted in a sunny position. Gladioli require very little care, and are always sure to blossom.

AMERICA — Strong plants with erect flower spikes, 2 to 3 feet long, bearing a great number of large blossoms, showing a most beautiful shade of lavender-pink, almost a tinted white; there is no other gladiolus so beautiful. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.—100 for \$3.00, not prepaid.

BLUE JAY-The only real blue gladiolus yet introduced; the color is a rich, deep violet-blue. Each 10c, dozen \$1.00, prepaid.

CHICAGO WHITE-Pure white with lavender markings in throat; large flowers. Each 8c, doz. 80c.

KUNDERDI GLORY—The new Ruffled Gladiolus. Lovely, delicate pink, crimson stripes in center of each lower petal. Flowers have ruffled and fluted petals. Tail grower, good bloomer. Each 10c, doz. \$1.00.

MEPHISTOPHOLES—Flowers of large size, dark glowing red, stained with black and yellow. Very odd and grotesquely showy. Each 15c, dozen \$1.50, prepaid.

MINNESOTA—Fine large flowers; beautiful, delicate chrome-yellow with cherry-red throat. A very fine new variety, splendid for cut flowers. Each 10c, dozen \$1 00, prepaid.

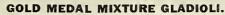
PRINCEPS-This magnificent new gladiolus produces spikes often 3 feet long, which carry from 18 to 22 broad-petaled, immense flowers, about 6 inches across of perfect, open form and wavy substance. The glowing scarlet-crimson, enlivened below the throat by a large, white blotch. Each 10c, dozen \$1.00. The color is

STANDARD SORTS GLADIOLI.

These six Standard varieties: Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid.-100 for \$4.00, not prepaid. AUGUSTA-Lovely, large flowers, pure white, with blue anthers. One of the best for cut flowers. BRENCHLEYENSIS-A splendid old variety. Large flowers of brilliant vermillion scarlet. GOLDEN QUEEN-Clear bright sulphur-yellow, the best of this color. INDEPENDENCE-Brilliant rosy-pink, with throat markings of dark red; long, large spikes.

MRS. FRANCIS KING-Immense flowers of beautiful flame pink.

VELVET KING-Glowing, rich, dark scarlet, very fine for cutting.



This is by far the finest mixture of Gladioli ever offered, and contains most of the splendid named varieties. The flowers are immense, of perfect form, and of such great variety of color that there are scarcely two flowers alike in an assortment. Each 5c, dozen 50c, prepaid. — 100 for \$4.00, not prepaid.

GOOD MIXED GLADIOLI.

large quantities, and want something cheap but good. This includes many fine varieties, in all colors, first size bulbs only.

100 for \$2.00, not prepaid. An excellent mixture for those who plant in

FOR SPLENDID NEW GLADIOLI See Novelties, page 6.

FAIRY LILIES. (ZEPHYRANTHES.)

The Zephyranthes produce very beautiful, The Zephyranthes produce very beautiful, lily-like flowers in great profusion during the summer. They grow about 8 inches high, and are very effective in masses or borders and also suitable for pot culture; four to six bulbs planted in a six-inch pot will make a fine display. We can supply the following colors: PURE WHITE—Bach 6c, dozen 60c, prepaid. ROSE—Each 10c, dozen \$1.00, prepaid.



Single Tiger Lily.

HARDY LILIES.

Lilies rank with roses and pæonies, as our loveliest garden flowers. They are especially adapted for herbaceous borders, where they furnish a profusion of exquisite blossoms until killed by frost. Plant Illies three times their own depth, and cover during the winter with a five inch layer of leaves or litter.

LILIUM ALBUM.

Flowers are pure white, with a pale green band thru the center of each petal, like an Easter Lily. Six to ten blossoms are formed on one stem. Very lovely and fragrant. Large bulbs, each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

LILIUM AURATUM.

This glorious gold banded Lily of Japan is considered one of the finest of all lilies in cultivation. Its fragrant immense ivory white blossoms are thickly studded with crimson maroon spots, with a gold band thru the center of each petal. Stalks three to five feet high often bear as many as fifteen flowers. The flowering season is from June to October. Extra large bulbs, each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

LILIUM ELEGANS.

Grand umbles of upright, large, tulip-shaped blossoms of many shades of yellow and red. They belong to the earliest of our lilies, are of easy growth and bloom freely. Each 15c, 3 for 40c, prepaid.

LILIUM RUBRUM.

The exquisite beauty of these famous lilies cannot be exaggerated. The six broad petals are shaded pink and white, and thickly dotted with rose and crimson spots. Of the same form and habit as Auratum, but wonderfully gorgeous, and very hardy. Large bulbs, each 25c, dozen \$2.50, prepaid.

DOUBLE TIGER LILY.

The popular double Tiger Lily, bearing immense clusters of bright orange flowers, potted with black. Blooms in July and August. Each 15c, dozen \$1.50.

IMPROVED SINGLE TIGER LILY.

A very hardy native lily, bearing eight to twenty blossoms on a stem. Flowers are orange, spotted with black. Stems a shiny black. Each 15c, dozen \$1.50, prepaid.

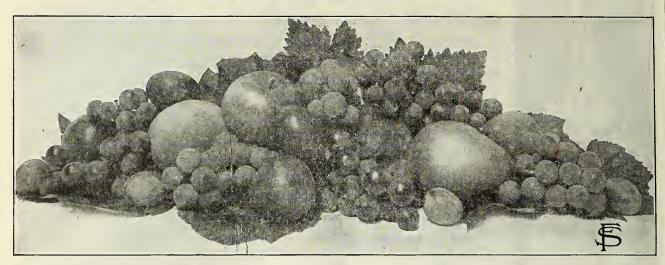
WINTER BLOOMING BULBS.

For fall planting, either for house culture or early spring blooming in the garden, we offer a large assortment of choice Holland Bulbs. Write for price list in fall.



Lily Auratum.

NURSERY DEPARTMENT.



Northern Grown Hardy Fruit Trees, Ornamental Trees, Small Fruits. Shrubs, Roses, and Perennial Plants.

UR Nursery Stock is sold direct to the planters, thru our catalogs only. We employ no salesmen, but save our customers at least thirty to fifty per cent on the cost of their Nursery Stock. When you buy Nursery Stock of tomers at least thirty to fifty per cent on the cost of their Nursery Stock. When you buy Nursery Stock of an agent, you pay not only for the Trees and Plants, but also the agent's commission, his traveling expenses, be sides the extra cost of handling the stock several times. When you buy of us, you buy direct from the growers, and pay for the Nursery Stock only, plus one small profit, instead of the cost of the trees, plus two or three profits. It is not difference in quality that causes difference in price, but difference in selling system.

We grow our Nursery Stock in our own nurseries, here at Faribault, in the richest farming section of America. Soil, climate, and all other conditions are most favorable to the growing of Nursery stock, producing solid healthy growth, a splendid root system with plenty of fibre roots, so necessary to successful transplanting and future growth of trees and plants. Our extreme Minnesota climate, with the thermometer often as low as 40 degrees below zero during the long winters, and with its intensely hot dry summers, is the severest test of the hardiness and growing qualities of trees and plants. Our Nursery Stock cannot help but be hardy and vigorous, and can be depended on to produce maximum results even under unfavorable circumstances. All our stock is rigidly graded, and we send out nothing but first class healthy stock. Certificate of Inspection, from the Minnesota State Entomologist, accompanies each shipment.

The high quality, our constant endeavor to please, and our minimum prices, should merit your patronage.

OUR GUARANTEE. — We guarantee our Nursery Stock to reach our patrons in good growing condition. Shipments lost or damaged in transit will be refilled without charge. We also guarantee all stock to be exactly as described in our catalog, and true to name; if bowever, thrusome error, stock is not as represented, we will refill the order, or refund the amount paid. All complaints must be made within ten days of receipt of stock. It is mutually agreed that we are in no ease liable for any sum greater than that originally paid for the stock. case liable for any sum greater than that originally paid for the stock.

We agree to replace all trees and plants which fail to grow, with proper care, at one-half price. Such failures must be reported before September first of the same year planting was done. This contract does not apply to Evergreen or Forest Tree Seedlings and small Forest Trees sold by the hundred or thousand, nor to Blackberries, Black Bespheries and Strawberry plants. Raspberries, and Strawberry plants,

NOTICE.—The packing of a very small order, with postage added, often amounts to more than the price paid for the plants, therefore, we cannot accept orders for trees, shrubs, or plants, amounting to less than fifty cents.

ORDER EARLY. - As our orders are filled in the rotation they are received, and as we cannot delay orders received first for orders coming in later, we advise placing orders early. Please use the special order sheet for Trees and Plants.

order sheet for Trees and Plants.

PREMIUMS ON NURSERY ORDERS RECEIVED

EARLY.—It is of such vital importance that we receive orders for

Nursery Stock as early as possible, so that we can handle them properly, that we make the following special inducements:

With orders received for Nursery Stock before March 1st, amounting to \$5.00 and more, you may select 5% of the amount of your order

extra in Nursery Stock from our catalog—for instance—With an order

for Nursery Stock amounting to \$5.00, you may order Nursery stock ex
tra to the value of 25 cents; with an order of \$6.00—30 cents; with an or
der of \$15.00—75 cents worth extra, etc. All Nursery Collections, how
ever, are to be excluded from such special offers and from such orders.

The large of the proof of the property which date no

The above offer is good only until March 1st, after which date no discount will be allowed, unless larger quantities are wanted, when we shall be pleased to quote special prices.

FILLING ORDERS is done by experienced men, in the most careful manner. All stock is carefully packed or boxed, so it reaches destination in a good fresh condition, no matter what the distance is. We do not charge extra for packing or boxing.

OUR SHIPPING SEASON usually opens about April first, and continues thru May. On account of our excellent shipping and packing facilities, and our large cellars and packing sheds, we are in position to fill Southern orders at the proper time for planting.

SEEDS AND NURSERY STOCK cannot be shipped together. While seeds can be shipped almost any time, Nursery Stock must be shipped when danger of heavy frost is over, to insure success. Strawberry Plants are usually shipped separately, by parcels post.

ALL TRANSPORTATION CHARGES are paid by the purchaser, except as quoted in our catalog.

chaser, except as quoted in our catalog.

NURSERY STOCK BY PARCELS POST. — For the convenience of some of our customers who live far from railroad stations, we quote special prices on small sized shrubs and seedlings, by mall, prepaid. This stock is strong and healthy, and with proper care, and longer waiting, will give as good results as larger plants will. Shipments not exceeding twenty pounds in weight, nor seventy-two inches in length and girth, may be sent by parcels post, the purchaser to pay the postage, insurance, and fee for return of money, if sent C. O. D. In nearly all cases however, express shipment is cheaper than parcel post. Nursery Stock cannot be shipped into Canada by mail. All shipments to Canada and other foreign countries are made at purchaser's risk only, without liability on our part as to safe delivery.

OUTESTIONS regarding the handling, planting, and taking care of

QUESTIONS regarding the handling, planting, and taking care of Nursery Stock will gladly be answered, and any information from our patrons about their success with our stock will always be appreciated.

CARE OF STOCK ON ARRIVAL.—As soon as trees and plants arrive, they should be unpacked and planted; if it is impossible to do so at once, they should be heeled in moist earth in some sheltered location.

HOW TO FIND THE NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED FOR AN ACRE. A square acre is 209 feet on a side. The number of square feet in an

acre is 43,560. Divide this amount by the number of square feet required for each plant. Thus, to find how many Currants are required for an acre planted 4 feet by 6 feet, 6 times 4 equals 24; 43,560 divided by 24 equals 1,815, the number required for an acre.

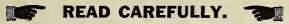
In our Northwestern states, fruit trees do not grow to be as large as

in the Southern and Eastern states, and can therefore be planted closer. We have adopted the distances here given, the same as used by the Minnesota Horticultural Society, but in southern localities, it will be best to plant farther apart

Apples, 20 by 22 feet100
Cherries, 16 by 16 feet
Plums, 16 by 16 feet
Peaches, 16 by 16 feet
Pears, 16 by 16 feet
Blackberries, 4 by 6 feet1.815
Dewberries, 3 by 6 feet 2,420

Currants, 4 by 6 feet1,815
Gooseberries, 4 by 6 feet 1,815
Grapes, 8 by 8 feet608
Juneberries, 4 by 6 feet1.815
Strawberries, 1 by 4 feet10,890
Asparagus, 1 by 21/2 feet17,424
Rhubarb. 3 by 6 feet2.420

HOW TO PLANT NURSERY STOCK.



Any soil on which a good crop of corn, wheat, or potatoes can be grown, is satisfactory for growing trees, small fruit plants, shrubs, roses, etc. Fertilizing is not usually necessary, and may be done after planting is completed. Never let roots come in direct contact with manure or other fertilizer.

If Nursery Stock is frozen when received, bury the package, unopened, in well-drained ground, or place in a cool cellar so that it will thaw out slowly and gradually, without being exposed to the air

If it should appear dry or shriveled when received, thru delay in transit, or from any cause, take it from the package and plunge into a tub of water, or bury the roots in the ground in an inclining position, so as to cover one-half or more of the tops with the earth, and then thoroly soak with water and let remain for twenty-four hours or more, until it regains its fresh, plump appearance, when it may be planted.

appearance, when it may be planted.

Dig the holes large enough so the trees or plants can be set in without cramping or bending the roots. Trim off all broken roots, with a sharp knife, so the cut surface comes in contact with the soil. Throw a few shovelsful of surface soil in the hole, and set the tree in, at least two inches deeper than it stood in the nursery row. This is easily determined by the ring of dirt around the stem. Cover the roots with pulverized soil, working it in carefully between the roots, and fill up the hole about three-quarters full of earth. Then, if the ground is very dry, pour in about a pail full of water, and let it soak in thoroly. This is always necessary in planting evergreens. Pack the soil very firmly around the tree or plant, so that no air can penetrate. Keep the roots well protected, with burlap or straw, from the wind, sun, and air, while planting. Exposure to wind and air, and carelesness in planting, causes more failures with nursery stock than any other condition.

Do not allow grass or weeds to grow about young nursery stock. Culti-

Do not allow grass or weeds to grow about young nursery stock. Cultivate the ground for at least a foot around it, about once in 10 days, until July, and keep it clean and loose for 3 years after planting, for best results.

When circumstances are such that it is impossible to give the nursery stock proper care after planting. that is, hoeing or cultivating, to keep up a dust mulch, then the ground around it should have a mulching of manure or litter, three or four inches deep. This fertilizes the ground and keeps it from cracking or baking.

trim them in the fall, but early in spring, right after planting. Summer clipping on hedges may be done in June or July, to let the wood harden before winter sets in.

If the tree is large or in an especially exposed place where winds may loosen it. support it with wires and provide some protection where the wires come in contact with the tree trunk. A piece of burlap, with a few sticks, prevents wires chafing the tree where they come in contact with it.

It is a good plan to protect hedges, for the first two years, especially if they are next the street or sidewalk, with a low wire fence.

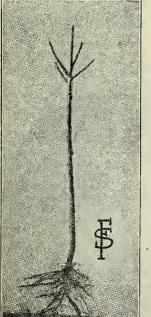
CULTURE OF ROSES.—See page 123.

CULTURE OF STRAWBERRIES.—Strawberry plants may be set out either in fall or in spring. In this section, spring planting is preferable, as the plants are usually dormant, and are not harmed by transplanting. If planted in fall, winter often sets in before they have had a chance to become established. In the spring the ground should be plowed up and harrowed until the soil and manure are well mixed, and pulverized. The rows for the plants may be marked with a corn planter, or with a spade, if the field is a small one. A spade or a dibble may be used for setting the plants. Set the plants into deep narrow holes, 5 or 6 inches deep, and pack the earth well around the plants. It is very important to set the plants at just the right depth.

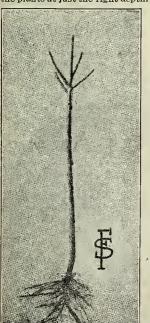
If they are set too deep, sand and mud wash into the crowns, causing the plants to rot. If they are set too shallow, the roots are exposed to air, and the plants dry out. Be sure to have the earth packed well around the roots and the lower part of the crown. Just before setting out Strawberry plants, remove all the foliage except the growing point and one leaf, the smallest and last one produced by the plants. So many people set out their plants without cutting them back, and then wonder why the plants die. Cut back the roots about one-third, with a sharp knife. Then place them in a bucket with a little water at the bottom, until the bed is ready for them. Ordinary soil may be used for Strawberry plants, but a larger crop of Strawberries will be obtained if the ground is fertilized. The best time to apply manure is in winter.

In standard varieties, a crop of fruit is not expected the first season they are set out. They form many new

runner plants, upon which next season's crop of fruit depends. All blooms and buds should be picked from the plants the first scason-so all the strength goes to the formation of the runner plants. The blooms should be picked from Everbearing varieties the first part of the season, if you want runner plants to form. Blooms formed in July may be left, and a crop of berries matured the first fall after the plants are set out.



Correct Way to Prune Trees For Planting.



HOED CROPS OR SMALL FRUITS GROWN IN YOUNG ORCHARDS FOR THE FIRST FOUR OR SIX YEARS.

Many people, not familiar with raising fruit, dislike to sacrifice an acre or two from their farm land for orchard purposes, their main objection being that it takes so long before the orchard bears fruit and they begin to get returns from the land. Instead, this land requires considerable extra care. It certainly would be a waste of land, if it could not be used for any other purpose. However, the entire space between the young trees may be planted to vegetables or small fruit. The proper cultivation an fertilizing of these will benefit the fruit trees also, and stimulate their growth. Unless hoed crops or small fruits are planted in an orchard the trees are generally negre-

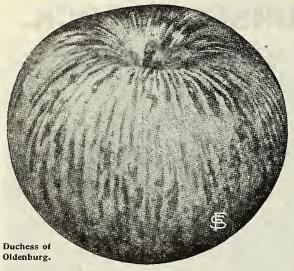
tivation an fertilizing of these, will benefit the riving rowth. Unless heed crops or small fruits are planted in an orchard, the trees are generally neglected. Grapes, currants, gooseberries, and, best of all, strawberries, may be planted between the rows of apple trees. From two to three hundred dollars an acre can be cleared from land planted to several varieties of fruits, such as currants, gooseberries and strawberries. gooseberries and strawberries.

A young orchard should not be seeded down for at least five years after setting out, as the ground must be cultivated and fertilized to stimulate the growth of the trees

Other information in regard to the planting Other information in regard to the planting and care of trees, plants, and shrubs, will be found in our Instruction Book for Transplanting and Managing of Nursery Stock, etc., a copy of which will be sent free with all orders for nursery stock, upon request. Other valuable books on fruit growing, landscape gardening, rose growing, etc., are listed on page 36 of this catalog.







APPLE TREES.

Our apple trees are grafted onto hardy crab apple roots. We use a much longer scion than most nurserymen use, and by planting the root grafts deep, the scions also take root, so we may say that we grow apple trees on their own roots. The trees grown by this method are the hardiest obtainable, and the only kind that will thrive and bear in every climate. They have very strong root systems with masses of fibrous roots, which insure vigorous growth and big crops of apples several years sooner than when ordinary apple trees are planted. In apple trees, as well as in all other lines of nursery stock, we have purposely eliminated all those varieties that are not absolutely hardy for the Northwest. Besides the varieties listed below, we can also furnish many other kinds, in the large sizes, which are not as hardy, but are the standard and well known varieties planted in the Southwest and Middle West. If you want apple trees in varieties not listed in this catalog, write us, for we may be able to supply them. Our apple trees are grafted onto hardy crab apple roots. We use a much

As the 3 to 4 feet and 2 to 3 feet apple trees are not as satisfactory for planting in orchards, and we have had so little demand for these sizes, we have discontinued selling them. It takes at least six years before such trees come into bearing, which is too long for the average man to wait before he begins to harvest a crop of apples. We are offering 4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet, and 6 to 7 feet apple trees this year, as they produce quickest results and are the very best value for the money. Our 4 to 5 feet trees are strong, well branched two year old trees, ¾ inch in calliper. Our 5 to 6 feet apple trees are extra fine three year old stock. We have some especially fine 6 to 7 feet apple trees this year, measuring 1 to 1½ inches in calliper. These are not overgrown stock but are trees which were transplanted as 2 year old grafts, and are now four years old. The extra expense and labor of transplanting and pruning them makes them a trifle higher in price, but, on the other hand, they will bring much quicker returns, and are the most satisfactory in every way. As a rule, our 6 to 7 feet apple trees come into bearing the year after they are set out, in fact, several of our patrons have reported fruit on their trees the same year they were planted. We recommend this size especially for city gardens and small orchards.

Hibernal, Longfield, Malinda. Wealthy, Patten's and Northwestern Greenings, are the hardiest varieties to plant here in the Northwest. For extreme northern sections. Northern Minnesota. North Dakota, certain sections of Montana, and Canada, we recommend Duchess, Hibernal, and Wealthy, as the hard est of all known apples.

FRICES OF ALL APPLES AND CRAB APPLES.	Each	Per 12	Per 25	Per 100
4 to 5 feet, 2 years old, branched	30c	\$3.00	\$5.75	\$20.00
5 to 6 feet, 3 years old, extra fine	35c	3.60	7.00	27.00
6 to 7 feet, 4 years old, transplanted	45c	4.50	9.00	35.00
Mailing size, 12 to 24 inches	15c	1.50	2.75	10.00
6 of a kind at dozen rates; 50, in any variety, at 100 rates.				

Below each variety you find specified the sizes we can supply of it. If in the market for larger quantities of Apple Trees and other nursery stock, please write, as we can furnish car load quantities. Special prices will be quoted by return mall.

SUMMER APPLES.

DUCHESS OF OLDENBURG — Season August. This well known Russian variety is the hardiest of the old list and is a young and abundant bearer. Tree is dwarf and can be planted profitably as a filler. A handsome, large fruit, oblate, greenish yellow, almost wholly covered with stripes and splashes of bright crimson. Flesh is white, sprightly acid, tender, juicy and pleasant. A kitchen apple of the finest quality and also highly esteemed for dessert. A good shipper for an early apple. Should be found in every orchard in the Northwest. 4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet, and mailing size.

SUMMER PEAR—Season August to September, Fruit of good size, yellow with red cheeks. Flesh fine grained, mild, very fine flavor. Tree very hardy, a rapid upright grower; early and heavy bearer. It should be in every orchard. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

LIVELAND RASPBERRY—Season Aug. to Sept. A valuable Russian variety, medium to large fruit of a beautiful clear waxen-white color, marbled crimson; flesh stained with red, extra good flavor, tender, juicy and sub-acid. Tree extremely hardy and succeeds well everywhere, bears young, blooms late and is blight resistant. Liveland Raspberry is one of the best quality and most profitable summer apples, especially for the Northwestern States.

4 to 5 feet, 5 to 6 feet, 6 to 7 feet, and mailing size. feet, and mailing size.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT — Season August. A very hardy Russian sort. Tree bears very young and annually. Fruit large and showy, pale yellow; flesh tender, sub-acid. extra good quality. Very early. Succeeds well in the East, also far North. Does well on light soils. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

AUTUMN APPLES.

EVELYN—Season October to March. A seedling of the Wealthy, practically the same season; free from blight; a good yielder of even, medium size, highly colored fruit which hangs on until picked. Excellent variety for market and home use. Long keeper. 4 to 5, and 5 to 6 feet.

IOWA BEAUTY—Season October to December. Tree a strong, vigorous, upright grower, very hardy. Fruit very large, roundish, of golden yellow color, striped and splashed with dark red. One of the handsomest large fruits on our list and a favorite wherever known Flesh rich yellow, firm, juicy, acid and of excellent quality. Deserving of a place in every orchard. Reported very successful far North and East. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

LONG FIELD—Season October to December. Origin Russia. A strong, spreading grower. Very hardy. An early, annual and heavy bearer, inclined to overbear; fruit medium sized, roundish conical; skin smooth, polished, clear waxen yellow, with a lively red blush. Flesh white, sub-acid, tender, juicy and of pleasant aromatic flavor. Especially recommended for Iowa, Minnesota and other Northern States. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

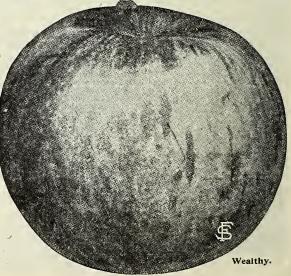
MILLER'S SWEET—Season Sept. to Nov. Tree a strong, vigorous grower with spreading head, very hardy, early and heavy bearer. Fruit conical, medium large, greenish white with red cheek. Flesh firm and sweet. One of the best sweet apples for the North. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

OKABENA — Season Sept. to October. Originated in Minnesota and is one of the best apples for the Northwest. Tree very hardy and productive, bears young, and is free from blight. Fruit medium to large, slightly flattened, yellow, striped and splashed with red. Flesh yellowish white, fine grained, crisp and juicy, unexcelled in quality. Valuable for all purposes, fine market sort. All sizes.

PETER—Season October to March. Originated in Minnesota. Resembles Wealthy in size and color of fruit, but tree is considered hardier, less affected by blight and more productive. All sizes.

WEALTHY — Season October to February. Originated by the late Peter M. Gidion. A vigorous, spreading grower, very productive and hardy. Fruit above medium to large, oblate, very regular, smooth, light yellow, almost wholly covered with bright red splashes and stripes. A beautiful fruit. Flesh white, often stained with red, tender, very juicy, sprightly sub-acid, very good for table use and cooking. A splendid and profitable market sort, the demand always being greater than the supply. The Wealthy should be in every orchard. All sizes.

WOLF RIVER—Season October to December. Originated near Wolf River, Wis; very hardy, succeeds well North and South. A great show apple, being the largest apple known and of a beautiful, bright red color. Quality is fair; flesh white, very mild and tender. Good for cooking Keeps well. All sizes.



WINTER APPLES.

ANISITE—Season Nov. to Jan. The trees are fine form, upright, but spreading with age, have exceedingly strong shoulders and are very hardy and strong growers. They commence to bear when very young and regularly bear enormous crops of beautiful fruit. The apples are of medium size, roundish conical, and of a dark red color, overlaid with a blue bloom, and starred with minute white dots. The flesh is white with green streaks, fine grained, juicy, pleasant subacid. One of the best and most profitable kinds for the Northwest. A splendid commercial apple on account of its rich color and good quality. All sizes.

Pien color and good quanty. All sizes, **DELICIOUS**—Season Dec. to April. Tree is strong vigorous grower with sturdy limbs, bears young and annually, seldom blights. Fruit large, distinctive in shape, conical, beautiful in color, brilliant dark red blending to yellow at blossom end. Flavor is sweet, slightly acid, with a delightfully fragrant aroma. Tree reported perfectly hardy in Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, South Dakota, Montana, etc., having withstood a temperature of 35 to 40 below zero. All sizes.

HIBERNAL—Season Nov. to Dec. Origin Russia. Very valuable in the extreme North; it will succeed in localities where no other apple lives. Tree vigorous, very productive. Fruit large, irregular, oblate, greenish yellow with a dull bronze, mixed red on sunny side and a large patch of russet radiating out irregularly over nearly the entire base. This is a marked characteristic by which it is easily distinguished from similar varieties. Flesh yellowish green, medium fine, sour, juicy and excellent for cooking, also fine for table use when fully ripe. All sizes.

MALINDA—Season January to March. Tree is perfectly hardy and develops into a fine, spreading orchard tree. It bears extremely well. Fruit medium to large, but varies much in size, sharply conical; skin smooth, rich yellow, with dull red blush, and numerous minute, distinct, white dots. Flesh yellowish white, firm and juicy, very mild, sub-acid with sweet aftertaste. An excellent long keeping apple. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

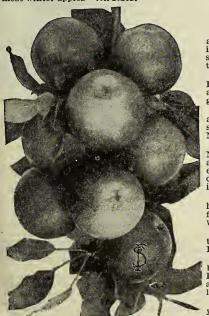
WINNETONKA—Season Nov, to Mar.
Originated near Lake Minnetonka, Minnesota. Tree very hardy and productive, bearing early and continuously, thrives well on nearly all soils and is practically blight proof. Fruit very large, bright red in color, with small core; flesh tender, crisp, of deli-

with small core; flesh tender, crisp, of deli-cious sub-acid flavor, excellent for eating and cooking. Splendid market variety on account of its good keeping qualities. All

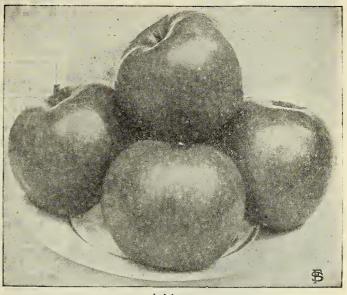
NORTHWESTERN GREENING
—Season Dec. to March. Originated in Waupaca County, Wisconsin. A strong, vigorous tree, very hardy, bears young and and yields big crops of fine apples. Fruit large, to very large, oblong; transparent yellowish green. Flesh firm, juicy, sub-acid and good. A long keeper and splendid market and table sort. It is claimed this tree has withstood a temperature of 50 degrees below zero without damage. One of the leading winter apples for the northern states. All sizes.

UNIVERSITY—Season Nov. to Dec. A hardy vigorous grower, very productive. Fruit large clear yellow, flesh fine quality white, pleasant sub-acid flavor. This is really a late autumn apple, but owing to its com-

ly a late autumn apple, but owing to its commercial value, we consider it as good as most winter apples All sizes.



Hyslop Crab Apple.



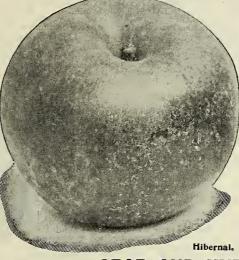
Anisim.

PATTEN'S GREENING-Season Nov. to Jan. A Seedling of Duchess, very productive, an early and regular bearer; of stronger growth than its parent, with strongly shouldered limbs and green, glossy bark. Fruit very large, oblate; skin yellowish green with dull bronze blush and minute greenish dots. Flesh white, juicy, sprightly sub-acid, good for table and excellent for cooking. This variety has proved to be very profitable in the home orchard as well as for market and deserves the fullest confidence of the planter. All sizes.

SALOME—Season Jan. to May, Does remarkably well in the Northwest. Tree is a hardy, vigorous grower, bears young and very abundantly. Its hardiness, good quality and uniform size recommend it, Fruit round, of medium size. Skin pale yellow, shaded and splashed with red. Flesh whitish yellow, tender, juicy. A long keeper. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

er. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 0 teet.

TALMAN'S SWEET—Season Dec.
to March. Tree hardy, a vigorous grower,
upright while young and spreading with age;
very productive. Fruit medium, round,
yellowish white with faint blush on sunny
side. A splendid winter sweet apple. One
of the best eating apples. Fine for cooking
and baking. A good reliable bearer. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.



CRAB AND HYBRID APPLES.

BEACH'S SWEET (Crab)—Season Sept. to Oct. Extremely hardy tree of handsome shape and quick growth, a very heavy bearer. Fruit is large, of bright, rich carmine color when ripened in the sun. Flesh is very juicy, crisp and firm, unexcelled in quality. Without doubt the best of sweet crab apples. Very fine for sweet pickles. When in full fruit it is one of the most ornamental sweet crab apples. Very fine for sweet; trees grown. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

DART (Hybrid)—Season Sept. to Oct. A vigorous, extremely hardy and ideal orchard tree, Fruit large; yellow ground covered with rich red stripes; flesh yellow, medium fine grained, subacid. A fine and valuable variety for all purposes. Tree is very productive, a spreading and thrifty grower. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

EARLY STRAWBERRY (Crab)—Season Aug. Tree hardy, spreading, very productive and the earliest of all to ripen; the fruits are medium size, greenish yellow with carmine stripes and splashes and of a mild, sweet flavor; one of the best crabs for eating. An old time favorite in the Northwest. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

HYSLOP (Crab)—Season Oct. to Dec. Undoubtedly one of the best all around crabs for the Northwest. A very hardy and strong grower, generally coming into bearing the second or third year after planting, very productive annually. Fruit large, of beautiful crimson color; flesh yellow shaded red, good for cider and culinary purposes. Fruit is born in clusters which makes the tree very ornamental. Tree has proven very satisfactory here in the Northwest and the western states, especially in Colorado. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

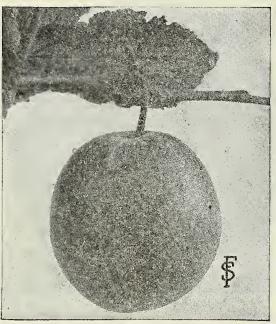
SOULARD (Crab)—Season Oct. to March. A large fruited wild Crab apple. Tree is very

SOULARD (Crab)—Season Oct. to March. A large fruited wild Crab apple. Tree is very hardy, quick spreading, with very handsome foliage, flowers, and fruit. A very ornamental tree for the lawn as well as for the garden. Fruit is large yellowish green, of quince flavor; keeps all winter; good for cooking. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

SUCCESS (Crab)—Season Sept. to Oct. A new, very promising market sort. Hardy and thrifty, upright grower; good bearer. Fruit of rich color, large size, and firm. Crisp, acid, of mild flavor. Fine for canning, jelly, and preserves. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

TRANSCENDENT (Crab)—Season September. Very hardy, a vigorous grower, an early bearer and immensely productive. Does well in the extreme North, where it is extensively planted. Fruit medium to large, bright red; flesh yellow, crisp, very juicy, acid and fine grained, of pleasant and agreeable flavor. Valuable for all purposes, fine for jelly. Does well in Montana and is the leader for that section. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.

WHITNEY NO. 20 (Hybrid)—Season Aug. to Sept. A beautiful, upright growing tree. A young and annual bearer and very hardy. Fruit of large size, conical, yellow striped with red and covered with a whitish bloom. Flesh yellowish white, crisp, such acid, almost sweet and very fine for eating, as it is of rich flavor; good for sweet pickles. 4 to 5 feet, and 5 to 6 feet.



PLUMS, American Varieties.

Plums succeed best in rather rich, moist soil. The trees need very little care, and may be planted much closer than apple trees. The most perfect fruit is produced when two or more varieties are planted together. Plums come into bearing very early, often the second year after planting, and yield abundantly.

PRICES ON AMERICAN PLUMS AS FOLLOWS:

3 to 4 feet trees, each 30c, 12 for \$3.25, 25 for \$6.00.—4 to 5 feet trees, each 40c, 12 for \$4.25, 25 for \$8.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.25, 25 for \$9.50.

BRITTLE WOOD—Large dark red fruit, mottled with grey bloom. Fleis firm and of good quality. Tree is very hardy, thrifty, and a spreading grower.

CHENEY—One of the earliest varieties. Fruit is oval, rather large, dark red, with slight blue bloom; flesh is yellow, firm, and fine grained. A splendid market variety because of its earliness. Cheney is the best of the early sorts. The tree is a vigorous grower and prolific bearer.

DE SOTO—The most popular of all American plums. Tree is very hardy and productive, inclined to overbear. Extensively planted in Minnesota and Dakotas. Fruit is of medium size, fine quality and flavor, bright red, with firm, yellow flesh. One of the best for home and market use

FOREST GARDEN—A good early kind. Tree is strong upright, a splendid bearer. Fruit is large, round, deep purplish red, mottled with thin bloom. Flesh deep orange yellow, very sweet, firm, and of pleasant flavor.

HAWKEYE—One of the largest and best plums grown in the Northwest. Fruit very large, oval, thick skinned, dull red over yellow; flesh yellow and of finest quality and flavor. A splendid market sort, because it stands shipping well. Tree is very hardy and prolific.

POTTAWATTAMIE—A splendid large plum. Fruit is deep pink over yellow, with whitish bloom and dots; flesh is yellow, very sweet and juicy, and of best quality. An excellent early hardy variety.

STODDARD—Hardy, prolific tree, succeeds on all soils. Fruit is large, oval; yellow, overlaid with reddish pink; skin rather thick but not bitter. Flesh is yellow, rather juicy and of good quality; medium early.

SURPRISE—One of the best and hardiest plums for the North; originated at Sleepy Eye, Minnesota. Tree is beautifully symmetrical, and an excellent bearer. Fruit is very large, bright red, with many light spots, has small pit. Flesh is meaty, pale yellow, and of fine flavor. A good keeper and shipper, and one of the best for home use.

WOLF—A very popular plum in the Northwest; a rapid grower which comes into bearing early and is very prolific. Tree is hardy in Canada and a good bearer. An excellent market sort. Fruit is large, orange, overlaid with red; freestone. Flesh yellow, of good quality and flavor. Ripens about Sept. 1st.

WYANT—A very large reliable sort. Tree is extremely hardy and a good bearer, producing a heavy crop annually. Tree is of spreading growth. Fruit is medium sized, purplish red, oval; flesh yellow, of rich flavor and quality. A good variety for home and market. Ripens with Wolf.

THE HARDIEST BLUE PLUM.

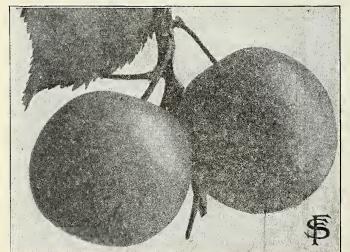
SHIPPER'S PRIDE—This is the only European variety known to be hardy here in Minnesota, but it is not recommended for the extreme North, where only native plums can be grown. Fruit is very large, round, deep bluish purple; flesh is very sweet and juicy, firm, and of good quality, splendid for canning. It is an excellent market sort and ships well. Ripens in September. Price: 4 to 5 feet, each 60c, 12 for \$6.00, not prepaid.

PROF. HANSEN'S NEW HYBRID PLUMS.

These Hansen Plums are becoming more popular each year, and will probably soon take the place of the common, or American varieties. Hansen Plums combine all the qualities of the European and Japanese varieties, their size, delicious flavor, and tropical appearance, with the hardiness, fragrance, and small pits of the wild Sand Cherry.

Hansen Plums are a cross between the Sand Cherry, which grows wild in the Dakotas and Montana, and the Japanese varieties grown in California. Many of them, like the Sapa and Opata, are larger than the American plums, and as the trees grow older, the fruit increases in size. The trees are all rapid growers and come into bearing when only two or three years old. When in bloom, they are masses of exquisitely fragrant white flowers. The fruit keeps 10 to 16 days in transit, and is still marketable. The flavor is more like that of an apricot than of a plum. Almost halfa bushel of fruit was picked from one Opata tree, two years old. The other varieties are just as prolific. Hansen Plums should be in every garden and orchard, and no one who has ever grown them will be satisfied with the common plums. Hansen Plums do not need protection in the Dakotas, or Minnesota.

Price: 4 to 5 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.—Of Hanska and Opata, we can furnish a limited stock in 5 to 7 feet trees, at 75c each, 12 for \$8.00. SPECIAL OFFER:—We will send one tree of each of the following varieties, 4 to 5 feet size, for \$2.25, not prepaid.



Hanska Plum.

CHERESOTA—A cross between the Sand Cherry and the De Soto plum. The fruit is larger and of much better quality than Compass Cherry, about one inch in diameter, almost black, glossy, and has yellowish green flesh. The skin is thin and free from acerbity; flavor sprightly acid, pleasant. Excellent for canning, jelly and jam. Tree blossoms late and produces full crops each season.

HANSKA-Sioux Indian word meaning tall. Tree is very hardy and of rapid growth, very symmetrical. Hanska was produced from a wild American plum and the Chinese apricot plum. Prunus Simoni. The fruit is large, beautiful red with heavy blue bloom; fiesh is firm, of finest quality and flavor, similar to the apricot. Hanska is especially fine for canning and preserving.

OPATA-A vigorous grower and bearer, fruit buds forming on one year shoots in the nursery. Fruit is of medium size, a cross of the Sand Cherry and the rich Luther Burbank Gold Plum. It is a dark purplish red, with blue bloom. Flesh is of fine flavor, rich, sweet and juicy. Fruit remains on trees a long time and does not sweet and juicy. Fruit remains on trees a long time and does not rot. Opata took first prize as a seedling plum at Minnesota State Fair. Season very early.

SAPA—An extremely early, vigorous bearer. Fruit medium, glossy black, flesh deep reddish purple, excellent flavor; skin is very tender. Sapa is fine for eating fresh, and makes good preserves and jellies. Sapa plums raised at Brookings, S. D., were 1% inches in diameter and weighed % ounce, from one year trees set out the preceding year. ceding year.

WANETA—A new variety, now being offered for sale for the first time. Waneta was produced from Terry, a large American plum, and the Apple Plum, a Japanese variety originated by Luther Burbank. A plum of this variety was exhibited at Brookings, S. D., weighing two ounces, and two inches in diameter. The fruit is red, with thin skin free from accrebity, and the flavor is delicious. Waneta is the largest of the Hansen Plums produced so far, and should become a very popular sort for the home garden and market. become a very popular sort for the home garden and market.

CHERRIES. HARDY VARIETIES.

Cherries do best on sandy or gravelly, well drained soils and southern slopes, but will do very well in almost any situation, except a wet and exposed one. They are desirable for planting near dwellings, where beauty and shade, as well as fruit, are so much sought for.

Prices of all varieties (except Compass and Rocky Mountain) extra select trees: 3 to 4 feet trees, each 30c, 12 for \$3.25, 25 for \$6.00, 100 for \$21.50.—4 to 5 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.75, 25 for \$9.00, 100 for \$32.00.

EARLY RICHMOND (English Pie Cherry)—A well known old standard variety. Tree is hardy, healthy, a free grower, very productive and regular in bearing. Fruit clear bright red, of medium size, acid, rich and one of the best for canning and for pies. The most popular of the true Kentish Cherries. Ripens in June.

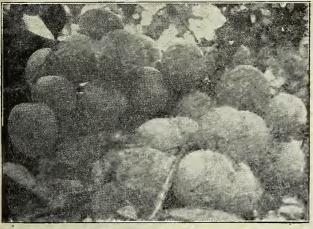
HOMER—Very hardy and profuse bearing variety. Fruit of medium size, with very small pit, dark red; flesh juicy, rich of excellent quality, similar to Early Richmond. An all around good variety for the Northwest, and should be extensively planted. The Homer Cherry has attracted much attention of late among the Minnesota growers on account of its extreme hardiness. Ripens in July.

MONTMORENCY—A beautiful, large, red cherry, larger and finer than Early Richmond, but fully 10 days later. Being extraordinarily prolific and very hardy, it can be highly recommended. Valuable for canning and preserving.

WRAGG—Originated in Iowa. Tree very hardy, dwarf, not subject to disease, a regular bearer. Fruit large, dark red, nearly black; flesh tender, juicy, rich, slightly acid. The hardiest and longest lived of the Morello type cherries. Splendid market sort. Ripens in July.

ENGLISH MORELLO—The hardiest of the black, heart-shaped cherries. The tree is dwarf and slender. Fruit is large, dark red, nearly black, and of very rich flavor, juicy and tender, sub-acid. Ripens in July.

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CHERRY (Sand Cherry)—A reliable, hardy, dwarf cherry, very productive. This cherry is generally grown in bush form like currants; it is hardly ever troubled with insect pests or fungus diseases. The fruit is of a beautiful rich crimson color when ripe, of fair size, good fiavor, excellent for jelly and preserves. To be recommended for exposed locations where the other cherries will not thrive. Tree is very ornamental and deserves a place in every yard. Price for bushy plants: 2 to 3 feet trees, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 25 for \$4.00, 100 for \$14.00.—3 to 4 feet trees, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, 25 for \$5.75, 100 for \$21.50.



Compass Cherry.

PEARS.

Price: 4 to 5 feet extra select trees, 35c each, 12 for \$3.50.

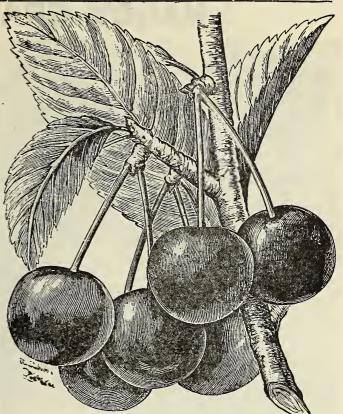
These are not considered hardy here, but should be planted for trial in sheltered and favorable locations as far north as southern Minnesota. The following three varieties are the hardiest and most reliable.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Fruit large, beautiful, very sweet, rich and melting, pale yellow, almost covered with light russet, turning reddish brown when ripe. Tree very hardy, vigorous and fruitful. Succeeds well in most parts of the country; especially recommended for the North and for Montana. Season September to October.

KIEFFER—Very profitable market sort on account of its good shipping and keeping qualities. A favorite for canning and preserving. Fruit large, rich golden yellow. Tree is a vigorous grower, an early and prolific bearer, resisting blight to a very large degree. Most planted of any variety in the Northwest; does well in Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Season October to November.

VERMONT BEAUTY—A most desirable pear. The fruit is of medium size, very handsome, being yellow with a bright carmine cheek; the flesh is rich, juicy aromatic, of the best quality. Tree hardy and a vigorous grower. Season September to October.

SPECIAL OFFER-We will furnish 1 tree of each variety for 90c.



Early Richmond Cherries.

COMPASS CHERRY PLUM. The hardiest variety in cultivation. Compass Cherry Plum will withstand a winter temperature of sixty degrees below freezing, and bear a full crop of fruit the next season. It is parfectly hardy in the Northwest and in western Canada. This cherry was originated at Springfield, Minn., and is a cross between the native Sand Cherry and the American Plum. It is larger than the Richmond Cherry, and is about the same bright red color. In quality it is good, with a different flavor from any Cherry or Plum. It is fine for canning and preserves.

Compass Cherry Plum ripens in July, before any of the Hanson Plums are ripe. It comes into bearing when only two years old, as a rule, and never fails to bear an enormous crop of fruit. The tree presents a very beautiful appearance when the fruit is ripe, as the branches are simply masses of bright red fruit. The fruit brings a good market price, and there has never been enough of it to supply the demand. Compass Cherry Plum should be in every garden and orchard, for it is as valuable as any of the standard Plums and Cherries.

So far, we have not been able to grow enough Compass Cherry Plum trees to supply the demand for them, and each year the demand increases. We advise placing your orders early, to avoid being disappointed. Prices as follows: 3 to 4 feet trees, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, 4 to 5 feet trees, each 40c, 12 for \$4.25, 5 to 6 feet trees, each 50c, 12 for \$5.50.

SEE PAGE 126 FOR NEWEST FRUITS AND BERRIES.

PEACHES.

Prices for 1 year old, budded trees, 4 to 5 feet high, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.

While we are not able to grow peach trees to bearing size, in Minnesota, our climate is especially favorable during growing season to produce stocky and healthy trees. We list the hardiest three varieties.

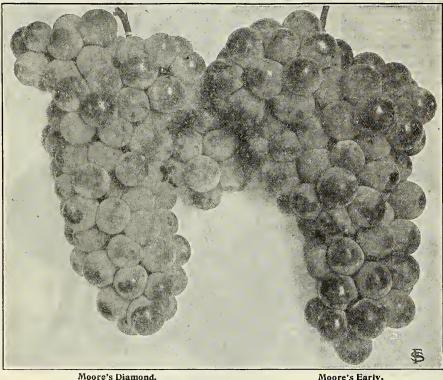
BOKARA NO. 3—Raised from seed received from Bokara, Asia. The hardiest peach known. Has been in bearing for several years in Central Iowa, and produced fruit after 28 degrees below zero. Fruit measures over seven inches in circumference. Yellow with red cheek; skin tough; flesh of good quality; perfect freestone. Ripens about September 1st to 10th.

CROSBY—Medium size, roundish, with a distinct seam on blossom end; skin light greenish yellow and very downy; flesh bright yellow and rather firm; tree of rather dwarfish habit. Has won especial favor on account of great hardiness. Freestone. Ripens in September.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY—This beautiful yellow peach is highly esteemed for market purposes. Fruit very large, oblong; skin yellow with fine red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet and excellent; productive; freestone. Ripens in August.

SPECIAL OFFER-We will furnish one tree of each variety for 75c.

HARDY GRAPE VINES.



Moore's Diamond.

F. S. & N. CO'S BETA-Black. The hardiest of all grapes, will F. S. & N. CO'S BETA—Black. The hardiest of all grapes, will stand our northern winters without protection. This splendid variety was introduced by the Minnesota Experiment Station, and is the hardiest of all grapes, withstanding our severe northern winters without protection. The plant is a strong, vigorous grower and bears fruit abundantly. The bunches are long, with small shoulder; berries of medium size, jet black, of peculiar aromatic flavor. Splendid for wine, jellies, etc. Ripens about first of September. Most desirable of all grapes for covering arbors, often making a growth of 15 to 20 feet in one season. Exercise in the pottern states should what a few Bete Grape views of Everyone in the northern states should plant a few Beta Grape vines as they can be grown anywhere with practically no care whatever. Price: Strong 2 year plants. each 25c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$15.00, not pre-paid.—By mail, one year old plants. each 25c, 12 for \$2.00, prepaid.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—Black. A fine variety that cannot be too highly recommended. Of strong, vigorous growth, very hardy, foliage perfectly healthy; very early and abundant bearer. The berries are large, nearly round, dark blue, skin thick and tough, making it a good shipper; flesh sweet, with slight aroma. The bunches are always large and beautiful. Will keep on or off the vine several weeks, after fully ripened. An excellent dessert grape and early market variety. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 25 for \$3.75, 100 for \$12.00, not prepaid. 100 for \$12.00, not prepaid.

MOORE'S DIAMOND—White. A seedling of the Concord, partaking of all its good qualities. Of a beautiful greenish-white color, without any of the yellow spots so common with white grapes. Berries are large, sweet, and of as good quality as some of the more delicate varieties. It is as hardy as the Concord, a profuse bearer, and in all one of the best sorts. Ripens early, a few days before the Concord. Very hardy. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.25, 100 for \$7.75, not prepaid.

MOORE'S EARLY—Black, with heavy blue bloom. This variety we recommend especially to our northwestern orchardists and farmers. It is considered the best market variety in the grape growing districts of Minnesota, always yielding well and fruit selling at top prices. The bunches are of medium size, rarely shouldered. Berries large, round, of excellent quality. Desirable for market on account of its earliness. Berries larger than Concord, very much like it in flavor, and of the same good quality. Vine a moderate grower, very healthy and hardy; foliage thick and leathery. Ripens so early as to be nearly out of market before Concord is ripe. Well suited to Canada and northern portions of the United States by its hardiness. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.25, 100 for \$7.75, not prepaid.

NIAGARA—White. Home and market growers seem to agree that this is the most valuable of all

NIAGARA—White. Home and market growers seem to agree that this is the most valuable of all the white grapes. Its clusters are large and handsome, compactly filled with large berries, having thin but tough skin. When fully ripe they are a fine pale yellow, with a thin white bloom. The flesh is slightly pulpy, tender, sweet and delightful, with a flavor and aroma peculiarly its own, and agreeable to most tastes. Vine is remarkably vigorous and productive. Foliage thick and leathery. Succeeds well in both North and South. Ripens with Concord. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00, not prepaid.

word Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00, not prepaid.

Word Den-Black. Bunch large, sometimes shouldered, compact; berries very large, skin thin. Superior to the Concord in the following points: It is better in quality, has a larger berry, a more compact and handsome cluster and ripens five to ten days earlier. It fully equals Concord in vigor, health and productiveness. In berry it is about the size of Moore's Early, but of better quality, more vigorous and productive, and ripens but little later. We recommend it strongly. It is perhaps not quite so good a shipper as Concord, but nevertheless a very good market sort. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00, not prepaid.

AGAWANI—Dark Red. A very large grape, and a very satisfactory late variety. The fruit is a beautiful dark red color, and is borne in immense clusters. It is one of the sweetest and most aromatic grapes, with a delicious musky flavor. The vine is hady, vigorous, and bears regularly. The fruit is of very fine quality, a fair shipper, and especially desirable for the home garden. Agawam is one of the best late varieties, and is extensively grown. For best results, plant with Brighton or Delaware. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00, not prepaid.

I have used your seeds now for four years and have found them the best. Also I have some of your shrubbery and it is very line, I ceived 12 plums, 12 gooseberry, 12 currants, two years ago and never lost a one.

By Parcel Post prepaid, we will send strong one year old plants at above prices.

The varieties listed are the hardiest and most reliable in cuitivation. Our grape vines are carefully grown stock with spiendid roots. A grape vine Plantation is easily taken care of and in a commercial way no fruit crop shows greater returns on the investment.

returns on the investment.

The grape is one of the best and healthiest fruits we have. Grows in most any kind of soil that is not wet, any side hill will do for a vineyard. Those who have only a lot or two or a small garden, can plant them alongside a building or fence. They will take up very little room, and if properly taken care of, will bear an abundance of fruit almost every year. They make a splendid screen for unsightly buildings, or can be trained over walls and, fences, repaying many times over, with healthful and refreshing fruit, their small cost and care. If the vines are put down on the ground in the fall and covered with a few shovelsful of earth they will stand a few shovelsful of earth they will stand a severe climate.

The plants should be set in a slanting position to facilitate winter covering. Plant in rows eight feet apart each way. Prune the plants in the fall, cutting back the laterals to 2 or 3 eyes, this will give enough wood for the new fruiting growth to come from.

For covering arbors and porches the

new Beta and Hungarian Grapes can be especially recommended.

especially recommended.

CONCORD—Black. The well known fine old market sort, which is so largely planted in all sections, being decidedly the most popular grape in America. Large, handsome bunches of large, luscious berries, covered with a rich bloom. Skin tender but firm, making it a good shipper; flesh juicy, sweet and tender. Vine a strong, healthy grower, very hardy and productive. For general cultivation the most reliable variety, succeeding well over a great extent of our country. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 10c, 12 for \$1.00, 25 for \$1.85, 100 for \$6.00, not prepaid. Holds its own as one of the finest grapes.

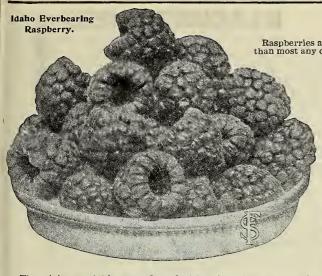
DELAWARE—Red. Holds its own as one of the finest grapes. Bunches small, compact, shouldered. Berries rather small, round. Skin thin, light red. Flesh very juicy, without any hard pulp, with an exceedingly sweet, spicy flavor. Vines moderately vigorous, very hardy and productive. Should be planted in every garden and vineyard. Ripens early and is a good keeper. Price: Best 2 year old plants, Each 15c, 12 for \$1.35, 25 for \$2.50, 100 for \$9.00, not prepaid.

HUNGARIAN—Black. An early ripening sort of the hardiness of the wild grape, will withstand our northern winters without covering. It is claimed to have come from Hungary and was first planted near Cokato, Minn., where the original plant is still growing. Bunches compact, large; fruit nearly as large as Concord, black, of good quality, sweet and aromatic. Fine for grape juice, wine and jelly. Plant is origorous growth and absolutely hardy. Price: Strong 1 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, 25 for \$4.75, not prepaid.—Postpaid 30c each.

BRIGHTON—Red. Bunches and berries large, dark red color, fine rich flavor, juicy and sugary. Almost seedless pulp, quality very fine. Extremely hardy, bears abundantly and stands the heat of sumer well. Ripens extra early. Price: Best 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.35, 25 for \$2.35, 100 for \$8.00, not prepaid.



Hungarian.



RASPBERRIES.

Raspberries are easily cared for, the fruit is always in demand and brings higher prices than most any other crop. Will do well in any good soil. Plant in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and about 3 feet apart in the row. Cultivate well and keep weeds out.

We plant a block of Raspberries every year on new soil; this enables us to keep our plants clean, healthy and free from insects and fungi diseases. For the extreme North we recommend Herbert, Sunbeam and Cumberland.

We cannot accept orders for less than three Raspberry plants of a kind, except where noted. Six plants may be ordered at the dozen rate, fifty at the hundred rate.

EVERBEARING RASPBERRIES.

THE "IDAHO"-The "Idaho" is one of the hardiest of all red THE "IDAHO":—The "Idaho" is one of the hardiest of all red raspberries, and we consider it the best of the Everbearing varieties suitable for culture in the Northwest. The plant is a strong grower, making stocky, upright canes. The fruit is very large, some berries attaining over one inch in diameter, of a deep rich color, very attractive. It is very fine flavored. The plants are enormously productive, fruiting thru the longest season of any red raspberries. For home use and near markets no better raspberry could be found. Price: 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$8.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.75, prepaid.
"ST. REGIS"—Also called "Early till Late". The only raspberry known that will yield a crop of fruit the first season planted. Awarded a certificate of merit by the American Institute of New York. Yields fine fruits for four months in succession. Fruit of finest quality, large size and brilliant crimson color. Our stock is extra fine this year and will please you.

and brilliant crimson color. Our stock is extra fine this year and will please you.

The originator of this new and wonderful variety gives the following description: "'Raspberries for four months', that is what you get when you plant "St. Regis", the highest in grade, in size, in brilliancy of color, in firmness and in flavor. Its iron-clad hardiness is certainly a wonder and its follage never suffers by sunburn or scald. The fruit is large, of a beautiful rich crimson color when ripe, rich in sugar, and will stand shipping better than any other variety we know of. It is the earliest raspberry to ripen, and gives a crop of berries all summer and autumn. It succeeds well on all soils." Price: 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$8.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.75, postpaid.—Sucker plants, 100 for \$4.50, 1000 for \$40.00, not prepaid.

RELIABLE STANDARD RED SORTS.

Price of the following varieties, transplanted stock: 3 for 25c, 12 for 65c, 25 for \$1.25, 100 for \$4.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 35c, 12 for 90c, 25 for \$1.75, postpaid.

CUTHBERT-An old and reliable market sort. Berries are very large, firm, good shipper. Flavor is fine, rich and luscious. The best late red sort. Plant is a strong grower and wonderfully productive, but not very hardy in northern Minnesota and the Dakotas.

F. S. & N. CO'S KING—This variety was introduced a few years ago and is now considered by nearly all the large fruit growers of the Northwest one of the best all around red raspberries. The plant is a strong grower, with clean, healthy foliage. Early and productive. The fruits are large, firm, of a rich color and fine quality. A very reliable variety. It is very hardy, standing cold and heat where many others fail.

LOUDON—A strong, compact grower, very hardy, and one of the heaviest yielders. Fruit very large of a rich dark crimson color, juicy and of fine flavor, firm, and one of the best shipping varieties.

MILLER—A thoroly reliable variety, very hardy, thrifty and productive; an early, firm and bright red berry that is a favorite in many sections as a commercial sort. Will often produce a heavy crop on light soil, where other varieties fail.

THOMPSON-One of the earliest and best varieties. The plant is very hardy, with canes of robust and upright growth. Fruit of good size, nearly round, bright red in color, juicy, rich and of excellent flavor.

BLACK AND PURPLE VARIETIES.

Price of Purple Varieties: Strong transplanted stock, 3 for 25c, 12 for 65c, 25 for \$1.25, 100 for \$4.00, not prepaid.—Price by mail; 3 for 30c, 12 for 90c, 25 for \$1.75, postpaid.

CARDINAL—Purple—Strong canes with red bark and very hardy wood, Extremely handy and exceedingly productive. Berries are of a purplish red color, very firm, with a pure, rich flavor. Season somewhat late and they hold on well. A profitable berry to grow for market.

COLUMBIAN—Purple—Known as a very hardy and productive variety. The fruit is purple, very large, firm, juicy and of delicious flavor. The fruiting season extends from July 10th to August 15th,

CUMBERLAND—Black—Valuable, mid-season variety, entirely hardy, very vigorous, healthy, enormously productive and remarkably free from insect pest. Fruits are the largest of the black varieties, are firm and of splendid quality.

KANSAS-Blackgood early sort, with-standing extreme drouth and cold, bearing im-mense crops; handsome, firm berries of excellent quality.

PLUM FARMER

quality.

-Black-The largest, most productive and most desirable blackcap in culti-vation. The berries are very large, sometimes an inch in diameter, of excellent flavor, firm, thick and meaty. Good for home use, canning or shipping. Ripens very early and evenly. Abso-lutely hardy.

NEW VARIETIES OF MERIT.

"HERBERT":—The hardy Canadian Raspberry. A very large red raspberry, extremely hardy and enormously productive. A chance seedling, originated at Ottawa, Canada. The fruits are of the largest size, obtusely conical, bright to rather deep red, firm, sweet and subacid, sprightly juicy and of fine flavor. Does especially well on heavy soil and in localities where other varieties fail. Price for transplanted plants: 3 for 35c, 12 for \$1.00, 25 for \$1.85, 100 for \$6.75, not prepaid.—By mail: 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.25, postpaid.

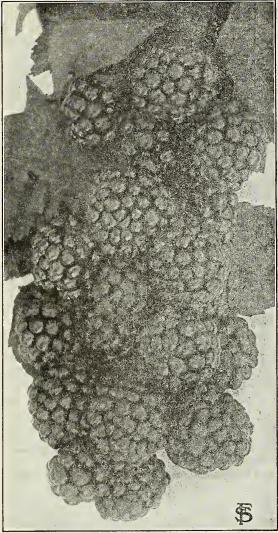
F. S. & N. CO'S SUNBEAM—A valuable variety for the Northwest. Originated by Prof. Hansen of South Dakota. The plant is very hardy and productive and has distinct. heavy foliage. Fruit medium size, bright red, and of excellent quality. Long bearing season. This berry should be planted extensively in the prairie states. Of the Sunbeam we have only sucker plants to offer this season. Price: 3 for 35c, 12 for 90c, 25 for \$1.85, 100 for \$6.75, not prepaid.—Price by mail: 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.25, 25 for \$2.25, postpaid.

GOLDEN QUEEN...THE YELLOW RASPBERRY.

An interesting addition to the home garden. This raspberry, as its name indicates, is a pure golden yellow. The berry is very beautiful, fully as large as the best red variety, and of excellent flavor. However, it cannot be used for canning purposes, as it loses its color when cooked. Golden Queen is a good grower, and the best yellow variety ever produced. It yields heavily and has a very long bearing season. Price: 12 for 75c, 25 for \$1.35, 100 for \$4.50, not prepaid. — By mail: 12 for \$1.00, 25 for \$2.00, postpaid.



Herbert Raspberry.



BLACKBERRIES.

Plant in rows 5 to 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows. To keep the bed in good, productive condition, the old, weak and dead wood should be cut out every season, and in spring the weakest suckers should also be removed, leaving only 4 to 5 strong ones in each hill. Cover with earth in winter, bending the canes at the roots. The plants do best on sandy loam soil, and with little care they yield very abundantly and always find a ready market at good prices.

care they yield very abundantly and always and a ready market at good prices.

NEW HARDY TARTARIAN — Of special value in the North, on account of its extreme hardiness. Berries are immense brilliant black, produced in large clusters. Fruit is of fine quality, sweet and melting, with practically no core. The canes are strong, with healthy foliage, free from rust. A heavy bearer. The bearing season is so long that Tartarian Biackberries may be called everbearing Blackberries. Splendid for market and home use, good for preserving. Price: Strong transplanted plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.25, by mail, postpaid.—12 for \$2.00, 25 for \$3.75, not prepaid.

Price of the following varieties: Strong, transplanted plants, 12 for 60c, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.50, 1000 for \$25.00, not prepald.

We furnish 5 plants at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate. Price by mail, postpaid: 3 for 25c, 12 for 85c.

ANCIENT BRITON — One of the hardiest. A reliable market variety of medium size and of the best quality. Berries large and sweet. Sells well on the market and is a very profitable variety. It is one of the best known and most planted varieties in the North Central States.

MERSEREAU—An early ripening, extremely hardy, extra large fruited sort. Berries are sparkling thruout and remain black under all conditions and circumstances. In quality it is exceptionally sweet, rich melting and luscious, being without core. As a shipper and keeper it is unsurpassed. The canes are of exceedingly strong, upright habit. Foliage large, abundant and entirely the strong to think the visible is simply engaged. of exceedingly strong, upright habit. Foliage large, free from rust or blight. Its yield is simply enormous.

SNY DER—This is one of the best blackberries for market in the North and very hardy. The canes are vigorous and annually productive. Berries are medium in size, very sweet, juicy and of fine flavor. It also lacks the hard core found in many of the other varieties. A berry of good shipping qualities

STONE'S HARDY-For the northern sections of Minnesota and similar latitudes this variety is especially adapted. The canes are upright, very vigorous and exceptionally hardy. The berries are of medium size, juicy, sweet and of fine flavor and good quality. For market as well as home use. Stone's Hardy is a dependable sort.

DEWBERRY—LUCKETIA—In quality and size, this low growing or trailing Blackberry fully equals any of the upright sorts. Wherever known it is preferred to common blackberries, on account of the superior flavor, immense size, and fine quality of its fruit. Very prolific, robust, and does not sunburn. Vines should be covered with straw during winter in cold climates. Price: Strong transplants, 12 for 60c, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.50, not prepald.—By mail, postpaid, 3 for 25c, 12 for 85c.

DWARF JUNEBERRY. (Amelanchier Botryapium).

The berry for the extreme North and South. Very hardy, enduring the coldest winters and hottest summers without injury. Bushy plant, with leaves and flower stalks whitish wooly when young, white flowers in racemes. Berries of good flavor, reddish purple, changing to black when ripe. Splendid for canning and making pies. Very prolific, often producing a quart of fruit from a young bush. Every garden should contain some of this remarkable fruit. Price: Extra strong transplants, 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.00, 25 for \$3.75, not prepaid.—By mail: smaller plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, postpaid.

RUSSIAN MULBERRY. (Morus Tatarica).

Ancient Briton Blackberry.

This is a very hardy rapid growing tree, variable in size and color of fruit and leaves. It bears an abundance of good quality fruit, which is relished by fowls. We offer exceptionally strong and stocky seedlings and trees. Prices as follows:

SEEDLINGS BY MAIL, POSTPAID: 6 to 12 inches, 1 year, 100 for 65c.—12 to 18 inches, 1 year, 100 for 65c.

EXTRA STRONG WELL BRANCHED TREES, NOT PREPAID: 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50.—4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—

This is a very hardy rapid growing tree, variable in size and color of fruit and leaves. It bears an abundance of good quality fruit, which is relished by fowls. We offer exceptionally strong and stocky seedlings and trees. Prices as follows:

SEEDLINGS BY MAIL, POSTPAID: 6 to 12 inches, 1 year, 100 for 45c.—12 to 18 inches, 1 year, 100 for 65c.

EXTRA STRONG WELL BRANCHED TREES, NOT PREPAID: 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50.—4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—

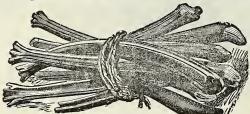
This is a very hardy rapid growing tree, variable in size and color of fruit and leaves. It bears an abundance of good quality fruit, which is relished by fowls. A good hedge if planted ten and served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten and served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten and served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten and served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. It bears and submarbed if good served with rhubarb, pineapple, or gooseberries. A good hedge if planted ten served with rhubar

STRAWBERRY RASPBERRY.

This Strawberry Raspberry is a cross between the Strawberry and Raspberry, resembling both in many points. In size and color it is like the strawberry, growing on dwarf bushes very much like raspberry bushes. It is quite hardy, and should be grown on rather moist soil. It produces an abundance of fruit on the young shoots, which is fine for jelly, Jam, etc. Fruit should not be picked until thoroly ripe. Price: By mall, each 10c, 6 for 45c, 12 for 80c, postpaid.

HORSE RADISH ROOTS.

This popular condiment is very easily produced in the home garden and anyone who This popular condiment is very easily produced in the nonlegarden and anyone who has compared the freshly dug article with that sold over counters, can appreciate the value of good home grown horse radish. A half dozen roots will provide the ordinary family, and as it spreads quite rapidly, the source of supply is easily maintained. We furnish strong roots, not pieces. Price: By mail, 6 for 15c, 12 for 25c, 25 for 45c, postpaid.—Extra large roots, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for \$1.25, 1000 for \$9.00, not prepaid.



Rhubarb or Ple Plant.

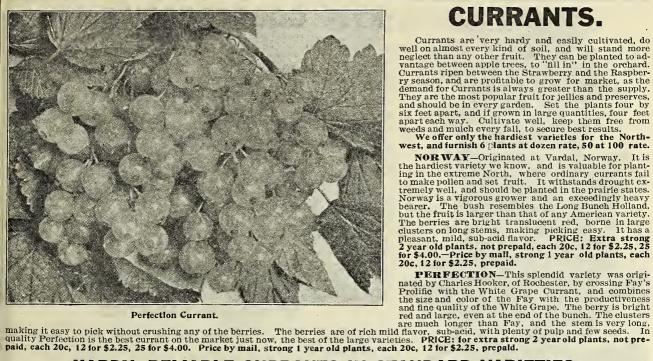
RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT.

Rhubarb should be in every garden, as it affords the earliest

garden, as it alfords the earliest sauces and pies in spring. Set roots out in spring or fall, in rows 4 feet apart, so the crowns are an inch below the surface. Do not pull stalks first season. We offer: LINNAEUS and VICTORIA. Price: By mail, each 15c, 3 for 35c, 12 for \$1.00, postpaid. — Extra strong 2 year old roots: Each 10c, 12 for 80c, not prepaid. prepald.



Russian Mulberry.



CURRANTS.

Currants are very hardy and easily cultivated, do well on almost every kind of soil, and will stand more neglect than any other fruit. They can be planted to advantage between apple trees, to "fill in" in the orchard. Currants ripen between the Strawberry and the Raspberry and are a profitable to grow, for more than the control of the ry season, and are profitable to grow for market, as the demand for Currants is always greater than the supply. demand for Currants is always greater than the supply. They are the most popular fruit for jellies and preserves, and should be in every garden. Set the plants four by six feet apart, and if grown in large quantities, four feet apart each way. Cultivate well, keep them free from weeds and much every fall, to secure best results.

We offer only the hardiest varietles for the Northwest, and furnish 6 plants at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate.

west, and furnish o plants at dozen rate, 50 at 100 rate.

NOR WAY—Originated at Vardal, Norway. It is
the hardiest variety we know, and is valuable for planting in the extreme North, where ordinary currants fail
to make pollen and set fruit. It withstands drought extremely well, and should be planted in the prairie states.
Norway is a vigorous grower and an exceedingly heavy
bearer. The bush resembles the Long Bunch Holland,
but the fruit is larger than that of any American variety.
The berries are bright translucent red, borne in large
clusters on long stems, making picking easy. 1t has a
pleasant, mild, sub-acid flavor. PRICE: Extra strong
2 year old plants, not prepald, each 20c, 12 for \$2.25, 25
for \$4.00.—Price by mall, strong 1 year old plants, each
20c, 12 for \$2.25, prepaid.

PER FECTION—This splendid variety was origi-

HARDY, RELIABLE CURRANTS IN STANDARD VARIETIES.

Price of the following ten varieties: Strong 2 year old plants, not prepaid, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.75, 100 for \$8.25.-Price for strong 1 year old plants, by mail, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.75, postpaid.

Red Varieties.

CHERRY-Bush is vigorous, stocky and compact, and must have good cultivation to do well. Berries are very large, with thin skin, juicy and of fine flavor. One of the most productive.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—A very popular and satisfactory variety, which bears early and is enormously productive. Fay's Prolific is one of the best market sorts, and equally valuable for home use. The fruit is large, bright red, and of excellent flavor, less acid than Cherry, and is borne on

LONDON MARKET—Bush is vigorous, and upright growing, very productive, a popular sort in the Michigan fruit growing sections. The fruit is of good size, dark red in color, with sprightly acid flavor. A good market variety.

LONG BUNCH HOLLAND—One of the best late varieties, ripens after other kinds are gone. The bush is vigorous and hardy, very productive; the clusters of berries are long and full. Berries are medium to large, bright red, and of excellent quality.

NORTH STAR—Valuable because of its hardiness, vigorous growth, early fruiting and productiveness. The bunches average four inches in length, admitting rapid and easy picking. Berries are large and of splendid quality, less acid than most currants.

RED DUTCH - An old and well known standard variety. Bush is very hardy, a strong upright grower, and will succeed on any soil. Ber-

ries of medium size, bright red, and of good quality.

VICTORIA—A good grower and producer, extremely hardy late. Clusters of berries long; berries large, bright red, and of excellent quality, with few seeds. One of the pest late sorts.

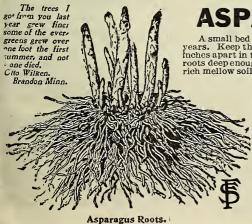
Black Varieties.

BLACK NAPLES—A good variety for general cultivation. Bush is vigorous and productive, extremly hardy. Fruit is very large, pulpy, acid, and of strong flavor. Quality above average.

LEE'S PROLIFIC—An English variety that is exceptionally good. The largest black currant in culation. The bush is dwarfy, strong, and enormously productive. Berries are very large, cold, and of fine quality for cooking.

White Variety.

WHITE GRAPE-Bush is vigorous and rather spreading, producing immense crops of fruit. es are very large and full, with large sweet berries, beautifully translucent white. The flavor is mi and in quality, White Grape is superior to most red varieties. The best of all currants for table use.



ASPARAGUS ROOTS.

A small bed of Asparagus in the garden will supply the family for years. Keep the ground clean, and mulch it in the fall. Plant 8 to 12 inches apart in the row, and the rows 2½ to 3½ feet apart. Set the roots deep enough so the crowns are covered three inches with good rich mellow soil. We recommend one year old roots for planting new beds, and two year old roots to fill out old beds.

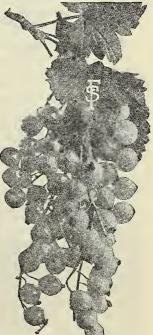
Price: Strong 1 year old roots, 12 for 15c, 25 for 25c, 100 for 75c, not prepaid.—By mail, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for \$1.25, postpald.

Strong 2 year old roots, 12 for 25c, 25 for 40c, 100 for \$1.25, not prepaid.—By mail, 12 for 35c, 25 for 60c, 100 for \$1.75 postpald.

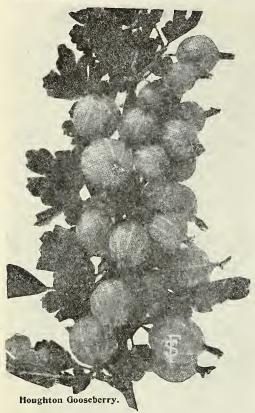
COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE—The best white variety; stalks remain white as long as they are fit for use. Stalks are of immense size and excellent quality, very tender.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—The oldest named and best known variety in cultivation. A very reliable vigorous grower, of good flavor and quality.

EARLY GIANT ARGENTEUIL—The earliest variety. Large stalks of good flavor. This is extensively planted for the market, and is satisfactory.



White Grape Current.



GOOSEBERRIES.

Gooseberries should be planted more extensively, as they are easily grown and do well on any soil. Plant in rows 6 feet apart and 4 feet apart in the rows; by trimming out all dead wood and all surplus branches and not allowing the bushes to grow too thick, the fruit will be larger and more plentiful. Our stock is all northern grown, hardy, vigorous, well rooted and free from disease, and we sell at no higher price than southern are the branches. ern grown stock may be bought for.

NEW AND VALUABLE VARIETIES.

Strong, selected 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, 25 for \$4.50, 100 for \$15.00. Price by mail: Strong 1 year old plants, each 20c, 3 for 55c, 12 for \$2.00, postpaid.

F. S. & N. CO'S CARRIE—Considered the hardiest, healthiest, most productive and best all around gooseberry grown. The plant is a very strong grower, the branches being almost thornless, and this advantage alone is bringing the Carrie Gooseberry into popular favor. The berries are of medium size, light red in color, of fine flavor and excellent quality. The Carrie Gooseberry originated in Minnesota and is the best and most profitable variety for the North.

JOSSELYN OR RED JACK ET—A large, beautiful, bright red berry of most delicious flavor. A vigorous grower, clean, healthy and mildew proof. Has proven everywhere thoroly hardy and enormously productive and can be highly recommended. It is considered the best red gooseberry in cultivation and is grown extensively for market in all sections of the country. It is freest from mildew, both in leaf and fruit, of all large fruited gooseberries. of all large fruited gooseberries.

KEEPSAKE—An English variety of unusual merit, growing in tree form of dwarf habit and very productive. The fruits are very large, straw colored, of excellent flavor and unequaled for shipping. One of the earliest to ripen and a sure cropper.

PEARL—A very prolific and vigorous variety, free from mildew. The fruit is large, pale green and of the best quality. This variety deserves a place in every garden on account of its healthfulness, quick growth, freedom from mildew and its great productiveness. Valuable for home use and for market. The Pearl is the most prolific gooseberry known, one bush produced 2500 berries.

STANDARD VARIETIES.

Price: Strong, selected 2 year old plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.75, 100 for \$10.00.—By mail: Strong 1 year old plants, each 15c, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50, postpald.

CHAMPION—Bush is a vigorous grower, free from mildew and rust. The fruit ripens early, is round, smooth, greenish white, with a thin, transparent skin; quality The fruit excellent.

DOWNING—An excellent variety for both home and market use; bush is a vigorous and upright grower, with stiff, strong shoots and heavy foliage; very prolific and free from mildew; fruit medium sized, of pale green color and fine quality. Splendid for dessert, canning and cook-

very profitable market sort.

HOUGHTON—The fruit is medium sized, roundish oval, pale red, sweet and tender. The plants are of spreading habit slender, enormously productive, very hardy and reliable. We recommend this to all northern planters as one of the best and hardiest American varieties in cultivation.

MOUTAIN SEEDLING—Very hardy; fruit is of medium size, light red; the bush is a very prolific bearer, the branches often bending down on account of the enormous quantity of fruit they bear. A very valuable and rust proof variety that withstands more cold than most other sorts.

TRANSPARENT-Popular variety in the North, a strong and vigorous grower, free from mildew. Berries of large size, pale green in color and of superior quality. Ripens medium early.

FOR TREE GOOSEBERRIES SEE NOVELTY PAGES.

STRAWBERRIES. **Everbearing or Fall Bearing Varieties.**

People have been skeptical about Everbearing Strawberries, and it did seem as if
too much were claimed for them, but everyone who has planted and tried them knows their good qualities cannot be exaggerated. They are most
profitable to plant, both for the home garden and for market. Last fall, Everbearing Strawberries sold for fifty cents a quart. There is an unlimited market for them, which cannot be supplied for several years. Everbearing Strawberries grow on the same kind of soil, under the same
conditions, with the same cultivation, as the standard sorts. The plants are hardier
and stronger than standard varieties, and resist rust and drouth better. They form

few runners, but send their vitality into fruit.

"Carrie" Gooseberry.

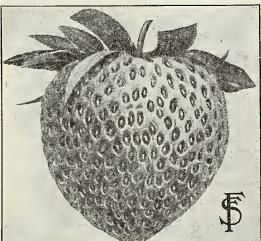
few runners; but send their vitality into fruit.

If Everbearing Strawberry plants are set out in spring, they bear fruit in August the same year. Fruiting is sometimes cheeked by intensely hot weather, but the first heavy rain brings out new blossoms and berries. If frost kills the blossoms in fall, the plants send out new ones and continue to bear until covered with snow. From our field of Everbearing Strawberries, we had berries the middle of October, picking them about twice a week. South of Minnesota, they produce berries until November. Their quality is fully equal to that of common strawberries. The berries are firm, ship well, and are sweeter than most standard sorts. For preserving, they surpass other kinds, as they do not get spongy when cooked. We have thoroughly tried out Everbearing Strawberries, and recommend SUPERB in particular, because of its excellent berries and long season.

PROGRESSIVE—P—Strong, perfect blossoms; good plant maker and fruits continuously. Extra good about fruiting heavily on new runners the first summer and fall. Berry rather long shaped; fine, dark color and good quality. Its extra firmness makes it a good shipper. This variety has well been called the Dunlap of the Everbearers. It is certainly a good variety and worthy of a place in every garden. Price: 12 for 50c, 100 for \$2.75, 500 for \$10.00, 1000 for \$17.50, prepaid.

ANIERICUS-P—A staminate variety of merit. Plant medium size and makes runners freely, they are great drought resisters. Bears a good crop of fruit during summer and fall of first year set, with a big crop the next year at strawberry time. Also a good summer and fall fruiter the second year. Berries are medium to large, very firm, good color and flavor. This variety is very satisfactory. Price: 12 for 40c, 100 for \$2.50, 500 for \$10.00, 1000 for \$17.50, prepaid.

SUPERB-P-Considered one of the best varieties; a good plant maker and yields well. The plants are strong and hardy. Berries large, glossy, deep red. nearly round, firm and of excellent flavor. Superb will produce as fine berries in the fall as any spring-ripening strawberries. As a June cropper it is hard to beat and if the summer season is not too dry, will yield heavily in Fall. Price: 12 for 40c, 100 or \$2.50, 500 for \$10.00, 1000 for \$17.50.



Superb Strawberry.



STRAWBERRIES.

The Strawberry is the favorite fruit of every home and may be successfully The Strawberry is the favorite fruit of every kome and may be successfully grown in any soil adapted to the growth of ordinary field or garden crops. For field culture plant in rows 3% feet apart, 18 inches apart in the rows; for garden culture 18 inches apart each way, leaving a pathway every third row. After the ground is frozen in fall cover lightly with leaves or straw. Remove covering early in spring when plants hegin to grow. Before the fruit begins to ripen, mulch the ground around the plants with short hay or straw. This will not only keep the fruit clean, but will prevent the ground from drying or baking and thus lengthens the fruiting season.

As soon as the plants arrive, cut the bunches open and place them in some re-

ceptacle with water, so that the roots only will become wet. Care should be taken to set the plants the right depth and not too deep or too shallow. Set plants so the

crown is at the surface.

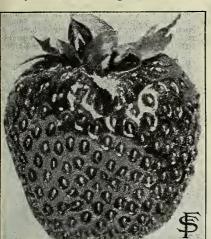
The varieties marked "P" have perfect flowers and will produce fruit abundantly without being mixed with other varieties. Varieties marked "Imp" have imperfect flowers and cannot produce much fruit unless properly mixed with a perfect variety. Some imperfect varieties will often produce enormous crops of magnificent berries if planted alongside a perfect variety.

New Varieties Of Great Merit.

LADY CORNEILLE. The Wonderful New Strawberry.—Imp—(Medium). This new berry bas more good qualities than ever before combined in any one berry. It is destined to become one of the leading strawberries for all northern and western states. It is better than the Senator Dunlap, which is saying a great deal. Lady Corneille is the healtbiest and best growing plant with glossy foliage, absolutely free from rust or leaf spot; large, strong, robust plants, with standing drought well and thriving splendidly in both light and heavy soils. Berries large, somewhat wedge-shaped, of rich, glossy red color. Qunlity the best of all berries, sweet and rich. Very firm, holding up much longer than the Dunlap, a splendid shipper. Another feature in wbich Lady Corneille excels, is its great productiveness, many plants have up to 125 buds, blooms and berries. It is by all odds the best medium season strawberry for northern sections. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for \$1.75, 1000 for \$9.00, prepaid. 1000 for \$9.00, prepaid.

CHESAPEAKE-P-(Late). A late sort of great merit, producing good heavy crops on any land that will grow strawberries
color, very firm and of delicious flavor. Berries are all of marketable size, practically no small fruits at all and green-tips are unknown in the Chesapeake. Plants are large, vigorous, rustless, with thick, upright foliage; leaves are almost round. A very fine market sort, standing long distance shipping well. Exceedingly productive. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for \$1.75, 1000 for \$8.50.

OZARK—P—(Extra Early). Ozark is now recognized the country over as one of the best of the extra early varieties. In fact, its fruit is as finely matured, as beautiful in form and color and the berries are as large as are our leading medium and late varieties. It ripens extremely early and is as early as the Excelsior and as beautiful in form and as sweet as the popular late Aroma. Added to these qualities are its great prolificness and exceedingly firm texture, making it an ideal variety for the commercial grower. Price: 25 for 60c, 100 for \$1.75, 1000 for \$8.50, prepaid.

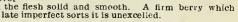


Standard Sorts Of Strawberries.

Price for all varieties, 25 for 50c, 100 for \$1.25, 500 for \$4.25, 1000 for \$7.00, prepaid. Not less than 25 plants furnished of any

variety.

AROMA—P—(Late). One of the best late ripening varieties. It is planted extensively in the North as well as the South, and seems to be suited to all localities. The berries are very large and bright red to the center. The flavor of the fruit is rich and deliciously aromatic; the flesh solid and smooth. A fir makes an ideal shipper. As a pollenizer for late imperfect sorts it is unexcelled.



BEDERWOOD—P—(Early). A popular variety among market growers; the berries are medium sized, of delicate crimson color, and delicious flavor. A heavy yielder, famous for its long bearing season and one of the best to plant with imperfect blossom sorts.

BRANDY WINE—P—(Late). A fancy market variety with deep red fruit; flesh firm and red all thru; flavor very delicious. The plant roots deep, enabling it to endure more dry weather than most varieties. Productiveness above the average; thrives in any soil.

BUBACH-Imp-(Medium). Well known standard variety. Berries very large and uniform in size, rich in color and quality. Plant strong, a heavy bearer and great drought resister

CRESCENT-imp-(Early). The standard of productiveness all over the country, succeeds everywhere, stands neglect best of any; plant small, berries fair size, bright and attractive. Many growers consider this the most profitable berry for market

HAVERLAND-Imp-(Medium). Splendid mid-season berry, extremely hardy and unusually productive. Berries medium to large, conical, smooth, of uniform size.

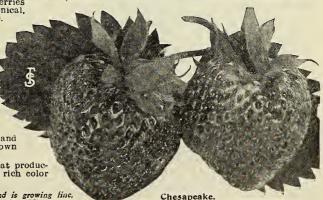
GANDY—P—(Late). One of the best long-keeping and shipping varieties. The berry is of a rich, bright red color and delicious flavor. Ripens extremely late, being full of fruit when other late bearers have finished their season, and its berries always bring the top price of the season. Gives its best yields on heavy clay soils. Plant with of the season. Gives i

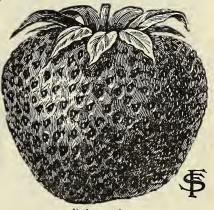
MICHEL'S EARLY-P-(Extra Early). A well known, standard sort. Berry medium to large, roundish and bright crimson; the meat is deep pink, solid thruout and of good quality. A valuable variety on account of its earliness and productiveness.

red, most attractive, of great uniformity in size and shape and finest quality. Splendid market sort and one of the best for home use. Has no superior as a canning berry. Heavy yielder, a great drought resister and one of the best all-around and most dependable berries. Extensively grown SENATOR DUNLAP-P-(Medium). The berries are one of the best all-around and most dependable berries. in the Northwest.

WARFIELD-imp-(Early). Well known everywhere for its great productiveness and sweet, beautifully-shaped, glossy, dark red berries, which rich color they keep when canned. Splendid for canning and a fine shipper.

Was more than pleased with trees received from you last year. Every one lived and is growing line, losed new order. Menahga, Minn. Enclosed new order.





ORNAMENTAL and SHADE TREES.

Horse Chestnut.

Our list of trees contains only hardy varieties, which are adapted for the Northwest, and all trees have been raised in our nursery near Faribault; they are well pruned, have good bodies and tops, all have been transplanted and have good fibrous roots. For tree seedlings see page 113.

Prices for all Trees are F. O. B. Faribault.-6 at dozen rates, 50 at 100 rates. Notice: On all orders for only 1 or 2 trees 25c extra must be added to cover cost of packing. On larger orders for nursery stock we furnish all packing and boxing free of charge.

ASH, AMERICAN WHITE. (Fraxinus Americana)-Valuable hardy, native trees of rapid growth, forming straight trunks, broad and oval shaped heads. Desirable for ornamental purposes, also for timber planting. A splendid tree for the Northwest, of very quick growth while young, and resists drought and severe cold well. Of great value for our prairie states, and should be planted more generally. 3 to 4 feet, each 12c, 12 for \$1.00, 100 for \$6.50.—4 to 5 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 100 for \$9.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$2.75.—8 to 10 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.00.

BIRCH, EUROPEAN WHITE. (Betula Alba)—A graceful tree, with silvery bark and slender branches. Quite erect when young, but after 4 to 5 years' growth, assumes an elegant drooping habit, rendering the tree very effective in landscapes. Very hardy, will grow on the poorest kind of soil, between rocks and in gravel, in fact most anywhere, 4 to 5 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—5 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 65c, 12 for \$6.50.

BOX ELDER, Ash Leaf or Manitoba Maple. (Acer Negundo)—A durable tree, growing rapidly and producing considerable shade in a very short time; mostly used in the West and Northwest, as it withstands both drought and extreme cold. 4 to 5 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 100 for \$9.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$12.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$2.75, 100 for \$15.00.—We have a few hundred extra fine, large transplanted trees, 8 to 10 feet high, with fine shaped and well branched tops. Each 75c, 12 for \$7.00.

CATALPA, SPECIOSA. (Hardy Catalpa)—A very rapid growing lawn and park tree. Leaves are very large, heart shaped; the flowers, appearing in June, in large panicles, are white, sweet scented, very conspicuous and pretty; they are followed by 10 to 12 inches long,

slender pods, which are of brownish color and hang on the tree all winter. 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$1.75.—5 to 6 feet, each 30c, 12 for \$2.75.

COTTONWOOD. (Populus Deltoldes) —Has long been a popular tree in the west-ern states, particularly in the prairie sec-tions. It is probably the best known and most planted of all poplars. Its greatest val-ue is in its extreme hardiness and rapid growth. 4 to 5 feet, 12 for 50c, 25 for 90c, 100 for \$3.25.

ELM, AMERICAN. (Ulmus)—The elm has always been the favorite shade tree elm has always been the favorite shade tree in the northern states, and is the best street and park tree for general planting in this section. It is also one of the hardiest trees for prairie planting and will withstand a greater extreme of temperature and moisture than any other of our shade trees. Of very large size, with open, spreading head and graceful drooping branches. 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$10.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.25, 100 for \$16.00.—6 to 8 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$4.00. HORSE CHESTNUT. (Aesculus)—White flowering. A fine large tree of com-

HOISE CHESTNUT. (Aesculus)—White flowering. A fine large tree of compact outline, dense dark green foliage. In June the tree bears in greatest profusion large panicles of white flowers, tinged with red. Very pretty for street or lawn. Does splendidly in this section of the Northwest. 4 to 5 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$2.25. 5 to 6 feet, each 60c.—6 to 8 feet, each 75c.—8 to 10 feet, each \$1.00.



American White Ash.

LARCH, EUROPEAN. (Larix)hardy, graceful and very rapid grower, with slender branches of light green, needle-shaped foliage, like that of spruce or hemlock, but it is deciduous. Perfectly hardy and very ornamental. Should be planted early in the spring. 12 for \$6.00.-5 to 6 feet, each 75c, 12 for \$8.00.

LINDEN, AMERICAN. (Basswood) -Perfectly hardy everywhere and vigorous in growth, with large, clean, handsome foliage and fragrant flowers. One of the best trees for all shade and ornamental purposes, 4 to 5 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—5 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 75c, 12 for \$8.00.

LINDEN, EUROPEAN. (Tilia Europea)—A very fine pyramidal tree, forming in time a symmetrically rounded crown. This tree is a native of Europe, but is very hardy and stands our northwestern climate very well. Very nice specimen trees of this variety can be seen at St. Anthony Park, St. Paul. Price same as American Linden.

LOCUST, BLACK. (Robinla)-A rap-

id growing, fine large tree that is desirable on account of its pretty foliage and fragrant flowers. As a grove tree, for fuel or fence posts it is one of the very best; grows as rapidly as the willow and wood is very hard and durable. 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.25, 100 for \$9.00.—4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.25.—5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

MAPLE, HARD OR SUGAR. (Acer Saccharum)—A valuable tree for sugar as well as lumber, shade and ornament. It is adaptable to all locations, roots deeply and grows into a symmetrical tree of large proportion. A beautiful and always popular tree, which is of special value for the Northwest, thriving in nearly all soils. The foliage is large and handsome, and of rich, pleasing green. turning to orange yellow and red in Autumn. 4 to 5 feet, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, 100 for \$20.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.

MAPLE, NORWAY. (Acer Platanoides)-Resembles the Sugar Maple in general appearance, but is easily distinguished from it, as the leaves remain green longer than any other maples, and turn a bright yellow in autumn. A very hardy tree of symmetrical growth with large, round heads.

4 to 5 feet, each 30c.—5 to 6 feet, each 40c.—6 to 8 feet, each 60c.

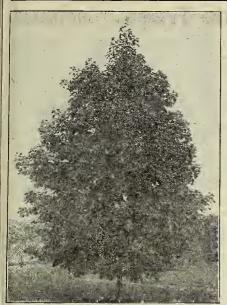
MAPLE, SILVER OR SOFT. (Acer Dasycarpum)-A North American species of rapid growth, large size and irregular, rounded form; foliage is bright green above and silvery white beneath. Tree very hardy and easily transplanted. Where immediate shade is required, it is one of the most useful; also a favorite street and park tree. 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00. 100 for \$12 00.—5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—8 to 10 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$4.50.

MAPLE, SCHWEDLERII. (Hardy Purple Leaf Maple)riety, with the young shoots and leaves of a bright purplish or crimson color, which changes to purplish green in the older leaves. A very hardy and choice ornamental tree. Of especially fine appearance in spring, when their gleaming red and purple contrasts brightly with the delicate green of other trees. In autumn the foliage turns golden yellow. 5 to 6 feet, each 65c, 12 for \$6.75.—6 to 8 feet, each \$1.00, 12 for \$10.00.—8 to 10 feet, each \$1.25.

MOUNTAIN ASH, AMERICAN. (Sorbus American)—Similar to the European variety, described on next page, but the tree is of coarser growth and foliage, and produces larger and lighter colored berries. 4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 50c, 12 for



American Elm.



Ornamental & Shade Trees. Cont'd.

MOUNTAIN ASH, EUROPEAN. (Sorbus Aucuparia) - A fine ornamental tree for the lawn, forming, almost without pruning, a magnificent, fairly dense, well shaped head, which is covered from midsummer till winter with large clusters of beautiful scarlet berries, giving a brilliant color to the landscape. The foliage is very handsome. It is one of the choicest trees for our northwestern territory, and deserves extensive planting. 4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—6 to 8 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

MULBERRY, RUSSIAN. (Morus)-See page 106.

OAK, PIN. (Quercus Palustris)—An upright, vigorous growing variety, forming a stately, round topped tree, with long, slightly pendulous branches. The dark green, deeply cut foliage turns to brilliant yellow and crimson shades in autumn. Transplants easiest of all oaks and is one of our very finest lawn trees, and a desirable avenue tree. 5 to 6 feet, each 65c.—6 to 8 feet, each \$1.00.

OAK, SCARLET. (Quercus Coccinea)-Similar to the above variety, of pyramidal outline and especially re-markable in autumn when the foliage changes to a glowing bright red. A very beautiful lawn tree. Grows well in ry beautiful lawn tree. Grows well idry situations. 4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

ORNAMENTAL CRAB AP-PLE. Variety Soulard.—A large fruit-ed wild crab apple. See page 101.

OLIVE, RUSSIAN, (Eleagnus)

This makes a beautiful lawn tree, with its silvery foliage and nearly black, shining bark. The blossoms have a wonderful fragrance. The experience are curried long discovered by the control of the contro have a wonderful fragrance. The exquisite perfumes are carried long distances in the air. Is perfectly hardy, even as far north as Canada. Planted extensively in the Dakotas. 2 to 3 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$3.75. — 6 to 8 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$3.00. — 5 to 6 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$3.75. — 6 to 8 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.50.

POPLAR, BALSAM. Balm of Gilead. (Papulus Balcaritan)

POPLAR, BALSAM. Balm of Gilead. (Populus Balsamifera) — A luxuriant and rapid growing tree with large, glossy, heart-shaped foliage, upright and symmetrical in habit. The buds exhale an agreeable odor. The underside of the leaves is dull white. The Balm of Gilead makes a good street tree and it is probably the best of the poplars for shade. 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50. — 5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

POPLAR, BOLLEANA. (Populus Bolleana)—This splendid variety was introduced from Turkestan, and is one of the most ornamental poplars. This tree is very hardy, a compact and upright grower. The foliage is a rich, glossy green above, and silvery white below, beautifully cut, almost like the Cut Leaf Maple. The bark is of a rich green color. Fine for street planting as well as for a specimen tree on the lawn. 5 to 6 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

POPLAR, CANADIAN. (Populus Canadense)—Extremely hardy variety, resembling the Cottonwood in its habit of growth. This tree is especially adapted to severe and exposed localities and is more desirable than Cottonwood, because it does not shed cotton. 3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$15.00.—6 to 8 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

POPLAR, CAROLINA. (Populus Carolinensis)—Also called Russian Poplar. One of the most rapid growing trees, with large, handsome, glossy, deep green leaves. Succeeds everywhere; especially adapted to cities, where it makes unusually fast growth, and resists smoke and gas. Pyramidal in form, making a spreading head and dense shade when properly trimmed; makes a splendid windbreak or screen. Price same as Norway Poplar.

POPLAR, LOMBARDY. (Populus Fastigiata)—Attains a height of from 100 to 150 feet. Well known and remarkable for its erect, rapid growth, and tall, spiry form. Indispensable in landscape gardening, to break the ordinary and monotonous outlines of most other trees. Will grow in any soil. 5 to 7 ft., each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.—Extra fine specimen trees, 10—12 ft., @ 85c.

prowin any soil. 5 to 7 ft., each

POPLAR, NORWAY.

Sudden Saw Log. (Populus)

This is a very distinct tree in habit of growth, forming a straight, upright, somewhat pyramidal head. The foliage is large, thickly borne, bright and glossy. Grows rapidly in almost every soil, and yet it possesses strength and durability which most of the poplars lack. For city planting it is superior to most of the other poplars, as it withstands the effects of dust and smoke much better. A superior tree for planting in the

It is claimed that this tree will mature a log two feet in diameter in 16 years.

3 to 4 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10.00. — 4 to 5 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$15.00. — 5 to 6 feet, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, 100 for \$20.00.

POPLAR, SILVER, (Populus Alba)—A trace development of the state of the

POPLAR, SILVER. (Populus Alba)—A tree of wonderfully rapid growth and wide-spreading habit, with large leaves which are glossy green above and white as snow beneath; it flourishes everywhere. The large leaves are on slender stalks and easily stirred by the wind, when the white underside is shown to fine effect. 5 to 6 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, 100 for \$27.50.

RED BUD OR JUDAS TREE. (Cercis Canadense)—One of our finest ornamental lawn trees, medium in size, nicely branched; leaves heart-shaped, glossy, bright green. In early spring, before the leaves appear, the tree is covered with a profusion of delicate, pink flowers. Hardy and deserving of a place in every yard. 5 to 6 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

WILL CHERRY. (Cerasus Emparaisa). Known as Chelea Cherry in

WILD CHERRY. (Cerasus Emarginata)— Known as Choke Cherry in this section. One of the most ornamental and hardy trees for the Northwest, and should be planted extensively. It attains a height of 20 feet, is slender, erect, and bushy, with oblong, serrate leaves similar to those of Mountain Ash. Flowers creamy white, very fragrant, appear in bunches with the foliage, in May, followed by clusters of reddish black cherries. These are sour and somewhat puckery, but are valued by housewives for jellies. Price: Strong 5 to 6 feet trees, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—6 to 8 feet trees, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.





American Linden. (Page 110.)



Ornamental and Shade Trees. Continued.

Hardy Weeping Trees.

Mountain Ash.

Weeping trees are especially valuable for specimen planting on lawns and in cemeteries. They can also be used for covering arbors, and form lovely play houses for the children. Weeping trees are useful in landscape gardening, because of their unusual shape and graceful droopcause of their unusual shape and graceful drooping habit.

NOTICE:—Add 25c Extra For Packing, if on-tra if two or more weeping trees only are order-ed. If weeping trees are shipped with a general order of trees, no extra charge for packing is made.

BIRCH, CUT LEAF WEEPING.
(Betula Alba var. Pendula Lacinlata.)—This is decidedly the best of all weeping trees hardy enough for the Northwest. It is tall and slender, but of vigorous growth, with graceful drooping branches and delicately cut follage thru which silvery white bark shimmers as it is stirred by the wind. It is without question the most beautiful tree for lawn and landscape planting. 5 to 6 feet, each 65c.—6 to 8 feet, each 80c.—8 to 10 feet, extra fine trees, each \$1.00.

ELM, CAMPERDOWN WEEPING. (Ulmus Pendula.)—A strong handsome tree, of vigorous and uniform growth. The branches overlap so regularly that a compact roof-like head is formed. The leaves are large, glossy dark green. It forms a lovely arbor or playhouse for children. VERY FINE TREES, with strong 2 year old heads, each \$1.00.



MULBERRY, TEA'S WEEPING.
(Morus Tatarica Pendula.)—A very hardy and beautiful tree, with graceful branches sweeping the ground, parallel with stem. The foliage is a beautiful glossy green, similar to the typical Mulberry. The berries are long, deep red, and very breity and second statements. berry. The berries are long, deep red, and very luscious and sweet. **SELECT TREES**, with strong 2 year old heads, each \$1.00.

WILLOW, GOLDEN WEEPING NI-OBE. (Salix Vitellina var. Pendula Nova)—A lovely tree, of graceful drooping habit. with long slender golden branches. Its fresh bright tint and long, wavy branches make it very attractive. This tree is especially beautiful for planting along the water, in the parks, and for landscape gardening. 5 to 6 feet, each 50c.

Nursery Stock arrived all O. K. My neighbors were surprised to see the trees, for the low amount of money paid, as they all paid middle man's profit, and received poor stock poorly packed, and damaged.

Miss Edith Brock, Smith Lake, Minn.

WILLOWS, SALIX,

We grow willows in enormous quantities and off-We grow willows in enormous quantities and offer the three best and hardiest varieties for the Northwest. Willows are more popular for windbreaks than any other tree, because they grow so rapidly, and are thick and dense from the ground up. They are as hardy as Cottonwood and Poplars, but much prettier and more ornamental. They require very little attention after they are planted, and will thrive on any kind of soil.

WILLOW, GOLDEN RUSSIAN
—A very hardy variety of rapid growth.
Trees are beautiful round topped, medium
sized, conspicuous because of their yellow
bark. In spring they bear pretty yellow
catkins. Golden Russian Willow is valuable for variety in landscape gardening,
and one of the best for windbreaks.

WILLOW, SIBERIAN-The hard iest of all willows. Siberian Willow is especially suitable for windbreaks in exposed situations. In form and habit of growth, it is similar to the Golden Russian Willow, but is hardier. It can be planted to advantage in the Delyters and prairie scatters. age in the Dakotas and prairie sections

WILLOW, LAUREL LEAF OR
BAY LEAF—Perfectly hardy, even in
Manitoba, and a very rapid grower. This
tree has beautiful dark green glossy foliage, and light green bark, similar to Bay
Tree. As an ornamental tree, it is very
valuable in the North, because it can be
clipped to any desired form, like a Bay
Tree. It is also good for windbreaks,
hedges, and for lawn planting, and thrives
on any soil. The Laural Leaf Willow is most effective when planted near the water.

PRICES ON WILLOWS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 2 to 3 feet. \$2.50 per 100, \$30.00

Weeping Mulberry.



PRICES ON WILLOWS ARE AS FOLLOWS: 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 per 100, \$20.00 per 1000.—3 to 4 feet, \$4.00 per 100, \$37.50 per 1000.—4 to 5 feet, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$9.00.—5 to 6 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, 100 for \$15.00.

WILLOW and POPLAR CUTTINGS.

We have a surplus of cuttings, such as we plant in our nursery. Prices as long as supply lasts are as follows:
Norway, Carolina, and Balsam Poplar Cuttings, 100 for 65c, 1000 for \$4.75.
Golden Russian, Siberian, and Laural Leaf Cuttings, 100 for 35c, 1000 for \$2.75.
Add 25c per 100 extra, If cuttings are wanted by mail.

Nut Bearing Trees.

BLACK WALNUT. (Juglans Nigra)—A handsome large tree, with beautiful fine light green foliage. The tree is very straight, and the most valuable for its timber, which brings very high prices on the market. Black Walnut is a fairly rapid grower, and bears freely. The nuts are large, somewhat oily, with a very fine flavor distinctly different from any other nut. 2 to 3 feet, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00—3 to 4 feet, each 30c, 12 for \$2.50.—4 to 5 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$3.50. Mailing size, 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.50. postpald. \$1.50, postpald.

BUTTERNUT OR WHITE WAL-NUT, (Juglans Cinerea.)—One of the finest native trees, lofty spreading, with beautiful foliage. It is valuable for its beautiful wood, as well as for the nuts. Nuts are large, long, oily. very nutritious and rich, and of delicate flavor. Price same as for Black Walnut.

rry. Price same as for Black Walnut. ENGLISH FILBERT OR HAZEL-NUT. (Corylus.)—A popular low bush, growing six to eight feet high, very hardy, succeeding on almost any soil. A profitable variety to grow, as the nuts are borne abundantly, in peculiar bunches, and always find a good market. The nuts are medium sized, round, and of good flavor. One of the best native nuts. Fine for candies and cakes. Splendid for screens and backgrounds. PRICE: 2 to 3 ft. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50. Mailing size, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, postpaid.

postpaid.

Hawkeye Tree Protector.

The trunks and lower crutches of trees are often injured by sun-scald which kills the bark and which is due to alternate freezing and thawing of the sap. To protect your trees against sun-scald, rabbits, mice, and other vermin, use the HAWKEYE TREE PROTECTOR. This should be fastened together as closely as possible, at the top, without injuring the tree, so mice, rats, rabbits, etc., cannot get between the tree and the protector. These Tree Protectors are made of good quality rock elm veneer, 20 inches long and 12 inches wide. They are put up in crates of 100 each, weighing about 30 pounds to the crate. Must be shipped by freight or express, purchaser to pay charges. Price: 100 for \$1.00, 1000 for \$7.50, 50 at 100 rates, not prepald. to pay charges. Price: 100 for \$1.0 \$7.50, 50 at 100 rates, not prepald.





Butternut.

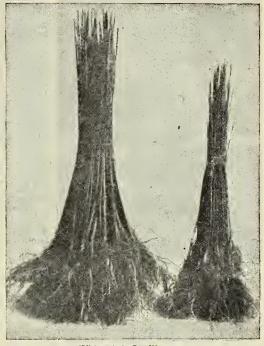
HARDY FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS.

For Description See Ornamental and Shade Trees, pages 110-112.

All our Seedlings are nursery grown, hardy, healthy and stocky plants with splendid root system. They will give the very best satisfaction everywhere, especially here in the Northwest. To successfully meet the severe climate conditions of our northern states, only hardy, acclimated, northern grown stock should be planted, as southern grown seedlings will usually prove a failure. Our seedlings are carefully grown here in our cold and changeable Minnesota climate, they are far superior to the southern grown stock and we charge no higher price for them than the inferior southern grown seedlings can be bought for.

We cannot accept orders for Seedlings only, If for less than \$1.00. Of varieties quoted at \$1.00 or less per 100, we cannot furnish smaller quantities than 100 seedlings.

		Per 100	Per 1000
Ash, American White	8—12 in	\$.50	\$4.00
14	···· ·· 12—18 in	.60	5.00
66 66	18–24 in	.70	6.00
Boxelder (Ash Leaf Maple)	6-12 in	.50	4.00
66	12—18 in	.65	5.00
66	18—24 in	.90	7.50
Caragana (Siberian Pea Tree)	12-18 in	3.50	30.00
44	2 yr. 18-24 ln	5.00	45.00
Catalpa Speciosa	12-18 ln	.50	3.50
***************************************	18—24 ln	.60	4.50
Cottonwood	6—12 ln	.50	3.50
46	12-18 ln	.60	4.00
46	18-24 ln	.80	6-00
Elm, White	12—18 in	.60	4.00
66 06	18–24 in	.75	6.00
66 06	2 3 ft	1.00	9.00
Hackberry	12-18 ln	2.00	17.50
		3.00	25.00
Horse Chestnut	12-18 in	3.50	27.50
** ************************************		5.00	40.00
Linden, American (Basswood)		2.50	20.00
Locust, Black		.50	4.00
		.75	5.00
Locust, Honey	····· 12—18 in	.50	4.50
Maple, Soft or Silver	12—18 in	.60	5.00
***************************************	18—24 In	.75	6.50
Maple, Norway	12-18 in	2.00	15.00
Willow, Golden Russlan,.	18—24 in	1.50	12.50
	Per 100 Pe	r 1000 .	



White Ash Seedling.

	Per 100	Per 1000
Walnut, Black	\$2.00 3.00	\$17.50 25.00
Butternut	1.75	15.00
"12—16 iii		25.00

	Per 100	Per 1000 _r	1
lulberry, Russian 8-12 ln	\$.45	\$ 3.00	
"12—18 ln	65،	4.50	ı
18–24 in	1.00	6.00	ı
usslan Olive12-18 in	2.00	16.00	ı
18—24 in	3.00	25.00	ı
Z Vear 2- 3 H	5.00		ı
Valnut, Black 8-12 in	1.75	15.00	

SEEDLINGS BY MAIL.

	Per 100 Per 1000		
8-12 in	\$.60	\$3.50	
6-12 in	.70	4.00	
6-12 in	.75	4.50	
12-18 ln	3.00		
. 8–12 in	.75	5.00	

WE PAY THE POSTAGE.

		Per 100 P	er 1000
Mulberry, Russian	18—24 ln 8—12 in	2.25 2.25	\$5.00

EVERGREEN SEEDLINGS.

Our Evergreen seedlings are all nursery grown, healthy and well rooted stock, and will give best results. We are the largest growers of Evergreens in the Northwest, and invite our customers to call and inspect our extensive evergreen arbors. In comparing our prices with those of other nurseries, do not overlook the fact that most nurseries offer forest pulled stock, while our seedlings are all arbor grown, with vigorous roots. We do not sell less than 25 of any variety. FOR DESCRIPTION SEE PAGE 114.

ARBOR VITE. (White Cedar)—Very hardy. Extensively used for hedges and windbreaks. 6 to 12 inches, 25 for 50c, 100 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$12.00, not prepaid. By mail, 25 for 65c, 100 for \$2.00, prepd.

JACK PINE—The hardiest of all American Pines. Rapid grower, valuable for windbreaks on dry soils and exposed locations. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for 50c, 100 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$2.00, postpaid.

SCOTCH PINE—Hardy, of quick growth. Used extensively for windbreaks. 6 to 12 inches, 25 for 75c, 100 for \$2.50, 1000 for \$15.00. By mail, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.00, postpald.

BLACK HILL SPRUCE—Very hardy, and especially valuable for hedge and windbreak planting on our western prairies. 4 to 10 Inches, 25 for 75c, 100 for \$2.00, 1000 for \$12.00. 8 to 12 Inches, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.00, 1000 for \$18.00. By mail, 4 to 10 Inches, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$2.50, postpaid.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE—Well known and generally planted everywhere. Very hardy and a splendid ornamental for the lawn and cemetery. 6 to 12 lnches, 25 for \$1.25, 100 for \$4.00, 1000 for \$30.00. By mail, 25 for \$1.50, 100 for \$4.50, postpaid.

NORWAY SPRUCE—One of the best evergreens for hedges, more extensively planted for windbreaks and shelter belts than any othe evergreens. Very hardy. 6 to 8 Inches, 25 for 50c, 100 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$12.00; 8 to 12 Inches, 25 for 85c, 100 for \$2.50, 1000 for \$15.00. By mall, 6 to 8 inches, 25 for 75c, postpaid.

WHITE SPRUCE—Much used for ornamental planting and shelter-belts. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for 85c, 100 for \$2.50, 1000 for \$15.00. By mall, 25 for \$1.10, 100 for \$2.75, postpald.

MOUNTAIN PINE—A low. spreading pine, valuable for planting on rocky or hillsides. 6 to 12 inches, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.00. By mail, 25 for \$1.25, 100 for \$3.50, postpaid.

BALSAM FIR—Hardy and of rapid growth, useful for all purposes. 8 to 12 inches, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.00. By mail, 25 for \$125, 100 for \$3.50, postpaid.

DOUGLAS FIR—Prices and sizes same as Balsam Fir.

EUROPEAN LARCH—Perfectly hardy and thrives in nearly all situation. 8 to 15 inches, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$2.75. By mall, 25 for \$1.25, 100 for \$3.25, postpald,



Showing Root system of F. S. & N. Co's. Evergreens.



Linden, American Locust, Black

Cottonwood

Our Evergreens are carefully balled and burlapped.



Koster's Blue Spruce.

PONDEROSA PINE. (Pinus Ponderosa)—Also called Buil Pine or Yellow Pine. It forms a stout, spreading tree with branches often penduous. A rapid grover, its branches heavy and rough coated with bark. Foliage is dark green, the needles extremely stiff and heavy. Very hardy, well suited for windbreaks and shelter belts in exposed locations. 8 to 12 inches, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.—2 to 3 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.

\$3.00.—2 to 3 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.

SCOTCH PINE. (Pinus Sylvestris)—The Scotch Pine is one of the hardiest and most rugged of evergreens, of very rapid growth when young, and reaches its maturity in about 20 years, after which it becomes rather open in habit. It has been planted more largely for windbreaks on our prairies than any other evergreen. Does well everywhere. 12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.25.—2 to 3 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$4.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 60c, 12 for \$6.00.—4 to 6 feet, each \$1.00.

WHITE PINE. (Plane Strabus)—A 5.21

WHITE PINE. (Pinus Strobus) - A tall whith Pine. (Pinus Strobus) — A tall beautiful tree with regular whorls of horizontal branches, forming a pyramidal crown. Foliage silvery green. Will grow in the poorest of sandy soils; a long lived tree and rapid grower. Not adapted for windbreaks. 12 to 18 Inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 75c.—4 to 6 feet, each \$1.25.

3 to 4 feet, each 75c. — 4 to 6 feet, each \$1.25.

HLACK HILLS SPRUCE. (Picca Canadensis)—A very hardy, handsome evergreen, rarely over 25 feet high, with slender pendulous branches and dark short needles. In graceful form and beauty, it ranks with the Blue Spruces, and is very desirable for lawn planting, hedges, and windbreaks, as it grows dense and compact. Black Hills Spruce does well in cold climates and light, dry soils. 8 to 12 inches, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.

—18 to 24 inches, each 40c, 12 for \$4.00.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE. (Picea Pungens) — Needles about one inch long, rather broad, rigid, and sharp pointed, branchlets smooth and shiny; a large tree of strictly conical growth and spreading branches color bright glaucous, sometimes varying to dark green. It is a noble and handsome tree, and now very popular with tree planters in the northern states. Very hardy and splendid for lawn and cemetery. 8 to 12 inches, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, 100 for \$25.00.—12 to 18 inches, each 75c, 12 for \$8.00.—18 to 24 inches, select trees, each \$1.00, 12 for \$10.00.—2 to 3 feet, each \$1.50, 3 for \$4.25, 12 for \$16.00.

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE. Koster's Genuine Silvery Blue Spruce—The most beautiful evergreen in existence. Foliage rich silvery blue. Very hardy and thrive everywhere in ordinary soil. They will always be expensive, for in order to retain the rich blue color, they are grafted on other seedlings, and it requires considerable labor and time to get these trees started, but after they reach a height of 10 to 12 inches, they grow rapidly. Average height 15 to 18 inches, each \$2.00.—18 to 24 inches, each \$2.50.50.—2½ to 3 feet, each \$4.50.—5 feet, each \$1.00.

NORWAY SPRUCE. (Picea Exceisa) — Lofty tree of pyramidal form, foliage rich deep green. A fine ornamental tree for the lawn or yard. More extensively planted for windbreaks and shelter belts than any other evergreen. It is the fastest grower of the spruce family, making a fine large conical tree with stout and generally pendulous branches. One of the best evergreens for hedges. 8 to 12 inches, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$12.00.—12 to 18 in., each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, 100 for \$16.00.—18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.75.—2 to 3 feet, each 40c, 12 for \$4.25.—3 to 4 feet, each 60c, 12 for \$6.00.

WHITE SPRUCE. (Picea Alba)—Needles are slender, ½ inch long, varying in color from light glaucous to dark green. A graceful tree of pyramidal habit and horizontal branches. It develops to its greatest perfection when growing in moist soil, but will also stand a drier location than any other spruce. Much used for ornamental plantings. A row of these trees should be in all shelter plants. 12 to 18 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.25.—18 to 24 inches, each 40c, 12 for \$4.25.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 75c.—4 to 6 feet, each \$1.25.

RED CEDAR. (Juniperus Virginlana)—Graceful, regular, conical formed tree, with rich, thick, dark foliage. In fall the branches are thickly hung with small blue berries. Very hardy and easily transplanted Splendid for hedges and low windbreaks. 18 to 24 inches, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 60c, 12 for \$6.00. thick, dark foliage. In and easily transplanted.

EVERGREENS OR CONIFERS.

All our Evergreens are nursery grown, have been transplanted several times, and are well developed shapely trees. They are most valuable for windbreaks, hedges and for screens.

if Evergreens are wanted balled or buriapped, add 15c extra for each tree, 1 to 3 feet, and 25c for each tree, 3 feet or larger. For the more expensive Evergreens especially we recommend bailing and burlapping to prevent exposure of the roots to air and sun.

AMERICAN ARBOR VITÆ. (Thuya Occidentalis)—Commonly known as White Cedar. A very popular evergreen, used extensively for formal hedges, and for windbreaks. Makes a splendid dense hedge when clipped, but ordinarily grows 20 to 40 feet tall. The trees are used for telephone and telegraph poles. Arbor Vitæ does best where land is too moist and cold for other evergreens. 8 to 12 inches, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50.—12 to 18 inches, each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—18 to 24 inches, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.—2 to 3 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 60c, 12 for \$5.50.—4 to 6 feet, each 70c.

ARBOR VITE, GLOBOSA—Globe Headed Arbor Vitæ. Grows in low, thick globe form; very desirable ornamental for specimen plants. 12 in. high, with 15 to 18 in. diameter, each 75c.

ARBOR VITÆ, PYRAMIDALIS—Pyramidai Arbor Vitæ. Grows into beautiful pyramids, foliage very distinct, resembling the cedar. A fine ornamental tree. 18 to 24 inches. each 60c.—2 to 3 feet, each 75c.—3 to 4 feet, each \$1.00.

BALSAM FIR. (Abies Balsamea)—Forms a slender, spiral and very symmetrical pyramidal tree. It is one of the most rapid growing trees and extremely hardy. Foliage is very dark green, needles soft, short, of pleasant aromatic fragrance. For lawn planting, either in groups, or as a specimen, it lends itself to a variety of uses. One of the choicest evergreens for general planting, especially on heavy. retentive soils. 8 to 12 inches, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10.00.—12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.75.—18 to 24 inches, each 35c, 12 for \$3.75.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 75c.

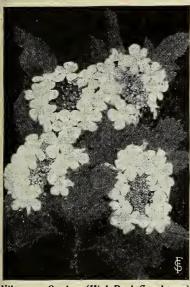
DOUGLAS FIR. (Abies Douglasii)—A very handsome tree of symmetrical and pyramidal habit, with regular branches and dark red-brown bark. The needles are long and of a green or bluish-green color. A very distinct evergreen and valuable for ornamental effects. 8 to 12 inches, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 100 for \$10.00.—12 to 18 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.75.—18 to 24 inches, each 35c, 12 for \$3.75.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

DWARF MOUNTAIN PINE. (Pinus Mugho) — Also called Dwarf Swiss Pine. A low spreading pine, very useful in lawn planting. In foliage it is a true pine with stout, dark green needles of medium length. Valuable for planting on rocky ground and hillsides. Hardy everywhere, does well on all soils. 12 inches high, with a spread of 12 inches, each 60c. — 15 to 18 inches high, with a spread of 18 to 24 inches, each 75c. each 75c.

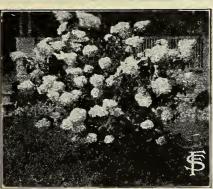
JACK PINE. (Pinus Divaricata)—The most northern and the hardiest of all American pines. Very hardy, a rapid grower, resisting drought and Very hardy, a rapid grower, resisting drought and severe cold extremely well. Especially valuable for windbreaks on dry, loose soils or exposed locations. The needles are short and stiff, and of light green color. A handsome picturesque tree suitable to most climates. 12 to 18 inches, each 20c, 12 for \$1.50.—18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$5.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, 100 for \$25.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, 100 for \$28.00.—4 to 6 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50, 100 for \$3.00 for \$3.00. 100 for \$30.00.



White Spruce.



Viburnum Opulus, (High Bush Cranberry).



Snowball.

HARDY **ORNAMENTAL** SHRUBS.



Deutzia.

Shrubs and flowering plants are to the exterior of a home what furnishings, books, and pictures are to the interior, they give character, individuality, and a home-like appearance to your place. Most people are realizing the importance of gardening and ornamental planting. It adds to the financial value of property, besides satisfying the sense of beauty.

Much can be done with a few shrubs, trees, and vines, at a small cost. Plant a few vines around the porch, some Spirea Van Houttei, Barberry, Deutzias or Hydrangeas, along the foundation, or in groups near the house, and a few good shade trees on the lawn.

For naturalistic effect, shrubs should be planted in groups, or in borders around the house, and along the boundery divisions; the taller growing varieties in the background, or in the center of the group, then medium sized plants, with shrubs of low, dwarf, spreading habit for the foreground or border. Shrubs should be arranged so as to have some in bloom all the time, with those of bright or variegated foliage and berries for late autumn and winter effect, or for contrast.

For convenience of our customers we have given the blooming season, average height, and habit of growth, also the location in which the different shrubs will produce best results.

We have eliminated all those varieties that are not hardy enough for this climate. In this section, nearly all shrubs and plants should have some protection, as the intense cold saps the vigor, even if it does not kill them. With the exception of mailing plants, all our shrubs are strong vigorous transplanted stock, at least two years old. We have as fine a stock of Hardy Ornamental Shrubs as can be grown anywhere, all produced here in our own nurseries.

LANDSCAPE GARDENING.

To meet the increasing demand of our local patrons for this service, we added this departnent to our business several years ago. Now we are assisting our mail order patrons in designing their grounds and gardens, and making selections for them. Send us a rough sketch of your place, locating the buildings, trees and shrubs already there, with correct dimension and points of compass. Photographs, taken from different angles, will greatly assist us. We will then make a design for you, locating each plant and tree, together with an estimate of the cost of such planting. We make no charge for this service, if the nursery stock is bought of us.

We sell 6 plants at the dozen rate.

AMYGDALUS. (Double Flowering Almond.)—Pink or White. A beautiful May-flowering shrub, growing 5 feet high, with branches covered with small very double rose-like flowers. Should be planted in a sunny open place. Requires protection north of St. Paul. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, not prepaid.

ARTEMESIA, RUSSIAN. (Old man.) -A hardy vigorous shrub which thrives anywhere,

n any soil. Long graceful branches covered with feathery foliage; a lovely shrub for low hedges and for massing in groups. 3 to 4 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.00.—4 to 5 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.00.

BERBERHIS ATROPURPUREA. (Purple Leaved Barberry.)—Splendid for hedges and borders, with rich purple foliage, contrasting well with other plants Grows 4 to 5 feet high, and has long graceful thorny branches. Valuable for its beautiful coloring and late autumn effect. Should be protected north of here. 12 to 18 in. each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 18 to 24 ln. each 25c, 12 for \$2.25

B. THUNBERGII. (Japanese Barberry.)—One of the best all around shrubs for the Northwest, thriving under all conditions. Slender graceful branches with fine bright green foliage, turning to brilliant crimson and orange in fall. Branches are covered with small yellow flowers in June, followed by scarlet berries that stay on the bushes almost all winter. This is the best low hedge plant for the Northwest. See illustration page 116. 12 to 18 in. each 15c, 12 for \$1.50.-18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

B. VULGARIS. (Common Barberry.)—Similar to Barberry Thunbergii, but taller and of coarser growth. Yellow flowers in June succeeded by red berries. 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.25.—3 to 4 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.00.

BUDDLEIA-BUTTERFLY BUSH.-See novelty pages.

CARAGANA. (Siberlan Pea Tree.)—A large shrub or dwarf tree with dainty foliage. Peashaped flowers, yellow, produced in numerous clusters in May and June. May be trimmed as a hedge. 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.00.—3 to 4 feet, each 35c.—4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

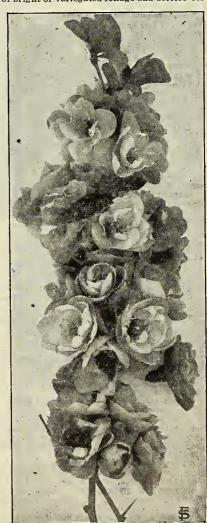
CORNUS SIBERICA. (Red Siberlan Dogwood.)—A tall spreading shrub, splendid for speciman planting or for hedges. Panicles of white flowers in June, followed by berries. Bark is bright red in winter. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c—3 to 4 feet, each 40c.

CORNUS STOLONIFERA—Of bush like habit, with deep red bark and lanceolate leaves, wers borne in panicles, creamy white. Very effective for winter. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c.—3 to Flowers borne 4 feet, each 40c.

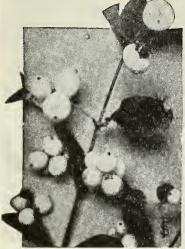
CORNUS VARIEGATED.—Beautiful green and white variegated foliage, with broad panicles of dainty white flowers On account of its striking foliage, it should be included in every group or planting of shrubbery. 2 to 3 feet, each 50c.

OYDONIA JAPONICA. (Japanese Quince.)—See illustration. A brilliant showy plantwith bright glossy foliage and large scarlet flowers, in May, followed by yellow, pear-shaped fruit. Hardy here, but requires protection further north. A splendid shrub for the lawn, and makes a splendid hedge, as it is spiny and can be clipped. 18 to 24 in. each 35c, 12 for \$3.00.

ELEAGNUS. (Russian Olive.)—An excellent tall growing shrub or tree, solendid for hedges, on account of its silvery foliage and black glossy bark. Fragrant yellow flowers appear in May and June. Perfectly hardy even in Canada. May be trimmed as a formal hedge. 3 to 4 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—4 to 5 ft. each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—Extra select specimens 5 to 6 ft. @ 50c.



Japan Quince.



Snowberry.

PHILADELPHUS CORONA-RIUS. (Mock Orange.)—A vigorous, tall growing shrub, with creamy white flowers in May and June, delightfully fragrant. Hardy everywhere, and good for immediate effects, on account of its rapid spreading growth. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

PHILADELPHUS CORONA-RIUS AUREUS. (Golden Mock Orange.)—Similar to above, with bright yellow foliage, growing 3 to 4 feet high. Effective for planting with groups of other shrubs. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12

PHILADELPHUS GORDON-IANUS—A tall variety, splendid for tall borders, growing in both sunny and shady locations. Flowers pure white, late. Free from insects and blight. 2 to 3 ft. 35c.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c.

RHUS CANADENSIS. (Sumac.)

—A handsome tall bush, with beautiful foliage, turning brilliant searlet in fall. Large clusters of bright red fruit on erect stiff stems. Fine for rough, sandy places, backgrounds and screens. 2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 plants, each 50c. 12 for \$2.50, specimen

RHUS COTINUS. (Purple Fringe or Smoke Tree.) A curious tall shrub, with bright pea-green leaves and delicate feathery purple flowers in June and July.

feathery purple flowers in June and July.

Should have protection the first two
winters. A very handsome unusual
shrub. 18 to 24 ln. each 25c, 12 for
\$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

SAMBUCUS AUREA. (Golden Elder.)—One of the best golden leaved shrubs, contrasting
well with other shrubs. 5 to 6 feet high, of vigorous spreading habit. Large flat clusters of
fragrant white flowers followed by black edible berries in late summer. Hardy and grows well
everywhere. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c.—3 to 4 feet, each 40c.—4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS. (Common Elder.)—Handsome compound foliage; broad flat clusters of creamy white flowers in June, followed by dark red berries in September. Berries are valuable for pies and preserving. A very hardy vigorous bush, growing as high as 10 feet. 2 to 3 feet, each 30c.—3 to 4 feet, each 40c.—4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

SAMBUCUS LACINIATA. (Cut Leaved Elder.)—A beautiful variety with fern-like foliage, of drooping habit. One of the handsomest shrubs for the Northwest. 18 to 24 in. each 25c.—3 to 4 feet, each 40c.—4 to 5 feet, each 50c.

SYMPHORICARPUS RACEMOSUS. (Snowberry, White.) A very hardy shrub that does well everywhere; grows 3 to 5 feet tall. Flowers are pale pink, followed by large waxy white berries that remain on the bush nearly all winter. Foliage turns deep purple in fall, forming a pretty contrast with the white berries. 18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50. See Illustration.

SYMPHORICARPUS VULGARIS. (Snowberry, Red, or Indian Currant.)—Similar to White Snowberry, but of taller growth, with elongated red berries that hang on the bushes nearly all winter. 18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

SYRINGA VULGARIS. (Common Purple Lilac.)—The old fashioned purple flowering kind, with its wealth of lovely fragrant flowers in May. Bush is a rapid vigorous grower, splendid for a tall hedge. Hardy everywhere. 18 to 24 inches, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

SYRINGA VULGARIS ALBA. (White Lilac.)—Similar to the above, but flowers are borne in rather loose clusters, pure white and deliciously fragrant. Bush is an erect tall grower. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c. 12 for \$3.50.

SYRINGA JOSIKEA. (flungarian Lilac.)—Of vigorous upright growth, with broad shiny dark green leaves. Flowers are lovely violet purple, borne in large panicles. Blooms late, after common varieties are thru blooming. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

TREE LILACS. (Named Varieties.) See novelties, page 125.

DON'T OVER LOOK OUR COLLECTIONS OF SHRUBS AND VINES PAGE 125.

Hardy Ornamental Shrubs. Continued.

DEUTZIA CRENATA ROSEA—Beautiful, extremely hardy plants. with luxuriant foliage and great masses of flowers. They do well in both shady and sunny locations, and blossom in June, July, and August. Clusters of lovely pink flowers, very double. 18 to 24 In. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50,—2 to 3 ft. each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00. Splendid for hedges. See Illustration, page 115.

DEUTZIA GRACILLIS-A low growing variety, with graceful branches of pure white flowers, very fragrant. An excellent shrub for cemetery planting. Strong 2 yr. old plants, @ 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

DEUTZIA LEMOINE—Similar to Deutzia Gracillis, but of stocky, upright growth. Beautiful thick clusters of white flowers. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$2.50.

DEUTZIA PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—The most popular of the Deutzias. Large double white flowers, slightly tinged with rose, are borne in long panicles in great profusion. Of vigorous habit, succeeds in almost any soil. Blooms earlier than other Deutzias. 18 to 24 ln. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

FORSYTHIA, FORTUNEI. (Golden Bell.)—A vigorous shrub with upright or arching branches. Branches are covered with yellow flowers before leaves appear, in April. Grows about 5 feet high. 18 to 24 in. each 25c.—2 to 3 ft. each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 ft. each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

FORSYTHIA, SUSPENSA. (Drooping Golden Bell.)—A graceful drooping shrub, can be trained over a trellis, about 4 feet high. Bright yellow flowers in April, before leaves appear. Splendid for borders. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA. (Snowball Hydrangea.)—A vigorous shrub, 4 to 5 feet high, with large clusters of white flowers, similar to Snowball, but larger, from June to August. Very showy in large groups. 18 to 24 in. each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

PRUNUS TRILOBA. (Double Flowering Plum.) A lovely shrub of dwarf tree habit, one of the finest spring flowering in cultivation. Early in spring before its leaves appear, the whole plant is covered with small double pink blossoms, giving a wonderfully pretty effect. Very effective for lawn planting. 2 to 3 feet, each 40c.



HYDRANGEA PANICU-LATA GRANDIFLORA—The most beautiful and striking of all flowering shrubs. Bears immense clusters of beautiful and striking or an nowering shrubs. Bears immense clusters of creamy white flowers in August, turning to bright pink and rose, and finally to bronze, in September, as they grow older. Grows 3 to 4 feet high, does well in sunny locations. Valuable for specimen planting, and for borders, and should be in every garden. Should be cut back in spring before growth starts. 18 to 24 in. each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—2 to 3 feet, 50c, 12 for \$5.00.

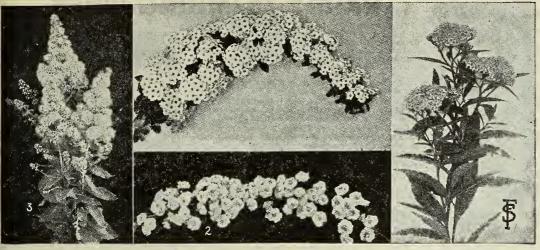
LONICERA TATARICA. (Tartarian Honeysuckie.)-Very hardy, popular plant, bearing a profusion of fragrant pink flowers in May and June, followed by long red berries in September. Splendid as background for low growing shrubs. Does well in rather dry sunny locations. 18 to 24 in. each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—2 to 3 ft. each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.

LONICERA MORROWI. (Japanese Bush Honeysuckle.)—A spreading variety, with dark green leaves and fragrant white flowers, followed by red berries. Grows 4 to 5 feet tall; vigorous and hardy. 18 to 24 in. each 20c, 12 for \$2.00.—2 to 3 ft. each 30c, 12 for \$3.00.—3 to 4 ft. each 40c, 12 for \$4.00.

RIBES. (Flowering Currant.)-Very hardy shrub, with glossy leaves turning brilliant red and orange in fall. Numerous bright yellow flowers early in spring. 5 to 7 feet high, hardy everywhere. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for



Barberry Thunbergil.



SPIREAS.

No. 1, (Center Top) represents type of flower produced by Spirea Van Houttei.

No. 2, Spirea Prunifolla.

No. 3. Spirea Billardi Tomentosa.

No. 4, Anthony Waterer and Bumol-

They range in color from pure and creamy white to deep rosy red.

Continued. HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS.

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER-One of the finest flowering shrubs, of low dwarf growth, seldom exceeding 2 feet in height; in constant bloom from June to September. Bright rose flowers are borne in broad flat clusters, completely covering the bush. The best shrub for low borders and low flowering hedges. Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

SPIREA BILLARDI—A lovely tall growing Spirea, with brown hairy branches and fine foliage. Vigorous and hardy, growing 5 feet tall. Bright pink flowers are borne in long clusters or spikes, during July and August. A splendid border plant. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

SPIREA CALLOSA ALBA—A handsome dwarf Spirea, similar to Anthony Waterer, but with clusters of pure white flowers. Blooms all summer. Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA—The true Bridal Wreath. Very hardy and vigorous, growing 4 to 5 feet tall. As the leaves open in spring, the branches and twigs are covered with small snow white double flowers. A lovely, graceful Spirea. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

SPIREA THUNBERGI—A dwarf variety, with numerous slender branches and delicate foliage, forming a dense feathery bush. Early in spring, it is covered with dainty white blossoms, like snowflakes. The bright green foliage turns brilliant orange-crimson in fall. Splendid for borders. Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—One of the finest shrubs ever produced; its good qualities and beauty cannot be exaggerated. Very graceful, with lovely foliage, growing 6 feet high, and extremely hardy everywhere. In May and June, the whole bush is simply covered with minute white flowers, in dainty clusters, along every branch. For lawn and cemetery planting, it cannot be equalled. It is a beautiful graceful hedge plant, and excellent for grouping in front of porches and buildings. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—Specimen plants.—3 to 4 feet each 50c, 12 for \$5.00. See illustration.

SPECIAL OFFER: We will send one of each of the six SPIREAS listed above, strong two year old plants, worth \$1.50, for only \$1.00, by express. This collection cannot be sent by mail.

VIRBURNUM OPULUS STERILE. (Common Snowball.)-The well known hardy shrub, with large balls of handsome white flowers, produced in clusters of four to six. Blooms in May and June. Splendid for cemetery planting. 18 to 24 ln. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

VIRBURNUM OPULUS. (High Bush Cranberry.)—A handsome upright spreading shrub, by ght green leaves. Small flowers appear in June in great flat clusters, followed by scarlet berries, which last ter. Very hardy, thrives anywhere. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50. bright green leaves. Small flowers app winter. Very hardy, thrives anywhere.

VIRBURNUM TOMENTOSUM. (Japanese Snowball.)—Foliage is soft, dark green, slightly crimped. Beautiful spreading bush, producing great balls, three inches across. Flowers are large, white, very beautiful. Red fruits follow, changing to black in autumn. Very hardy, and is not affected by sunscald and insects. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.—2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.

WEIGELA CANDIDA. (Olervilla.)—A spreading shrub with arching branches, growing 5 to 6 feet high. Large trumpet shaped flowers, pure white, are borne freely, in clusters, all summer. Prefers a rather damp, shaded location, in good garden soil. Hardy in nursery, rowbut should have some protection. 2 to 3 feet, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50.—3 to 4 feet, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50.

WEIGELA ROSEA-Similar to Candida, but flowers shade from lovely pale pink to deep rose. 18 to 24 in. each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.-2 to 3 feet, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

HARDY SHRUBS BY MAIL—For the convenience of our customers who live far from an express office, or who wish to plant small sized shrubs, we list the following well rooted plants. With longer waiting, they will give as good effects as larger plants. Price, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, postpaid.

Almond, Double Pink, Barberry Thunbergii, Barberry Purple, Deutzia Crenata Rosea, Deutzia Gracillis, Forsythla Fortunei, High Bush Cranberry, Honeysuckle Morrowl, Hydrangea Panlculata Grandiflora, Lilac, Purple and White, Philadelphus, Mock Orange, Snowberry White, Snowball, Spirea Van Houttei.

HEDGE PLANTS.

BARBERRY THUNBERGII—8 to 12 in. 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00.—12 to 18 in. 25 for \$3.00, 100 for \$10.00.—18 to 24 in. 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00. The best low hedge for the Northwest.

BARBERRY PURPLE LEAVED—Prices same as for Barberry Thunbergil.

CARAGANA-2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$3.50, 100 for \$10.00 -3 to 4 feet, 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.

CARAGANA—2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$3.50, 100 for \$10.00.—3 to 4 feet, 25 for \$5.50, 100 for \$15.00.

CYDONIA JAPONICA. (Japan Quince.)—8 to 12 in. 25 for \$1.75, 100 for \$6.00.—12 to 18 in. 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$7.00.—18 to 24 ln. 25 for \$3.00, 100 for \$9.00.

LIGISTRUM ANUKENSE. (Privet Amurense.)—Large oblong glossy leaves, almost evergreen; clusters of white, fragrant flowers. A splendid low hedge, can be clipped. 12 to 18 in. 25 for \$2.00, 100 for \$8.00.—18 to 24 in. 25 for \$3.00, 100 for \$9 90.—2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$4.00, 100 for \$12.00.

LIGISTRUM VULGARIS. (Common Privet.)—Leaves turn purple in fall, and remain on plants nearly all winter. Dense panicles of white flowers. 18 to 24 in. 25 for \$2.50, 100 for \$8.00.—2 to 3 ft. 25 for \$3.50, 100 for \$10.00.—3 to 4 feet, 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.

RHAMINUS CATHARTICUS. (Buckthorn.)—The best hedge plant for this section. Thick justrous green

**Thick lustrous green leaves, spiny branches, and black berries; extremely hardy and stands clipping well. 18 to 24 in. 25 for \$2.50, 100 for \$8.00.—2 to 3 ft. 25 for \$3.50, 100 for \$12.00.—3 to 4 ft. 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.

**ROSA RUGOSA, ALBA and RUBRA.—See Roses. 2 yr. 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.

**SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—18 to 24 in. 25 for \$5.00. 100 for \$15.00.—2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$7.00, 100 for \$20.00.—3 to 4 feet, 25 for \$8.00, 100 for \$25.00.

SYRINGA (Lilac)—White and Purple. 12 to 18 in. 25 for \$3.00, 100 for \$10.00.—18 to 24 in. 25 for \$4.00, 100 for \$12.00.—2 to 3 feet, 25 for \$5.00, 100 for \$15.00.

AIRFORE VIET —Page 114, 12 to 18 in. 25 for \$4.00, 100 for \$12.00.—18 to 24 in. 25 for \$6.00, 100 for \$18.00.

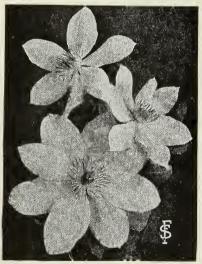
ARBOR VITÆ-Page 114, 12 to 18 in. 25 for \$4.00, 100 for \$12.00.-18 to 24 ln. 25 for \$6.00, 100 for \$18.00.

Prunus Triloba, Double Flowering Plum.





Ampelopsis Engelmanni.



Clematis, Jackmannl.

SCARLET TRUMPET. (Sempervirens.)—The best known Honeysuckle. Broad, deep green leaves, which remain almost all winter. Covered with clusters of scarlet, trumpet-shaped flowers in summer, which are followed by red berries.

CLEMATIS.

The Clematis are the most beautiful of all flowering vines. The large flowering varieties, measuring three to six inches in diameter, range from pure white, pale blue, rose and lavender, to deep purple and scarlet. The small flowering Clematis are deliciously fragrant, and very hardy. Clematis should be planted in rich deep soil, three inches beneath the surface, and given protection during the winter.

LARGE FLOWERING CLEMATIS.

JACKMANNI—The most satisfactory of its class. Immense, velvety, deep purple flowers, borne in clusters. Blooms profusely all summer, on young shoots; should be pruned in spring. Jackmanni is the lovliest and most vigorous large flowering Clematis.

HENRYI—A splendid, pure white variety, with blossoms eight sepaled, four to six inches in diameter. Very hardy, and a free bloomer.

MADAME EDOUARD ANDRE-The Crimson Jackmanni. A strong vigorous grower and a profuse bloomer. Large beautiful crimson flowers.

CLIMBING ROSES—See page 124.

BETA GRAPE—See page 104.

HARDY CLIMBING VINES.

These beautiful and useful plants are as important for improving the grounds and home as shrubs. For porches, pergolas, and screens, they are a necessity. They soften the appearance of a stone wall, cover rocky banks, ugly fences and dead trees, and have innumerable other uses. Some varieties are valuable chiefly for their hardiness and foliage, while others, like the Clematis. Wistaria, and Trumpet Vine, are planted for their lovely flowers.

We offer two sizes, strong transplanted 2 and 3 year plants, and the mailing plants, which are well rooted, strong one year plants, all field grown.

Price, Extra select, Strong 2 year old plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid. By mail, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, postpaid.

AMPELOPSIS ENGELMANNI. (Engelmann's lvy.)—One of the best and hardiest vines for the Northwest. The foliage is smaller and thicker than Ampelopsis Quinquefolia, and is especially beautiful in autumn, when it turns crimson and orange. It is the only perfectly hardy vine that will cling to brick, stone or cement. It is used extensively on churches and large buildings, and does well in any soil.

ANIPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA. (Virginla Creeper.)—The true Woodbine, with great large handsome leaves, deeply cut in five lobes. Luxuriant in growth, with handsome foliage turning to bright crimson in fall, with blue berries. Excellent for arbors, trellises, porches, fences and trees, and is perfectly hardy.

ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO. (Dutchman's Plpe.)—A very hardy vine of rapid growth, with immense heart-shaped leaves and curious pipe-shaped flowers of brownish yellow. Splendid for verandas, as it forms a dense cool shade on the hottest days.

BIGNONIA RADICANS. (Trumpet Vine.)—A robust tall climber, with great leathery trumpet-shaped flowers of scarlet, which last all summer. A beautiful showy vine, useful for fences, screens, stumps, etc.

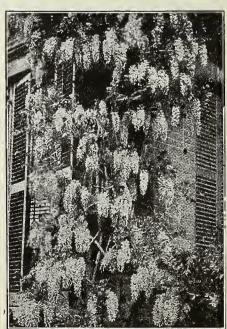
CELASTRUS. (Bittersweet.)—A very popular hardy vine of twining habit. Bright green foliage turning to yellow in autumn, with quantities of bright orange and scarlet berries, which remain all winter.

LYCIUM. (Matrimony Vine.)—A strong bushy vine, with fine foliage. Very handsome when covered with quantities of small purple flowers, which are followed by small scarlet berries. A good vine to plant for covering low fences, porches, or unsightly places.

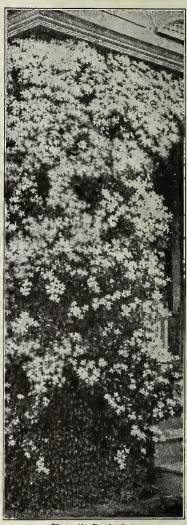
LONICERA, HONEYSUCKLE.

GOLDEN LEAVED. (Aurea Reticulata.)— Beautiful variegated green and yellow foliage. Creamy white flowers of exquisite fragrance. A lovely vine for porches.

HALL'S JAPANESE. (Halleana.)—Vigorous climber, almost evergreen, with fragrant flowers, pure white changing to yellow.



Wistaria



Ciematis Paniculata.

ROMONA—Enormous, deep sky-blue flowers, appearing on last year's growth and on new shoots, blooming profusely all summer. A very strong hardy sort.

Prices of each of above varieties: each 40c, 3 for \$1.00, 12 for \$4.00, not prepaid.—By mail, each 50c, 3 for \$1.25, 12 for \$5.00, postpaid.

Small Flowering Clematis.

COCCINEA—Scarlet bell-shaped flow ers, blooms from June until frost. A beautiful, graceful climber, with broad leaves.

PANICULATA—One of the best and lovliest climbers. Bears showers of dainty exquisitely fragrant, white flowers in late summer. Thrives on any soil and location; is free from blight and insects. Splendid for porches, arbors, etc.

Prices: Strong 2 year old plants, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, not prepald.—By mail, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50, postpald.

WISTARIA.

CHINESE PURPLE—Free flowering vines, with handsome blossoms. One of the hardiest climbers, with beautiful foliage that remains on late in autumn. Purple flowers are borne in drooping clusters, almost like bunches of grapes.

WHITE-Similar to the Purple Wistaria, but the flowers are pure white.

Prices: Strong 3 year old plants, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, not prepaid.—By mail, each 45c, 12 for \$4.50, postpaid.

HARDY FLOWERING PERENNIAL PLANTS.

The charming old-fashioned gardens of our grandmothers' day are again in popular favor, with their wealth of lovely flowers. A garden of this sort is more satisfactory and less expensive than a garden of annuals, for perennial plants last for years. Once planted, they stay there, and increase in size and beauty each year, with very little care, giving a wealth of flowers from April to October. All perennials require fairly good rich soil, some sunlight, and must be kept clean of weeds.

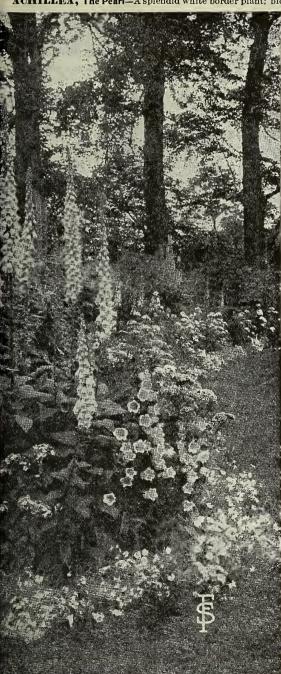
For backgrounds and tall growing borders, plant Hollyhocks, Digitalis, Delphiniums, Golden Glow, and the Hardy Asters and Hardy Lilies. Fill in the foreground with Phlox, Sweet William, Astilbe, Achillea, Pyrethrum, and any of the smaller sorts, arranging them so as to have some in bloom all summer. With such an extensive assortment to choose from, it is not difficult to have flowers in the perennial garden all summer. We have given the blooming season, average height, and the location in which the plants do well, to assist our patrons in making their selection and planting their gardens. We shall be very glad to give further instructions, and to assist in planning gardens.

The following list contains only those varieties which we know are absolutely hardy in Minnesota. On account of our extreme climate, we must necessarily limit our gardens to the hardier plants, but by judicious selection and planting, beautiful results may be obtained.

We offer strong, two year old, field grown plants, at 15c each, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.50, prepaid, except where noted. If plants are wanted by express, we will send larger plants, or include extras to make up the difference in price.

NOTE:—WE CANNOT ACCEPT ORDERS FOR PERENNIAL PLANTS FOR LESS THAN 50 CENTS, UNLESS ORDERED WITH A GENERAL ORDER OF NURSERY STOCK.

ACHILLEA, The Pearl-A splendid white border plant; blooms all summer in profusion. Perfectly hardy anywhere. About 2 feet high



Digitalis (Fox Glove) Tall Growing, in Background; Campanula, Sweet William, Phlox and Pinks in Foreground.

AQUILEGIA COERULEA, Rocky Mountain Columbine — Immense blue and white blossoms, white petals with long blue spurs. Very beautiful plants, with delicate foliage and handsome showy flowers. Splendid for shady locations. They bloom from May to July and grow 2 to 3 feet tall. Very hardy.

AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA, Golden Columbine—Bears a profusion of large bright yellow flowers, 2 to 3 inches in diameter, with long spurs. Similar to above variety.

ASTERS, NEW ENGLAND, Michaelmas Daisles — Bloom from June until October. Deep purplish flowers are borne in clusters on tall stems, 3 to 5 feet high. Valuable on account of their long blooming season, after other plants are gone.

ASTILBE JAPONICA, Herbaceous Spirea or Goat's Beard—Very handsome, valuable plants, with beautiful deep green foliage, and great spikes of feathery white flowers. A splendid low growing plant, for borders or for massing between tall varieties. Succeeds in both shady and sunny places. Blooms in June and July. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50. (See illustration on page 120.)

BLEEDING HEART, Dicentra Spectabilis—An old-fashioned favorite, with long racemes of graceful, heart-shaped, pink flowers. Foliage is fern-like and dainty. Valuable for planting in the shade. Grows 1 to 2 feet tall, and blooms in May. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

CAMPANULA, Bell Flower—Plants grow about 18 inches tall, and are loaded with bell-shaped blue flowers from June to August. Very pretty and do well in the shade.

DAISY, SHASTA—Beautiful large white daisies, with yellow centers. Very free flowering and hardy. They grow about two feet tall, and may be planted anywhere, but bloom most profusely in sunny places. The chief blooming season is in June, but continues all summer. Splendid for borders and for cutting.

DELPHINIUM. (Hardy Larkspur) **FORMOSUM**—The old favorite, with tall showy spikes of flowers. Intensely deep blue flowers, with white eyes, very striking. The plant is very hardy and vigorous, 3 to 5 feet tall, and free flowering. The blossoms should be picked in June, before seed pods form, and they will blossom until October. See illustration on page 120 All Delphiniums do best in a rather sunny location.

DELPHINIUM BELLADONNA—A magnificent new variety, with immense spikes of double flowers. Flowers are light blue, with lavender shadings and black eyes. Hardy and vigorous, growing 5 feet tall, and blooming from June to October. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

DELPHINIUM CHINENSIS—A dwarf variety, with delicate foliage and flowers. Grows 2 to 3 feet tall. Feathery flowers, light blue and white, are borne from June to August.

KING OF DELPHINIUMS—One of the finest Delphiniums ever grown. Enormous semi-double flowers on tall spikes, reaching a height of 5 feet. Deep indigo blue, with purple inner petals and large white center. Blooms from June to September. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50.

DELPHINIUM, KELWAY'S MASTERPIECE-See Noveltles.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS, Sweet William — Charming old-fashioned plants, growing 12 to 18 inches tall. Bloom in June, in sunny location. Sturdy, hardy plants, with an abundance of flat clusters of flowers, in variegated red, rose, and white effects. Single and Double Mixed. See illustration.

DIANTHUS PLUMARIUS, Hardy Garden Pinks—Old favorites, bearing spicy sweet scented flowers in great profusion. Beautiful in form and colorings, and valuable for cutting. Fine for dwarf borders, and will grow in any soil. See illustration on page 120.

DIGITALIS, Foxglove—Dignified, stately, old time favorites, worthy of a place in the choicest garden. Tall spikes of bell-shaped flowers, beautifully spotted, in rich rose and lilac colorings. Splendid for backgrounds for lowergrowing plants, or among shrubbery. Thrive in half shade as well as in the sun. See illustration.

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA, Blanket Flower—Very showy, hardy plants, blooming from June until heavy frost. The large flowers are gorgeous yellow, with deep reddish brown centers, and petals are marked with rings of red and orange. Grows about 2 feet tall; splendid for cutting.

GOLDEN GLOW, Rudbeckia—A fine, hardy plant, which should be in every garden. Grows about 5 feet high, and produces hundreds of great double yellow flowers in August and September. Should have plenty of sun.

HELIOPSIS PITCHERIANA, Orange Sunflower—Flowers are a brilliant orange-yellow, about 2 inches in diameter, very useful for cutting. Does well on dry soil, and in hot sunny locations, and blooms all summer. Grows about 3 to 4 feet high.

HIBISCUS, Crimson Eye — Immense flowers of pure white, with large story everty crimson in the center. Plants grow 3 to 4 feet tall, in sunny location, and bioom a long time.

HOLLYHOCKS—No garden is complete without these stately plants. They should be planted in borders, or clumps, in rather sunny locations, as a background for low growing plants. Huge, towering spikes, 5 to 8 feet tall, are simply covered with showy rosette-like flowers in various colors. We can furnish Double White, Plnk, Red, Salmon, and Yellow. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, 12 for \$2.00, prepaid.



Astllbe Japonica.



Achillea, The Pearl.

HARDY PERENNIALS.

CONTINUED.

Price, except where noted: Strong, two year old, field grown plants, each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.50, prepaid.

IRIS. (German Varieties.)

Iris are exceedingly easy to cultivate, and do well in dry sunny locations, on rich, well drained soil. Plant shallow, barely covering the roots. The German Iris rival orchids in beauty and color, and are deliciously fragrant. Every shade of yellow, cream, blue, and purple is represented in this class of herbaceous plants. They become in Morrod Lynd and problem for cutting. blossom in May and June, and are lovely for cutting.

AUREA-Beautiful, immense yellow flowers.

BLACK PRINCE—Standards of deep lilac, falls or drooping petals rich purplish black. The darkest Iris.

FLORENTINE BLUE-Beautiful sky-blue flowers, with falls of lighter shade.

FLORENTINE WHITE-Immense cream white flowers. fragrant and early.

MADAME CHEREAU—One of the loveliest. Pure white, daintily edged and veined with light blue. Flowers on tall upright stems, 2 to 3 feet tall.

 $\mathbf{QUEEN\ OF\ MAY}\mathrm{_Rosy}$ lavender, blended with white; a distinct and dainty variety.

SAN SOUCI-Standards yellow, falls rich mahogany brown; very rich and effective.

Price of above varieties: Each 15c, one of each for \$1.00, dozen \$1.50, prepaid.—MIXED VARIETIES: Each 10c, dozen \$1.00.

JAPANESE IRIS. (Kaempferi.)

These Iris are of great beauty and easy growth, succeeding best in cool, moist places, on rich, well drained soil. They are perfectly hardy, but should be protected in winter. They begin to bloom in June, and continue thru July.

BANRI-NISHIKI-Waxy white, with lavender veins, lovely delicate flowers of great beauty.

ECLIPSE-Immense, double flowers with six wide petals; purplish crimson, with prominent markings in golden yellow. A gorgeous, splendid variety. Blooms late.

GOLD BOUND—Double pure white, with a gold band thru the center of each petal. One of the best.

PURPLE AND GOLD—Immense, double flowers, 10 inches in diameter. Rich violet purple petals, with brilliant yellow stripe thru each one; white petaloids tipped with violet.

Price of above Japanese Iris: Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, prepaid.

-MIXED VARIETIES: Each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, prepaid.

LILIES—See Bulbs.

LILY OF THE VALLEY. (Convallaria.)

Exquisite, dainty fragrant flowers against heavy green leaves, does well in semi-shady locations, and must bave rich soil. Blooms in May and June. Universally popular for cut flowers.

LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA, Fireball.

The most brilliant plant in the hardy border. Grows about 2 feet tall, with masses of vivid scarlet flowers, borne in flat clusters. Blooms in June and July. Does well in hot sunny location.

ORIENTAL POPPY, Papaver.

ORIENTAL KING—The most beautiful and showy flowers of the perennial class. Foliage is deeply cut and fern-like, dark green, and contrasts well with the immense crimson scarlet flowers, blotched with black. Flowers are borne on long stems, fine effects. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, prepaid.



PANSY PLANTS. While these are not classed with perennial plants, they are quite hardy, and very popular for bedding. We offer Glant Flowering sorts in all shades and colors, strong plants, at 40c per dozen, 100 for \$2.50.





Campanula. (Bell Flower.)



Japanese Iris.



Shasta Daisy. (Page 119.)



German Iris. (Page 120.)

HARDY PERENNIALS. Continued.

HARDY PHLOX. (Flame Flowers.)

Hardy phlox are among our choicest and hardiest perennial plants. They are of easy culture, vigorous habit, and very spreading growth. They succeed in any garden soil, in a rather sunny location, and bloom continuously from July to October. They should be watered occasionally in hot weather. Their gorgeous brilliant colorings make them especially valuable for hardy borders, beds, or massing among shrubs. Phlox are most effective when planted in masses of each color, not less than six and even as many as twenty-five of a color.

SPLENDID NEW VARIETIES.

Price: Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid.—By mail, each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00, postpaid.

EXTRAVAGANCE—The flowers of this new introduction are distinct in color from any other Phlox. Large flower heads with very large blooms of beautiful lavender-blue, with faint white stripes radiating from the center of blossom outward.

FANTOME—One of the most beautiful and unusual sorts. Flowers are larg with a white border, and shaded with white from the center. Dwarf, mid-season. Flowers are large, deep lavender, edged

LA VAGUE—Large flower trusses with large size blooms of pure mauve-pink with bright aniline-red eye. A splendid variety and free bloomer.

MME. PAPE-CARPENTIER—Of dwarf growth and blooming very early. Flowers of good size and perfect form, glistening pure white. A very fine Phlox.

NINE OF THE BEST PHLOX.

Price: Strong 2 year field grown plants, each 15c, 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50, not prepaid.—

By mail, each 20c, 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.75, postpald.

BRIDESMAID-Pure white, with large crimson center. Dwarf, mid-season. Good for borders. COQUELICOT—Large, brilliant orange-scarlet flowers; large and compact truss. A bed of these will make a wonderfully brilliant effect. Dwarf, blooms mid-season.

FRAEULEIN VON LASSBURG—Extra fine variety. Immense panicles of purest snow-white color. Remains in bloom a long time. Tall, blooms mid-season.

Fraeulein von Lassburg Phlox.

JAMES GARLAND - Pure white with large crimson center, a beautiful and showy sort. Tall, blooms late.

NANA COERULEA — A lovely blue sort, very rich flowering. Dwarf.

OSTARIS—Large flowers in strong trusses, of lilac rose, with carmine center. A hand-some tall Phlox.

PANTHEON—Bright deep salmon rose, very effective for bedding. Large flowers, very fine variety. Tall, blooms mid-season.

PROF. SCHLIEMAN-A large, late blooming variety. Flowers are soft lilac, suffused with rose.

SUNSET-Large trusses of beautiful dark rosy-pink flowers. Plant robust, medium high.

PAEONIES. See page 122.

PLATYCODON.

A hardy, free flowering plant, two feet tall, with large star-shaped flowers. Blooms from June to October, even in shady locations WHITE and BLUE. Price: Each 15c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.50, prepaid.

PYRETHRUM.

One of the best spring flowering plants, splendid for cutting. Beautiful feathery foliage, and large daisy-like flowers, on long, wiry stems. Flowers range in color from pure white and pale rose, to deepest crimson. Blossoms in May and June, and continues thru September, if the first crop of flowers is not allowed to go to seed. MIXED WHITE, PINK, and CRIMSON. Price same as for Platycodon.

SCABIOSA JAPONICA. Mourning Bride.

A beautiful autumn flowering plant, growing about 2 feet tall, with dainty feathery foliage, and large lilac-blue flowers, on long stems. A splendid cut flower which keeps a long time. Blooms until snow falls. Price same as for Platycodon.

YUCCA. Adam's Needle.

A very ornamental plant, with long narrow leaves and tall spikes of waxy white flowers, similar to tuberoses. Grows 3 to 4 feet tall, in rather sunny location, and blooms in June and July. Each 20c, 3 for 50c, dozen \$2.00, prepaid.



Hollyhock. (Page 119.)



L' Esparence Pæony.

SUPERB-NEW VARIETIES.

DORCHESTER—A very late rose type. Immense blossoms held erect on strong stems. A lovely, even hydrangea pink. Very fragrant and a free bloomer. Fine for cutting.

FELIX CROUSSE—Brilliant, dazzling dark red, enormous, massive, ball-shaped flowers of compact and beautiful form, quite fragrant. Free mid-season bloomer, a strong and vigorous grower. The finest red Pæony in cultivation. Be sure to include this in your order.

FESTIVA MAXIMA—Unquestionably this is the finest white Pæony in existence. It combines great size with wondrous beauty and the blooms come on strong, upright, 3½ foot stems. Very large, full flowers, color pure paper white, flecked with clear crimson spots on the edges of center petals. It is surpassingly fragrant, which, together with the fact of its extreme earliness, places it among the very best of the cut flower sorts. A vigorous grower with massive foliage.

GOLDEN HARVEST—Very large, ball-shaped flowers. Guard petals lilac rose, center creamy white. Plants of medium height, very hardy, does splendidly in the Northwest. It blooms early mid-season.

MIDNIGHT—The Black Pæony.

Large loose flowers of brilliant deep purplish-crimson color.

A strong grower with stiff flower stems. The darkest Pæony in cultivation.

Prices: Mailing size plants, each 50c, 12 for \$5.00. One of each of the above five varieties for \$2.25, prepaid. — Larger plants, 3 to 5 eyes, each 60c, 12 for \$6.00. One of each of the above varieties for \$2.75, not prepaid. — Strong clumps, each \$1.00, not prepaid.

BEST STANDARD SORTS.

ALBA SULPHUREA—Immense, bomb-shaped flower. Outside petals large, pure white, center sulphur yellow. Flowers held on long stiff stems, fine for cutting.



Festiva Maxima Pæony.

PAEONIES.

The Pæony is the most beautiful and desirable of hardy flowers. It is much hardier than the rose, and rivals the rose in gorgeous coloring, fragrance, and form. For landscape effects, it adapts itself to more places than any other flower. It can be used in perennial borders, and is lovely in groups on the lawn. With its thick waxy foliage, it forms a splendid hedge, even after the blooming season is over. Its striking colors give a touch of brightness among shrubs. As a cut flower, it is much more satisfactory than the rose. It does not wilt easily, and can be kept for a week or more in water. A beautiful effect can be produced with only a few Pæonies, where it would take dozens of roses.

produced with only a few Pæonies, where it would take dozens of roses.

The Pæony is not affected by any disease, and can stand more drouth and unfavorable weather than any other plant. When once planted, it takes care of itself, but will give wonderful results for a little extra care. Pæonies may be planted early in spring, as soon as the frost is out of the ground, but they do not usually bloom the first season. It takes quite a long time for them to become well established before they send out any flowers. A good time to plant Pæonies is in September. Then they are well rooted by the time cold weather sets in, and usually produce blossoms the next season. However, they may be planted any time until the ground is frozen, but there will be no blossoms the first season. The ground should be kept open and free from grass around the roots, for best results. Pæonies do not produce very good or large flowers until the third year. Sometimes the blossoms are semi-double, or even single, until then. If Pæonies do not seem to be satisfactory the first year, wait a year before writing. They need time to give best results. The roots should be planted so the crowns are covered with not more than two inches of soil.

Many people think, that in order to have a good display of Pæonies, they

planted so the crowns are covered with not more than two inches of soil.

Many people think, that in order to have a good display of Pæonies, they must plant a dozen or more varieties. This is a mistake, for the most beautiful and satisfactory results are obtained from a few distinct colors, a deep red, bright rose, soft pink, cream, and white. These are the only colors found in Pæonies, so why bother with so many varieties? It is a good idea to have a few plants of very early varieties, and some very late ones, but the best display is to be had with the mid-season bloomers. A planting of Pæonies is truly a joy forever, for no plant gives such handsome returns for so little money and care.



Felix Crousse Pæony.

ELEGANS—Beautiful lilac-white, fleeked crimson; outside petals pink. Large loose flowering, fragrant.

L'ESPARENCE—Large, loose, flat flower, lovely shade of bright pink. Early, very free bloomer, fragrant. Strong grower, upright in habit.

LOUIS VAN HOUTTE-Very dark brilliant red, large and beautiful roselike flower, fragrant. One of the best late flowering sorts. A free bloomer.

MODESTE GUERIN—Very large, ball-shaped, full and compact. Superb bright rosy-pink with darker center. Very free flowering and fragrant. Exceptionally strong, rigid stems. Mid-season. An extra good variety.

PURPUREA SUPERBA—Large, bomb-shaped flowers of glowing purplish red. Outside petals very large, center small and compact. Tall and robust; a fine late variety.

TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION DE LILLE—Immense imbricated flowers; broad petals, interspersed with stamens, soft carnation pink, with guard petals almost white. Flowers are often seven inches in diameter and three or four inches deep. Mid-season, vigorous, and free flowering.

WHITLEYII—Commonly known as Queen Victoria. Medium sized, loose, globular flowers. Opens flesh-white, fading to cream. Center petals tipped with crimson. Fragrant and a free bloomer. Mid-season.

Prices of Best Standard Sorts: Mailing size plants, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, prepaid.—Strong plants, 3 to 5 eyes, each 40c, 12 for \$4.00, not prepaid.

MIXED PEONIES—Red, Pink, and White, unnamed: Mailing size, 3 or 50c, 12 for \$1.75, prepaid.—Strong plants, each 25c, 3 for 65c, 12 for \$2.00.



When plants are received, soak the roots in thin mud or lukewarm water for an hour before ating. Water thoroly after planting, but do not keep the ground soaked all the time. planting.

All roses listed below are hardy in this section, but for best results, they should be protected during the winter. The hardiest of all roses are Clothilde Soupert, Madame Plantier, Captain Christy, Captain Hayward, Clio, Paul Neyron, Crimson and White Ramblers, and the Rugosa Roses. All the hardiest varieties are marked with an asterisk (*). We offer only first class strong two year old field grown plants.

EXQUISITE NEW ROSES.

Price: Each 50c, not prepald.—By mall, each 60c, postpald.

BETTY—Hybrid Tea—A lovely Irish beauty, of Killarney type. A most wonderful shade of coppery rose, overspread with golden yellow. Large fragrant flowers, on tall stiff stems, long pointed buds. Strong bush, with heavy stiff foliage. Blooms continuously. Fine for cutting.

DEUTSCHLAND—Hybrid Tea—Large full globular flowers, yellow with a faint touch of pink, on long stems. Plant is of sturdy growth and a constant bloomer. Good for house and garden culture.

JONKHEER L. MOCK—Hybrid Tea—One of the strongest, largest pink roses. Of La France type, lovely clear pink, shaded with carmine, very fragrant. A continuous bloomer. One of the best for cutting, as flowers are borne on long stiff erect stems.

LEUCHTFEUER—Everblooming Hybrid Tea—The dwarf Gruss an Teplitz. Flowers large, double, glowing scarlet, fragrant. An excellent red rose with good foliage and free blooming qualities.

BEST EVERBLOOMING TEA ROSES.

Price: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid.— By mail, each 40c, 12 for \$3.50, postpaid.

Highly valuable for their fine colors and exquisite fragrance. They bloom freely until late fall, and have long pointed buds on stiff erect stems, making them valuable for cut flowers.

* CAPT. CHRISTY — A beautiful flesh-pink rose, large, double and free flowering, shading to crimson at center. One of the hardiest.

* CLOTHILDE SOUPERT—Famous as the best bedding rose. A strong dwarf grower, with great clusters of beautifully formed flowers. Full, double, and deliciously fragrant. The color is beautiful ivory white shading to silvery rose.

HARDY HYBRID PERPETUAL ROSES.

These are rapid and strong, hardy growers, bearing large, globular flowers, in a great variety of colors. Especially valuable for beds and borders, in the northern states.

Prices of all varieties: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid.—
Price by mail: Each 40c, 12 for \$3.50, postpaid.

AMERICAN BEAUTY—The greatest and most beautiful of all roses. Rich glowing crimson, shaded with carmine and veined. Immense blossoms on strong stiff stems, beautiful foliage. Exquisitely fragrant. Requires some protection in Minnesota. This magnificent rose should be in every garden in America.

BARON DE BONSTETTIN-Rich, dark red passing to deep velvety maroon, double and full. Very dark colored rose.

* CAPT. HAY WARD—Bright scarlet, very vivid in summer, and glowing in autumn. Immense, very double and fragrant, strikingly beautiful. Perfectly hardy.

* CLIO-Flesh color shaded to center with rosy-pink, a vigorous grower with fine foliage.

* FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI OR SNOW QUEEN-Also called White American Beauty. Very large, pure white flowers; fine long and pointed buds. Delightfully fragrant.

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Brilliant crimson, large and effective, very fragrant. Noted for its richness of color and fragrance. "Jack Rose" is a great favorite with everybody.

* HARRISON'S YELLOW (Austrian Briar)—Fine double, pure golden yellow flow-Very hardy and desirable. In pruning this rose cut out the dead wood only.

* MME. PLANTIER-Pure white, large and double; a free and continuous bloomer.

* PAUL NEYRON—The largest rose in cultivation, sometimes called the Pæony Rose Color bright, fresh cerise-red. Flowers are very double and full; delightfully fragrant.

ULRICH BRUNNER-Cherry crimson, beautiful form, free blooming and fragrant. A splendid garden rose.

CLIMBING ROSES, RAMBLER ROSES, MOSS AND RUGOSA ROSES AR LISTED ON NEXT PAGE. BE SURE TO ORDER EARLY. OUR STOCK IS UNSURPASSED.





Flower of Fairfield Rose.

THREE NEW HARDY CLIMBING ROSES.

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD. The Everbiooming Crimson Rambler—This is undoubtedly the best hardy climbing rose introduced so far. It does what no other rambler does, it blooms all the time. Its lovely crimson flowers are produced in profusion all thru the summer. The blossoms are more brilliant and lasting than the common Crimson Rambler, and the growth is strong and vigorous. A most satisfactory rose in every respect. Price: Each 50c, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 60c, postpaid.

THOUSAND BEAUTIES. Tausendschæn—A wonderful new climbing rose, which blooms profusely from the first of June until the last of July. A single cluster of roses is a veritable boquet in itself, the roses ranging from which, cream, and pale rose, to deepest crimson. There is no other rose in cultivation like it. A thrifty grower, with few thorns. It requires some protection in Minnesota. Each 50c.—By mail, each 60c.

THE BLUE ROSE "VEILCHENBLAU"—The wonderful new climbing rose. The flowers are produced in clusters, similar to Crimson Rambler, are semi-double in

THE BLUE ROSE "VEILURENBLAU?"—The wonderful new elimoning rose. The flowers are produced in clusters, similar to Crimson Rambler, are semi-double in form, of medium size, and are borne profusely; the color is steel blue, very similar to that seen in the delicate blue of the flower of Clematis Jackmani. It is a strong, vigorous climber, and as a porch cover, or grown on a pergola, it is superior to the Crimson Rambler. Price: Each 50c, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 60c, postpaid.

Hardy Free Flowering Climbing Roses.

These roses will add greatly to the beauty of your home and can be put to numerous uses. As an ornamental plant for covering porches, side walls, pillars, archways, fences, etc., they are unequalled, calling forth more admiration than anything else that can be similarly used. They are very hardy.

Price: 2 year field plants, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid.—Postpaid, each 40c.

PRAIRIE QUEEN—Color bright pink, sometimes with a white stripe. Large, compact and globular; very full and double.

SEVEN SISTERS—An old and very popular rose, producing splendid, large clusters of crimson flowers which turn almost pure white. One of the hardiest roses.

- * CRIMSON RAMBLER-Bright crimson, semi-double flowers.
- * WHITE RAMBLER-Small, pure white flowers, very fragrant.
- * YELLOW RAMBLER-Lovely flowers of bright yellow color, very fine. DOROTHY PERKINS-Double, sweet-scented flowers of a shell pink color.

Dwarf Polyantha and Baby Rambler Roses.

These are entirely distinct from the large flowering sorts, and should be in every garden, they are adapted to so many uses. They are effective, planted in beds, and for edging walks and flower beds, and bloom all summer. They are all hardy, and require little care.

Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid.—By mail: Each 40c, 12 for \$3.50.

* CRIMSON BABY RAMBLER—One of the best hardy bedding roses in existence. The plants are very vigorous and grow 18 to 24 inches high. The semi-double flowers are borne in clusters of 20, 30, or more to the cluster. It blooms all the time indoors and from May to November outdoors.

* WHITE BABY RAMBLER—A beautiful little bedding rose. Bloor summer thru with amazing freedom. Flowers creamy white passing to snow white.

* YELLOW BABY RAMBLER—Same as the above Baby Ramblers, but flowers are of bright yellow color.

BABY DOROTHY PERKINS-Similar to the lovely Dorothy Perkins climbing rose, but of dwarf growth. Flowers double, sweetscented, of a beautiful shell-pink color.

BABY TAUSENDSCHEN-An exact counterpart of the grand climber "Tausendscheen", except in habit of growth. The plants are sturdy and bear immense trusses of double flowers of a large size.

BABY ERNA TESCHENDORFF-The beautiful new double flowering Baby rose. Color of the flowers is the brightest red, being superior to the Crimson Baby Rambler. The flowers are produced in constant succession thruout the whole season.

Hardiest Moss Roses.

These fine Moss roses deserve a place in every garden. They are perfectly hardy and very irable for outdoor culture. The flowers and buds are very large and handsome; remain in desirable for outdoor culture. bloom a long time and are highly prized for their beautiful moss covering.

Price: Each 30c, 3 for 80c, 12 for \$3.00, not prepaid.—By mail: 40c each, postpaid.

BLANCHE MOREAU-Large double, pure white flowers of perfect form, produced in clusters. Fragrant and beautifully mossed.

* CRISTATA-A fragrant, beautiful, deep pink colored moss rose.

LUXEMBURG-Flowers of rich glowing crimson, beautifully mossed.

Ironclad Rugosa Roses.

Rugosa roses and their hybrids are especially adapted for our northern climate, the plants are as hardy as oaks, and will thrive anywhere. They make the most beautiful hedges, and are used extensively in parks and estates, as they are valuable not only for their fragrant blossoms, but for their handsome foliage and fruit, in the autumn.

Price of Hansa and Conrad F. Meyer: Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid.—By mail, each 30c, 12 for \$3.00, postpaid.

HANSA—Very large semi-double flowers of brilliant red color. Strong grower, with beautiful, wrinkled foliage.

CONRAD F. MEYER (The New Tea Rugosa) — Splendid, large, elegantly formed buds and flowers, 3½ to 4 inches across and quite double. Color rich peachy yellow, delicately tinged with silver-rose; very fragrant, entirely hardy.

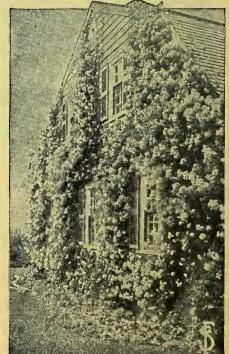


Rugosa Rose-Rubra and Alba.

ry fragrant, entirely hardy.

RUGOSA RUBRA—
(True Rugosa type.) The popular hedge rose. Beautiful single, light red flowers thruout the summer, followed by vivid scarlet seed vessels in the fall. Very free flowering and hardy. Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid.—By mail each 35c.

RUGOSA ALBA-Similar to the Rugosa Rubra, except in color. Single pure white flowers of five petals and highly scented, followed by pretty berries. Price Each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, not prepaid.—By mail each 35c.



Rose-Tausendscheen.



Paniculata.

The large

flowering Hydrangea in

Tree Form.

A splendid ornamental

for the

lawn.

NOVELTIES & SPECIALTIES.

TREE HYDRANGEA.

The lovely Hydrangea Paniculata grown in tree form. These fine trees are 3 to 5 feet high, with strong erect stems and splendid crowns, bearing great trusses of flowers. They are very effective for the lawn; or planted along the walk or driveway, they are wonderful when in bloom. Perfectly hardy here. Price: Each 75c, 3 for \$2.00, not prepaid.

EVERBLOOMING BUTTERFLY BUSH.

TREE LILACS.

These are named varieties trained and trimmed to tree form, for specimen plants on the lawn or in borders along walks, driveways, etc. They grow about 8 feet tall, with handsome, large crowns. In May and early June, they are simply covered with lovely fragrant flowers, in delicate shades.

BELLE DE NANCY-Very large, brilliant satiny rose; white towards the center; very fine.

MARIE LEGRAYE—A beautiful dwarf tree with fine pure white flowers borne in great profusion. Very fragrant and dainty. A splendid tree for cemetery planting.

MICHAEL BUCHNER — Long panicles of delicate light blue flowers. Blooms a long time.

Price of above three Tree Lilacs: Strong trees, 3 to 4 feet, each 65c, any 3 for \$1.75, not prepaid.

A SPLENDID NEW DELPHINIUM.

KELWAY'S MASTERPIECE—The Purple Delphinium. This lovely English Larkspur is one of the finest ever produced. It is as hardy as any of the common varieties, of strong, vigorous growth, about 4 feet tall. The flowers are semi-double, a lovely purple shaded with red, large brown eye, and are borne on immense spikes. One of the showiest Delphiniums. Price: Strong 2 year old field grown plants, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, prepaid.



NO. 1.—OUR CONTINUOUS FLOWERING SHRUB COLLECTION, \$1.60.

This is the biggest bargain of the year in hardy shrubs, one which you cannot afford to miss, and the finest collection ever offered to the Northwestern planter. It includes the six hardiest varieties for this section, chosen to give continuous bloom from May until September, with pleasing variety of color, which makes the shrubs valuable for any yard or garden. They may be planted around the porch, or in groups on the lawn. These plants are all strong, well rooted, transplanted stock, 2 to 3 feet high, and would cost \$2.50 if purchased from any other nursery. Worth 35c each, at catalog price, or \$2.10.—OUR SPECIAL OFFER for 1917, \$1.60, by express or freight, at purchaser's expense. For detailed descriptions of these shrubs, see pages 115, 116, and 117. This collection contains one each of the following:

PURPLE LILAC-2 to 3 feet, purple. Blooms in May.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange)—2 to 3 feet, white. June.

SNOWBALL-2 to 3 feet, white. May.

HYDRANGEA

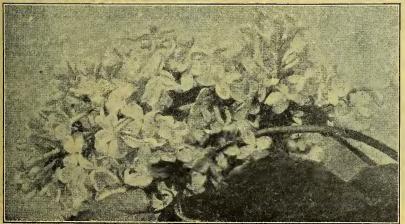
SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—2 to 3 feet, white. May and June.

DEUTZIA CRENATA ROSEA—2 to 3 feet, pink. July to September.

SNOWBALL-2 to 3 feet, white. May.

HYDRANGEA

PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—Cream changing to rose and brown. Sept.



Belle De Nancy Lilac.

COLLECTION NO. 2.— OF HARDY VINES, ROSES AND SHRUBS FOR THE PORCH AND GARDEN FOR ONLY \$4.50.

To meet the demand of our patrons for an inex-To meet the demand of our patrons for an inexpensive collection of hardy plants for the porch and garden, we have made up this assortment. It includes enough vines and climbing roses to shade the average porch or veranda, and 12 shrubs valuable for their foliage and gorgeous coloring in autumn, as well as for their flowers, to plant around the house or grounds. For a larger planting, other shrubs, such as Weigela, Spireas in variety, etc., may be added: or this collection duplicated. Other nurseries ask \$6.00 for a collection of same quality. nurseries ask \$6.00 for a collection of same quality.

Our price is \$4.50, not prepaid. Two collections for

The pages its, its, its, its acception	OLD.
2 Ampelopsis Engelmanni, 2 year @ 25c	.\$.50
2 Everblooming Climbing Roses, Flower of	
Fairfield @ 50c	. 1.00
2 Spirea van Houttei, 2 to 3 feet, @ 35c	.70
4 Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora, 2 to 3	
feet, @ 35c	1.40
4 Barberry Thunbergii, 18 to 24 in., @ 25c	. 1.00
2 Deutzia Crenata Rosea, 2 to 3 feet, @ 35c	70
SPECIAL PRICE \$4.50.	\$5.30

NOVELTIES AND SPECIALTIES.

NEW THORNLESS BLACKBERRY.

This remarkable Blackberry is a Luther Burbank introduction of great value and importance. Anyone who has ever picked a blackberry has doubtlessly wished that blackberries grew without thorns. Aside from the annoyance and pain they cause, thorns are a serious impediment to the commercial grower, for they make picking a slow tedious job. This Thorniess Blackberry is the first satisfactory blackberry of its class ever offered Besides being absolutely free from thorns, it is of unusual quality and very prolific. The berries are borne in immense clusters and are slightly oblong in shape, very firm and uniform in size. They are jet black, plump, sweet and juicy, and keep exceedingly well in shipping. The stalks are very thrifty and not affected by sunscald or blight. Price: Strong, transplanted bushes, each 25c, 12 for \$2.50, 25 for \$4.50, prepaid.

THE JOY BLACKBERRY.

Brings joy to all who grow, sell, or eat it. This new berry is of finest quality, ironclad

hardiness, and great productiveness. The berries are immense, almost round in shape, and shiny black. In flavor it surpasses all other blackberries; it is

blackberries; it is rich, luscious, juicy and sweet.

The canes are stocky, and of vigorous growth, with abundant thick foliage, and need no staking. They yield heavily each year, and all the canes are loaded with fruit. They ripen mid-season, and are free from blight and sunfrom blight and sunscald, and very desirable in every way.

Price: Strong transplants, each 25c, 12
for \$2.50, 25 for \$4.50, prepald.



TREE GOOSEBERRY.

These gooseberries in standard or tree form are budded on very hardy stems of wild gooseberry, about 4 to 5 feet tall. They are just as hardy as the bush

They are just as hardy as the bush form, and grow wherever gooseberries and currants grow, and should have about the same care and treatment. The berries of these Tree Gooseberries are much sweeter and larger, and naturally much easier to pick than those from bushes. They are very ornamental for the yard and garden. Our Tree Gooseberries are budded on the best varieties have strong two year old tops, and bear the season after planting. Perfectly hardy here in the Northwest. Price: Each 90c, 12 for \$10.00, not prepaid. prepaid.

NOTICE THE STRONG ROOTS AND VIGOROUS STEMS OF

We have an exceptionally Tree Gooseberfine lot of hardy ries and Tree Currants to of-splendid trees fer this year, all with strong stems and big bushy tops





Thornless Blackberry.

Tree Currants are budded on the native stock, the same as Tree Gooseberries, and are similar to them in habit of growth, fruiting, etc. We have the red fruited Tree Currant only, in the hardiest varieties, as Black and White varieties are not very satisfactory in standard form. They are splendid for planting in rows in the garden, together with Tree Gooseberries.

Price: Each 90c, 12 for \$10.00, not prepaid.

THE HOLLAND TREE CURRANT.

A new, large fruited currant, growing in tree form, with well branched crown, of dwarf habit. They are the most prolific of all currants, each branch being loaded with clusters of immense bright red berries, of excellent flavor and quality. A very rapid and thrifty grower, bearing early and abundantly each year. The fruit is long stemmed and easy to pick. Price: Strong 2 to 3 feet trees, each 35c, 12 for \$3.50, not prepald.

GIANT HIMALAYA BERRY.

A splendid berry, of blackberry species, but of very rapid growth. Vines grow as long as twenty feet in a season and can be trained on a fence or arbor, similar to grape vines. They are very hardy and vigorous, and were introduced from the northern slope of the Himalaya Mountains a few years ago. The berries are round, about three-quarters of an inch in diameter, very fine quality, with tough skin and no core. They are handsome jet black, quite tart until matured, when they have a rich, delicious flavor. They are borne in large clusters of berries, which ripen in August and bear until October. Price: Each 20c, 12 for \$2.00, not prepald.—By mail, each 25c, 12 for \$2.35, postpaid.

THE NEW MINNESOTA FAVORITE RASPBERRY.

This new variety was produced here in Minnesota, from seed of the well known commercial variety, Miller. In hardiness, vigorous growth, and great yield, it excels all other varieties. The berries are of large size, and great yield, it excels all other varieties. The berries are of large size, rich bright red color, and excellent rich flavor different from other rasp-berries. Minnesota Favorite is the firmest and best shipper in existence. The core is small, and does not crumble; it retains its beautiful color after shipping or marketing longer than any other variety. The canes are of ironclad hardiness, very healthy, extremely strong growers and almost entirely thornless. The foliage is thick deep green, very healthy, and free from blight and mildew. Minnesota Favorite is the best red raspberry on the market so far, and should have a place in every garden. We can supply first class, strong, well rooted two year stock, at the following prices; 3 for 40c, 12 for \$1.50, 25 for \$2.75, not prepaid.—By mail, 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.75, postpaid.

PROF. HANSEN'S NEW RED RASPBERRY—THE OHTA.

Another new, valuable variety, originated by Prof. Hansen of North Dakota Like all of his varieties, the Ohta is extremely hardy; in fact, it is as hardy as the wild raspberry, without winter protection. The fruit is of large size, firm, and of splendid quality and flavor. It bears very early, and produces big crops each season. The canes are of strong vigorous growth, with very thick foliage. Ohta is not affected by blight, mildew, or sunscald. Price: Strong transplants, 3 for 50c, 12 for \$1.75, not prepaid.—By mail, each 25c, dozen \$2.10, postpaid.



Minnesota Faverite Raspberry.

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THE SEASON'S NEWEST SPECIALTIES IN FLOWERS AND VEGETABLES.

OUR FLOWER SHOW COLLECTION OF SUPERB NEW SPENCER SWEET PEAS

We offer below nine of the newest and choicest varieties of Spencer Sweet Peas. Each variety represents the most charming and striking of its color. This splendid collection cannot be duplicated anywhere for quality or price, and should be in every American garden.

- o83. CHERUB—(Plate No. 2.) The most beautiful picotee-edged Spencer Sweet Pea ever introduced. The ground color is deep, rich cream charmingly edged with bright rose. The flowers are deeply waved and frilled, and generally borne in threes and fours, on very long, stout stems. In color, it is like the cheeks of a beautiful child, flesh pink on soft cream, lit up on the edge by a bright shading of lovely rose. One of the lovliest for cutting. Packet 10c, 3 for 25c.
- **DOBBIE'S CREAM**—(Plate No. 5.) The finest primrose yellow. Flowers are very large, beautifully waved and frilled, and uniformly borne in sprays of four. Packet 15c, oz. 50c.
- FIERY CROSS-(Plate No. 3.) A wonderful new introduction, resembling a burning cross. The color is scorching fire-red, without any shading, producing a glowing, fire-like sheen which radiates over the flower in the sunlight. The flowers are very large, waved and frilled, and borne in fours and threes, on long strong stems. Unlike most red varieties, it does not scorch or burn in the bright sun. and may be grown without shade. Fiery Cross should have a place in every Sweet Pea collection. Packet 15c, 3 for 40c.
- Sweet Pea collection. Packet 15c, 3 for 40c.
 HERCULES—(Plate No. 4.) A lovely pale rose pink flower edged with deepeer rose, very large and deeply fluted and frilled. One of the very best pink Spencers. Packet 15c, oz. 50c.
 KING WHITE—(Plate No. 7.) The largest white flowering Spencer Sweet Pea. The flowers are immense and decidedly frilled and waved, and pure white in color. It is the one perfect pure white variety, and blooms profusely for a long time. Packet 15c, oz. 50c.
- MARGARET ATLEE—(Plate No. 1.) A charming pink variety. The lovely flowers, uniformly waved and frilled, are glowing pink on cream ground, diffused with salmon in the standard, while the wings are deeper rose. Both standard and wings are blotched with primrose, giving a delicate appearance to the flower. Produces many duplex or double flowers. Packet 10c, oz. 35c.
- 678. OTHELLO—(Plate No. 9.) A very deep maroon Sweet Pea, of immense size, with large drooping wings, beautifully waved. Packet 10c, oz. 30c.
 679. PHANTON BLUE—(Plate No. 8.) This is one of the most beautiful of all recent new varieties It is an unusual color, opalescent blue, wonderfully blended with soft rosy purple, giving the whole flower a delicate pastel hue. The flowers are usually borne in fours on long stiff stems, and show up especially well when cut and placed in water. Plants are very vigorous and bloom profusely.

 685. ROBERT SYDENHAM (Decayle A) This research was a standard placed.
- 685. ROBERT SYDENHAM—(Piate No. 6.) This gorgeous new Sweet Pea is a brilliant orange, without any shading of cerise, red or pink. It is the nearest approach to a pure golden yellow Sweet Pea introduced so far. The flowers are dephase to a pure goner yet on waved and usually produced four to a stem. Robert Sydenham is a vigorous grower, blooming long and profusely, and should be slightly shaded to keep its brilliant orange color. Packet 15c, 3 for 40c.

NINE VARIETIES - A \$1.15 VALUE FOR 75c, POSTPAID.

HOME GARDEN VEGETABLE COLLECTION.

This will produce over \$20.00 worth of fresh vegetables for your table. One packet of each-a 50c value for 35c, ppd.

BEET—Fireball. A most desirable early beet for the home garden. It is perfectly globe-shaped, bright red in color, with very tiny tap and of finest quality. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, prepaid.

The skin is smooth, and the flesh is very sweet and of finest quality. Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 45c, prepaid.

CARROT—F. S. & N. Co's Superior Market. This is considered the finest carrot for table use. The roots are large, tapering to ange, very sweet and tender, never becoming stringy or woody. It is the best variety to grow for the home garden and for market and is a splendid keeper. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 14 lb. 50c, prepaid.

CUCUMBER—F. S. & N. Co's Northwestern Beauty. A very early, handsome, and most productive strain of the Improved dark green color thruout its entire length. On account of its fine quality and handsome appearance, Northwestern Beauty is especially recommended for the home garden, also for growing for market. Packet 10c, oz. 20c, 1/4 lb. 45c, prepaid.

LETTUCE—All Seasons. This is an excellent variety to plant through the season, for successive crops. The heads are firm and comleaves are slightly wrinkled, very tender, and of finest quality. Packet 10c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 35c, prepaid.

RADISH—White Icicle. The first and earliest white variety. The radishes are ready for use 20 to 25 days after planting. They are
Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 35c, prepaid.

Packet 5c, oz. 15c, 1/4 lb. 35c, prepald.

TOMATO—Faribault Dwarf Champion. This tomato is twice as large as the old Dwarf Champion, and its flavor is unsurpassed. Because of its compact and upright growth, it is the best variety for the private gardener, permitting close planting. Of the same size as Ponderosa, very meaty, almost seedless, of rich sweet flavor. Pkt. 10c, ½ oz. 30c, oz. 50c, ppd.

OUR BIG 3 VEGETABLE COLLECTION.

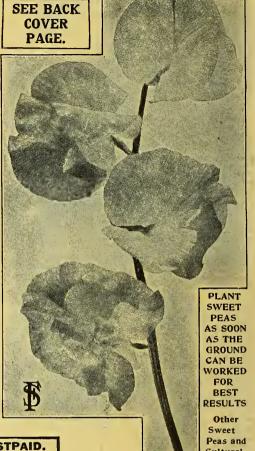
The back-bone of the garden. New varieties of special merit enjoyed by the entire family. Half pint each. A 65c value for 50c, postpaid.

The back-bone of the garden. New varieties of special merit enjoyed by the entire family. Half pint each. A 65c value for 50c, postpaid.

BEAN—Webber Wax. An excellent new early variety. The vine is strong, holding the large pods well up. The pods are a rich bright yellow, very fleshy, tender, and stringless. Thrives in all sections, under most any conditions. Splendid for the home garden and for market. Packet 10c, ½ pint 25c, quart 75c, prepaid.—Quart 60c, ½ peck \$2.00, peck \$3.85, not prepaid.

SWEET CORN—Golden Bantam. The finest and most popular sweet corn in cultivation. Very early and hardy, permitting early with 8 rows of golden yellow kernels. The sweetest, richest, and most tender of all varieties, remains in fine condition for a long time. Packet 5c, ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Quart 45c, ½ peck \$1.60, peck \$3.00, not prepald.

PEAS—Dwarf Telephone. A popular main crop variety for the home garden as well as for the market. Vines are hardy and unusually productive, growing about 2 feet high. The pods grow fully 4 inches long, are broad, handsome and well filled with large peas of finest quality and flavor. Pkt. 10c. ½ pint 20c, quart 55c, prepaid.—Qt. 40c, ½ pk. \$1.35, pk. \$2.50, bu. \$9.00, not ppd.



Cultural Directions

on page 90.



